

Reading Sufficiency Act Study

Prepared By Oklahoma State Department of Education 2022-2023 School Year

In fulfillment of Section 1210.508C of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes. This study provides data on third grade reading achievement by socio-economic status, learning disability status, English learner status and race. It also provides evidence on reading intructional practices and remediation efforts currently being used by districts in Oklahoma and explores the potential efficacy of these practices.

Table of Contents

TABLE OF TABLES	II
TABLE OF FIGURES	III
BACKGROUND	1
PURPOSE	1
KEY FINDINGS	2
ORGANIZATION	2
LIMITATIONS	3
RESULTS AND ANALYSIS	4
Data Sources	4
Question 1	5
Question 2	7
Question 3	14
Question 4	19
RSA FUNDING ALLOCATIONS	26
Question 5	26
Screening Instruments, Instructional Practices, and Remediation Efforts	55
Question 6	55
Question 7	57
Question 8	61
CONCLUSION	63
WORKS REFERENCED	64

Table of Tables

COMPARED TO TOTAL ENROLLMENT	5
TABLE 2. STUDENTS REMAINING AS AT-RISK FOR READING DIFFICULTY AT END OF YEAR COMPARED T TOTAL ENROLLMENT	
TABLE 3. STUDENTS COMPLETING INDIVIDUALIZED PROGRAM OF READING INSTRUCTION (IPRI) BY MEETING GRADE-LEVEL TARGET PRIOR TO END OF YEAR	10
Table 4. Students At-Risk for Reading Difficulty at Beginning Versus End of Year	12
TABLE 5. 2021 OKLAHOMA STATE TESTING PROGRAM (OSTP) DATA	15
TABLE 6. 2022 OKLAHOMA STATE TESTING PROGRAM (OSTP) DATA	16
TABLE 7. 2023 OKLAHOMA STATE TESTING PROGRAM (OSTP) DATA	17
Table 8. Promotion Pathways and Retention Decisions	20
Table 9. Promotion by Good Cause Exemptions	20
TABLE 10. PROMOTION DECISIONS FOR STUDENTS WITH AN INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM (IEP)	
TABLE 11. PROMOTION DECISIONS FOR STUDENTS WHO RECEIVE ENGLISH LANGUAGE SERVICES	22
TABLE 12. PROMOTION DECISIONS FOR STUDENTS WHO ARE ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED	23
TABLE 13. PROMOTION DECISIONS BY RACE/ETHNICITY	24
TABLE 14. RSA FUNDING APPROPRIATED TO EACH DISTRICT	28
TABLE 15. SCREENING ASSESSMENTS APPROVED FOR SY2022-2023	55
TABLE 16. INSTRUCTIONAL PRACTICES AND METHODS FOR TIER 1 (CORE INSTRUCTION) FOR STUDENTS GRADES K-3	
TABLE 17. Instructional Practices and Methods for Students in Grades K-3 Who Are Not Meeting Grade-Level Targets	59
TABLE 18. INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS AND PRACTICES FOR STUDENTS AFTER GRADE 3 WHO WERE PROMOTED WITH GOOD-CAUSE EXEMPTIONS OR WITH PROBATION BY THE STUDENT READING PROFICIENCY TEAM	60
TABLE 19. READING RESOURCES ACCESSIBLE TO STUDENTS OUTSIDE OF SCHOOL	62

Table of Figures

FIGURE 1. STUDENTS IDENTIFIED AS AT-RISK FOR READING DIFFICULTY AT BEGINNING OF YEAR COMPARED TO TOTAL ENROLLMENT	6
FIGURE 2. STUDENTS REMAINING AS AT-RISK FOR READING DIFFICULTY AT END OF YEAR AS COMPARE TO TOTAL ENROLLMENT	
FIGURE 3. STUDENTS AT-RISK FOR READING DIFFICULTY AT BEGINNING OF YEAR COMPARED TO STUDENTS WHO COMPLETED INDIVIDUALIZED PROGRAM OF READING INSTRUCTION (IPRI) BY MEETING GRADE-LEVEL TARGET BY END OF YEAR	11
FIGURE 4. STUDENTS AT-RISK FOR READING DIFFICULTY AT BEGINNING VERSUS END OF YEAR	13
FIGURE 5. ANNUAL FUNDING FOR READING SUFFICIENCY	.27
FIGURE 6. SCREENING ASSESSMENTS USED BY SCHOOL SITES IN SY2022-2023	.56

Background

The Reading Sufficiency Act (RSA) was originally passed in 1997 to improve Oklahoma children's reading skills before the end of third grade. The law required that all kindergarten through third-grade students be assessed¹ at the beginning and end of each school year for the acquisition of reading skills. In 2012,² the law was amended to require that beginning in the 2013-2014 school year, third-grade students show proficiency on grade-level reading skills or meet one of the good-cause exemptions³ to be promoted to fourth grade. In 2014, HB 2625 was passed with emergency status and was in effect for the 2013-2014 academic year. This allowed a "probationary promotion" for third graders through the recommendation of a Student Reading Proficiency Team (SRPT), a partnership of the student's parents and educators. HB 1760 was passed in 2017 and made the SRPT a permanent option.⁴ In 2020, SB 601 was passed to amend some of the good-cause exemption requirements, to add a mid-year screening assessment for kindergarten through third-grade students, and to clarify language around the expectations for kindergarten students.⁵

Purpose

Section 1210.508C of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes requires that the State Department of Education (SDE) conduct a study on reading instruction and the retention of students in the third grade based on reading assessments. The purpose of the study is to identify trends in assessment data for students in kindergarten through third grade, as well as trends in promotion and retention decisions for third-grade students. Through this report, data is also collected on the instructional practices utilized by schools and the research literature regarding the effectiveness of those practices is discussed.

The purpose of the Reading Sufficiency Act is to identify areas of difficulty early and intervene before a student falls too far behind his or her peers. As such, the Reading Sufficiency Act (RSA) follows the Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS) model. Third grade is the transition year in which students apply the foundational skills they have been learning in the early grades to begin to focus on more critical analysis and understanding of text. Current legislation mandates that the major determinant in assessing a third-grader's reading proficiency is the student's score on the reading portion of the Oklahoma School Testing Program (OSTP). A student must either meet RSA criteria on the reading and vocabulary portions of the assessment, show reading proficiency

¹ See K-3 Screening and Assessments (70 O.S.§1210.508C (B-C))

² See Retention - No Social Promotion (70 O.S.§1210.508C (H))

³ See Good Cause Exemptions (70 O.S. § 1210.508C (J-K))

⁴ See Probationary Promotion (70 O.S. § 1210.508C (H)(4))

⁵ See K-3 Screening and Assessments (70 O.S.§1210.508C (A)(3))

through one of the approved screening assessments, qualify for any of the good-cause exemptions, be promoted with probation by the Student Reading Proficiency Team (SRPT), or be retained. It is through the dissemination of reports such as this one that Oklahomans are able to take an informed glance at the progress in continually improving literacy in our schools, our communities, and our state.

Key Findings

- In 2022-23 94,723 (47.8%) K-3 students were identified as at-risk of reading difficulties through beginning of year screening processes. By the end of the school year 69,450 (35.1%) students were identified as at-risk through end of year screening processes and on a reading plan for intervention.
- There was a 12.7% decrease in the number of students needing reading interventions from the beginning of the school year to the end of the school year.
- There was an increase of total students meeting RSA criteria as determined by the Oklahoma State Testing (OST) Program with 69.6% of third graders achieving this goal. Although not yet equal to pre-COVID numbers, the trajectory is positive for increasing the number of students meeting RSA criteria.
- Hispanic, Black, and Pacific Islander subgroups did not meet RSA criteria at the same rate as other subgroups.
- Hispanic/Latino students who met RSA criteria increased from 44.1% in SY2022 to 59.1% in SY2023, which is a 15% increase. This is the largest increase in any subgroup population. In SY2023, 5,916 Hispanic/Latino students met RSA criteria, 4,102 did not meet RSA criteria.

Organization

As outlined in 70 O.S. § 1210.508C, this report is organized around eleven (11) central questions:

- 1. How many students (number and percent) in kindergarten through third grade have been determined as at-risk for reading difficulties as compared to the total number of students enrolled in each grade?
- 2. How many students (number and percent) in kindergarten continue to be at-risk for reading difficulties as determined by the year-end measurement of reading progress? How many students (number and percent) in kindergarten through third grade have successfully completed their program of reading instruction and are reading on grade level as determined by the results of approved reading assessments? How many students (number and percent) in kindergarten through

third grade have successfully completed their program of reading instruction and are reading on grade level as determined by the results of approved reading assessments?

- 3. How many third-grade students (number and percent) met the performance criteria for the RSA as determined by the Commission for Educational Quality and Accountability on the reading portion of the statewide third-grade assessment?
- 4. How many third-grade students participated in the Oklahoma State Testing Program (OSTP) and, of that number, how many met reading proficiency on a screening instrument, how many were promoted through each of the good-cause exemptions, how many were retained, and how many were promoted through probationary promotion?
- 5. What funding was appropriated to each district for reading remediation?
- 6. What screening instruments are being used to identify reading deficiencies and monitor reading progress?
- 7. What types of reading instructional practices, instructional methods and remediation efforts are currently being used by districts?
- 8. What types of reading resources do students have access to outside of school?

The data sources used to answer the questions are provided. The results are presented in tables and graphs.

Limitations

This report provides information that, when placed in the proper context, can help Oklahomans better understand the implementation and effectiveness of programs of reading instruction for kindergarten through third grade classrooms across the state. Current data reporting methods include self-reported data from districts, and thus, limit the conclusions which can be confidently drawn from this report. Data is reported at the site level rather than by student level. Therefore, it is difficult to know if data changed due to student improvement or movement to another school. Data show if students met a set target. However, it does not show the rate of improvement to determine if students made reasonable progress through the year.

Because data is not collected at the student level, it cannot be determined which students on a reading plan might also be receiving additional instructional supports, such as English learner instruction or special services, or if the student was referred for additional services during the year. Districts report the number of students retained in grade three. However, this report does not show how many students might have been retained for academic reasons in grades K-2.

Results and Analysis

This section of the study will provide the critical data, tables, and narrative as outlined in 70 O.S. § 1210.508C. The Data Sources and Survey Results sections will provide the background for how the data was collected for the subsequent sections. The questions were also grouped into categories and include evaluative information based on the tables and figures provided.

Data Sources

To determine the number and percentage of students considered at-risk for reading difficulties at the beginning of the year as compared to the total number of students enrolled, we used district-reported data which delineated the number of students who were considered at-risk based on their enrollment in a program of reading instruction and the number of students enrolled. These numbers were directly reported to the OSDE by districts.

This study used data from the following sources:

- Reading Sufficiency Act Survey, including Beginning-of-Year and End-of-Year reports
- Third-Grade Promotion and Retention Report
- RSA district funding data
- State-developed survey on instructional practices, instructional methods, remediation efforts, and reading resource access
- Student information data
- Literature on instructional practices, instructional methods, remediation efforts, and reading resources.

Any student data contained in the report was reported only in the aggregate so that individual students could not be identified, except for promotion and retention decisions for third grade students who did not meet RSA criteria on the state test. In this case, districts were asked to report the final retention decision, as well as the method that was used for a student who was promoted.

To gather information on reading instruction, a survey was sent to district personnel, administrators, and teachers who work with kindergarten through third-grade students. There were 567 responses to the survey. The respondents represented 67 (87%) counties in Oklahoma and 198 (37%) of the 532 school districts. The majority of the respondents (44.6%) were classroom teachers. Responses to the survey do not represent all districts and reflect a limited number of educators.

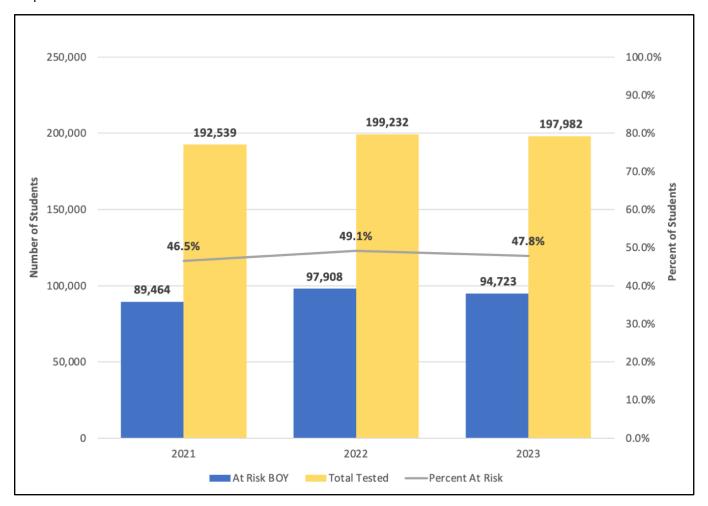
How many students (number and percent) in kindergarten through third grade have been determined as at-risk for reading difficulties as compared to the total number of students enrolled in each grade?

The following table showcases the percent of students who are identified as at-risk of not achieving reading proficiency as determined by a beginning-of-year screening assessment administered within the first few weeks of the school year. The data provided does not indicate the progress made in that grade level throughout the year.

Table 1. Students Identified as At-Risk for Reading Difficulty at Beginning of Year Compared to Total Enrollment

	Grade	At-Risk BOY	Total Enrolled	Percent At-Risk BOY
	Kindergarten	18,950	47,680	39.7%
	Grade 1	24,815	49,223	50.4%
2021	Grade 2	24,180	48,045	50.3%
(\	Grade 3	21,519	47,591	45.2%
	All Grades	89,464	192,539	46.5%
	Kindergarten	22,073	49,857	44.3%
OI.	Grade 1	25,867	50,185	51.5%
2022	Grade 2	26,386	49,356	53.5%
N	Grade 3	23,582	49,834	47.3%
	All Grades	97,908	199,232	49.1%
	Kindergarten	19,930	48,424	41.2%
2	Grade 1	25,044	50,826	49.3%
2023	Grade 2	25,645	49,215	52.1%
7	Grade 3	24,104	49,517	48.7%
	All Grades	94,723	197,982	47.8%

Figure 1. Students Identified as At-Risk for Reading Difficulty at Beginning Of Year Compared To Total Enrollment



- Enrollment for SY2022-2023 decreased by 1,250 students from SY 2021-2022.
- The number of students identified as at-risk for meeting proficiency decreased from 49.1% for all K-3rd grade students to 47.8% for all K-3rd grade students.
- In SY2022-2023, 52.1% of all 2nd grade students were at-risk for meeting grade level proficiency, making them the only grade with above 50% at risk.

How many students (number and percent) in kindergarten through third grade continue to be at-risk for reading difficulties as determined by the year-end measurement of reading progress? How many students (number and percent) in kindergarten through third grade have successfully completed their program of reading instruction and are reading on grade level as determined by the results of approved reading assessments?

To determine the number and percentage of students considered at-risk for reading difficulties at the end of the year, a calculation was made using the number of students not meeting grade-level reading targets on an Individualized Program of Reading Instruction (IPRI) at the end of the year as compared to the number of students not meeting grade-level reading targets on an IPRI at the beginning of the year. These data were directly reported to the OSDE by districts.

End-of-year data reflect the effectiveness of instruction for students over the course of that school year. It does not reflect the influence (if any) of a summer break. The data do not differentiate between students who have made progress but have not quite reached the goal, students who have maintained growth at the same rate as their peers but have not closed the learning gap, or students who continue to struggle and have fallen further behind their peers.

Table 2. Students Remaining as At-Risk for Reading Difficulty at End of Year Compared to Total Enrollment

	Grade	At-Risk EOY	Total Enrolled	Percent At-Risk EOY
	Kindergarten	14,064	47,680	29.5%
	Grade 1	17,932	49,223	36.4%
2021	Grade 2	18,535	48,045	38.6%
()	Grade 3	14,924	47,591	31.4%
	All Grades	65,455	192,539	34.0%
	Kindergarten	15,464	49,857	31.0%
Οl	Grade 1	18,229	50,185	36.3%
2022	Grade 2	18,677	49,356	37.8%
7	Grade 3	15,551	49,834	31.2%
	All Grades	67,921	199,232	34.1%
	Kindergarten	13,889	48,424	28.7%
2	Grade 1	18,651	50,826	36.7%
2023	Grade 2	19,587	49,215	39.8%
7	Grade 3	17,323	49,517	35.0%
	All Grades	69,450	197,982	35.1%

Figure 2. Students Remaining as At-Risk for Reading Difficulty at End of Year as Compared to Total Enrollment

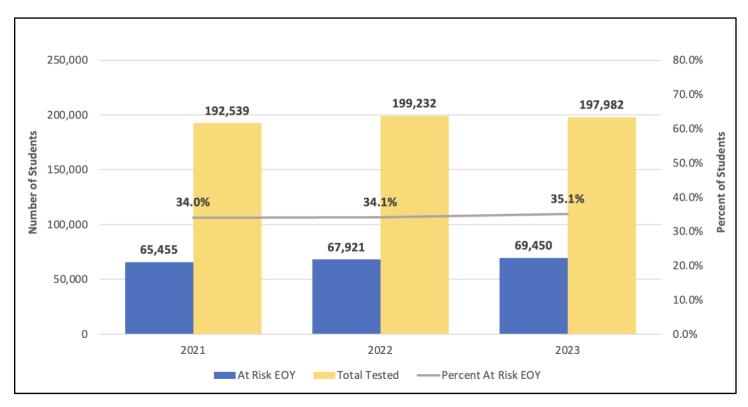


Table 3. Students Completing Individualized Program of Reading Instruction (IPRI) by Meeting Grade-Level Target Prior to End of Year

	Grade	Number of Students on Plan	Number of Students Completed Plan	Percent of Students Completed Plan
	Kindergarten	21,835	7,618	34.9%
	Grade 1	27,478	9,221	33.6%
202	Grade 2	26,647	7,888	29.6%
(1	Grade 3	23,605	8,370	35.5%
	All Grades	99,565	33,097	33.2%
	Kindergarten	24,221	8,697	35.9%
01	Grade 1	26,946	8,640	32.1%
2022	Grade 2	27,039	8,291	30.7%
7	Grade 3	24,057	8,425	35.0%
	All Grades	102,263	34,053	33.3%
	Kindergarten	22,723	8,827	38.8%
23	Grade 1	27,579	8,918	32.3%
2023	Grade 2	27,219	7,619	28.0%
	Grade 3	25,756	8,420	32.7%
	All Grades	103,277	33,784	32.7%

Figure 3. Students At-Risk for Reading Difficulty at Beginning of Year Compared to Students who Completed Individualized Program of Reading Instruction (IPRI) by Meeting Grade-Level Target by End of Year

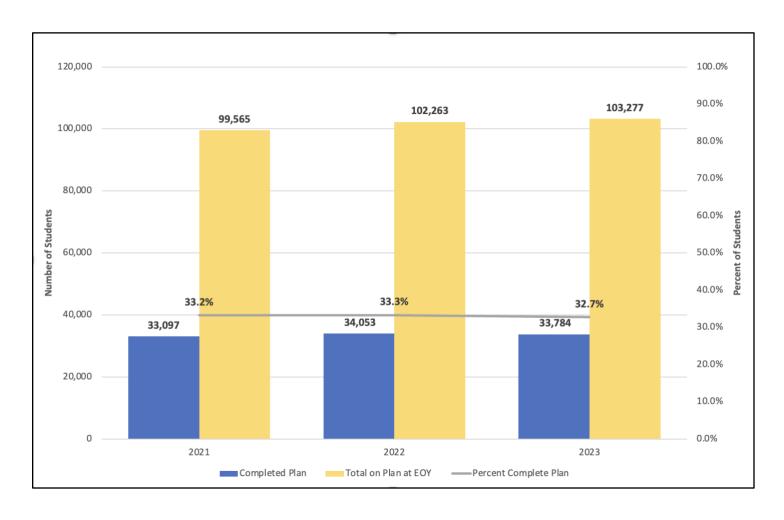


Table 4. Students At-Risk for Reading Difficulty at Beginning Versus End of Year

	Consulta	Percent At-Risk	Percent At-Risk	Percent Decreased
	Grade	ВОҮ	EOY	from BOY
	Kindergarten	39.7%	29.5%	-10.2%
_	Grade 1	50.4%	36.4%	-14%
202	Grade 2	50.3%	38.6%	-11.7%
()	Grade 3	45.2%	31.4%	-11.8%
	All Grades	46.5%	34.0%	-12.5%
	Kindergarten	44.3%	31.0%	-13.3%
CI.	Grade 1	51.5%	36.3%	-15.2%
2022	Grade 2	53.5%	37.8%	-15.7%
(\)	Grade 3	47.3%	31.2%	-16.1%
	All Grades	49.1%	34.1 %	-15.0%
	Kindergarten	41.2%	28.7%	-12.5%
2	Grade 1	49.3%	36.7%	-12.6%
2023	Grade 2	52.1%	39.8%	-12.3%
7	Grade 3	48.7%	35.0%	13.7%
	All Grades	47.8 %	35.1%	-12.7%

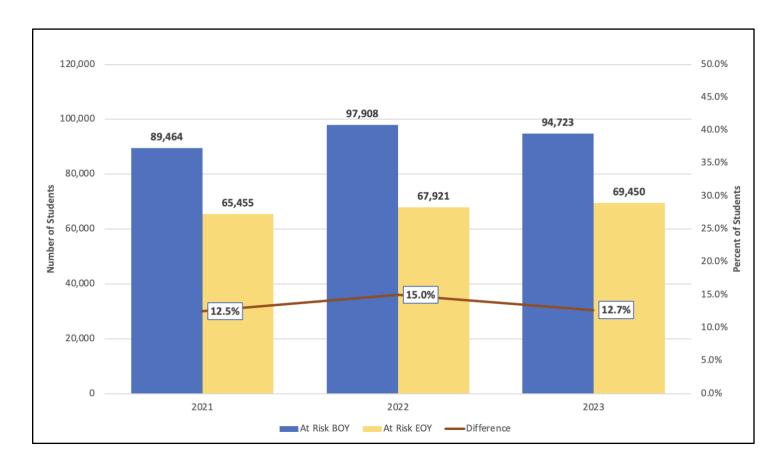


Figure 4. Students At-Risk for Reading Difficulty at Beginning Versus End of Year

- The number of students identified as at-risk for reading difficulties in the beginning of the SY2022-2023 was 94,723 (47.8%). At the end of the year, 69,450 (35.1%) students were identified as at-risk and on a reading plan for intervention. The decrease throughout the year was 12.7% of students needing reading interventions.
- For SY2021-2023, second grade students consistently had the largest percentage of students remaining at-risk at the end of the year. This could be due in part to being expected to perform tasks more independently and having less supports in place than in the earlier grades. Students with foundational gaps may no longer be able to keep up with grade level expectations.

How many third-grade students (number and percent) met the performance criteria for the RSA as determined by the Commission for Educational Quality and Accountability on the reading portion of the statewide third-grade assessment?

To determine the number and percentage of students meeting the performance criteria for the RSA on the reading portion of the statewide third-grade assessment, OSTP reading scores were analyzed. The performance levels for the reading portion of the third-grade test identified by the Commission for Educational Quality and Accountability are "Meets RSA Criteria" and "Does Not Meet RSA Criteria." These scores are determined by using only questions that address Standard 2: Reading and Writing Process and Standard 4: Vocabulary. Additionally, demographic data were analyzed to provide descriptive statistics on reading proficiency and retention by free- and reduced-lunch (FRL), individualized education program (IEP), English learner (EL) status, and race/ethnicity.

Table 5. 2021 Oklahoma State Testing Program (OSTP) Data

	Subgroup	Met RSA (Criteria	Did Not RSA Crit		Tota	I
<u>α</u>	IEP – Yes	3,249	38.6%	5,178	61.4%	8,427	17.2%
ЕР	IEP – No	27,808	73.7%	9,909	26.3%	37, 717	76.9%
	EL – Yes	3,168	48.3%	3,386	51.7%	6,554	13.4%
EL	EL – No	27,889	70.4%	11,701	29.6%	39,590	80.7%
FRL	FRL – Yes	12,155	57.3%	9, 075	42.7%	21,230	43.3%
芷	FRL – No	18,902	75.9%	6, 012	24.1%	24,914	50.8%
	American Indian	3,813	68.5%	1,753	31.5%	5,566	11.4%
	Asian	844	77.6%	243	22.4%	1,087	2.2%
icity	Black	1,642	45.9%	1,937	54.1%	3,579	7.3%
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic	4,835	54.4%	4,059	45.6%	8,894	18.1%
Race	Pacific Islander	117	49.4%	120	50.6%	237	0.5%
	White	15,968	75.3%	5,237	24.7%	21,205	43.2%
	Two or More	3,838	68.8%	1,738	31.2%	5,576	11.4%
	Total	31,057	63.3%	17,981	36.7%	49,038	

Table 6. 2022 Oklahoma State Testing Program (OSTP) Data

	Subgroup Met RSA Criteria			Did Not Meet RSA Criteria Total		I	
Ф	IEP – Yes	3,597	39.4%	5,529	60.6%	9,126	18.3%
ЕР	IEP – No	30,158	74.1%	10,561	25.9%	40,719	81.7%
	EL – Yes	3,334	48.9%	3,480	51.1%	6,814	13.7%
E	EL – No	30,421	70.7%	12,610	29.3%	43,031	86.3%
FRL	FRL – Yes	16,711	58.6%	11,816	41.4%	28,527	57.2%
<u></u>	FRL – No	17,044	80.0%	4,274	20.0%	21,318	42.8%
	American Indian	3,871	69.0%	1,742	31.0%	5,613	11.3%
	Asian	930	76.6%	284	23.4%	1,214	2.4%
icity	Black	1,953	49.7%	1,973	50.3%	3,926	7.9%
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic	4,330	44.1%	5,491	55.9%	9,821	19.7%
Race	Pacific Islander	98	44.7%	121	55.3%	219	0.4%
	White	16,864	74.9%	5,660	25.1%	22,524	45.2%
	Two or More	4,548	69.7%	1,980	30.3%	6,528	13.1%
	Total	33,755	67.7%	16,090	32.3%	49,845	

Table 7. 2023 Oklahoma State Testing Program (OSTP) Data

	Subgroup	Met RSA	Criteria	Did Not RSA Cri		Tota	al
۵.	IEP – Yes	4,219	39.9%	6,362	60.1%	10,581	21.2%
IEP	IEP – No	30,483	77.6%	8,823	22.4%	39,306	78.8%
EL	EL-Yes	3,475	51.5%	3,267	48.5%	6,742	13.5%
Ш	EL – No	31,227	72.4%	11,918	27.6%	43,145	86.5%
	FRL – Yes	19,002	61.3%	11,972	38.7%	30,974	62.1%
FRL	FRL – No	15,700	83.0%	3,213	17.0%	18,913	37.9%
	American Indian	3,732	70.3%	1,578	29.7%	5,310	10.6%
	Asian	904	75.3%	296	24.7%	1,200	2.4%
nicity	Black	1,970	50.87%	1,908	49.2%	3,878	7.8%
Race/Ethnicity	Hispanic	5,916	59.1%	4,102	40.9%	10,018	20.1%
Race	Pacific Islander	113	47.7%	124	52.3%	237	0.5%%
	White	17,186	76.9%	5,152	23.1%	22,338	44.8%
	Two or More	4,881	70.7%	2,025	29.3%	6,906	13.8%
	Total	33,702	69.6%	15,185	30.4%	49,887	

- The data for SY2021-SY2023 show consistent results for students within the IEP subgroup. Students in this subgroup meeting RSA criteria on the OSTP have remained near 39% for three years.
- The EL and FRL subgroups have made increases in the last three years with the largest increase in the SY2023. EL students that met RSA criteria increased from 48.3% in SY2021 to 48.9% in SY2022, and 51.1% in SY2023. Students in the FRL subgroup that met RSA criteria increased from 57.3% in SY2021 to 58.6% in SY2022 and then 61.3% in SY2023.
- White and Asian subgroups are at least 4.6% more likely to meet RSA criteria than any other subgroup with the greatest disparity being between the Pacific Islander (47.7% met RSA criteria) and White (76.9% met RSA criteria) subgroups. The disparity between the Pacific Islander and White subgroups is 29.2%, while the disparity between the Pacific Islander and Asian subgroups is 27.6%.
- In SY2023, all subgroups for race/ethnicity demonstrated an increase in the number of students who met RSA Criteria except for Asian students.
- Hispanic students who met RSA Criteria increased from 44.1% in SY2022 to 59.1% in SY2023, which is a 15% increase, the largest increase in any subgroup population.

How many third-grade students participated in the Oklahoma State Testing Program (OSTP) and, of that number, how many met reading proficiency on a screening instrument, how many were promoted through each of the good-cause exemptions, how many were retained, and how many were promoted through probationary promotion? How does reading proficiency vary by socioeconomic status, learning disability status, English learner (EL) status and race/ethnicity?

Through the Reading Sufficiency Act, students have four pathways to promotion to fourth grade:

- Pathway 1: Meet RSA criteria on the reading and vocabulary portions of the OSTP;6
- *Pathway 2*: Demonstrate reading proficiency through one of the approved screening assessments;⁷
- Pathway 3: Meet the requirements for one of the seven good-cause exemptions;⁸
 and
- Pathway 4: Obtain a unanimous decision by the Student Reading Proficiency Team (SRPT) to be promoted with probation.⁹

To determine the number of students promoted by each of the pathways or retained, districts reported the data to OSDE. Any discrepancies between the data in this section and that in the previous section may be due to the variations in reporting structures. When reporting promotion decisions, districts often indicate all promotion options that a student may be eligible for. In this case, those data are reported here as a hierarchy. Students with multiple promotion pathways are tallied in the order of the pathways. For example, if a student qualified for promotion through both a screening assessment (Pathway 2) and good-cause exemption 5 (Pathway 3), the student was included in the data for Pathway 2 only.

⁶ See Third Grade Reading Proficiency (70 O.S.§1210.508C (I)(4))

⁷ See Third Grade Reading Proficiency (70 O.S.§1210.508C (I)(1))

⁸ See Good Cause Exemptions (70 O.S.§1210.508C (L))

⁹ See Probationary Promotion (70 O.S.§1210.508C (I)(5))

Table 8. Promotion Pathways and Retention Decisions

	2021	2022	2023
Pathway 1:	31,057	33,755	34,702
Met RSA Criteria on OSTP	62.7%	67.7%	70.0%
Pathway 2:	5,680	3,552	2,598
Promoted through Screener	11.5%	7.2%	5.2%
Pathway 3:	7,056	7,016	7,234
Met Good Cause Exemption	14.2%	14.2%	14.6%
Pathway 4: Probationary	4,534	4,276	4,185
Promotion through SRPT	9.2%	8.6%	8.4%
Retained	1,208	994	934
	2.4%	2.0%	1.9%

Table 9. Promotion by Good Cause Exemptions

	2021	2022	2023
Exemption 1	382	357	511
	5.4%	5.1%	7.2%
Exemption 2	914	770	331
	13.0%	10.9%	4.7%
Exemption 3	308	330	331
	4.4%	4.7%	4.7%
Exemption 4	409	336	507
	5.8%	4.8%	7.2%
Exemption 5	3,647	3,937	4,262
	51.7%	55.8%	60.4%
Exemption 6	1,372	1,270	1,283
	19.4%	18.0%	18.2%
Exemption 7	24	16	9
	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%

Table 10. Promotion Decisions for Students with an Individualized Educational Program (IEP)

		Pathway 1: OSTP	Pathway 2: Screener	Pathway 3: Exemption	Pathway 4: SRPT	Retained	Total
5	IEP - No	27,808 68.8%	5,010 12.4%	2,610 6.5%	3,991 9.9%	1,024 2.5%	40,443 81.6%
2021	IEP - Yes	3,249 35.7%	670 7.4%	4,446 48.9%	543 6.0%	184 2.0%	9,092 18.4%
22	IEP - No	30,158 75.1%	2,966 7.4%	2,425 6.0%	3,781 9.4%	817 2.0%	40,147 81.0%
2022	IEP - Yes	3,597 38.1%	586 6.2%	4,591 48.6%	495 5.2%	177 1.9%	9,446 19.0%
23	IEP - No	30,483 75.9%	2,091 5.2%	2,492 6.2%	3,704 9.2%	769 1.9%	39,539 79.7%
2023	IEP - Yes	4,219 44.7%	507 5.4%	4,742 50.2%	481 5.1%	165 1.7%	10,114 20.4%

Table 11. Promotion Decisions for Students Who Receive English Language Services

		Pathway 1: OSTP	Pathway 2: Screener	Pathway 3: Exemption	Pathway 4: SRPT	Retained	Total
2021	EL - No	27,889 65.1%	4,909 11.5%	5,976 13.9%	3,042 7.1%	1,052 2.5%	42,868 86.5%
	EL - Yes	3,168 47.5%	771 11.6%	1,080 16.2%	1,492 22.4%	156 2.3%	6,667 13.5%
77	EL - No	30,421 70.8%	2,958 6.9%	5,914 13.8%	2,789 6.5%	859 2.0%	42,941 86.6%
2022	EL - Yes	3,334 50.1%	594 8.9%	1,102 16.6%	1,487 22.4%	135 2.0%	6,652 13.4%
23	EL - No	31,227 72.7%	2,241 5.2%	5,928 13.8%	2,743 6.4%	815 1.9%	42,954 86.6%
2023	EL - Yes	3,475 52.2%	357 5.4%	1,306 19.6%	1,442 21.7%	119 1.8%	6,699 13.5%

Table 12. Promotion Decisions for Students Who Are Economically Disadvantaged

		Pathway 1: OSTP	Pathway 2: Screener	Pathway 3: Exemption	Pathway 4: SRPT	Retained	Total
2021	FRL - No	18,902 68.3%	3,118 11.3%	3,596 13.0%	1,364 4.9%	689 2.5%	27,669 55.9%
	FRL - Yes	12,155 55.6%	2,562 11.7%	3,460 15.8%	3,170 14.5%	519 2.4%	21,866 44.1%
22	FRL - No	17,044 78.2%	1,301 6.0%	2,054 9.4%	731 3.4%	674 3.1%	21,804 44.0%
2022	FRL - Yes	16,711 60.1%	2,251 8.1%	4,962 17.9%	3,545 12.8%	320 1.2%	27,789 56.0%
23	FRL - No	15,700 72.0%	842 3.9%	1,616 7.4%	540 2.5%	201 0.9%	18,899 38.1%
2023	FRL - Yes	19,002 68.4%	1,756 6.3%	5,618 20.2%	3,645 13.1%	733 2.6%	30,754 62.0%

Table 13. Promotion Decisions by Race/Ethnicity

		Pathway 1: OSTP	Pathway 2: Screener	Pathway 3: Exemption	Pathway 4: SRPT	Retained	Total
	American Indian	3,813 65.4%	532 9.1%	1,037 17.8%	312 5.4%	137 2.3%	5,831 12.1%
	Asian	844 73.8%	114 10.0%	81 7.1%	91 8.0%	14 1.2%	1,144 2.4%
	Black	1,642 41.6%	611 15.5%	668 16.9%	886 22.4%	143 3.6%	3,950 8.2%
2	Hispanic	4,835 61.8%	1,107 14.2%	1,449 18.5%	166 2.1%	263 3.4%	7,820 16.3%
202	Pacific Islander	117 48.1%	38 15.6%	38 15.6%	44 18.1%	6 2.5%	243 0.5%
	White	15,968 69.8%	2,438 10.7%	2,935 12.8%	1,071 4.7%	453 2.0%	22,865 47.6%
	Two or More	3,838 61.9%	840 13.5%	848 13.7%	484 7.8%	192 3.1%	6,202 12.9%
	Total	31,057 64.6%	5,680 11.8%	7,056 14.7%	3,054 6.4%	1,208 2.5%	48,055
	American Indian	3,871 68.9%	393 7.0%	991 17.6%	249 4.4%	114 2.0%	5,618 11.6%
	Asian	930 75.7%	57 4.6%	142 11.6%	86 7.0%	13 1.1%	1,228 2.5%
	Black	1,953 50.7%	328 8.5%	621 16.1%	831 21.6%	121 3.1%	3,854 8.0%
22	Hispanic	4,330 50.8%	799 9.4%	1,488 17.5%	1,692 19.9%	213 2.5%	8,522 17.6%
2022	Pacific Islander	98 58.7%	30 18.0&	30 18.0%	0 0.0%	9 5.4%	167 0.3%
	White	16,864 75.0%	1,452 6.5%	2,887 12.8%	912 4.1%	376 1.7%	22,491 46.4%
	Two or More	4,548 69.4%	493 7.5%	857 13.1%	506 7.7%	148 2.3%	6,552 13.5%
	Total	32,594 67.3%	3,552 7.3%	7,016 14.5%	4,276 8.8%	994 2.1%	48,432

		Pathway 1: OSTP	Pathway 2: Screener	Pathway 3: Exemption	Pathway 4: SRPT	Retained	Total
	American Indian	3,782 71.4%	266 5.1%	879 16.8%	218 4.2%	131 2.5%	5,226 10.5
	Asian	904 75.0%	52 4.3%	160 13.3	80 6.6%	9 0.7%	1,205 2.4%
	Black	1,970 50.9%	276 7.1%	669 17.3%	837 21.6%	121 3.1%	3,873 7.8%
2023	Hispanic	5,916 59.5%	520 5.2%	1,638 16.5%	1,665 16.7%	210 2.1%	9,949 20.0%
20	Pacific Islander	113 47.1%	27 11.3%	45 18.8%	44 18.3%	11 4.6%	240 0.5%
	White	17,186 77.1%	1,058 4.7%	2,857 12.8%	876 3.9%	316 1.4%	22,293 44.9%
	Two or More	4,881 71.1%	399 5.8%	987 14.4%	465 6.8%	136 2.0%	6,868 13.8%
	Total	34,702 70.0%	2,598 5.2%	7,235 14.6%	4,185 8.4%	934 1.9%	49,654

- Table 8 shows that in SY2023 34,702 (70.0%) of students were promoted by meeting RSA Criteria on OSTP assessments, an increase from 33,755 students (67.7%) in SY2022.
- Due to the other pathway options such as screeners, good-cause exemptions, and school reading proficiency teams (SRPTs), the actual percentage retained remained fairly consistent with years prior at 1.9%, decreasing only slightly from 2.0% in SY2022 and 2.4% in SY2021.
- Table 9 shows that good-cause exemption 5, Making Progress on IEP Goals, was most commonly used at 60.4%.
- In SY2021, 5,680 students met RSA criteria through a screener compared to 3,552 in SY2022, and 2,598 in SY2023. This number has decreased as the number of students passing the RSA criteria on the OSTP assessment has increased.

RSA Funding Allocations

Question 5

What funding was appropriated to each district for reading remediation?

The State Department of Education Office of State Aid maintains records of funding allocated to each district. Those amounts are reported here.

Since Fiscal Year 2014, RSA funds have been allocated and paid without districts submitting claims for reimbursement. Instead, the total allocation has been disbursed to districts for their use throughout the year. Funds are disbursed after every school site serving kindergarten through third-grade students has certified their Beginning of Year data report and has submitted an Annual District Reading Plan that has been approved by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Funds are generally received by districts in December of each year.

RSA funds may be used for the following:

- Salaries for teachers and teaching assistants for before-school and after-school programs
- Summer school teachers and during-school reading interventionists
- Data processing services, software services and internet services
- Printing and binding, copy supplies and office supplies
- Instructional materials for students identified and placed on a program of reading instruction
- Approved screening assessments, academic student assessment supplies and materials
- Books, state-adopted textbooks, supplemental non-state-adopted textbooks, workbooks, magazines, approved technology-related equipment and reading software
- Contracted services (non-payroll personnel) for offsite, onsite or online professional development training
- Travel and registration fees for teachers, paraprofessionals and interventionists to attend approved RSA professional development training
- Salaries for bus drivers providing student transportation for before- and after-school programs or the Summer Academy Reading Program for RSA

Figure 5. Annual Funding for Reading Sufficiency

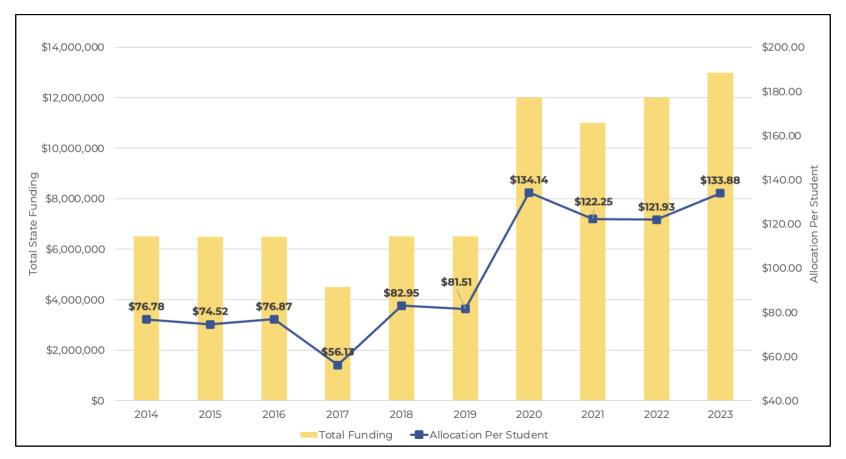


Table 14. RSA Funding Appropriated to Each District

County	District	2021	2022	2023
ADAIR	CAVE SPRINGS	\$1,467.00	\$3,048.25	\$4,551.92
ADAIR	DAHLONEGAH	\$9,291.00	\$4,389.48	\$6,292.36
ADAIR	GREASY			
ADAIR	MARYETTA	\$15,159.00	\$17,314.06	\$16,333.36
ADAIR	PEAVINE	\$3,178.50	\$2,072.81	\$1,071.04
ADAIR	ROCKY MOUNTAIN	\$3,300.75	\$5,242.99	\$6,961.76
ADAIR	STILWELL	\$20,171.25	\$22,922.84	\$27,847.04
ADAIR	WATTS	\$4,523.25	\$3,657.90	\$4,953.56
ADAIR	WESTVILLE	\$17,237.25	\$20,118.45	\$17,002.76
ADAIR	ZION	\$4,767.75	\$4,023.69	\$5,890.72
ALFALFA	BURLINGTON	\$1,100.25	\$1,950.88	\$803.28
ALFALFA	CHEROKEE	\$3,056.25	\$5,242.99	\$5,622.96
ALFALFA	TIMBERLAKE	\$2,322.75	\$2,316.67	\$2,008.20
ATOKA	АТОКА	\$11,002.50	\$10,364.05	\$16,601.12
ATOKA	CANEY	\$8,435.25	\$7,315.80	\$6,024.60
ATOKA	HARMONY	\$5,868.00	\$3,535.97	\$8,032.80
ATOKA	LANE	\$6,601.50	\$7,437.73	\$8,702.20
ATOKA	STRINGTOWN	\$1,589.25	\$2,560.53	\$4,284.16
ATOKA	TUSHKA	\$4,645.50	\$4,633.34	\$6,560.12
BEAVER	BALKO	\$1,344.75	\$1,463.16	\$803.28

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
BEAVER	BEAVER	\$3,056.25	\$1,463.16	\$1,204.92
BEAVER	FORGAN	\$489.00	\$243.86	\$1,071.04
BEAVER	TURPIN	\$3,545.25	\$3,292.11	\$4,418.04
BECKHAM	ELK CITY	\$24,205.50	\$36,457.07	\$42,573.84
BECKHAM	ERICK	\$2,078.25	\$1,707.02	\$2,945.36
BECKHAM	MERRITT	\$13,203.00	\$13,900.02	\$14,860.68
BECKHAM	SAYRE	\$13,569.75	\$13,900.02	\$12,316.96
BLAINE	CANTON	\$4,401.00	\$3,414.04	\$6,024.60
BLAINE	GEARY	\$3,300.75	\$5,486.85	\$5,087.44
BLAINE	OKEENE	\$3,056.25	\$4,755.27	\$4,685.80
BLAINE	WATONGA	\$10,024.50	\$15,485.11	\$18,743.20
BRYAN	ACHILLE	\$8,802.00	\$7,437.73	\$7,229.52
BRYAN	BENNINGTON	\$4,401.00	\$4,877.20	7,095.64
BRYAN	CADDO	\$5,868.00	\$13,778.09	\$9,639.36
BRYAN	CALERA	\$9,657.75	\$11,461.42	19,412.60
BRYAN	COLBERT	\$7,335.00	\$9,144.75	\$11,781.44
BRYAN	DURANT	\$57,824.25	\$60,477.28	\$68,412.68
BRYAN	ROCK CREEK	\$10,024.50	\$12,071.07	\$10,710.40
BRYAN	SILO	\$18,582.00	\$16,948.27	\$23,295.12
CADDO	ANADARKO	\$22,127.25	\$28,409.69	\$31,194.04
CADDO	BINGER-ONEY	\$3,912.00	\$3,414.04	\$3,614.76

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
CADDO	BOONE-APACHE	\$4,890.00	\$5,242.99	\$8,032.80
CADDO	CARNEGIE	\$6,357.00	\$7,681.59	\$7,898.92
CADDO	CEMENT	\$1,589.25	\$4,755.27	\$2,275.96
CADDO	CYRIL	\$5,745.75	\$6,828.08	\$7,363.40
CADDO	FORT COBB-BROXTON	\$3,545.25	\$7,925.45	\$5,622.96
CADDO	GRACEMONT	\$2,811.75	\$853.51	\$1,071.04
CADDO	HINTON	\$7,212.75	\$10,120.19	\$8,300.56
CADDO	HYDRO-EAKLY	\$4,890.00	\$8,291.24	\$9,505.48
CADDO	LOOKEBA SICKLES	\$2,078.25	\$2,194.74	\$2,945.36
CANADIAN	BANNER	\$4,890.00	\$5,608.78	\$5,622.96
CANADIAN	CALUMET	\$1,711.50	\$2,804.39	\$2,409.84
CANADIAN	DARLINGTON	\$4,523.25	\$4,877.20	\$9,237.72
CANADIAN	EL RENO	\$42,543.00	\$49,625.51	\$59,844.36
CANADIAN	MAPLE	\$3,545.25	\$4,023.69	\$2,008.20
CANADIAN	MUSTANG	\$198,045.00	\$233,861.74	\$273,516.84
CANADIAN	PIEDMONT	\$51,589.50	\$51,820.25	\$43,511.00
CANADIAN	RIVERSIDE	\$978.00	\$1,707.02	\$1,606.56
CANADIAN	UNION CITY	\$4,034.25	\$2,804.39	\$3,079.24
CANADIAN	YUKON	\$125,673.00	\$153,022.15	\$160,522.12
CARTER	ARDMORE	\$55,257.00	\$52,551.83	\$58,907.20
CARTER	DICKSON	\$14,058.75	\$9,388.61	\$27,177.64

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
CARTER	FOX	\$2,567.25	\$2,072.81	\$2,677.60
CARTER	HEALDTON	\$7,090.50	\$9,144.75	\$9,639.36
CARTER	LONE GROVE	\$13,447.50	\$42,431.64	\$22,759.60
CARTER	PLAINVIEW	\$30,807.00	\$17,557.92	\$16,467.24
CARTER	SPRINGER	\$3,056.25	\$3,779.83	\$5,221.32
CARTER	WILSON	\$7,701.75	\$9,266.68	\$11,513.68
CARTER	ZANEIS	\$7,824.00	\$6,096.50	\$6,292.36
CHEROKEE	BRIGGS	\$10,269.00	\$10,607.91	\$7,497.28
CHEROKEE	CHEROKEE IMMERSION CHARTER	\$5,012.25	\$4,755.27	\$2,543.72
CHEROKEE	GRAND VIEW	\$14,670.00	\$10,607.91	\$12,316.96
CHEROKEE	HULBERT	\$8,802.00	\$9,022.82	\$7,898.92
CHEROKEE	KEYS	\$4,645.50	\$8,778.96	\$10,174.88
CHEROKEE	LOWREY	\$2,934.00	\$2,926.32	\$2,275.96
CHEROKEE	NORWOOD	\$2,078.25	\$2,682.46	\$2,811.48
CHEROKEE	PEGGS	\$4,156.50	\$3,779.83	\$3,347.00
CHEROKEE	SHADY GROVE	\$3,545.25	\$2,194.74	\$4,418.04
CHEROKEE	TAHLEQUAH	\$53,301.00	\$61,696.58	\$56,497.36
CHEROKEE	TENKILLER	\$4,645.50	\$3,170.18	\$3,480.88
CHEROKEE	WOODALL	\$7,457.25	\$7,559.66	\$23,696.76
CHOCTAW	BOSWELL	\$6,357.00	\$6,584.22	\$4,819.68
CHOCTAW	FORT TOWSON	\$5,745.75	\$6,950.01	\$7,363.40

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
CHOCTAW	HUGO	\$26,406.00	\$21,581.61	\$24,232.28
CHOCTAW	SOPER	\$5,990.25	\$8,657.03	\$5,622.96
CIMARRON	BOISE CITY	\$2,078.25	\$1,828.95	\$2,008.20
CIMARRON	FELT	\$611.25	\$609.65	\$535.52
CIMARRON	KEYES			
CLEVELAND	LEXINGTON	\$12,102.75	\$15,850.90	\$19,412.60
CLEVELAND	LITTLE AXE	\$19,315.50	\$21,581.61	\$27,311.52
CLEVELAND	MOORE	\$300,123.75	\$336,526.80	\$383,700.08
CLEVELAND	NOBLE	\$56,968.50	\$62,428.16	\$71,224.16
CLEVELAND	NORMAN	\$234,231.00	\$229,959.98	\$267,358.36
CLEVELAND	ROBIN HILL	\$1,467.00	\$1,463.16	\$1,338.80
COAL	COALGATE	\$11,613.75	\$9,998.26	\$14,459.04
COAL	COTTONWOOD	\$1,833.75	\$3,170.18	\$3,480.88
COAL	TUPELO	\$3,667.50	\$4,145.62	\$4,016.40
COMANCHE	BISHOP	\$11,491.50	\$22,069.33	\$24,232.28
COMANCHE	CACHE	\$24,327.75	\$31,823.73	\$26,508.24
COMANCHE	CHATTANOOGA	\$3,545.25	\$2,682.46	\$1,874.32
COMANCHE	ELGIN	\$21,638.25	\$28,653.55	\$33,336.12
COMANCHE	FLETCHER	\$7,090.50	\$7,803.52	\$6,827.88
COMANCHE	FLOWER MOUND	\$4,890.00	\$4,877.20	\$4,819.68
COMANCHE	GERONIMO	\$2,934.00	\$2,926.32	3,480.88

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
COMANCHE	INDIAHOMA	\$1,956.00	\$2,804.39	\$3,213.12
COMANCHE	LAWTON	\$263,448.75	\$322,870.64	\$340,992.36
COMANCHE	STERLING	\$2,934.00	\$3,170.18	\$2,677.60
COTTON	BIG PASTURE	\$4,034.25	\$4,267.55	\$3,079.24
COTTON	TEMPLE	\$2,445.00	\$2,926.32	\$2,811.48
COTTON	WALTERS	\$10,513.50	\$7,559.66	\$10,442.64
CRAIG	BLUEJACKET	\$4,401.00	\$5,486.85	\$4,685.80
CRAIG	KETCHUM	\$9,657.75	\$11,827.21	\$13,120.24
CRAIG	VINITA	\$17,481.75	\$18,411.43	\$25,838.84
CRAIG	WELCH	\$3,056.25	\$3,292.11	\$2,142.08
CRAIG	WHITE OAK	\$366.75	\$121.93	\$1,204.92
CREEK	ALLEN-BOWDEN	\$6,968.25	\$9,022.82	\$8,032.80
CREEK	BRISTOW	\$28,606.50	\$23,288.63	\$26,106.60
CREEK	DEPEW	\$3,300.75	\$6,584.22	\$6,292.36
CREEK	DRUMRIGHT	\$7,457.25	\$6,706.15	\$8,166.68
CREEK	GYPSY	\$1,222.50	\$365.79	\$937.16
CREEK	KELLYVILLE	\$14,792.25	\$13,656.16	\$17,806.04
CREEK	KIEFER	\$11,736.00	\$12,436.86	\$13,254.12
CREEK	LONE STAR	\$16,626.00	\$12,071.07	\$10,978.16
CREEK	MANNFORD	\$20,049.00	\$27,190.39	\$27,847.04
CREEK	MOUNDS	\$5,134.50	\$5,730.71	\$5,355.20

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
CREEK	OILTON	\$4,034.25	\$5,608.78	\$4,284.16
CREEK	OLIVE	\$3,667.50	\$3,170.18	\$2,811.48
CREEK	PRETTY WATER	\$3,545.25	\$2,560.53	\$5,489.08
CREEK	SAPULPA	\$60,024.75	\$59,501.84	\$57,568.40
CUSTER	ARAPAHO-BUTLER	\$2,078.25	\$3,048.25	\$3,213.12
CUSTER	CLINTON	\$38,631.00	\$40,602.69	\$44,983.68
CUSTER	THOMAS-FAY-CUSTER UNIFIED DIST	\$2,567.25	\$2,072.81	\$3,213.12
CUSTER	WEATHERFORD	\$26,650.50	\$28,043.90	\$40,565.64
DELAWARE	CLEORA	\$611.25	\$1,097.37	\$2,142.08
DELAWARE	COLCORD	\$12,958.50	\$13,900.02	\$17,806.04
DELAWARE	GROVE	\$53,301.00	\$48,162.35	\$48,598.44
DELAWARE	JAY	\$32,274.00	\$37,310.58	\$43,377.12
DELAWARE	KANSAS	\$3,789.75	\$5,486.85	\$7,363.40
DELAWARE	KENWOOD	\$1,956.00	\$1,341.23	\$2,811.48
DELAWARE	LEACH	\$5,501.25	\$5,121.06	\$4,284.16
DELAWARE	MOSELEY	\$4,523.25	\$4,999.13	\$5,756.84
DELAWARE	OAKS-MISSION	\$1,711.50	\$3,414.04	\$2,275.96
DEWEY	SEILING	\$7,946.25	\$8,291.24	\$5,756.84
DEWEY	TALOGA	\$2,322.75	\$1,828.95	\$1,472.68
DEWEY	VICI	\$3,300.75	\$4,145.62	\$4,150.28
ELLIS	ARNETT	\$978.00	\$1,707.02	\$1,740.44

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
ELLIS	FARGO	\$2,567.25	\$2,682.46	\$2,008.20
ELLIS	SHATTUCK	\$2,934.00	\$2,316.67	\$3,079.24
GARFIELD	CHISHOLM	\$16,992.75	\$20,362.31	\$18,341.56
GARFIELD	COVINGTON-DOUGLAS	\$1,222.50	\$1,219.30	\$1,338.80
GARFIELD	DRUMMOND	\$2,689.50	\$1,707.02	\$3,079.24
GARFIELD	ENID	\$160,514.25	\$184,114.30	\$186,762.60
GARFIELD	GARBER	\$5,868.00	\$6,340.36	\$6,024.60
GARFIELD	KREMLIN-HILLSDALE	\$1,589.25	\$3,292.11	\$3,480.88
GARFIELD	PIONEER-PLEASANT VALE	\$6,601.50	\$7,193.87	\$7,363.40
GARFIELD	WAUKOMIS	\$3,789.75	\$3,170.18	\$3,614.76
GARVIN	ELMORE CITY-PERNELL	\$5,990.25	\$6,462.29	\$3,882.52
GARVIN	LINDSAY	\$16,992.75	\$16,094.76	\$19,948.12
GARVIN	MAYSVILLE	\$4,278.75	\$2,072.81	\$6,292.36
GARVIN	PAOLI	\$1,711.50	\$1,097.37	\$669.40
GARVIN	PAULS VALLEY	\$21,271.50	\$23,288.63	\$26,106.60
GARVIN	STRATFORD	\$10,146.75	\$11,095.63	\$12,852.48
GARVIN	WHITEBEAD	\$7,335.00	\$9,998.26	\$10,442.64
GARVIN	WYNNEWOOD	\$12,469.50	\$11,095.63	\$11,781.44
GRADY	ALEX	\$3,667.50	\$4,023.69	\$4,685.80
GRADY	AMBER-POCASSET	\$5,256.75	\$2,560.53	\$4,819.68
GRADY	BRIDGE CREEK	\$27,750.75	\$30,970.22	\$31,327.92

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
GRADY	CHICKASHA	\$28,606.50	\$37,432.51	\$46,590.24
GRADY	FRIEND	\$2,689.50	\$1,585.09	\$2,811.48
GRADY	MIDDLEBERG	\$2,567.25	\$4,755.27	\$6,694.00
GRADY	MINCO	\$5,012.25	\$4,389.48	\$5,489.08
GRADY	NINNEKAH	\$6,601.50	\$3,779.83	\$6,961.76
GRADY	PIONEER	\$2,934.00	\$4,511.41	\$2,945.36
GRADY	RUSH SPRINGS	\$4,523.25	\$7,071.94	\$6,024.60
GRADY	TUTTLE	\$16,137.00	\$19,874.59	\$22,357.96
GRADY	VERDEN	\$1,222.50	\$3,048.25	\$4,685.80
GRANT	DEER CREEK-LAMONT	\$733.50	\$975.44	\$1,338.80
GRANT	MEDFORD	\$3,178.50	\$2,072.81	\$4,016.40
GRANT	POND CREEK-HUNTER	\$1,711.50	\$2,926.32	\$2,409.84
GREER	GRANITE	\$1,956.00	\$1,585.09	\$2,142.08
GREER	MANGUM	\$11,369.25	\$9,510.54	\$8,300.56
HARMON	HOLLIS	\$10,146.75	\$9,266.68	\$8,434.44
HARPER	BUFFALO	\$1,711.50	\$1,341.23	\$4,551.92
HARPER	LAVERNE	\$5,256.75	\$4,389.48	\$4,819.68
HASKELL	KEOTA	\$9,291.00	\$8,169.31	\$6,827.88
HASKELL	KINTA	\$2,322.75	\$2,560.53	\$2,409.84
HASKELL	MCCURTAIN	\$4,401.00	\$2,682.46	\$5,355.20
HASKELL	STIGLER	\$19,926.75	\$19,508.80	\$21,822.44

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
HASKELL	WHITEFIELD	\$5,990.25	\$6,706.15	\$7,497.28
HUGHES	CALVIN	\$4,156.50	\$4,145.62	\$3,882.52
HUGHES	HOLDENVILLE	\$19,315.50	\$14,875.46	\$16,467.24
HUGHES	MOSS	\$5,379.00	\$3,414.04	\$5,221.32
HUGHES	STUART	\$2,322.75	\$1,463.16	\$133.88
HUGHES	WETUMKA	\$10,513.50	\$9,144.75	\$10,041.00
JACKSON	ALTUS	\$57,457.50	\$62,306.23	\$62,388.08
JACKSON	BLAIR	\$4,890.00	\$4,633.34	\$4,551.92
JACKSON	DUKE	\$2,934.00	\$1,585.09	\$2,008.20
JACKSON	NAVAJO	\$6,234.75	\$7,071.94	\$6,158.48
JACKSON	OLUSTEE-ELDORADO	\$5,990.25	\$5,242.99	\$6,024.60
JEFFERSON	RINGLING	\$4,278.75	\$6,584.22	\$5,355.20
JEFFERSON	RYAN	\$3,912.00	\$2,804.39	\$3,347.00
JEFFERSON	TERRAL	\$611.25	\$1,828.95	\$1,472.68
JEFFERSON	WAURIKA	\$9,657.75	\$10,364.05	\$3,347.00
JOHNSTON	COLEMAN	\$2,811.75	\$2,926.32	\$3,480.88
JOHNSTON	MANNSVILLE	\$1,467.00	\$2,560.53	\$3,213.12
JOHNSTON	MILBURN	\$1,711.50	\$1,585.09	\$3,213.12
JOHNSTON	MILL CREEK	\$3,056.25	\$1,341.23	\$2,677.60
JOHNSTON	RAVIA	\$1,344.75	\$2,560.53	\$2,008.20
JOHNSTON	TISHOMINGO	\$9,657.75	\$14,265.81	\$16,467.24

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
JOHNSTON	WAPANUCKA	\$4,890.00	\$3,535.97	\$3,347.00
KAY	BLACKWELL	\$22,371.75	\$25,849.16	\$21,019.16
KAY	KILDARE	\$855.75	\$1,219.30	\$937.16
KAY	NEWKIRK	\$12,469.50	\$7,559.66	\$10,308.76
KAY	PECKHAM	\$2,445.00	\$1,950.88	\$1,472.68
KAY	PONCA CITY	\$81,296.25	\$82,302.75	\$95,991.96
KAY	TONKAWA	\$14,181.00	\$11,949.14	\$13,789.64
KINGFISHER	CASHION	\$6,601.50	\$9,144.75	\$9,773.24
KINGFISHER	DOVER	\$1,711.50	\$1,097.37	\$1,204.92
KINGFISHER	HENNESSEY	\$14,547.75	\$7,559.66	\$13,655.76
KINGFISHER	KINGFISHER	\$7,457.25	\$7,437.73	\$13,388.00
KINGFISHER	LOMEGA	\$1,100.25	\$1,950.88	\$2,008.20
KINGIFISHER	OKARCHE	\$3,423.00	\$4,633.34	\$7,765.04
KIOWA	HOBART	\$11,613.75	\$10,607.91	\$13,120.24
KIOWA	LONE WOLF	\$1,222.50	\$1,463.16	\$1,338.80
KIOWA	MOUNTAIN VIEW-GOTEBO	\$3,912.00	\$6,462.29	\$6,024.60
KIOWA	SNYDER	\$7,212.75	\$7,559.66	\$9,103.84
LATIMER	BUFFALO VALLEY	\$2,567.25	\$2,072.81	3,213.12
LATIMER	PANOLA	\$2,934.00	\$853.51	\$1,338.80
LATIMER	RED OAK	\$855.75	\$3,657.90	\$3,213.12
LATIMER	WILBURTON	\$16,014.75	\$20,240.38	\$26,106.60

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
LE FLORE	ARKOMA	\$3,545.25	\$6,950.01	\$9,103.84
LE FLORE	BOKOSHE	\$2,567.25	\$3,414.04	\$3,748.64
LE FLORE	CAMERON	\$10,024.50	\$6,462.29	\$6,426.24
LE FLORE	FANSHAWE	\$3,545.25	\$2,682.46	\$2,811.48
LE FLORE	HEAVENER	\$5,868.00	\$6,828.08	\$12,718.60
LE FLORE	HODGEN	\$5,745.75	\$7,437.73	\$6,158.48
LE FLORE	HOWE	\$5,379.00	\$7,437.73	\$8,032.80
LE FLORE	LE FLORE	\$3,912.00	\$3,414.04	\$3,748.64
LE FLORE	MONROE	\$1,833.75	\$853.51	\$2,811.48
LE FLORE	PANAMA	\$9,535.50	\$12,558.79	\$11,245.92
LE FLORE	POCOLA	\$13,203.00	\$13,900.02	\$20,617.52
LE FLORE	POTEAU	\$30,684.75	\$29,750.92	\$29,989.12
LE FLORE	SHADY POINT	\$2,445.00	\$2,804.39	\$4,551.92
LE FLORE	SPIRO	\$14,181.00	\$22,191.26	\$24,500.04
LE FLORE	TALIHINA	\$9,168.75	\$9,754.40	\$12,450.84
LE FLORE	WHITESBORO	\$2,200.50	\$2,194.74	\$2,008.20
LE FLORE	WISTER	\$8,924.25	\$7,681.59	\$9,907.12
LINCOLN	AGRA	\$3,667.50	\$4,755.27	\$5,221.32
LINCOLN	CARNEY	\$2,322.75	\$2,682.46	\$3,347.00
LINCOLN	CHANDLER	\$14,181.00	\$17,557.92	\$17,136.64
LINCOLN	DAVENPORT	\$2,934.00	\$5,608.78	\$3,480.88

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
LINCOLN	MEEKER	\$8,924.25	\$11,339.49	\$13,120.24
LINCOLN	PRAGUE	\$10,024.50	\$12,314.93	\$11,513.68
LINCOLN	STROUD	\$7,090.50	\$9,266.68	\$10,174.88
LINCOLN	WELLSTON	\$10,269.00	\$9,754.40	\$8,032.80
LINCOLN	WHITE ROCK	\$4,278.75	\$3,901.76	\$4,284.16
LOGAN	COYLE	\$6,112.50	\$5,121.06	\$6,158.48
LOGAN	CRESCENT	\$9,291.00	\$9,510.54	\$6,426.24
LOGAN	GUTHRIE	\$49,511.25	\$68,524.66	\$75,374.44
LOGAN	MULHALL-ORLANDO	\$2,445.00	\$3,048.25	\$2,275.96
LOVE	GREENVILLE	\$1,589.25	\$2,316.67	\$1,874.32
LOVE	MARIETTA	\$14,792.25	\$21,581.61	\$22,357.96
LOVE	THACKERVILLE	\$5,256.75	\$3,535.97	\$6,827.88
LOVE	TURNER	\$5,256.75	\$5,364.92	\$4,418.04
MAJOR	ALINE-CLEO	\$733.50	\$731.58	\$535.52
MAJOR	CIMARRON	\$4,523.25	\$3,901.76	\$4,685.80
MAJOR	FAIRVIEW	\$11,736.00	\$10,973.70	\$12,986.36
MAJOR	RINGWOOD	\$2,689.50	\$4,145.62	\$14,994.56
MARSHALL	KINGSTON	\$12,714.00	\$17,192.13	\$26,776.00
MARSHALL	MADILL	\$28,606.50	\$22,191.26	\$35,344.32
MAYES	ADAIR	\$10,513.50	\$12,558.79	\$9,907.12
MAYES	CHOUTEAU-MAZIE	\$14,547.75	\$19,264.94	\$12,183.08

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
MAYES	LOCUST GROVE	\$15,281.25	\$20,606.17	\$19,278.72
MAYES	OSAGE	\$3,789.75	\$3,779.83	\$5,221.32
MAYES	PRYOR	\$40,831.50	\$44,626.38	\$48,598.44
MAYES	SALINA	\$13,814.25	\$16,094.76	\$19,680.36
MAYES	WICKLIFFE	\$2,078.25	\$3,779.83	\$3,748.64
MCCLAIN	BLANCHARD	\$22,005.00	\$32,555.31	\$35,344.32
MCCLAIN	DIBBLE	\$10,024.50	\$9,632.47	\$6,560.12
MCCLAIN	NEWCASTLE	\$39,609.00	\$40,236.90	\$38,691.32
MCCLAIN	PURCELL	\$26,406.00	\$28,897.41	\$34,273.28
MCCLAIN	WASHINGTON	\$4,890.00	\$5,730.71	\$13,120.24
MCCLAIN	WAYNE	\$8,313.00	\$7,681.59	\$8,836.08
MCCURTAIN	BATTIEST	\$2,445.00	\$3,414.04	\$4,551.92
MCCURTAIN	BROKEN BOW	\$21,516.00	\$17,679.85	\$22,224.08
MCCURTAIN	DENISON	\$5,501.25	\$7,559.66	\$8,702.20
MCCURTAIN	EAGLETOWN	\$2,934.00	\$0.00	\$3,079.24
MCCURTAIN	FOREST GROVE	\$2,322.75	\$5,121.06	\$6,694.00
MCCURTAIN	GLOVER	\$2,200.50	\$2,926.32	\$2,677.60
MCCURTAIN	HAWORTH	\$9,291.00	\$9,266.68	\$7,095.64
MCCURTAIN	HOLLY CREEK	\$5,256.75	\$3,414.04	\$4,551.92
MCCURTAIN	IDABEL	\$27,995.25	\$23,532.49	\$19,412.60
MCCURTAIN	LUKFATA	\$5,501.25	\$7,437.73	\$10,041.00

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
MCCURTAIN	SMITHVILLE	\$3,056.25	\$1,707.02	\$3,748.64
MCCURTAIN	VALLIANT	\$4,523.25	\$11,217.56	\$14,592.92
MCCURTAIN	WRIGHT CITY	\$9,657.75	\$10,607.91	\$11,781.44
MCINTOSH	СНЕСОТАН	\$15,648.00	\$22,069.33	\$13,923.52
MCINTOSH	EUFAULA	\$14,547.75	\$19,630.73	\$20,215.88
MCINTOSH	HANNA	\$611.25	\$853.51	\$1,472.68
MCINTOSH	MIDWAY	\$4,767.75	\$5,364.92	\$4,016.40
MCINTOSH	RYAL	\$2,078.25	\$1,463.16	\$4,150.28
MCINTOSH	STIDHAM	\$3,789.75	\$1,341.23	\$3,614.76
MURRAY	DAVIS	\$14,914.50	\$12,558.79	\$14,860.68
MURRAY	SULPHUR	\$17,726.25	\$17,679.85	\$22,491.84
MUSKOGEE	BRAGGS	\$1,589.25	\$1,828.95	\$1,740.44
MUSKOGEE	FORT GIBSON	\$15,525.75	\$20,118.45	\$17,672.16
MUSKOGEE	HASKELL	\$12,225.00	\$17,314.06	\$11,647.56
MUSKOGEE	HILLDALE	\$27,995.25	\$22,313.19	\$46,858.00
MUSKOGEE	MUSKOGEE	\$75,917.25	\$85,229.07	\$104,694.16
MUSKOGEE	ОКТАНА	\$6,234.75	\$7,071.94	\$8,032.80
MUSKOGEE	PORUM	\$9,291.00	\$8,169.31	\$10,710.40
MUSKOGEE	WAINWRIGHT	\$2,567.25	\$1,585.09	\$1,606.56
MUSKOGEE	WARNER	\$8,557.50	\$10,851.77	\$11,112.04
MUSKOGEE	WEBBERS FALLS	\$2,445.00	\$2,926.32	\$6,694.00

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
NOBLE	BILLINGS	\$611.25	\$1,219.30	\$803.28
NOBLE	FRONTIER	\$6,601.50	\$4,999.13	\$8,032.80
NOBLE	MORRISON	\$9,291.00	\$8,169.31	\$9,371.60
NOBLE	PERRY	\$19,071.00	\$16,948.27	\$20,349.76
NOWATA	NOWATA	\$14,058.75	\$11,217.56	\$13,254.12
NOWATA	OKLAHOMA UNION	\$8,679.75	\$12,071.07	\$10,710.40
NOWATA	SOUTH COFFEYVILLE	\$4,890.00	\$3,535.97	\$4,819.68
OKFUSKEE	BEARDEN	\$1,833.75	\$5,121.06	\$4,418.04
OKFUSKEE	GRAHAM-DUSTIN	\$1,344.75	\$2,682.46	\$3,480.88
OKFUSKEE	MASON	\$4,034.25	\$5,242.99	\$6,426.24
OKFUSKEE	OKEMAH	\$6,968.25	\$11,949.14	\$9,907.12
OKFUSKEE	PADEN	\$3,300.75	\$4,023.69	\$1,606.56
OKFUSKEE	WELEETKA	\$8,068.50	\$8,900.89	\$6,158.48
OKLAHOMA	ACADEMY OF SEMINOLE	\$2,567.25	\$4,633.34	\$4,551.92
OKLAHOMA	ASTEC CHARTERS	\$6,601.50	\$12,314.93	\$16,199.48
OKLAHOMA	BETHANY	\$15,648.00	\$17,801.78	\$16,868.88
OKLAHOMA	CHOCTAW-NICOMA PARK	\$66,504.00	\$77,913.27	\$119,554.84
OKLAHOMA	CROOKED OAK	\$27,628.50	\$26,824.60	\$25,838.84
OKLAHOMA	CRUTCHO	\$7,701.75	\$12,680.72	\$11,781.44
OKLAHOMA	DEER CREEK	\$83,863.50	\$94,495.75	\$84,746.04
OKLAHOMA	DOVE SCHOOLS OF OKC	\$13,203.00	\$33,043.03	\$39,092.96

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
OKLAHOMA	EDMOND	\$349,635.00	\$341,038.21	\$315,956.80
OKLAHOMA	EPIC BLENDED LEARNING CHARTER	\$414,183.00	\$225,814.36	\$391,197.36
OKLAHOMA	EPIC ONE ON ONE CHARTER SCHOOL	\$530,442.75	\$285,194.27	BLENDED
OKLAHOMA	ESCHOOL VIRTUAL	\$6,846.00	\$2,194.74	\$3,748.64
OKLAHOMA	HARRAH	\$24,572.25	\$26,702.67	\$30,123.00
OKLAHOMA	JOHN W REX CHARTER ELEMENTARY	\$9,902.25	\$9,388.61	\$10,844.28
OKLAHOMA	JONES	\$15,525.75	\$16,216.69	\$17,404.40
OKLAHOMA	LEMONDE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL	\$3,912.00	\$5,974.57	\$6,024.60
OKLAHOMA	LUTHER	\$13,692.00	\$15,728.97	\$20,082.00
OKLAHOMA	MIDWEST CITY-DEL CITY	\$202,568.25	\$257,516.16	\$277,399.36
OKLAHOMA	MILLWOOD	\$19,804.50	\$27,434.25	\$28,248.68
OKLAHOMA	OAKDALE	\$9,535.50	\$9,144.75	\$9,103.84
OKLAHOMA	OKC CHARTER: HUPFELD/W VILLAGE	\$12,836.25	\$14,143.88	\$11,915.32
OKLAHOMA	OKC CHARTER: SANTA FE SOUTH CHARTERS	\$61,125.00	\$60,843.07	\$59,710.48
OKLAHOMA	OKC CHARTER: SEEWORTH ACAD			
OKLAHOMA	OKLAHOMA CITY	\$837,290.25	\$966,661.04	\$915,739.20
OKLAHOMA	OKLAHOMA CONNECTIONS ACAD	\$14,547.75	\$17,801.78	\$19,680.36
OKLAHOMA	OKLAHOMA VIRTUAL CHARTER ACAD	\$55,134.75	\$30,482.50	\$62,789.72
OKLAHOMA	PUTNAM CITY	\$280,197.00	\$440,533.09	\$506,334.16
OKLAHOMA	WESTERN GATEWAY		\$5,608.78	\$18,207.68
OKLAHOMA	WESTERN HEIGHTS	\$48,533.25	\$74,743.09	\$89,164.08

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
OKMULGEE	BEGGS	\$13,814.25	\$18,167.57	\$21,153.04
OKMULGEE	DEWAR	\$5,256.75	\$6,462.29	\$5,489.08
OKMULGEE	HENRYETTA	\$10,635.75	\$16,948.27	\$22,491.84
OKMULGEE	MORRIS	\$12,836.25	\$14,753.53	\$13,923.52
OKMULGEE	OKMULGEE	\$21,027.00	\$26,458.81	\$24,098.40
OKMULGEE	PRESTON	\$6,846.00	\$9,510.54	\$11,647.56
OKMULGEE	SCHULTER	\$1,467.00	\$2,560.53	\$4,418.04
OKMULGEE	TWIN HILLS	\$3,300.75	\$4,877.20	\$9,371.60
OKMULGEE	WILSON	\$3,667.50	\$8,169.31	\$7,095.64
OSAGE	ANDERSON	\$3,178.50	\$5,852.64	\$4,551.92
OSAGE	AVANT	\$1,711.50	\$2,316.67	\$1,740.44
OSAGE	BARNSDALL	\$7,212.75	\$10,729.84	\$10,710.40
OSAGE	BOWRING	\$1,589.25	\$731.58	\$401.64
OSAGE	HOMINY	\$13,936.50	\$14,265.81	\$13,789.64
OSAGE	MCCORD	\$5,379.00	\$3,414.04	\$4,150.28
OSAGE	OSAGE HILLS	\$5,745.75	\$5,974.57	\$5,489.08
OSAGE	PAWHUSKA	\$12,958.50	\$13,046.51	\$12,450.84
OSAGE	PRUE	\$5,501.25	\$5,364.92	\$4,953.56
OSAGE	SHIDLER	\$2,811.75	\$3,170.18	\$3,480.88
OSAGE	WOODLAND	\$5,379.00	\$4,511.41	\$4,685.80
OSAGE	WYNONA	\$4,401.00	\$3,292.11	\$5,221.32

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
OTTAWA	AFTON	\$7,335.00	\$5,852.64	\$6,158.48
OTTAWA	COMMERCE	\$20,782.50	\$17,435.99	\$21,554.68
OTTAWA	FAIRLAND	\$6,357.00	\$7,681.59	\$8,568.32
OTTAWA	MIAMI	\$51,956.25	\$46,089.54	\$48,732.32
OTTAWA	QUAPAW	\$11,491.50	\$13,046.51	\$15,128.44
OTTAWA	TURKEY FORD	\$1,956.00	\$1,828.95	\$2,811.48
OTTAWA	WYANDOTTE	\$11,736.00	\$13,778.09	\$18,743.20
PAWNEE	CLEVELAND	\$26,406.00	\$35,115.84	\$34,005.52
PAWNEE	JENNINGS	\$6,968.25	\$8,291.24	\$7,765.04
PAWNEE	PAWNEE	\$9,413.25	\$11,095.63	\$11,245.92
PAYNE	CUSHING	\$15,403.50	\$17,679.85	\$17,806.04
PAYNE	GLENCOE	\$4,890.00	\$4,389.48	\$4,150.28
PAYNE	OAK GROVE	\$2,445.00	\$2,804.39	\$2,811.48
PAYNE	PERKINS-TRYON	\$21,882.75	\$23,410.56	\$25,437.20
PAYNE	RIPLEY	\$6,968.25	\$4,267.55	\$6,426.24
PAYNE	STILLWATER	\$63,081.00	\$88,886.97	\$93,983.76
PAYNE	YALE	\$3,300.75	\$3,414.04	\$3,614.76
PITTSBURG	CANADIAN	\$7,824.00	\$5,730.71	\$7,898.92
PITTSBURG	CANADIAN CHARTER: CARLTON LANDING ACADEMY	\$978.00	\$1,463.16	\$1,204.92
PITTSBURG	CROWDER	\$1,344.75	\$1,828.95	\$1,740.44
PITTSBURG	FRINK-CHAMBERS	\$4,292.48	\$4,633.34	\$6,560.12

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
PITTSBURG	HAILEYVILLE	\$5,745.75	\$6,584.22	\$6,158.48
PITTSBURG	HARTSHORNE	\$12,225.00	\$12,680.72	\$16,333.36
PITTSBURG	HAYWOOD	\$2,200.50	\$1,707.02	\$1,874.32
PITTSBURG	INDIANOLA	\$3,545.25	\$3,048.25	\$2,543.72
PITTSBURG	KIOWA	\$1,956.00	\$4,511.41	\$5,221.32
PITTSBURG	KREBS	\$5,623.50	\$3,414.04	\$8,300.56
PITTSBURG	MCALESTER	\$53,912.25	\$52,429.90	\$59,978.24
PITTSBURG	PITTSBURG	\$366.75	\$487.72	\$669.40
PITTSBURG	QUINTON	\$10,758.00	\$8,047.38	\$10,174.88
PITTSBURG	SAVANNA	\$3,545.25	\$4,267.55	\$2,945.36
PITTSBURG	TANNEHILL	\$1,100.25	\$1,585.09	\$2,275.96
PONTOTOC	ADA	\$48,044.25	\$44,016.73	\$56,363.48
PONTOTOC	ALLEN	\$5,501.25	\$7,559.66	\$8,300.56
PONTOTOC	BYNG	\$27,261.75	\$24,142.14	\$19,278.72
PONTOTOC	LATTA	\$9,168.75	\$10,120.19	\$11,915.32
PONTOTOC	ROFF	\$4,767.75	\$4,633.34	\$3,347.00
PONTOTOC	STONEWALL	\$5,868.00	\$9,510.54	\$10,442.64
PONTOTOC	VANOSS	\$7,212.75	\$9,754.40	\$10,308.76
POTTAWATOMIE	ASHER	\$2,689.50	\$3,901.76	\$6,024.60
POTTAWATOMIE	BETHEL	\$9,413.25	\$14,509.67	\$20,751.40
POTTAWATOMIE	DALE	\$13,203.00	\$10,851.77	\$9,103.84

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
POTTAWATOMIE	EARLSBORO	\$4,278.75	\$5,730.71	\$4,953.56
POTTAWATOMIE	GROVE	\$9,046.50	\$8,778.96	\$12,049.20
POTTAWATOMIE	MACOMB	\$3,423.00	\$4,633.34	\$2,543.72
POTTAWATOMIE	MAUD	\$4,034.25	\$7,315.80	\$8,166.68
POTTAWATOMIE	MCLOUD	\$42,543.00	\$20,850.03	\$30,390.76
POTTAWATOMIE	NORTH ROCK CREEK	\$15,036.75	\$20,118.45	\$21,688.56
POTTAWATOMIE	PLEASANT GROVE	\$1,467.00	\$4,267.55	\$3,213.12
POTTAWATOMIE	SHAWNEE	\$56,846.25	\$71,207.12	\$76,981.00
POTTAWATOMIE	SOUTH ROCK CREEK	\$4,890.00	\$4,633.34	\$6,024.60
POTTAWATOMIE	TECUMSEH	\$29,095.50	\$30,482.50	\$41,904.44
POTTAWATOMIE	WANETTE	\$1,467.00	\$1,707.02	\$3,079.24
PUSHMATAHA	ALBION	\$2,445.00	\$1,707.02	\$1,472.68
PUSHMATAHA	ANTLERS	\$15,281.25	\$13,900.02	\$10,576.52
PUSHMATAHA	CLAYTON	\$3,912.00	\$3,535.97	\$3,748.64
PUSHMATAHA	MOYERS	\$1,589.25	\$2,682.46	\$1,874.32
PUSHMATAHA	NASHOBA	\$978.00	\$2,072.81	\$1,338.80
PUSHMATAHA	RATTAN	\$7,335.00	\$9,510.54	\$9,103.84
PUSHMATAHA	TUSKAHOMA	\$611.25	\$853.51	\$2,409.84
ROGER MILLS	CHEYENNE	\$1,956.00	\$2,926.32	\$3,213.12
ROGER MILLS	HAMMON	\$1,589.25	\$4,145.62	\$4,418.04
ROGER MILLS	LEEDEY	\$733.50	\$1,585.09	\$2,409.84

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
ROGER MILLS	REYDON	\$1,467.00	\$1,341.23	\$1,606.56
ROGER MILLS	SWEETWATER	\$2,322.75	\$1,097.37	\$1,204.92
ROGERS	CATOOSA	\$36,186.00	\$41,700.06	\$27,579.28
ROGERS	CHELSEA	\$13,447.50	\$13,656.16	\$14,191.28
ROGERS	CLAREMORE	\$55,501.50	\$52,064.11	\$81,265.16
ROGERS	FOYIL	\$6,234.75	\$8,291.24	\$8,166.68
ROGERS	INOLA	\$25,917.00	\$24,629.86	\$28,382.56
ROGERS	JUSTUS-TIAWAH	\$5,379.00	\$5,486.85	\$9,103.84
ROGERS	OOLOGAH-TALALA	\$12,225.00	\$12,680.72	\$17,806.04
ROGERS	SEQUOYAH	\$17,970.75	\$17,435.99	\$23,295.12
ROGERS	VERDIGRIS	\$19,071.00	\$18,533.36	\$17,939.92
SEMINOLE	BOWLEGS	\$3,545.25	\$3,535.97	\$5,355.20
SEMINOLE	BUTNER	\$1,956.00	\$1,341.23	\$2,945.36
SEMINOLE	JUSTICE	\$3,545.25	\$4,511.41	\$3,079.24
SEMINOLE	KONAWA	\$8,068.50	\$11,217.56	\$8,032.80
SEMINOLE	NEW LIMA	\$4,523.25	\$3,170.18	\$3,347.00
SEMINOLE	SASAKWA	\$3,667.50	\$1,707.02	\$1,472.68
SEMINOLE	SEMINOLE	\$25,550.25	\$25,605.30	\$30,390.76
SEMINOLE	STROTHER	\$5,745.75	\$9,510.54	10,978.16
SEMINOLE	VARNUM	\$3,789.75	\$5,486.85	\$5,489.08
SEMINOLE	WEWOKA	\$12,225.00	\$15,241.25	\$13,120.24

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
SEQUOYAH	BELFONTE	\$8,313.00	\$1,828.95	\$3,748.64
SEQUOYAH	BRUSHY	\$9,168.75	\$8,900.89	\$9,907.12
SEQUOYAH	CENTRAL	\$6,601.50	\$5,364.92	\$6,961.76
SEQUOYAH	GANS	\$5,501.25	\$5,974.57	\$8,032.80
SEQUOYAH	GORE	\$31,051.50	\$19,508.80	\$13,521.88
SEQUOYAH	LIBERTY	\$5,868.00	\$7,681.59	\$10,576.52
SEQUOYAH	MARBLE CITY	\$2,322.75	\$1,585.09	\$3,614.76
SEQUOYAH	MOFFETT	\$2,811.75	\$3,170.18	\$3,480.88
SEQUOYAH	MULDROW	\$20,782.50	\$21,581.61	\$22,625.72
SEQUOYAH	ROLAND	\$16,381.50	\$10,973.70	\$10,041.00
SEQUOYAH	SALLISAW	\$11,613.75	\$30,238.64	\$25,704.96
SEQUOYAH	VIAN	\$15,770.25	\$16,826.34	\$16,601.12
STEPHENS	BRAY-DOYLE	\$3,423.00	\$6,462.29	\$5,489.08
STEPHENS	CENTRAL HIGH	\$5,745.75	\$5,486.85	\$6,158.48
STEPHENS	COMANCHE	\$5,868.00	\$10,973.70	\$11,379.80
STEPHENS	DUNCAN	\$58,191.00	\$50,844.81	\$51,811.56
STEPHENS	EMPIRE	\$8,435.25	\$7,681.59	\$7,765.04
STEPHENS	GRANDVIEW	\$1,222.50	\$1,950.88	\$2,142.08
STEPHENS	MARLOW	\$14,792.25	\$17,070.20	\$17,538.28
STEPHENS	VELMA-ALMA	\$4,767.75	\$5,242.99	\$8,434.44
TEXAS	GOODWELL	\$2,322.75	\$4,145.62	\$6,024.60

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
TEXAS	GUYMON	\$69,438.00	\$64,622.90	\$63,726.88
TEXAS	HARDESTY	\$1,467.00	\$1,219.30	\$2,409.84
TEXAS	HOOKER	\$5,990.25	\$8,047.38	\$5,890.72
TEXAS	OPTIMA	\$1,589.25	\$1,585.09	\$1,472.68
TEXAS	STRAIGHT	\$2,567.25	\$2,682.46	\$2,142.08
TEXAS	TEXHOMA	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
TEXAS	TYRONE	\$2,811.75	\$4,877.20	\$3,480.88
TEXAS	YARBROUGH	\$1,100.25	\$1,828.95	\$2,142.08
TILLMAN	DAVIDSON	\$366.75	\$609.65	\$803.28
TILLMAN	FREDERICK	\$17,115.00	\$13,656.16	\$11,245.92
TILLMAN	GRANDFIELD	\$2,445.00	\$4,023.69	\$2,275.96
TILLMAN	TIPTON	\$5,012.25	\$4,755.27	\$4,016.40
TULSA	BERRYHILL	\$17,726.25	\$20,362.31	\$17,939.92
TULSA	BIXBY	\$92,421.00	\$96,812.42	\$113,396.36
TULSA	BROKEN ARROW	\$309,537.00	\$341,038.21	\$404,049.84
TULSA	COLLINSVILLE	\$53,056.50	\$51,942.18	\$57,702.28
TULSA	DEBORAH BROWN (CHARTER)	\$14,058.75	\$10,364.05	\$7,229.52
TULSA	DOVE SCHOOLS OF TULSA	\$10,513.50	\$15,850.90	\$26,240.48
TULSA	GLENPOOL	\$40,587.00	\$37,676.37	\$46,590.24
TULSA	JENKS	\$172,617.00	\$186,065.18	\$210,057.72
TULSA	KEYSTONE	\$4,645.50	\$5,364.92	\$7,363.40

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
TULSA	LIBERTY	\$6,234.75	\$7,193.87	\$8,568.32
TULSA	OWASSO	\$124,572.75	\$138,390.55	\$154,899.16
TULSA	SAND SPRINGS	\$109,536.00	\$107,176.47	\$78,319.80
TULSA	SANKOFA MIDDLE SCHL (CHARTER)	\$2,322.75	\$0.00	\$2,945.36
TULSA	SKIATOOK	\$23,227.50	\$22,435.12	\$29,587.48
TULSA	SPERRY	\$19,926.75	\$25,239.51	\$26,508.24
TULSA	TULSA	\$311,004.00	\$705,974.70	\$834,741.80
TULSA	TULSA CHARTER: COLLEGE BOUND	\$19,437.75	\$29,019.34	\$28,248.68
TULSA	TULSA CHARTER: COLLEGIATE HALL	\$0.00	\$2,926.32	\$9,103.84
TULSA	TULSA LEGACY CHARTER SCHL INC	\$8,190.75	\$17,435.99	\$19,010.96
TULSA	UNION	\$316,994.25	\$312,384.66	\$334,700.00
WAGONER	COWETA	\$58,068.75	\$55,112.36	\$68,948.20
WAGONER	OKAY	\$5,134.50	\$6,096.50	\$7,229.52
WAGONER	PORTER CONSOLIDATED	\$6,357.00	\$11,705.28	\$11,513.68
WAGONER	WAGONER	\$32,518.50	\$37,798.30	\$50,338.88
WASHINGTON	BARTLESVILLE	\$79,462.50	\$89,130.83	\$106,434.60
WASHINGTON	CANEY VALLEY	\$17,115.00	\$16,582.48	\$16,065.60
WASHINGTON	COPAN	\$3,667.50	\$2,194.74	\$3,347.00
WASHINGTON	DEWEY	\$15,403.50	\$14,875.46	\$15,663.96
WASHITA	BURNS FLAT-DILL CITY	\$9,291.00	\$11,949.14	12,986.36
WASHITA	CANUTE	\$1,833.75	\$1,707.02	\$2,945.36

COUNTY	DISTRICT	2021	2022	2023
WASHITA	CORDELL	\$11,002.50	\$7,437.73	\$8,032.80
WASHITA	SENTINEL	\$3,912.00	\$4,389.48	\$4,953.56
WOODS	ALVA	\$6,112.50	\$4,999.13	\$7,363.40
WOODS	FREEDOM	\$0.00	\$487.72	\$133.88
WOODS	WAYNOKA	\$2,445.00	\$2,316.67	\$2,142.08
WOODWARD	FORT SUPPLY	\$733.50	\$975.44	\$1,338.80
WOODWARD	MOORELAND	\$5,379.00	\$5,974.57	\$5,355.20
WOODWARD	SHARON-MUTUAL	\$1,711.50	\$2,926.32	\$3,480.88
WOODWARD	WOODWARD	\$43,276.50	\$37,798.30	\$33,603.88
STATE	ALL DISTRICTS	\$10,999,810.50	\$12,000,106.74	\$13,000,283.52

- The per-student funding allocation for SY2022-2023 was \$133.88, while SY2021-2022 was \$121.93. To be considered fully-funded, the RSA allocation should be \$150 per student.
- The total amount of RSA funding distributed to schools was \$13,000,283.52 for SY2022-2023. This is the highest overall allocation, however due to the larger number of students at-risk, the per-student allocation was slightly below the per-student amount in SY2020.

Screening Instruments, Instructional Practices, and Remediation Efforts

Question 6

What screening instruments are being used to identify reading deficiencies and monitor reading progress?

Screening assessments are brief tests that are valid, reliable, and evidence-based. They are used with all students to measure their skills in each of the five components of reading: phonemic awareness, vocabulary, phonics, reading fluency and comprehension. These tests help teachers identify students with reading deficiencies and, together with diagnostic assessments, drive instruction toward the specific needs of their students. The assessments on this list meet criteria for reliability and validity, as well as alignment to the Oklahoma Academic Standards. Districts were able to choose which of the screening assessments best fit their needs.

The approved screening assessments from which districts could choose for SY2022-2023 are shown below in Table 16. Most districts identify one screening assessment that will be used for students in kindergarten through grade 3. Some districts choose to use one assessment for some grades and a different for other grades. For this report, those districts have been identified as "mixed use" of assessments.

Table 15. Screening Assessments Approved for SY2022-2023

Approved Screening Assessment	Publisher
Acadience	Acadience Learning, Inc.
AimswebPlus	Pearson
Amira	Amira Learning
FastBridge	Illuminate Education
Istation	Imagination Station
MAP Reading Fluency	NWEA
mCLASS DIBELS 8th Edition	Amplify Education, Inc.
Star Early Learning Suite	Renaissance Learning, Inc.

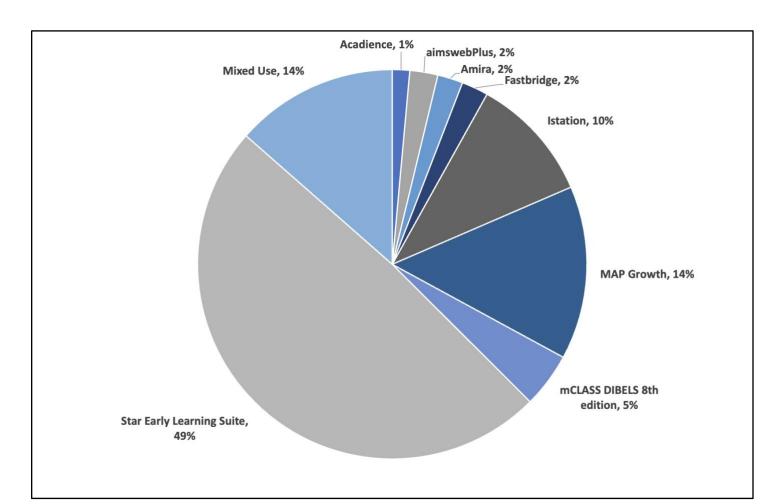


Figure 6. Screening Assessments Used by School Sites in SY2022-2023

- 442 of 902 school sites (49%) reported using Star Early Learning as their screening assessment for SY2022-2023.
- Of the approved screening assessments for SY2022-20223, 4 assessments fell under 5% of use by school sites (73 sites total).
- 122 school sites (14%) reported mixed use, using unique screeners for different grade levels.

Question 7

What types of reading instructional practices, instructional methods and remediation efforts are currently being used by districts?

A survey was sent to Oklahoma teachers and administrators to gain feedback on the types of instructional practices and methods being used for both core and supplemental instruction in kindergarten through third grade, as well as supplemental practices to aid students after third grade who were promoted through a good-cause exemption or the Student Reading Proficiency Team (SRPT). Responses to the survey do not represent all districts and reflect a limited number of educators.

For this question, respondents were asked to identify the instructional practices or methods regularly used as part of on-grade-level core instruction for all kindergarten through third-grade students.

Table 16. Instructional Practices and Methods for Tier 1 (Core Instruction) for Students in Grades K-3

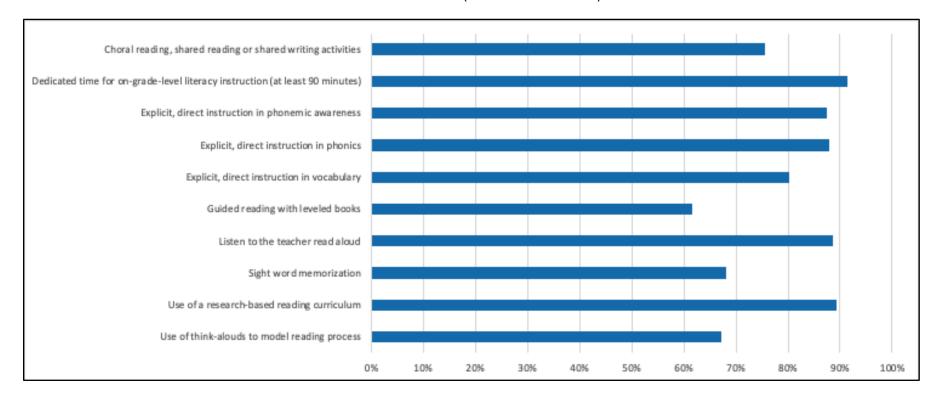


Table 17. Instructional Practices and Methods for Students in Grades K-3 Who Are Not Meeting Grade-Level Targets

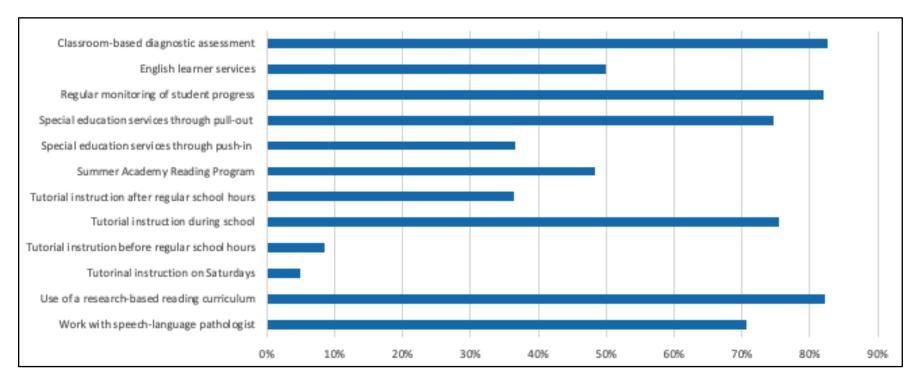
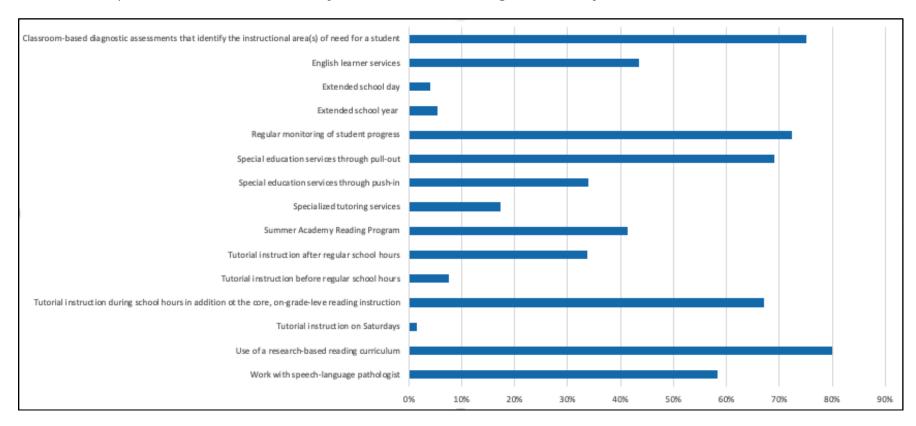


Table 18. Instructional Methods and Practices for Students After Grade 3 Who Were Promoted with Good-Cause Exemptions or with Probation by the Student Reading Proficiency Team



- 91.4% of schools who responded to the survey report implementation of the required 90-minute reading instruction time allocation.
- 80-88% of schools reported explicit, direct instruction in phonemic awareness, vocabulary, and phonics as shown in Table 16. Explicit and direct instruction in these areas is proven to support reading proficiency for all students.
- As shown in Table 16, guided reading with leveled books, listening to the teacher read aloud, and sight word memorization are being used by more than 60% of survey respondents. However, some of these instructional methods are not supported by evidence or research in the ability for all students to meet grade level targets.
- For students who are promoted through a good cause exemption, a varied list of supports and interventions are reported. Regular monitoring of student progress was reported at 82%, although 100% of students promoted should be regularly monitored.

Question 8

What types of reading resources do students have access to outside of school?

This question asked respondents to identify the reading resources available to students outside of school. This could include resources used after school, on weekends during the school year or over the summer. Several respondents indicated they were not aware of the resources available to students. It is important to note that while respondents report that these resources are available to students, it does not mean that all students have equitable access to reading resources dependent on factors outside of the responsibility or control of the school or student.

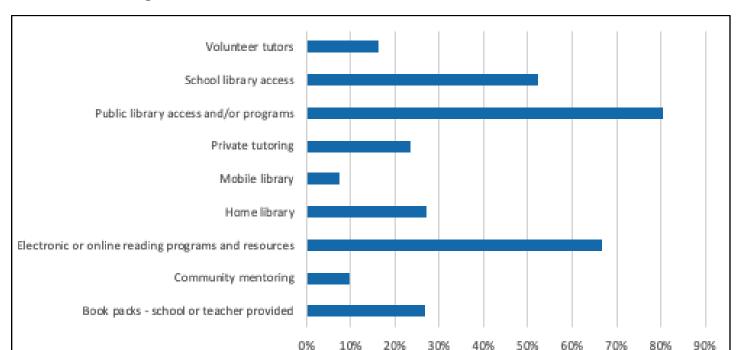


Table 19. Reading Resources Accessible to Students Outside of School

- As Table 19 shows, electronic or online reading programs and resources and public library access are reported as the top resources offered to students outside of school at 66.8% and 80.4%, respectively.
- All other resources, except for the use of the school library, are reported as being made available under 30% of the time.
- Many of the responses listed in this table and in the "other" category are based on specific school and community program availability.

Conclusion

Data shows that Oklahoma students are continuing to make gains since the pandemic that disrupted learning. While not yet reaching pre-Covid levels, data is showing improvement, demonstrating that recovery efforts are having a positive effect. To help student achievement continue to improve, Oklahoma continues to focus on three primary goals: selection and implementation of high-quality instruction materials, teacher supports to implement the science of reading, and ongoing intervention support and training. These goals work to provide for a comprehensive approach to reading instruction that ensures students receive needed instructional support to be proficient in reading by the end of grade 3.

Works Referenced

- Foorman, B., Beyler, N., Borradaile, K., Coyne, M., Denton, C. A., Dimino, J., Furgeson, J., Hayes, L., Henke, J., Justice, L., Keating, B., Lewis, W., Sattar, S., Streke, A., Wagner, R., & Wissel, S. (2016). Foundational skills to support reading for understanding in kindergarten through 3rd grade (NCEE 2016-4008). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance (NCEE), Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from the NCEE website: http://whatworks.ed.gov
- Gersten, R., Compton, D., Connor, C.M., Dimino, J., Santoro, L., Linan-Thompson, S., and Tilly, W.D. (2008). Assisting students struggling with reading: Response to Intervention and multi-tier intervention for reading in the primary grades. A practice guide. (NCEE 2009-4045). Washington, DC: National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. Retrieved from http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/publications/practiceguides/
- Oklahoma State Department of Education. Response to Intervention (RtI) Guidance Document. pp. 10. 2010. https://sde.ok.gov/sites/ok.gov.sde/files/RtIGuidanceDoc.pdf