

Drug Utilization Review Board



OKLAHOMA

Health Care Authority

**Wednesday,
January 14, 2026**

*No live meeting is scheduled for January.
January 2026 will be a packet-only meeting.*

Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA)

4345 N. Lincoln Blvd.
Oklahoma City, OK 73105





The University of Oklahoma

Health Sciences Center

COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

PHARMACY MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

MEMORANDUM

TO: Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board Members

FROM: Michyla Adams, Pharm.D.

SUBJECT: Packet Contents for DUR Board Meeting – January 14, 2026

DATE: January 7, 2026

NOTE: **No live January meeting. January 2026 is a packet-only meeting.**

*Enclosed are the following items related to the January packet meeting.
Material is arranged in order of the agenda.*

DUR Board Meeting Minutes – Appendix A

Update on the Medication Coverage Authorization Unit – Appendix B

Appropriate Use of Riluzole in the SoonerCare Population – Appendix C

Annual Review of Adiposity-Based Chronic Disease (ABCD) Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Zepbound® (Tirzepatide) – Appendix D

Annual Review of Antihyperlipidemics and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Redempro® (Plozasiran) – Appendix E

Annual Review of Antihypertensive Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Aceon® (Perindopril), Arbli™ (Losartan Oral Suspension), Bisoprolol Fumarate 2.5mg Tablet, Hemiclor™ (Chlorthalidone 12.5mg Tablet), Inzirco™ (Hydrochlorothiazide Oral Suspension), Javadin™ (Clonidine Oral Solution), Lopressor® (Metoprolol Tartrate Oral Solution) and Univasc® (Moexipril) – Appendix F

Annual Review of Bowel Preparation Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize MoviPrep® (Polyethylene Glycol 3350/Sodium Sulfate/Sodium Chloride/ Potassium Chloride/Sodium Ascorbate/Ascorbic Acid for Oral Solution) – Appendix G

Annual Review of Gastrointestinal (GI) Cancer Medications – Appendix H

Annual Review of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Gomekli® (Mirdametinib), Papzimeos™ (Zopapogene Imadenovec-drba), and Romvimza™ (Vimseltinib) – Appendix I

Annual Review of Systemic Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs) and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Coxanto® (Oxaprozin 300mg Capsule), Ibuprofen 300mg Tablet, Vyscoxa™ (Celecoxib Oral Suspension), and Xifyrm™ (Meloxicam Injection) – Appendix J

Annual Review of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Levofloxacin Ophthalmic Solution – Appendix K

Annual Review of Vasomotor Symptom (VMS) Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize EstroGel® (Estradiol 0.06% Gel) and Lynkuet® (Elinzanetant) – Appendix L

30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Alyglo™ [Immune Globulin (IG) Intravenous (IV), Human-stwk], Asceniv™ (IGIV, Human-slra), Bivigam® (IGIV, Human), Cuvitru® (IG Subcutaneous (SC), Human), Gammaplex® (IGIV, Human), Hizentra® (IGSC, Human), Octagam® (IGIV, Human), Panzyga® (IGIV, Human-ifas), and Xembify® (IGSC, Human) – Appendix M

U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Updates – Appendix N

Future Business

Oklahoma Health Care Authority

Drug Utilization Review Board

(DUR Board)

Packet Meeting – January 14, 2026

NOTE: ***No live January meeting. January 2026 is a packet-only meeting.***

AGENDA

Review of the following items:

Items reviewed by Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

1. DUR Board Meeting Minutes – See Appendix A

- A. December 10, 2025 DUR Board Meeting Minutes
- B. December 10, 2025 DUR Board Recommendations Memorandum

Items reviewed by Dr. O'Halloran, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

2. Update on Medication Coverage Authorization Unit – See Appendix B

- A. Pharmacy Help Desk Activity for December 2025
- B. Medication Coverage Activity for December 2025

Items reviewed by Dr. Wilson, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

3. Appropriate Use of Riluzole in the SoonerCare Population – Update – See Appendix C

- A. Introduction
- B. Riluzole Utilization Trends in the SoonerCare Population
- C. Mailing Summary
- D. Results: Utilization of Riluzole Tablets
- E. Conclusions
- F. Recommendations

Items reviewed by Dr. O'Halloran, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

4. Annual Review of Adiposity-Based Chronic Disease (ABCD) Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Zepbound® (Tirzepatide) – See Appendix D

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of ABCD Medications
- C. Prior Authorization of ABCD Medications
- D. Market News and Updates
- E. Zepbound® (Tirzepatide) Product Summary
- F. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- G. Utilization Details of ABCD Medications

Items reviewed by Dr. Moss, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

5. Annual Review of Antihyperlipidemics and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Redemplo® (Plozasiran) – See Appendix E

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of Antihyperlipidemics
- C. Prior Authorization of Antihyperlipidemics
- D. Market News and Updates
- E. Redemplo® (Plozasiran) Product Summary
- F. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- G. Utilization Details of Antihyperlipidemics

Items reviewed by Dr. DeRemer, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

6. Annual Review of Antihypertensive Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Aceon® (Perindopril), Arbli™ (Losartan Oral Suspension), Bisoprolol Fumarate 2.5mg Tablet, Hemiclor™ (Chlorthalidone 12.5mg Tablet), Inzirqo™ (Hydrochlorothiazide Oral Suspension), Javadin™ (Clonidine Oral Solution), Lopressor® (Metoprolol Tartrate Oral Solution), and Univasc® (Moexipril) – See Appendix F

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of Antihypertensive Medications
- C. Prior Authorization of Antihypertensive Medications
- D. Market News and Updates
- E. Cost Comparisons
- F. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- G. Utilization Details of Antihypertensive Medications

Items reviewed by Dr. Wilson, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

7. Annual Review of Bowel Preparation Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize MoviPrep® (Polyethylene Glycol 3350/Sodium Sulfate/Sodium Chloride/Potassium Chloride/Sodium Ascorbate/Ascorbic Acid for Oral Solution) – See Appendix G

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of Bowel Preparation Medications
- C. Prior Authorization of Bowel Preparation Medications
- D. Market News and Updates
- E. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- F. Utilization Details of Bowel Preparation Medications

Items reviewed by Dr. Sinko, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

8. Annual Review of Gastrointestinal (GI) Cancer Medications – See Appendix H

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of GI Cancer Medications
- C. Prior Authorization of GI Cancer Medications
- D. Market News and Updates

- E. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- F. Utilization Details of GI Cancer Medications

Items reviewed by Dr. Sinko, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

9. Annual Review of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Gomekli® (Mirdametinib), Papzimeos™ (Zopapogene Imadenovec-drba), and Romvimza™ (Vimseltinib) – See Appendix I

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications
- C. Prior Authorization of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications
- D. Market News and Updates
- E. Product Summaries
- F. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- G. Utilization Details of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications

Items reviewed by Dr. Wilson, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

10. Annual Review of Systemic Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs) and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Coxanto® (Oxaprozin 300mg Capsule), Ibuprofen 300mg Tablet, Vyscoxa™ (Celecoxib Oral Suspension), and Xifyrm™ (Meloxicam Injection) – See Appendix J

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of NSAIDs
- C. Prior Authorization of NSAIDs
- D. Market News and Updates
- E. Product Summaries
- F. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- G. Utilization Details of NSAIDs

Items reviewed by Dr. DeRemer, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

11. Annual Review of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Levofloxacin Ophthalmic Solution – See Appendix K

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications
- C. Prior Authorization of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications
- D. Market News and Updates
- E. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- F. Utilization Details of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications

Items reviewed by Dr. Moss, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

12. Annual Review of Vasomotor Symptom (VMS) Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize EstroGel® (Estradiol 0.06% Gel) and Lynkuet® (Elinzanetant) – See Appendix L

- A. Current Prior Authorization Criteria
- B. Utilization of VMS Medications

- C. Prior Authorization of VMS Medications
- D. Market News and Updates
- E. Product Summaries
- F. College of Pharmacy Recommendations
- G. Utilization Details of VMS Medications

Items reviewed by Dr. DeRemer, Dr. Haymore, Chairman

13. 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Alyglo™ [Immune Globulin (IG) Intravenous (IV), Human-stwk], Asceniv™ (IGIV, Human-slra), Bivigam® (IGIV, Human), Cuvitru® (IG Subcutaneous (SC), Human), Gammaplex® (IGIV, Human), Hizentra® (IGSC, Human), Octagam® (IGIV, Human), Panzyga® (IGIV, Human-ifas) and Xembify® (IGSC, Human) – See Appendix M

- A. Introduction
- B. Cost Comparison: IGIV Products
- C. Cost Comparison: IGSC Products
- D. College of Pharmacy Recommendations

Items reviewed by Dr. O'Halloran, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

14. U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Updates – See Appendix N

Items reviewed by Dr. Adams, Dr. Haymore, Chairman:

15. Future Business* (Upcoming Product and Class Reviews)

- A. Anticonvulsants
- B. Anti-Migraine Medications
- C. Cardamyst™ (Etripamil Nasal Spray)
- D. Cholestatic Liver Disease and Bile Acid Disorder Medications
- E. Crenessity™ (Crinecerfont)
- F. Insomnia Medications
- G. Kebilidi™ (Eladocagene Exuparvovec-tneq)
- H. Pulmonary Hypertension Medications

*Future product and class reviews subject to change.

NOTE: An analysis of the atypical [Aged, Blind, and Disabled (ABD)] patient subgroup of the Oklahoma Medicaid population has been performed pertaining to all recommendations included in this DUR Board meeting packet to ensure fair and knowledgeable deliberation of the potential impact of the recommendations on this patient population.

NOTE: Oklahoma Medicaid transitioned from a fee-for-service (FFS) pharmacy benefit to a managed care pharmacy benefit for most members on April 1, 2024. At that time, the majority of SoonerCare members were transitioned to one of the three managed care SoonerSelect plans: Aetna, Humana, or Oklahoma Complete Health. SoonerSelect data has been provided to the College of Pharmacy and has been used in analyses throughout this DUR Board meeting packet. The data

included in this DUR Board meeting packet combines FFS and managed care utilization data. The managed care utilization and prior authorization (PA) data reported in this packet is based solely on the data provided by the SoonerSelect plans.



**OKLAHOMA HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY
DRUG UTILIZATION REVIEW (DUR) BOARD MEETING
MINUTES OF MEETING DECEMBER 10, 2025**

| DUR BOARD MEMBERS: | PRESENT | ABSENT |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| Cassidy Blaiss, Pharm.D., BCOP | | X |
| Christen Ground, D.O. | X | |
| Bret Haymore, M.D.; Chairman | X | |
| Bethany Holderread, Pharm.D. | X | |
| Matt John, Pharm. D., MBA | X | |
| T. Craig Kupiec II, M.D., MSPH | X | |
| Lee Muñoz, D.Ph. | X | |
| Edna Patatanian, Pharm.D., FASHP; Vice Chairwoman | | X |
| Jennifer Weakley, M.D., DipABLM | | X |

| COLLEGE OF PHARMACY STAFF: | PRESENT | ABSENT |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| Michyla Adams, Pharm.D.; DUR Manager | X | |
| Alanah Canfield Miller, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | | X |
| Michaela DeRemer, Pharm.D., MBA, BCIDP, BCPS; Clinical Pharmacist | X | |
| Darius Dorsey, Pharm.D.; Pharmacy Resident | | X |
| Erin Ford, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | | X |
| Beth Galloway; Business Analyst | X | |
| Katrina Harris, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | | X |
| Robert Klatt, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | | X |
| Regan Moss, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | X | |
| Brandy Nawaz, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | | X |
| Alicia O'Halloran, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | X | |
| Wynn Phung, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | | X |
| Grant H. Skrepnek, Ph.D.; Associate Professor | X | |
| Peggy Snyder, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | X | |
| Ashley Teel, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | | X |
| Jacquelyn Travers, Pharm.D.; Practice Facilitating Pharmacist | X | |
| Devin Wilcox, D.Ph.; Pharmacy Director | X | |
| Justin Wilson, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | X | |
| PA Oncology Pharmacists: Whitney Bueno, Pharm.D., BCOP | | X |
| Christine Hughes, Pharm.D., MBA, BCOP | | X |
| Lauren Sinko, Pharm.D., BCOP | X | |
| Graduate Students: Matthew Dickson, Pharm.D. | | X |
| Mark Wendelboe | X | |
| Visiting Pharmacy Student(s): N/A | | |

| OKLAHOMA HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY STAFF: | PRESENT | ABSENT |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| Josh Anderson, Chief of Staff | | X |
| Mark Brandenburg, M.D., MSC; Medical Director | X | |
| Clay Bullard; Chief Executive Officer | | X |
| Terry Cothran, D.Ph.; Pharmacy Director | X | |
| Darla Koone | X | |
| Melissa Miller, State Medicaid Director | | X |

| | | |
|--|----------|----------|
| Christine Picart | X | |
| Jill Ratterman, D.Ph.; Clinical Pharmacist | X | |
| Paula Root, M.D.; Senior Medical Director, Chief Medical Officer | | X |
| Laura Short | X | |
| Shanna Simmons, Pharm.D.; Program Integrity Pharmacist | X | |
| Sharon Smith, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | X | |
| Michelle Tahah, Pharm.D.; Clinical Pharmacist | X | |
| *Legal representative | | |
| Travis Dennis, J.D.; Deputy General Counsel | | X |
| Gentry Kincade, J.D.; Deputy General Counsel | X | |
| Gwendolyn Maxey, J.D.; Deputy General Counsel | | X |
| Conner Mulvaney, J.D.; Deputy General Counsel | | X |

| OTHERS PRESENT: | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Andrew Delgado, Bristol Myers Squibb | Jamie Tobitt, Apellis |
| Priya Rangan, Novartis | Brent Milovac, Leo Pharma |
| Bryan Steffan, Boehringer | Julie Vandaveer, Johnson & Johnson |
| Scott Burns, Johnson & Johnson | Kristen Winters, Centene |
| Kellie Vazzana, Alkermes | David Prather, Novo Nordisk |
| Brent Parker, Merck | Kenneth Berry, Alkermes |
| Lee Stout, Chiesi | Irene Chung, Aetna |
| Deidra Williams, Humana | Jenna Doerr, Artia Solutions |
| Melissa Abbott, Galderma | Porscha Showers, Gilead |
| Mike Thiem, Incyte | Valerie Willard, Glaukos |
| Pam Storey, PTC Bio | Shawn Akey, Concis Labs |
| Melanie Kitto, BioCryst | Michael Pericozzi, Sanofi |
| John Suelzer, Leo Pharma | Dave Miley, Teva |
| Jennifer Tamburo, AstraZeneca | Lindsey Walter, Novartis |
| Gary Parenteau, Dexcom | Payal Tejani, Biogen |
| Sherry Andes, Insmmed | Mathhew Grew, Leo Pharma |
| Steve Kahn, Sobi | Michael Zarob, Argenx |
| Jeff Forshey, Rhythm | Nick Trombold, Alexion |

| PRESENT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT: | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Priya Rangan, Novartis | Brent Milovac, Leo Pharma |
| Andrew Delgado, Bristol Myers Squibb | Jamie Tobitt, Apellis |
| Julie Vandaveer, Johnson & Johnson | |

AGENDA ITEM NO. 1:

CALL TO ORDER

1A: ROLL CALL

Dr. Haymore called the meeting to order at 4:00pm. Roll call by Dr. Wilcox established the presence of a quorum.

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 2:

PUBLIC COMMENT FORUM

2A: AGENDA ITEM NO. 10

PRIYA RANGAN

2B: AGENDA ITEM NO. 12

BRENT MILOVAC

2C: AGENDA ITEM NO. 16

ANDREW DELGADO

2D: AGENDA ITEM NO. 17

JAMIE TOBITT

2E: AGENDA ITEM NO. 22 JULIE VANDAVEER

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 3: APPROVAL OF DUR BOARD MEETING MINUTES

3A: NOVEMBER 12, 2025 DUR MINUTES

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Haymore

Dr. Muñoz moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Kupiec

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 4: UPDATE ON MEDICATION COVERAGE

AUTHORIZATION UNIT

4A: PHARMACY HELPDESK ACTIVITY FOR NOVEMBER 2025

4B: MEDICATION COVERAGE ACTIVITY FOR NOVEMBER 2025

Non-presentation item; materials included in agenda packet by Dr. Moss

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 5: ACADEMIC DETAILING PROGRAM UPDATE

5A: BACKGROUND

**5B: CURRENT TOPICS: CO-PRESCRIBING OPIOID MEDICATIONS WITH
BENZODIAZEPINES (BZD) AND NALOXONE**

**5C: PRESCRIBER MAILINGS AND RESULTS: CO-PRESCRIBING OPIOID
MEDICATIONS WITH BZD AND NALOXONE**

5D: SUMMARY

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Snyder

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 6: SOONERCARE MAINTENANCE DRUG LIST

6A: INTRODUCTION

6B: SOONERCARE MAINTENANCE DRUG LIST

6C: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Moss

Dr. Holderread moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Muñoz

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 7: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE BRINSUPRI™
(BRENSOCATIB)**

7A: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

7B: BRINSUPRI™ (BRENSOCATIB) PRODUCT SUMMARY

7C: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. O'Halloran

Dr. Holderread moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Muñoz

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 8: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE BILDYOS®
(DENOSUMAB-NXXP), BILPREVDA® (DENOSUMAB-NXXP), BOMYNTRA®
(DENOSUMAB-BNHT), CONEXXENCE® (DENOSUMAB-BNHT), OSENVELT®
(DENOSUMAB-BMWO), AND STOBOCLO® (DENOSUMAB-BMWO) AND UPDATE
THE APPROVAL CRITERIA FOR THE BONE DENSITY REGULATORS**

8A: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

8B: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. DeRemer

Dr. Muñoz moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Holderread

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 9: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE FORZINITY™
(ELAMIPRETIDE)**

9A: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

9B: FORZINITY™ (ELAMIPRETIDE) PRODUCT SUMMARY

9C: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Wilson

Dr. Muñoz moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Ground

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 10: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE RHAPSIDO®
(REMIBRUTINIB)**

10A: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

10B: RHAPSIDO® (REMIBRUTINIB) PRODUCT SUMMARY

10C: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. O'Halloran

Dr. Holderread moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Muñoz

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 11: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE HARLIKU™
(NITISINONE), ORFADIN® (NITISINONE), NITYR® (NITISINONE), AND SEPHIENCETM
(SEPIPTERIN) AND UPDATE THE APPROVAL CRITERIA FOR THE AMINO ACID
DISORDER MEDICATIONS**

11A: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

11B: PRODUCT SUMMARIES

11C: COST COMPARISONS

11D: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Moss

Dr. Ground moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Muñoz

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 12: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE ANZUPGO®
(DELGOCITINIB 2% CREAM) AND UPDATE THE APPROVAL CRITERIA FOR ATOPIC
DERMATITIS (AD) MEDICATIONS**

12A: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

12B: ANZUPGO® (DELGOCITINIB 2% CREAM) PRODUCT SUMMARY

12C: COST COMPARISONS

12D: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Wilson

Dr. Muñoz moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Kupiec

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 13: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE OMLYCLO®
(OMALIZUMAB-IGEC) AND UPDATE THE APPROVAL CRITERIA FOR THE ASHTMA
AND CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE (COPD) MAINTENANCE
MEDICATIONS**

13A: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

13B: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. O'Halloran

Dr. Holderread moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Muñoz

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 14: VOTE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE BORUZU® (BORTEZOMIB) AND LYNZOZYFIC™ (LINVOSELTAMAB-GCPT) AND UPDATE THE APPROVAL CRITERIA FOR THE MULTIPLE MYELOMA MEDICATIONS

14A: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

14B: LYNZOZYFIC™ (LINVOSELTAMAB-GCPT) PRODUCT SUMMARY

14C: COST COMPARISON: BORTEZOMIB PRODUCTS

14D: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Sinko

Dr. Muñoz moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Holderread

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 15: ANNUAL REVIEW OF SKYSONA® (ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL)

15A: CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

15B: UTILIZATION OF SKYSONA® (ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL)

15C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF SKYSONA® (ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL)

15D: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

15E: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Moss

Dr. Holderread moved to approve; seconded by Dr. Muñoz

ACTION: MOTION CARRIED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 16: ANNUAL REVIEW OF SKIN CANCER MEDICATIONS AND 30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE KEYTRUDA QLEX™ (PEMBROLIZUMAB/BERAHYALURONIDASE ALFA-PMPH) AND OPDIVO QVANTIG™ (NIVOLUMAB/HYALURONIDASE-NVHY)

16A: CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

16B: UTILIZATION OF SKIN CANCER MEDICATIONS

16C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF SKIN CANCER MEDICATIONS

16D: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

16E: PRODUCT SUMMARIES

16F: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

16G: UTILIZATION DETAILS OF SKIN CANCER MEDICATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Sinko

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY

AGENDA ITEM NO. 17: ANNUAL REVIEW OF COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS AND MISCELLANEOUS IMMUNOMODULATORY AGENTS AND 30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE IMAAVY™ (NIPOCALIMAB-AAHU)

17A: CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

17B: UTILIZATION OF COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS AND MISCELLANEOUS IMMUNOMODULATORY AGENTS

17C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS AND MISCELLANEOUS IMMUNOMODULATORY AGENTS

17D: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

17E: IMAAVY™ (NIPOCALIMAB-AAHU) PRODUCT SUMMARY

17F: COST COMPARISONS

17G: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

17H: UTILIZATION DETAILS OF COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS AND MISCELLANEOUS IMMUNOMODULATORY AGENTS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Moss

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY

AGENDA ITEM NO. 18: 30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE ALYGLO™ [IMMUNE GLOBULIN (IG) INTRAVENOUS (IV), HUMAN-STWK], ASCENIV™ (IGIV, HUMAN-SLRA), CUVITRU® (IG SUBCUTANEOUS (SC), HUMAN), GAMMAGARD LIQUID® (IG INFUSION, HUMAN), GAMMAGARD S/D® (IGIV, HUMAN), GAMMAPLEX® (IGIV, HUMAN), HIZENTRA® (IGSC, HUMAN), PANZYGA® (IGIV, HUMAN-IFAS), PRIVIGEN® (IGIV, HUMAN), AND XEMBIFY® (IGSC, HUMAN-KLHW)

18A: INTRODUCTIONS

18B: COST COMPARISONS

18C: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. DeRemer

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY

AGENDA ITEM NO. 19: ANNUAL REVIEW OF THROMBOCYTOPENIA MEDICATIONS AND 30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE DOPTELET® SPRINKLE (AVATROMBOPAG) AND WAYRILZ™ (RILZABRUTINIB)

19A: CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

19B: UTILIZATION OF THROMBOCYTOPENIA MEDICATIONS

19C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF THROMBOCYTOPENIA MEDICATIONS

19D: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

19E: WALYRILZ™ (RILZABRUTINIB) PRODUCT SUMMARY

19F: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

19G: UTILIZATION DETAILS OF THROMBOCYTOPENIA MEDICATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. O'Halloran

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY

AGENDA ITEM NO. 20: ANNUAL REVIEW OF MUSCLE RELAXANT MEDICATIONS AND 30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE ATMEKSI® (METHOCARBAMOL ORAL SUSPENSION), METAXALONE 640MG TABLET, AND TANLOR® (METHOCARBAMOL 1,000MG TABLET)

20A: CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

20B: UTILIZATION OF MUSCLE RELAXANT MEDICATIONS

20C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF MUSCLE RELAXANT MEDICATIONS

20D: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

20E: PRODUCT SUMMARIES

20F: CARISOPRODOL PRODUCTS COST COMPARISON

20G: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

20H: UTILIZATION DETAILS OF MUSCLE RELAXANT MEDICATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. Wilson

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY

AGENDA ITEM NO. 21: 30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE ANDEMBRY® (GARADACIMAB-GXII), DAWNZERA™ (DONIDALORSEN), AND EKTERLY® (SEBETRALSTAT) AND CREATE A PRODUCT BASED PRIOR AUTHORIZATION (PBPA) CATEGORY FOR THE HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA (HAE) MEDICATIONS

21A: CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

21B: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

21C: PRODUCT SUMMARIES

21D: ESTIMATION OF SAVINGS

21E: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. DeRemer

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY

AGENDA ITEM NO. 22: ANNUAL REVIEW OF ANTIDEPRESSANTS AND 30-DAY NOTICE TO PRIOR AUTHORIZE ESCITALOPRAM 15MG CAPSULE AND RALDESY™ (TRAZODONE ORAL SOLUTION)

22A: CURRENT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

22B: UTILIZATION OF ANTIDEPRESSANTS

22C: PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF ANTIDEPRESSANTS

22D: MARKET NEWS AND UPDATES

22E: COST COMPARISONS

22F: COLLEGE OF PHARMACY RECOMMENDATIONS

22G: UTILIZATION DETAILS OF ANTIDEPRESSANTS

Materials included in agenda packet; presented by Dr. O'Halloran

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY

AGENDA ITEM NO. 23: U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION (FDA) AND DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION (DEA) UPDATES

Non-presentation item; materials included in agenda packet by Dr. Moss

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 24: FUTURE BUSINESS* (UPCOMING PRODUCT AND CLASS REVIEWS)

NO LIVE DUR MEETING IS SCHEDULED FOR JANUARY 2026. JANUARY 2026 WILL BE A PACKET ONLY MEETING.

24A: ADIPOSITY-BASED CHRONIC DISEASE (ABCD) MEDICATIONS

24B: ANTIHYPERLIPIDEMICS

24C: ANTIHYPERTENSIVE MEDICATIONS

24D: GASTROINTESTINAL (GI) CANCER MEDICATIONS

24E: NON-MALIGNANT SOLID TUMOR MEDICATIONS

24F: NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS (NSAIDS)

24G: OPHTHALMIC ANTIBIOTIC MEDICATIONS

*Future product and class reviews subject to change.

Non-presentation item; materials included in agenda packet by Dr. Adams

ACTION: NONE REQUIRED

AGENDA ITEM NO. 25: ADJOURNMENT

The meeting was adjourned at 5:57pm.



The University of Oklahoma

Health Sciences Center

COLLEGE OF PHARMACY
PHARMACY MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

Memorandum

Date: December 12, 2025

To: Terry Cothran, D.Ph.
Pharmacy Director
Oklahoma Health Care Authority

From: Michyla Adams, Pharm.D.
Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Manager
Pharmacy Management Consultants

Subject: DUR Board Recommendations from Meeting on December 10, 2025

Recommendation 1: Update on Medication Coverage Authorization Unit

NO ACTION REQUIRED.

Recommendation 2: Academic Detailing (AD) Program Update

NO ACTION REQUIRED.

Recommendation 3: SoonerCare Maintenance Drug List

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the following additions to the maintenance drug list based on net costs (changes shown in red):

- Alzheimer's Medications
- Anticonvulsants
- Antidepressants/Anxiolytics
- **Antihistamines**
- Antihypertensive Medications
- Antipsychotic Medications
- Anti-Ulcer Medications
- Bladder Control Medications

- Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) Medications
- Cardiovascular Medications
- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Medications
- Diabetes Medications
- Fluoride Preparations
- Glaucoma Medications
- Hyperlipidemia Medications
- Non-Controlled Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Medications
- Osteoporosis Medications
- Parkinson's Medications
- Preeclampsia Prevention
- Smoking Cessation
- Thyroid Medications

Recommendation 4: Vote to Prior Authorize Brinsupri™ (Brensocatib)

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Brinsupri™ (brensocatib) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Brinsupri™ (Brensocatib) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis (NCFB). Diagnosis must be confirmed by both of the following:
 - a. Chest computed tomography (CT) scan; and
 - b. Clinical history consistent with NCFB (e.g., cough, chronic sputum production, and/or recurrent respiratory infections); and
2. Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
3. Member must not have cystic fibrosis; and
4. Member must have a history of pulmonary exacerbation(s) (e.g., required treatment with antibiotics and/or required hospitalization or emergency room visit) in the last 12 months according to member's age:
 - a. Members 18 years of age or older: ≥2 exacerbations; or
 - b. Members 12-17 years of age: ≥1 exacerbation; and
5. Prescriber must verify that any underlying cause of NCFB is adequately treated, if applicable; and
6. Brinsupri™ must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonary or infectious disease specialist (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a pulmonary or infectious disease specialist); and
7. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. For continued authorization, prescriber must verify member demonstrated a positive clinical response to Brinsupri™ as demonstrated by a decrease in NCFB

symptoms and/or exacerbations. Subsequent approvals will be for 1 year.

Recommendation 5: Vote to Prior Authorize Bildyos® (Denosumab-nxxp), Bilprevda® (Denosumab-nxxp), Bomynta® (Denosumab-bnht), Conexxence® (Denosumab-bnht), Osenvelt® (Denosumab-bmwo), and Stoboclo® (Denosumab-bmwo) and Update the Approval Criteria for the Bone Density Regulators

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes to the Osteoporosis Medications Product Based Prior Authorization (PBPA) category (changes shown in red in the following PBPA Tier chart and additional criteria):

1. The prior authorization of Bildyos® (denosumab-nxxp), Conexxence® (denosumab-bnht), and Stoboclo® (denosumab-bmwo) with placement into the Special PA Tier with additional criteria similar to Prolia®; and
2. Designating Jubbonti® (denosumab-bbdz) at parity with Prolia® (denosumab) as the preferred osteoporosis-indicated denosumab products based on net costs.

| Osteoporosis Medications* | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA [‡] |
| alendronate tabs (Fosamax®) | alendronate + vitamin D tabs (Fosamax® + D) | abaloparatide inj (Tymlos®) |
| calcium + vitamin D [†] | risedronate tabs (Actonel®) | alendronate effervescent tabs (Binosto®) |
| ibandronate tabs (Boniva®) | | alendronate soln (Fosamax®) |
| zoledronic acid inj (Reclast®) | | denosumab inj (Prolia®) |
| | | denosumab-bbdz inj (Jubbonti®) |
| | | denosumab-bmwo inj (Stoboclo®) |
| | | denosumab-bnht inj (Conexxence®) |
| | | denosumab-nxxp inj (Bildyos®) |
| | | ibandronate inj (Boniva® IV) |
| | | risedronate 30mg tabs (Actonel®) |
| | | risedronate DR tabs (Atelvia®) |
| | | romosozumab-aqqg (Evenity®) |
| | | teriparatide inj (Forteo®) – Brand Preferred |

| Osteoporosis Medications* | | |
|---------------------------|--------|--|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA [‡] |
| | | teriparatide inj (Bonsity [®]) |

*Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

†OTC calcium + vitamin D must be used at recommended doses in conjunction with Tier-1 bisphosphonates for trial to be accepted unless member has a recent laboratory result showing adequate vitamin D or member is unable to tolerate calcium. OTC calcium + vitamin D are only covered for members with osteoporosis who are being treated with a bisphosphonate.

‡Unique criteria applies to medications in the Special PA Tier.

DR = delayed-release; inj = injection; PA = prior authorization; soln = solution; tabs = tablets

Bildyos[®] (Denosumab-nxxp), Boniva[®] [Ibandronate Intravenous (IV) Solution], Conexence[®] (Denosumab-bnht), Jubbonti[®] (Denosumab-bbdz), and Prolia[®] (Denosumab), and Stoboclo[®] (Denosumab-bmwo) Approval Criteria:

1. A minimum of a 12-month trial with a Tier-1 or Tier-2 bisphosphonate medication plus adequate calcium and vitamin D; or
2. Contraindication to or intolerable adverse effects with Tier-1 and Tier-2 bisphosphonate medications (including oral and intravenous routes of administration); and
3. For **Bildyos[®]**, **Conexence[®]**, **Jubbonti[®]**, and **Stoboclo[®]** a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use **Jubbonti[®]** or **Prolia[®]** must be provided.
 - a. Biosimilars and/or reference products are preferred based on the lowest net cost product(s) and may be moved to either preferred or non-preferred if the net cost changes in comparison to the reference product and/or other available biosimilar products.

The College of Pharmacy also recommends the prior authorization of **Bilprevda[®]** (denosumab-nxxp), **Bomyntra[®]** (denosumab-bnht), and **Osenvelt[®]** (denosumab-bmwo) with criteria similar to **Xgeva[®]** (denosumab) and to designate **Wyost[®]** (denosumab-bbdz) as a preferred oncology-indicated denosumab product along with **Xgeva[®]** based on net costs (changes shown in red):

Bilprevda[®] (Denosumab-nxxp), Bomyntra[®] (Denosumab-bnht), Osenvelt[®] (Denosumab-bmwo), Wyost[®] (Denosumab-bbdz), and Xgeva[®] (Denosumab) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. Prevention of skeletal-related events in members with multiple myeloma and in members with bone metastases from solid tumors; or
 - b. Treatment of adults and skeletally mature adolescents with giant cell tumor of the bone (GCTB) that is unresectable or where surgical resection is likely to result in severe morbidity; and
 - i. Prescriber must document that tumor is unresectable or that surgical resection is likely to result in severe morbidity; or

- c. Treatment of hypercalcemia of malignancy refractory to bisphosphonate therapy; and
 - i. Member must have albumin-corrected calcium of >12.5mg/dL (3.1mmol/L) despite treatment with intravenous bisphosphonate therapy in the last 30 days prior to initiation of ~~Xgeva~~[®] therapy; and
2. For ~~Bilprevda~~[®], ~~Bomyntra~~[®], and ~~Osenvelt~~[®] ~~Wyost~~[®] ~~(denosumab-bbdz)~~, a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use ~~Wyost~~[®] or ~~Xgeva~~[®] must be provided.
 - a. Biosimilars and/or reference products are preferred based on the lowest net cost product(s) and may be moved to either preferred or non-preferred if the net cost changes in comparison to the reference product and/or other available biosimilar products.
3. These products will be covered as a medical benefit only.

Recommendation 6: Vote to Prior Authorize Forzinity™ (Elamipretide)

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Forzinity™ (elamipretide) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Forzinity™ (Elamipretide) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of Barth syndrome; and
 - a. Diagnosis must be confirmed by genetic testing identifying a hemizygous pathogenic variant in the *TAFAZZIN* gene (results of genetic testing must be submitted); and
2. Member's current weight must be provided and must be ≥30kg; and
3. Member's current estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) must be provided and:
 - a. Requested dose must be appropriate for the member's eGFR, per package labeling; and
 - b. Member must not be on dialysis; and
4. Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with expertise in the treatment of Barth syndrome (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a specialist with expertise in the treatment of Barth syndrome); and
5. Prescriber must confirm the member and/or caregiver will be trained on the proper administration and storage of Forzinity™ prior to starting treatment; and
6. Initial approvals will be for a duration of 6 months. After 6 months of treatment, subsequent approvals (for a duration of 1 year) may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment, as indicated by an improvement in muscle strength, fatigue, or other clinical symptoms of the disease; and
7. A quantity limit of 14mL per 28 days will apply.

Recommendation 7: Vote to Prior Authorize Rhapsido® (Remibrutinib)

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Rhapsido® (remibrutinib) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Rhapsido® (Remibrutinib) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of chronic spontaneous urticaria (CSU); and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Other forms of urticaria must be ruled out; and
4. Member must have an Urticaria Activity Score (UAS) ≥ 16 ; and
5. Rhapsido® must be prescribed by a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist or the member must have been evaluated by a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist); and
6. Member must have a documented trial of (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance to) all of the following therapies:
 - a. Second-generation antihistamine dosed at 4 times the maximum FDA dose within the last 3 months for at least 4 weeks (or less if symptoms are intolerable); and
 - b. Xolair® (omalizumab) for at least 12 weeks at recommended dosing; and
7. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 3 months. Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year, if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment (e.g., improvement in baseline UAS score, improvement in symptoms, reduction in exacerbations). Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.

Recommendation 8: Vote to Prior Authorize Harliku™ (Nitisinone), Orfadin® (Nitisinone), Nityr® (Nitisinone), and Sephience™ (Sepiapterin) and Update the Approval Criteria for the Amino Acid Disorder Medications

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Harliku™ (nitisinone), Nityr® (nitisinone), and Orfadin® (nitisinone) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Harliku™ (Nitisinone), Nityr® (Nitisinone), and Orfadin® (Nitisinone) Approval Criteria [Alkaptonuria (AKU) Diagnosis]:

1. An indication to reduce urine homogentisic acid (HGA) in patients with alkaptonuria (AKU); and
 - a. The diagnosis of AKU must be confirmed by 1 of the following (results of the selected test must be submitted with the request):

- i. Genetic testing identifying biallelic pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants in the homogentisate 1,2-dioxygenase (HGD) gene; or
 - ii. Urine test for HGA showing >0.4 grams of HGA excreted in 24 hours; and
2. Nitisinone must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist, rheumatologist, or specialist with expertise in the treatment of AKU; and
3. The prescriber must confirm the member will receive a baseline ophthalmologic examination prior to initiating nitisinone treatment; and
4. The prescriber must confirm the member has been counseled to report any unexplained ocular, neurologic, or other symptoms to their health care provider; and
5. Use of Harliku™ will require a documented failed trial of both generic nitisinone 2mg capsules and Nityr® (nitisinone) 2mg tablets and clinical justification as to why Harliku™ would be expected to confer a different response since it contains the same active ingredient (nitisinone); and
6. A quantity limit of 30 tablets for 30 days will apply; and
7. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months; and
8. Subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year; and
9. Reauthorization requires the following:
 - a. Verification from the prescriber of continued response to therapy (i.e., decrease in urine HGA levels, improvement in joint pain, decrease in visible ochronosis).

Nityr® (Nitisinone) and Orfadin® (Nitisinone) Approval Criteria [Hereditary Tyrosinemia (HT-1) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of HT-1; and
 - a. The diagnosis of HT-1 must be confirmed by 1 of the following (results of the selected test must be submitted with the request):
 - i. Genetic testing identifying biallelic pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants in the fumarylacetoacetase hydrolase (FAH) gene; or
 - ii. Elevated succinylacetone concentrations in the blood or urine; and
2. Documentation of active management with a tyrosine and phenylalanine restricted diet; and
3. Nitisinone must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or specialist with expertise in the treatment of HT-1; and
4. The prescriber must verify the member will receive appropriate ophthalmologic examinations; and
5. The prescriber must confirm the member has been counseled to report any unexplained ocular, neurologic, or other symptoms to their health care provider; and

6. The member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request in order to authorize the appropriate amount of drug required according to the package labeling; and
7. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months; and
8. Subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year; and
9. Reauthorization requires the following:
 - a. Documentation of active management with a tyrosine and phenylalanine restricted diet; and
 - b. Verification from the prescriber of continued response to therapy (i.e., decrease in plasma and/or urine succinylacetone concentration).

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Sephience™ (sepiapterin) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Sephience™ (Sepiapterin) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of phenylketonuria (PKU); and
2. Documentation of active management with a phenylalanine restricted diet; and
3. Baseline phenylalanine concentration must be documented on the prior authorization request and must be drawn within the last 30 days; and
4. Sephience must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist, neurologist, or specialist with expertise in the treatment of PKU; and
5. Concomitant use with Palynziq® (pegvaliase-pqpz) will not be approved except to allow for temporary coverage during the titration of Palynziq®; and
6. Member must meet 1 of the following (documentation must be provided):
 - a. A 3-month trial with sapropterin with inadequate response, defined as blood phenylalanine ≥ 360 micromol/L, despite consistent use in combination with dietary phenylalanine restriction; or
 - b. Member is a non-responder to sapropterin defined as $\leq 30\%$ decrease in phenylalanine after 30 days of sapropterin therapy in combination with dietary phenylalanine restriction; or
 - c. A diagnosis of classic PKU (blood phenylalanine $\geq 1,200$ micromol/L at diagnosis or 2 null mutations in *trans*); or
 - d. A patient specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use generic Kuvan® (sapropterin) must be provided; and
7. Initial approvals will be for 2 weeks. After which time, the prescriber must verify that the member responded to treatment as defined by laboratory documentation of $\geq 30\%$ reduction in blood phenylalanine levels from baseline; and
 - a. Members younger than 2 years of age will be approved for a longer dosage titration per the package labeling up to the maximum daily dosage of 60mg/kg/day. After which time, the prescriber must

- verify that the member responded to treatment as defined by laboratory documentation of $\geq 30\%$ reduction in blood phenylalanine levels from baseline; or
- b. If the member was initiated at 60mg/kg/day, then no additional approvals will be granted after a trial period of 2 weeks if the member did not respond to treatment as defined by laboratory documentation of $\geq 30\%$ reduction in blood phenylalanine levels from baseline; and
- 8. Subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year; and
- 9. Reauthorization requires the following:
 - a. Documentation of active management with a phenylalanine restricted diet; and
 - b. Verification from the prescriber of continued response to therapy (i.e., blood phenylalanine level, increase in dietary phenylalanine tolerance, improvement in clinical symptoms).

The College of Pharmacy also recommends updating the current approval criteria for the sapropterin products and Palynziq® (pegvaliase-pqpz) based on the new FDA approvals, guideline updates, and clinical practice (changes shown in red):

Javygtor™ (Sapropterin), and Kuvan® (Sapropterin), and Zelvysia™ (Sapropterin) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of phenylketonuria (PKU); and
2. Documentation of active management with a phenylalanine restricted diet; and
3. Member must not have 2 null mutations in *trans*; and
4. Baseline phenylalanine concentration must be documented on the prior authorization request and must be drawn within the last 30 days; and
5. Sapropterin must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist, neurologist, or specialist with expertise in the treatment of PKU; and
6. Concomitant use with Palynziq® (pegvaliase-pqpz) will not be approved except to allow for temporary coverage during the titration of Palynziq®; and
7. Use of Javygtor™ (sapropterin) or Zelvysia™ (sapropterin) will require a patient specific, clinically significant reason why other generic formulations of sapropterin cannot be used; and
8. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 30 days. After which time, the prescriber must verify that the member responded to treatment as defined by laboratory documentation of $\geq 30\%$ decrease in blood phenylalanine levels from baseline; and
 - a. If the member was initiated at 10mg/kg/day dose, then a subsequent trial of 20mg/kg/day for a duration of 30 days can be approved, after which time the prescriber must verify the member

- responded to treatment as defined by laboratory documentation of $\geq 30\%$ decrease in blood phenylalanine levels from baseline; or
- b. If the member was initiated at 20mg/kg/day dose, then no additional approvals will be granted after a trial period of 30 days if the member did not respond to treatment as defined by laboratory documentation of $\geq 30\%$ decrease in blood phenylalanine levels from baseline; and
9. Subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year; and
 10. Reauthorization will require the following:
 - a. Documentation of active management with a phenylalanine restricted diet; and
 - b. Verification from the prescriber of continued response to therapy (i.e., blood phenylalanine level, increase in dietary phenylalanine tolerance, improvement in clinical symptoms).

Palynziq® (Pegvaliase-pqpz) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication to reduce blood phenylalanine concentrations in members with phenylketonuria (PKU) who have uncontrolled blood phenylalanine concentrations >600 micromol/L on existing management; and
2. Documentation of active management with a phenylalanine restricted diet; and
3. Baseline phenylalanine concentration must be documented on the prior authorization request and must be drawn within the last 30 days; and
4. Palynziq® must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist, neurologist, or specialist with expertise in the treatment of PKU; and
5. Concomitant use with Kuvan® (sapropterin) or Sephience™ (sepiapterin) will not be approved except to allow for temporary coverage during the titration of Palynziq®; and
6. Prescriber, pharmacy, and member must be enrolled in the Palynziq® Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) program and maintain enrollment throughout therapy; and
7. Initial dose must be administered under the supervision of a health care provider equipped to manage anaphylaxis and observe the member for at least 60 minutes following injection; and
8. Member must be prescribed auto-injectable epinephrine and be counseled on its appropriate use; and
- ~~9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 33 weeks to allow for initial titration and for 24 weeks of maintenance treatment with 20mg once daily dosing. Members should then be assessed for a 20% reduction in blood phenylalanine concentration from pre-treatment baseline or a blood phenylalanine concentration ≤ 600 micromol/L. Slower dose titrations may be approved based on member's response and tolerability; and~~

- ~~a. If member has not achieved a 20% reduction in blood phenylalanine concentration from pre-treatment baseline or a blood phenylalanine concentration ≤ 600 micromol/L, approvals may be granted for the 40mg once daily dosing for a duration of 16 weeks; and~~
 - ~~b. If after at least 16 weeks with the 40mg dose, member has not achieved a 20% reduction in blood phenylalanine concentration from pre-treatment baseline or a blood phenylalanine concentration ≤ 600 micromol/L, approvals may be granted for the 60mg once daily dosing for an additional 16 weeks of treatment; or~~
 - ~~c. If member has achieved a 20% reduction in blood phenylalanine concentration from pre-treatment baseline or a blood phenylalanine concentration ≤ 600 micromol/L, subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year; and~~
- 10. Initial approvals will be for 1 year to allow for initial titration and maintenance treatment. Reauthorization may be granted if the following information is provided (documentation must be submitted):
 - a. Member has achieved a 20% reduction in blood phenylalanine concentration from pre-treatment baseline; or
 - b. Member has achieved a blood phenylalanine concentration ≤ 600 micromol/L; or
 - c. Member is currently in the titration/maintenance phase of treatment, and the dose is being titrated up to the maximum daily dose of 60mg once daily. Slower dose titrations may be approved based on member's response and tolerability; and
- 11. Members who do not achieve at least a 20% reduction in blood phenylalanine concentration from pre-treatment baseline or a blood phenylalanine concentration ≤ 600 micromol/L after at least 16 weeks of continuous treatment with the maximum dosage of 60mg once daily will not be approved for subsequent approvals; and
- 12. ~~Dose titrations up to the maximum daily dose of 60mg once daily will be permitted to allow members to achieve a blood phenylalanine level ≤ 360 micromol/L based on the current treatment guideline goal for blood phenylalanine level; and~~
- 13. Subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year; and
- 14. Reauthorization will require the following:
 - a. Documentation of active management with a phenylalanine restricted diet; and
 - b. Verification from the prescriber of continued response to therapy (i.e., blood phenylalanine level, increase in dietary phenylalanine tolerance, improvement in clinical symptoms).

Recommendation 9: Vote to Prior Authorize Anzupgo® (Delgocitinib 2% Cream) and Update the Approval Criteria for the Atopic Dermatitis (AD) Medications

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Anzupgo® (delgocitinib 2% cream) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Anzupgo® (Delgocitinib 2% Cream) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of moderate-to-severe chronic hand eczema (CHE) meeting 1 of the following:
 - a. Hand eczema has persisted for >3 months; or
 - b. Hand eczema has returned twice or more within the last 12 months; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist); and
4. Prescriber must attest that the member has been counseled regarding standard non-medicated skin care, including but not limited to:
 - a. Frequent use of emollients/moisturizers; and
 - b. Washing hands in lukewarm (not hot) water; and
 - c. Avoidance of known and relevant irritants and allergens where possible; and
5. Member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of 2 weeks that resulted in failure with all of the following therapies (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
 - a. 1 medium potency to very-high potency Tier-1 topical corticosteroid (TCS); and
 - b. 1 topical calcineurin inhibitor (TCI) [e.g., Elidel® (pimecrolimus), Protopic® (tacrolimus)]; and
6. Concurrent use with other Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors or potent immunosuppressants will not generally be approved; and
7. Member must be counseled to apply Anzupgo® only to the hands and wrists. Anzupgo® will not be approved for application to any other area; and
8. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 1 month. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment; and
9. A quantity limit of 60 grams per 30 days will apply.

The College of Pharmacy also recommends updating the Nemludio® (nemolizumab-ilto) and Opzelura® (ruxolitinib 1.5% cream) approval criteria based on recent FDA approvals and DUR Board recommendations from the November 2025 DUR Board meeting (changes shown in red):

Nemluvio® (Nemolizumab-ilto) Approval Criteria [Atopic Dermatitis Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis not adequately controlled with topical prescription therapies; and
2. Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of 2 weeks that resulted in failure with both of the following topical therapies (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
 - a. 1 medium potency to very-high potency Tier-1 topical corticosteroid; and
 - b. 1 topical calcineurin inhibitor [e.g., Elidel® (pimecrolimus), Protopic® (tacrolimus)]; and
4. Member must agree to continue using a topical corticosteroid and/or a topical calcineurin inhibitor in combination with Nemluvio® until the disease has sufficiently improved; and
5. Member's body surface area (BSA) of atopic dermatitis involvement must be provided and the member must have a documented BSA involvement of $\geq 10\%$ (can apply to member's current BSA or a historical value prior to treatment); and
6. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason the member cannot use Adbry® (tralokinumab-ldrm) must be provided; and
7. Must be prescribed by a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist or the member must have been evaluated by a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist); and
8. Requests for concurrent use of Nemluvio® with other biologic medications will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and will require patient-specific information to support the concurrent use (Nemluvio® has not been studied in combination with other biologic therapies); and
9. Initial approvals will be for the initial dosing for the duration of 16 weeks; and
10. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and
 - a. A dosage of 30mg every 8 weeks will be approved for reauthorization; or
 - b. If a dosage of 30mg every 4 weeks is requested for reauthorization, additional patient-specific information will be required to support the need for continuing the every 4 week dosing regimen.

Opzelura® (Ruxolitinib 1.5% Cream) Approval Criteria [Atopic Dermatitis Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for short-term and non-continuous treatment of mild-to-moderate atopic dermatitis; and

2. Member must be ~~12~~ 2 years of age or older; and
3. Member must not be immunocompromised; and
4. Member must have a body surface area (BSA) involvement $\leq 20\%$; and
5. Member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of 2 weeks that resulted in failure with ~~at~~ 2 of the following therapies (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
 - a. 1 medium potency to very-high potency Tier-1 topical corticosteroid (TCS); ~~and or~~
 - b. 1 topical calcineurin inhibitor (TCI) [e.g., Elidel® (pimecrolimus), Protopic® (tacrolimus)]; ~~and or~~
 - c. Eucrisa® (crisaborole); and
6. Concurrent use with therapeutic biologics, other Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors, or potent immunosuppressants (e.g., azathioprine, cyclosporine) will not generally be approved; and
7. Prescriber must verify female members are not breastfeeding; and
8. If the member is pregnant or becomes pregnant, prescriber must verify member has been counseled on potential risks of this medication and will report the exposure to the Opzelura® pregnancy registry; and
9. Approvals will be for a maximum duration of 8 weeks of treatment; and
10. Reauthorization may be considered if member has a recent TCS, TCI, or Eucrisa® trial (or a contraindication or documented intolerance); and
 - a. Additionally, the prescriber must document the member had a positive response to and tolerated previous treatment with Opzelura®; and
11. Subsequent approvals will only be considered once each 90-day period to ensure appropriate short-term and non-continuous utilization.

Next, the College of Pharmacy recommends updating the Zoryve® (roflumilast) approval criteria based on recent FDA approvals and DUR Board recommendations from the November 2025 DUR Board meeting (changes shown in red):

Zoryve® (Roflumilast 0.15% ~~or~~ 0.05% Cream) Approval Criteria [Atopic Dermatitis Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of mild-to-moderate atopic dermatitis; and
- ~~2. Member must be 6 years of age or older; and~~
3. Requested product must be FDA approved for the member's age; and
 - a. 0.15% Cream: Member must be 6 years of age or older; or
 - b. 0.05% Cream: Member must be 2 to 5 years of age; and
4. Member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of 2 weeks that resulted in failure with all of the following therapies (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
 - a. 1 medium potency to very-high potency Tier-1 topical corticosteroid (TCS); and
 - b. 1 topical calcineurin inhibitor (TCI) [e.g., Elidel® (pimecrolimus), Protopic® (tacrolimus)]; and

- c. Eucrisa® (crisaborole); and
5. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 1 month. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment; and
6. A quantity limit of 60 grams per 30 days will apply.

Zoryve® (Roflumilast 0.3% Cream or 0.3% Foam) Approval Criteria [Plaque Psoriasis Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of plaque psoriasis; and
- ~~2. Member must be 6 years of age or older; and~~
3. Requested product must be FDA approved for the member's age; and
 - a. 0.3% Cream: Member must be 6 years of age or older; or
 - b. 0.3% Foam: Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
4. Member must have a body surface (BSA) involvement of $\leq 20\%$ (or $\leq 25\%$ if both the scalp and body are being treated); and
5. Member must not have moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C); and
- ~~6. Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a dermatologist); and~~
7. Member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of 2 weeks that resulted in failure with at least 2 of the following therapies (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
 - a. An ultra-high to high potency topical corticosteroid (TCS); or
 - b. A generic topical calcipotriene product; or
 - c. A topical tazarotene product; and
8. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 1 month. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment; and
9. A quantity limit of 60 grams per 30 days will apply.

Zoryve® (Roflumilast 0.3% Foam) Approval Criteria [Seborrheic Dermatitis Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of seborrheic dermatitis; and
2. Prescriber must confirm member's condition is moderate or severe; and
3. Member must be 9 years of age or older; and
4. Member must have a body surface area (BSA) involvement of $\leq 20\%$; and
5. Member must not have moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C); and
- ~~6. Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a dermatologist); and~~
7. If the affected area is limited to the scalp, member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of 2 weeks

that resulted in failure with at least 1 product from all of the following categories (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):

- a. Over-the-counter (OTC) antifungal shampoo (e.g., selenium sulfide, zinc pyrithione); and
 - b. OTC coal tar shampoo; and
 - c. Tier-1 prescription antifungal shampoo (e.g., ketoconazole 2% shampoo); and
 - d. Tier-1 topical corticosteroid; and
8. If the affected area includes the face or body, member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of at least 2 weeks that resulted in failure with at least 1 product from all of the following categories (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
- a. Tier-1 topical antifungal (e.g., ketoconazole, ciclopirox); and
 - b. Tier-1 topical corticosteroid; and
 - c. Topical calcineurin inhibitor (e.g., pimecrolimus 1% cream, tacrolimus 0.1% ointment); and
9. Initial approvals will be for a duration of 8 weeks. After 8 weeks, the prescriber will need to provide clinical documentation that the member is improving on the medication and provide justification for continuation of therapy; and
10. A quantity limit of 60 grams per 30 days will apply.

Lastly, the College of Pharmacy recommends updating the Elidel® (pimecrolimus cream) and Protopic® (tacrolimus ointment) approval criteria based on DUR Board recommendations from the November 2025 DUR Board meeting (changes shown in red):

**Elidel® (Pimecrolimus Cream) and Protopic® (Tacrolimus Ointment)
Approval Criteria:**

1. The first 90 days of a 12-month period will be covered without prior authorization; and
2. After the initial period, authorization may be granted with documentation of 1 trial with a Tier-1 topical corticosteroid at least 6 weeks in duration within the past 90 days; and
3. Therapy will be approved only once each 90-day period to ensure appropriate short-term and intermittent utilization as advised by the FDA; and
4. Quantities will be limited to 30 grams for use on the face, neck, and groin, and 100 grams for all other areas; and
5. Authorizations will be restricted to those members who are not immunocompromised; and
- ~~6. Members must meet all of the following criteria:~~
 - ~~a. An FDA approved indication:~~
 - ~~i. Elidel®: Short term and intermittent treatment for mild-to-moderate atopic dermatitis (eczema); or~~

- ~~ii. Protopic®: Short-term and intermittent treatment for moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis (eczema); and~~
 - ~~b. Age restrictions:~~
 - ~~i. Elidel® 1% is restricted to 2 years of age and older; and~~
 - ~~ii. Protopic® 0.03% is restricted to 2 years of age and older; and~~
 - ~~iii. Protopic® 0.1% is restricted to 15 years of age and older; or~~
- 7. Clinical exceptions for the trial requirement may be considered for the following:
 - a. Documented adverse effect, drug interaction, or contraindication to Tier-1 topical corticosteroids; or
 - b. Atopic dermatitis of the face or groin where prescriber does not want to use topical corticosteroids.; ~~or~~
- ~~8. Clinical exceptions for the age restrictions (for members younger than the FDA approved age) may be considered for the following:~~
 - ~~a. Prescribed by a dermatologist.~~

Recommendation 10: Vote to Prior Authorize Omlyclo® (Omalizumab-igec) and Update the Approval Criteria for the Asthma and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Maintenance Medications

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Omlyclo® (omalizumab-igec) with criteria similar to Xolair® (omalizumab) and recommends updating the approval criteria for the asthma diagnosis to reflect the Global Initiative for Asthma (GINA) guidelines, for the chronic idiopathic urticaria diagnosis to be consistent with the FDA approved label, and all other diagnoses based on clinical practice (changes shown in red):

Omlyclo® (Omalizumab-igec Injection) and Xolair® (Omalizumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Asthma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of severe persistent asthma [as per ~~National Asthma Education and Prevention Program (NAEPP)~~ **Global Initiative for Asthma (GINA)** guidelines]; and
2. Member must be between 6 and 75 years of age; and
3. Member must have a positive skin test to at least 1 perennial aeroallergen (positive perennial aeroallergens must be listed on the prior authorization request); and
4. Member must have a pretreatment serum IgE level between 30 and 1,300 IU/mL (depending on member age); and
5. Member's weight must be between 20kg and 150kg; and
6. Member must have failed a medium-to-high-dose ICS used compliantly within the last 3-6 consecutive months (for ICS/LABA combination products, the ICS component would meet criteria at an equivalent medium-to-high dose); and
7. Prescribed ~~Xolair®~~ dose must be an FDA approved regimen per package labeling; and

8. For authorization ~~Xolair~~[®] in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; and
9. For authorization of the ~~Xolair~~[®] prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the following:
 - a. Member has no prior history of anaphylaxis; and
 - b. Member must have had at least 3 doses ~~of Xolair~~[®] under the guidance of a health care provider with no hypersensitivity reactions; and
 - c. Member has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage ~~of Xolair~~[®]; and
10. ~~Xolair~~[®] Must be prescribed by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist or the member must have been evaluated by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist); and
11. Member must have been in the emergency room (ER) or hospitalized, due to an asthma exacerbation, twice in the past 12 months (date of visits must be listed on the prior authorization request), or member must have been determined to be dependent on systemic corticosteroids to prevent serious exacerbations; and
12. For Omlyclo[®] (omalizumab-igec), a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use ~~Xolair~~[®] (omalizumab) must be provided. Biosimilars and/or reference products are preferred based on the lowest net cost product(s) and may be moved to either preferred or non-preferred if the net cost changes in comparison to the reference product and/or other available biosimilar products; and
13. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months ~~after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval~~. Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.

Omlyclo[®] (Omalizumab-igec Injection) and Xolair[®] (Omalizumab Injection)
Approval Criteria [Chronic ~~Idiopathic Spontaneous~~ Urticaria (~~CIU~~ CSU)
Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of ~~CIU~~ CSU; and
2. Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
3. Other forms of urticaria must be ruled out; and
- ~~4. Other potential causes of urticaria must be ruled out; and~~
5. Member must have an Urticaria Activity Score (UAS) ≥16; and
6. For authorization ~~of Xolair~~[®] in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; and

7. For authorization of the ~~Xolair~~[®] prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the following:
 - a. Member has no prior history of anaphylaxis; and
 - b. Member must have had at least 3 doses ~~of Xolair~~[®] under the guidance of a health care provider with no hypersensitivity reactions; and
 - c. Member has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage ~~of Xolair~~[®]; and
8. Prescriber must be an allergist, immunologist, or dermatologist (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician that is an allergist, immunologist, or dermatologist); and
9. A trial of a second-generation antihistamine dosed at 4 times the maximum FDA dose within the last 3 months for at least 4 weeks (or less if symptoms are intolerable); and
10. ~~For Omlyclo~~[®] (omalizumab-igec), a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Xolair[®] (omalizumab) must be provided. Biosimilars and/or reference products are preferred based on the lowest net cost product(s) and may be moved to either preferred or non-preferred if the net cost changes in comparison to the reference product and/or other available biosimilar products; and
11. Initial dosing will only be approved for 150mg every 4 weeks. If the member has inadequate results at this dose, then the dose may be increased to 300mg every 4 weeks; and
12. ~~Initial approvals will be for the duration of 3 months at which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.~~
13. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 3 months. Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment (e.g., improvement in baseline UAS score, improvement in symptoms, reduction in exacerbations). Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.

**Omlyclo[®] (Omalizumab-igec Injection) and Xolair[®] (Omalizumab Injection)
Approval Criteria [Immunoglobulin E (IgE)-Mediated Food Allergy
Diagnosis]:**

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of IgE-mediated food allergy for the reduction of allergic reactions; and
2. Member must be 1 year of age or older; and
3. Member must have a diagnosis of peanut, milk, egg, wheat, cashew, hazelnut, or walnut allergy confirmed by a positive skin test, positive in vitro test for food-specific IgE, or positive clinician-supervised oral food challenge; and
4. Prescriber must confirm member will use ~~the requested product~~ ~~Xolair~~[®] with an allergen-avoidant diet; and

5. Member must have a pretreatment serum IgE level between 30 and 1,850 IU/mL; and
6. Member's weight must be between 10kg and 150kg; and
7. Member or family member must be trained in the use of an auto-injectable epinephrine device and have such a device available for immediate use at all times; and
8. Prescribed ~~Xolair~~[®] dose must be an FDA approved regimen per package labeling; and
9. For authorization ~~of Xolair~~[®] in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; and
10. For authorization of the ~~Xolair~~[®] prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the following:
 - a. Member has no prior history of anaphylaxis; and
 - b. Member must have had at least 3 doses ~~of Xolair~~[®] under the guidance of a health care provider with no hypersensitivity reactions; and
 - c. Member has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of ~~Xolair~~[®]; and
11. ~~Xolair~~[®] Must be prescribed by an allergist or immunologist or the member must have been evaluated by an allergist or immunologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an allergist or immunologist); and
12. For Omlyclo[®] (omalizumab-igec), a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Xolair[®] (omalizumab) must be provided. Biosimilars and/or reference products are preferred based on the lowest net cost product(s) and may be moved to either preferred or non-preferred if the net cost changes in comparison to the reference product and/or other available biosimilar products; and
13. Approvals will be for the duration of 1 year. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to therapy. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.

**Omlyclo[®] (Omalizumab-igec Injection) and Xolair[®] (Omalizumab Injection)
Approval Criteria [Nasal Polyps Diagnosis]:**

1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment of nasal polyps in adult members with inadequate response to nasal corticosteroids; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have a trial of intranasal corticosteroids for at minimum the past 4 weeks; and
4. Prescriber must verify member will continue to receive intranasal corticosteroid therapy, unless contraindicated; and

5. Member has symptoms of chronic rhinosinusitis (e.g., facial pain/pressure, reduction or loss of smell, nasal blockade/obstruction/congestion, nasal discharge) for 12 weeks or longer despite attempts at medical management; and
6. Member has evidence of nasal polyposis by direct examination, sinus CT scan, or endoscopy; and
7. Member must have a pretreatment serum IgE level between 30 and 1,500 IU/mL; and
8. Member's weight must be between 31kg and 150kg; and
9. Prescribed ~~Xolair~~[®] dose must be an FDA approved regimen per package labeling; and
10. For authorization ~~of Xolair~~[®] in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; and
11. For authorization of the ~~Xolair~~[®] prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the following:
 - a. Member has no prior history of anaphylaxis; and
 - b. Member must have had at least 3 doses ~~of Xolair~~[®] under the guidance of a health care provider with no hypersensitivity reactions; and
 - c. Member has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage ~~of Xolair~~[®]; and
12. ~~Xolair~~[®] Must be prescribed by an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist or the member must have been evaluated by an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist); and
13. For Omlyclo[®] (omalizumab-igec), a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Xolair[®] (omalizumab) must be provided. Biosimilars and/or reference products are preferred based on the lowest net cost product(s) and may be moved to either preferred or non-preferred if the net cost changes in comparison to the reference product and/or other available biosimilar products; and
14. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted ~~for the duration of 1 year~~ if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.

Next, the College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes to the Dupixent[®] (dupilumab), Nucala (mepolizumab), and Tezspire[®] (tezepelumab-ekko) approval criteria based on the new FDA approvals and to be consistent with the current guidelines (changes shown in red):

Dupixent® (Dupilumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Bullous Pemphigoid (BP) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of BP; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Prescriber must verify that all other potential causes and/or diagnoses with a similar presentation to BP have been ruled out; and
4. Member must have both of the following:
 - a. Bullous Pemphigoid Disease Area Index (BPDAI) activity score ≥ 24 ; and
 - b. Worst-Itch Numeric Rating Scale (WI-NRS) score of ≥ 4 ; and
5. Dupixent® must be prescribed by a dermatologist, or the member must have been evaluated by a dermatologist for BP within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a dermatologist); and
6. Member must be using Dupixent® in combination with a tapering course of oral corticosteroids as outlined in the package labeling (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance); and
7. Member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of 2 weeks that resulted in failure with at least 2 of the following therapies (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
 - a. 1 medium potency to very-high potency Tier-1 topical corticosteroid; or
 - b. Oral corticosteroids; or
 - c. Immunosuppressive agents (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate, cyclophosphamide); or
 - d. Oral antibiotic agents (e.g., doxycycline, dapsone); and
8. Requests for concurrent use of Dupixent® with other biologic medications will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and will require patient-specific information to support the concurrent use (Dupixent® has not been studied in combination with other biologic therapies); and
9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.

Dupixent® (Dupilumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Chronic Spontaneous Urticaria (CSU) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of CSU; and
2. Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
3. Other forms of urticaria must be ruled out; and
4. Member must have an Urticaria Activity Score (UAS) ≥ 16 ; and
5. Dupixent® must be prescribed by a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist or the member must have been evaluated by a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist within the last 12 months (or

- an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist); and
6. Member must have a documented trial of a second-generation antihistamine dosed at 4 times the maximum FDA dose within the last 3 months for at least 4 weeks (or less if symptoms are intolerable); and
 7. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Xolair® (omalizumab) must be provided; and
 8. Requests for concurrent use of Dupixent® with other biologic medications will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and will require patient-specific information to support the concurrent use. (Dupixent® has not been studied in combination with other biologic therapies); and
 9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment (e.g., improvement in baseline UAS score, improvement in symptoms, reduction in exacerbations). Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.

Dupixent® (Dupilumab injection) Approval Criteria [Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment of members with inadequately controlled COPD; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member ~~has moderate to severe disease [i.e., GOLD 2 or GOLD 3 airflow obstruction as demonstrated by forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV₁) ≥30% and <80% predicted] and~~ is symptomatic [i.e., modified Medical Research Council (mMRC) dyspnea scale grade ≥2, **COPD Assessment Test (CAT) ≥10**]; and
4. Member must have a blood eosinophil count of ≥300 cells/mcL (can apply to either a recent level or a historical level prior to treatment); and
5. Member must have experienced ≥2 moderate exacerbations (e.g., required treatment with systemic corticosteroids and/or antibiotics) or ≥1 severe exacerbation (e.g., required hospitalization or 24-hour observation in emergency department) in the last 12 months; and
6. Member is inadequately controlled on triple therapy combination (LABA/LAMA/ICS) used compliantly within the last 3-6 consecutive months, unless contraindicated; and
7. Prescriber must verify the member has been counseled on proper administration and storage of Dupixent®; and
8. Dupixent® must be prescribed by a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist or the member must have been evaluated by a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist); and
9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. ~~after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval~~ Reauthorization

may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and

10. Quantities approved must not exceed FDA recommended dosing requirements.

Dupixent® (Dupilumab injection) Approval Criteria [Eosinophilic Esophagitis (EoE) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) defined as:
 - a. The presence of clinical symptoms of EoE ≥ 2 times per week (i.e., dysphagia, emesis, epigastric pain); and
 - b. Intraepithelial eosinophilia [≥ 15 eosinophils per high-power field (eos/hpf) in the esophagus]; and
2. Member must be 1 years of age or older and weigh ≥ 15 kg; and
3. Dupixent® must be prescribed by a gastroenterologist, allergist, or immunologist, or the member must have been evaluated by a gastroenterologist, allergist, or immunologist within the last 12 months (or be an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a gastroenterologist, allergist, or immunologist); and
4. Member must have documented trials for a minimum of 8 weeks that resulted in failure with ~~1 both~~ of the following therapies (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
 - a. One high-dose proton pump inhibitor; ~~or and~~
 - b. One swallowed respiratory corticosteroid (e.g., budesonide); and
5. Requests for concurrent use of Dupixent® with other biologic medications will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and will require patient-specific information to support the concurrent use; and
6. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted **for the duration of 1 year** if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and
7. A quantity limit of 8mL (4 syringes) every 28 days will apply.

Nucala (Mepolizumab) Approval Criteria [Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment of members with inadequately controlled COPD; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member is symptomatic [i.e., modified Medical Research Council (mMRC) dyspnea scale grade ≥ 2 , COPD Assessment Test (CAT) ≥ 10]; and
4. Member must have a blood eosinophil count of ≥ 150 cells/mcL (can apply to either a recent level or a historical level prior to treatment); and
5. Member must have experienced ≥ 2 moderate exacerbations (e.g., required treatment with systemic corticosteroids and/or antibiotics) or

- ≥1 severe exacerbation (e.g., required hospitalization or 24-hour observation in emergency department) in the last 12 months; and
- 6. Member is inadequately controlled on triple therapy combination (LABA/LAMA/ICS) used compliantly within the last 3-6 consecutive months, unless contraindicated; and
- 7. For authorization of Nucala in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or
- 8. For authorization of Nucala prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Nucala; and
- 9. Nucala must be prescribed by a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist or the member must have been evaluated by a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist); and
- 10. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.
- 11. A quantity limit of 1 vial, prefilled autoinjector, or prefilled syringe per 28 days will apply.

Tezspire® (Tezepelumab-ekko) Approval Criteria [Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps (CRSwNP) Diagnosis]:

- 1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment in members with inadequately controlled CRSwNP; and
- 2. Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
- 3. Member must have a documented trial with an intranasal corticosteroid that resulted in failure (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance); and
- 4. Member must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Member has required prior sino-nasal surgery; or
 - b. Member has previously been treated with systemic corticosteroids in the past 2 years (or has a contraindication or documented intolerance); and
- 5. Tezspire® must be prescribed by an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist or the member must have been evaluated by an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist); and
- 6. Member has symptoms of chronic rhinosinusitis (e.g., facial pain/pressure, reduction or loss of smell, nasal blockade/obstruction/

- congestion, nasal discharge) for 12 weeks or longer despite attempts at medical management; and
7. Member has evidence of nasal polyposis by direct examination, sinus CT scan, or endoscopy; and
 8. Member will continue to receive intranasal corticosteroid therapy, unless contraindicated; and
 9. For authorization of Tezspire® in a health care facility, prescriber must verify that the injection will be administered by a health care provider prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or
 10. For authorization of Tezspire® pre-filled pen for self-administration, prescriber must verify that the injection will be administered by a health care provider prepared to manage anaphylaxis or the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Tezspire®; and
 11. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and
 12. A quantity limit of 1.91mL (1 single-dose glass vial or single-dose pre-filled syringe) per 28 days will apply.

Next the College of Pharmacy recommends updating the Cinqair® (reslizumab), Dupixent® (dupilumab), Fasenra® (benralizumab), Nucala (mepolizumab), and Tezspire® (tezepelumab-ekko) criteria to be consistent with the other asthma-indicated monoclonal antibodies (changes shown in red):

Cinqair® (Reslizumab) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of add-on maintenance treatment of members with severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have a blood eosinophil count ≥ 400 cells/mcL (can apply to either a recent level or in history prior to oral corticosteroid use); and
4. Member must have had at least 2 asthma exacerbations requiring systemic corticosteroids within the last 12 months or require daily systemic corticosteroids despite compliant use of medium-to-high dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus at least 1 additional controller medication; and
5. Member must have failed a medium-to-high dose ICS used compliantly within the last 3-6 consecutive months (for ICS/LABA combination products, the ICS component would meet criteria at an equivalent medium-to-high dose); and
6. Member must have failed at least 1 other asthma controller medication used in addition to the medium-to-high dose ICS compliantly for at least the past 3 months; and

7. Cinqair® must be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; and
8. Cinqair® must be prescribed by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist or the member must have been evaluated by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist); and
9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. ~~after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval~~ Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and
10. Member's weight should be provided on prior authorization requests. Weights should have been taken within the last 4 weeks to provide accurate weight-based dosing.

Dupixent® (Dupilumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps (CRSwNP) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment in members with inadequately controlled CRSwNP; and
2. Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have a documented trial with an intranasal corticosteroid that resulted in failure (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance); and
4. Member must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Member has required prior sino-nasal surgery; or
 - b. Member has previously been treated with systemic corticosteroids in the past 2 years (or has a contraindication or documented intolerance); and
5. Dupixent® must be prescribed by an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist or the member must have been evaluated by an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist); and
6. Member has symptoms of chronic rhinosinusitis (e.g., facial pain/pressure, reduction or loss of smell, nasal blockade/obstruction/congestion, nasal discharge) for 12 weeks or longer despite attempts at medical management; and
7. Member has evidence of nasal polyposis by direct examination, sinus CT scan, or endoscopy; and
8. Member will continue to receive intranasal corticosteroid therapy, unless contraindicated; and
9. Prescriber must verify the member has been counseled on proper administration and storage of Dupixent®; and

10. Requests for concurrent use of Dupixent® with other biologic medications will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and will require patient-specific information to support the concurrent use; and
11. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted **for the duration of 1 year** if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and
12. A quantity limit of 2 syringes every 28 days will apply.

Dupixent® (Dupilumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Eosinophilic Phenotype Asthma or Oral Corticosteroid-Dependent Asthma Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment of members with moderate-to-severe eosinophilic phenotype asthma or oral corticosteroid-dependent asthma; and
2. Member must be 6 years of age or older; and
3. Member must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Member must have a blood eosinophil count of ≥ 150 cells/mcL (can apply to either a recent level or in history prior to oral corticosteroid use); or
 - b. Member must have had at least 2 asthma exacerbations requiring systemic corticosteroids within the last 12 months or require daily systemic corticosteroids despite compliant use of medium-to-high dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus at least 1 additional controller medication; and
4. Member must have failed a medium-to-high dose ICS used compliantly within the last 3-6 consecutive months (for ICS/LABA combination products, the ICS component would meet criteria at an equivalent medium-to-high dose); and
5. Member must have failed at least 1 other asthma controller medication used in addition to the medium-to-high dose ICS compliantly for at least the past 3 months; and
6. Prescriber must verify the member has been counseled on proper administration and storage of Dupixent®; and
7. Dupixent® must be prescribed by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist or the member must have been evaluated by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist); and
8. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. **~~after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval~~ Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and**
9. Quantities approved must not exceed FDA recommended dosing requirements.

Dupixent® (Dupilumab) Approval Criteria [Prurigo Nodularis (PN) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of PN for at least 3 months; and
2. Member must have a Worst-Itch Numeric Rating Scale (WI-NRS) score of ≥ 7 ; and
3. Member must have ≥ 20 PN lesions; and
4. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
5. Dupixent® must be prescribed by a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist or the member must have been evaluated by a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist for PN within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist); and
6. Prescriber must verify that all other causes of pruritus have been ruled out; and
7. Member must have documented trials within the last 6 months for a minimum of 2 weeks that resulted in failure with both of the following therapies (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance):
 - a. 1 medium potency to very-high potency Tier-1 topical corticosteroid; and
 - b. 1 topical calcineurin inhibitor [e.g., Elidel® (pimecrolimus), Protopic® (tacrolimus)]; and
8. Requests for concurrent use of Dupixent® with other biologic medications will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and will require patient-specific information to support the concurrent use (Dupixent® has not been studied in combination with other biologic therapies); and
9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted **for the duration of 1 year** if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval.

Fasenra® (Benralizumab injection) Approval Criteria [Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (EGPA) diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for the treatment of EGPA; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member meets 1 of the following:
 - a. Member must have a past history of at least 1 confirmed EGPA relapse [requiring increase in oral corticosteroid (OCS) dose, initiation/increased dose of immunosuppressive therapy, or hospitalization] within the past 12 months; or
 - b. Member must have refractory disease within the last 6 months following induction of standard treatment regimen administered compliantly for at least 3 months; and
4. Diagnosis of granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) or microscopic polyangiitis (MPA) will not be approved; and

5. Failure to achieve remission despite corticosteroid therapy (oral prednisone equivalent equal to or greater than 7.5mg/day) for a minimum of 4 weeks duration; and
6. Fasenra® must be prescribed by an allergist, pulmonologist, pulmonary specialist, or rheumatologist or the member must have been evaluated by an allergist, pulmonologist, pulmonary specialist, or rheumatologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an allergist, pulmonologist, pulmonary specialist, or rheumatologist); and
7. For authorization of Fasenra® in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or
8. For authorization of Fasenra® prefilled autoinjector pen for self-administration, prescriber must verify the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Fasenra; and
9. A quantity limit of 1 prefilled syringe or prefilled autoinjector pen per 28 days will apply; and
10. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval. For continued approval, member must be compliant, and prescriber must verify the member is responding to Fasenra® as demonstrated by a Birmingham Vasculitis Activity Score (BVAS) of 0 (zero), fewer EGPA relapses from baseline, or a decrease in daily OCS dose regimen from baseline.
Subsequent approvals will be for 1 year.

Fasenra® (Benralizumab injection) Approval Criteria [Eosinophilic Phenotype Asthma Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment of members with severe eosinophilic phenotype asthma; and
2. Member must be 6 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have a blood eosinophil count of ≥ 150 cells/mcL (can apply to either a recent level or in history prior to oral corticosteroid use); and
4. Member must have had at least 2 asthma exacerbations requiring systemic corticosteroids within the last 12 months or require daily systemic corticosteroids despite compliant use of medium-to-high dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus at least 1 additional controller medication; and
5. Member must have failed a medium-to-high dose ICS used compliantly within the last 3-6 consecutive months (for ICS/LABA combination products, the ICS component would meet criteria at an equivalent medium-to-high dose); and

6. Member must have failed at least 1 other asthma controller medication used in addition to the medium-to-high dose ICS compliantly for at least the past 3 months; and
7. For authorization of Fasenra® in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or
8. For authorization of Fasenra® prefilled autoinjector pen for self-administration, prescriber must verify the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Fasenra; and
9. Fasenra must be prescribed by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist or the member must have been evaluated by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist); and
10. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight, taken within the last 3 weeks, must be provided on the prior authorization request in order to authorize the appropriate dose according to package labeling; and
11. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. ~~after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval~~ Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year, if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and
12. A quantity limit of 1 prefilled syringe or prefilled autoinjector pen per 56 days will apply.

Nucala (Mepolizumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps (CRSwNP) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment in adult members with inadequately controlled CRSwNP; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have a documented trial with an intranasal corticosteroid that resulted in failure (or have a contraindication or documented intolerance); and
4. Member must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Member has required prior sino-nasal surgery; or
 - b. Member has previously been treated with systemic corticosteroids in the past 2 years (or has a contraindication or documented intolerance); and
5. Nucala must be prescribed by an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist or the member must have been evaluated by an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care

- practitioner with a supervising physician who is an otolaryngologist, allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist); and
6. Member has symptoms of chronic rhinosinusitis (e.g., facial pain/pressure, reduction or loss of smell, nasal blockade/obstruction/congestion, nasal discharge) for 12 weeks or longer despite attempts at medical management; and
 7. Member has evidence of nasal polyposis by direct examination, sinus CT scan, or endoscopy; and
 8. Member will continue to receive intranasal corticosteroid therapy, unless contraindicated; and
 9. For authorization of Nucala in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or
 10. For authorization of Nucala prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Nucala; and
 11. Requests for concurrent use of Nucala with other biologic medications will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and will require patient specific information to support the concurrent use; and
 12. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted **for the duration of 1 year** if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and
 13. A quantity limit of 1 vial, prefilled autoinjector, or prefilled syringe per 28 days will apply.

Nucala (Mepolizumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (EGPA) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of EGPA; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member meets 1 of the following:
 - a. Member must have a past history of at least 1 confirmed EGPA relapse [requiring increase in oral corticosteroid (OCS) dose, initiation/increased dose of immunosuppressive therapy, or hospitalization] within the past 12 months; or
 - b. Member must have refractory disease within the last 6 months following induction of a standard treatment regimen administered compliantly for at least 3 months; and
4. Diagnosis of granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) or microscopic polyangiitis (MPA) will not be approved; and
5. Failure to achieve remission despite corticosteroid therapy (oral prednisone equivalent $\geq 7.5\text{mg/day}$) for a minimum of 4 weeks duration; and

6. Nucala must be prescribed by an allergist, pulmonologist, pulmonary specialist, or rheumatologist or the member must have been evaluated by an allergist, pulmonologist, pulmonary specialist, or rheumatologist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an allergist, pulmonologist, pulmonary specialist, or rheumatologist); and
7. For authorization of Nucala in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or
8. For authorization of Nucala prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Nucala; and
9. A quantity limit of 3 vials, prefilled autoinjectors, or prefilled syringes per 28 days will apply; and
10. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval. For continued approval, member must be compliant and prescriber must verify the member is responding to Nucala as demonstrated by a Birmingham Vasculitis Activity Score (BVAS) of 0 (zero), fewer EGPA relapses from baseline, or a decrease in daily OCS dosing from baseline. **Subsequent approvals will be for 1 year.**

Nucala (Mepolizumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Eosinophilic Phenotype Asthma Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved indication for add-on maintenance treatment of members with severe eosinophilic phenotype asthma; and
2. Member must be 6 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have a blood eosinophil count of ≥ 150 cells/mcL (can apply to either a recent level or in history prior to oral corticosteroid use); and
4. Member must have had at least 2 asthma exacerbations requiring systemic corticosteroids within the last 12 months or require daily systemic corticosteroids despite compliant use of medium-to-high dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus at least 1 additional controller medication; and
5. Member must have failed a medium-to-high dose ICS used compliantly within the last 3-6 consecutive months (for ICS/LABA combination products, the ICS component would meet criteria at an equivalent medium-to-high dose); and
6. Member must have failed at least 1 other asthma controller medication used in addition to the medium-to-high dose ICS compliantly for at least the past 3 months; and

7. For authorization of Nucala in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or
8. For authorization of Nucala prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Nucala; and
9. Nucala must be prescribed by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist or the member must have been evaluated by an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is an allergist, pulmonologist, or pulmonary specialist); and
10. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. ~~after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval~~ Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year, if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and
11. A quantity limit of 1 vial, prefilled autoinjector, or prefilled syringe per 28 days will apply.

Nucala (Mepolizumab Injection) Approval Criteria [Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES) Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of HES for ≥6 months without an identifiable non-hematologic secondary cause; and
2. Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have a past history of at least 2 confirmed HES flares [requiring increase in oral corticosteroid (OCS) dose, initiation/increased dose of cytotoxic or immunosuppressive therapy, or hospitalization] within the past 12 months; and
4. Member must have a baseline blood eosinophil count of ≥1,000 cells/mcL in the last 4 weeks prior to initiating Nucala; and
5. Diagnosis of FIP1L1-PDGFRα kinase-positive HES will not be approved; and
6. Failure to achieve remission despite corticosteroid therapy (oral prednisone equivalent ≥10mg/day) for a minimum of 4 weeks duration or member is unable to tolerate corticosteroid therapy due to significant side effects from corticosteroid therapy; and
7. Nucala must be prescribed by a hematologist or a specialist with expertise in treatment of HES (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a hematologist or a specialist with expertise in treatment of HES); and
8. For authorization of Nucala in a health care facility, prescriber must verify the injection will be administered in a health care setting by a health care professional prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or

9. For authorization of Nucala prefilled autoinjector or prefilled syringe for self-administration, prescriber must verify the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Nucala; and
10. A quantity limit of 3 vials, prefilled autoinjectors, or prefilled syringes per 28 days will apply; and
11. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval. For continued approval, member must be compliant and prescriber must verify the member is responding to Nucala as demonstrated by fewer HES flares from baseline or a decrease in daily OCS dosing from baseline.
Subsequent approvals will be for 1 year.

Tezspire® (Tezepelumab-ekko) Approval Criteria [Severe Asthma Diagnosis]:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of add-on maintenance treatment for severe asthma; and
2. Member must be 12 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have experienced ≥ 2 asthma exacerbations requiring oral or injectable corticosteroids or that resulted in hospitalization in the last 12 months; and
4. Member must have failed a medium-to-high dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) used compliantly within the last 3-6 consecutive months (for ICS/LABA combination products, the ICS component would meet criteria at an equivalent medium-to-high dose); and
5. Member must have failed at least 1 other asthma controller medication used in addition to the medium-to-high dose ICS compliantly for at least the past 3 months; and
6. For authorization of Tezspire® in a health care facility, prescriber must verify that the injection will be administered by a health care provider prepared to manage anaphylaxis; or
7. For authorization of Tezspire® pre-filled pen for self-administration, prescriber must verify that the injection will be administered by a health care provider prepared to manage anaphylaxis or the member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on subcutaneous administration, monitoring for any allergic reactions, and storage of Tezspire®; and
8. Tezspire® must be prescribed by a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist, or the member must have been evaluated by a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist within the last 12 months (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a pulmonologist or pulmonary specialist); and
9. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. ~~after which time compliance will be evaluated for continued approval~~ Reauthorization may be granted for the duration of 1 year, if the prescriber documents

the member is responding well to treatment. Additionally, compliance will be evaluated for continued approval; and

10. A quantity limit of 1.91mL (1 single-dose glass vial or single-dose pre-filled syringe) per 28 days will apply.

Additionally, the College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of umeclidinium/vilanterol (unbranded Anoro® Ellipta®) and removing the prior authorization from brand name Anoro® Ellipta® (umeclidinium/vilanterol) and designating it as brand preferred based on net costs, the following changes to the Ohtuvayre® (ensifentrine) approval criteria to be consistent with the current guidelines, and removing the prior authorization from Daliresp® (roflumilast) based on net costs (changes shown in red):

Umeclidinium/Vilanterol (Unbranded Anoro® Ellipta®) Anoro® Ellipta® (Umeclidinium/Vilanterol), Bevespi Aerosphere® (Glycopyrrolate/Formoterol Fumarate), Duaklir® Pressair® (Acclidinium Bromide/Formoterol Fumarate), and Stiolto® Respimat® (Tiotropium/Olodaterol) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD); and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Tier-1 long-acting beta₂ agonist (LABA) and long-acting muscarinic antagonist (LAMA) individual components or brand name Anoro® Ellipta® must be provided; and
4. Anoro® Ellipta® is brand preferred. Requests for unbranded umeclidinium/vilanterol will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use brand name Anoro® Ellipta®, which is available without prior authorization.

Ohtuvayre® (Ensifentrine) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD); and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member ~~has moderate to severe disease [i.e., GOLD 2 or GOLD 3 airflow obstruction as demonstrated by forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV₁) ≥30% and <80% predicted]~~ and is symptomatic [i.e., modified Medical Research Council (mMRC) dyspnea scale grade ≥2, **COPD Assessment Test (CAT) ≥10**]; and
4. Member is inadequately controlled on dual or triple combination long-acting bronchodilator therapy (must have ≥3 claims for long-acting bronchodilators in the previous 6 months); and
5. Member must not be taking Daliresp® (roflumilast) concurrently with Ohtuvayre™; and
6. A quantity limit of 60 ampules (150mL) per 30 days will apply.

Daliresp® (Roflumilast) Approval Criteria:

- ~~1. An FDA approved diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) with history of chronic bronchitis; and~~
- ~~2. Forced expiratory volume (FEV) ≤50% of predicted; and~~
- ~~3. Member is inadequately controlled on long-acting bronchodilator therapy (must have 3 or more claims for long-acting bronchodilators in the previous 6 months).~~

Finally, the College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes to the Asthma and COPD Maintenance Medications Product Based Prior Authorization (PBPA) categories based on net costs (changes noted in red in the following PBPA Tier charts):

- Moving Striverdi® Respimat® (olodaterol inhalation spray) from Tier-2 to Tier-1; and
- Moving Tudorza® PressAir® (aclidinium inhalation powder) from Tier-1 to Tier-2; and
- Making Arnuity® Ellipta® (fluticasone furoate) brand preferred.

| Long-Acting Beta₂ Agonists (LABA) and Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists (LAMA) | |
|---|---|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 |
| Long-Acting Beta₂ Agonists* (LABA) | |
| olodaterol inhalation spray (Striverdi® Respimat®) | arformoterol nebulizer solution (Brovana®) |
| salmeterol inhalation powder (Serevent®) | formoterol nebulizer solution (Perforomist®) |
| | formoterol nebulizer solution kit |
| | olodaterol inhalation spray (Striverdi® Respimat®) |
| Long-Acting Muscarinic Antagonists (LAMA) | |
| aclidinium inhalation powder (Tudorza® PressAir®) | aclidinium inhalation powder (Tudorza® PressAir®) |
| tiotropium inhalation powder (Spiriva® HandiHaler®) – Brand Preferred | revefenacin inhalation solution (Yupelri®) |
| tiotropium soft mist inhaler (Spiriva® Respimat®) | |
| umeclidinium inhalation powder (Incruse® Ellipta®) | |

*Tier-1 combination products that contain a long-acting beta₂ agonist (LABA) qualify for the LABA trial requirement.

Tier-1 medications do not require prior authorization.

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

| Inhaled Corticosteroids (ICS) and Combination Products | |
|---|---|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2* |
| beclomethasone dipropionate (QVAR® ReditHaler®) | budesonide/formoterol (Symbicort Aerosphere®) |
| budesonide (Pulmicort Flexhaler®) | ciclesonide (Alvesco®) |

| | |
|---|---|
| budesonide/formoterol (Symbicort®) ^β – Brand Preferred | fluticasone propionate (Flovent®) |
| fluticasone furoate (Arnuity® Ellipta®) – Brand Preferred | fluticasone furoate/vilanterol (Breo® Ellipta®) – Brand Preferred |
| fluticasone propionate/salmeterol (Advair®) | fluticasone propionate/salmeterol (AirDuo RespiClick®) |
| mometasone furoate (Asmanex®) | mometasone furoate/formoterol 50mcg/5mcg (Dulera®) |
| mometasone furoate/formoterol (Dulera®) ^ϑ | |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

*Unique criteria apply to each Tier-2 product.

^βDoes not include Breyna®; authorization of Breyna® requires a reason why the member cannot use the brand formulation (Symbicort®).

^ϑIncludes all strengths other than Dulera® 50mcg/5mcg.

Recommendation 11: Vote to Prior Authorize Boruzu® (Bortezomib) and Lynozyfic™ (Linvoseltamab-gcpt) and Update the Approval Criteria for the Multiple Myeloma Medications

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Boruzu® (bortezomib) and Lynozyfic™ (linvoseltamab-gcpt) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Boruzu® (Bortezomib) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason the member cannot use generic Velcade® (bortezomib), which is available without a prior authorization, must be provided.

Lynozyfic™ (Linvoseltamab-gcpt) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; and
2. Member has received at least 4 prior lines of therapy, including a proteasome inhibitor, an immunomodulatory agent, and an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody; and
3. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
4. Health care facilities must be trained in the management of cytokine release syndrome (CRS), neurologic toxicities, and comply with the risk evaluation and mitigation strategy (REMS) requirements.

Next, the College of Pharmacy recommends adding new approval criteria for Blenrep (belantamab mafodotin-blmf) based on the recent FDA approval (new criteria shown in red):

Blenrep (Belantamab Mafodotin-blmf) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Used in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone; and
4. Member has received at least 2 prior lines of therapy, including a proteasome inhibitor and immunomodulatory agent; and
5. Prescriber must verify the member will receive eye exams, including visual acuity and slit lamp ophthalmic examinations, at baseline, prior to each dose and promptly for any new or worsening symptoms; and
6. Prescriber must comply with the risk evaluation and mitigation strategy (REMS) requirements.

Additionally, the College of Pharmacy recommends updating the approval criteria for Abecma® (idecabtagene vicleucel) and Carvykti® (ciltacabtagene autoleucel) to be consistent with recent FDA label updates (changes shown in red):

Abecma® (Idecabtagene Vicleucel) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM):
 - a. Member has received ≥2 prior lines of therapy, including an immunomodulatory agent, a proteasome inhibitor (PI), and an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody; and
 - i. Induction with or without autologous hematopoietic stem cell transplant and with or without maintenance therapy is considered a single regimen; and
 - ii. Must have undergone ≥2 consecutive cycles of treatment for each regimen unless progressive disease was seen after 1 cycle; and
 - b. Member must have measurable disease, including at least 1 of the following:
 - i. Serum M-protein ≥0.5g/dL; or
 - ii. Urine M-protein ≥200mg/24hr; or
 - iii. Serum free light chain (FLC) assay: involved FLC ≥10mg/dL (100mg/L); or
 - iv. Bone marrow plasma cells >30% of total bone marrow cells; and
 - c. Member must not have any central nervous system involvement with multiple myeloma.
2. Health care facilities must be ~~on the certified list~~ a qualified treatment center to administer chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T-cells and must be trained in the management of cytokine release syndrome (CRS); and neurologic toxicities, ~~and comply with the risk evaluation and mitigation strategy (REMS) requirements;~~ and
3. Approvals will be for 1 dose per member per lifetime.

Carvykti® (Ciltacabtagene Autoleucel) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM):
 - a. Member has received ≥1 prior line of therapy, including an immunomodulatory agent and a proteasome inhibitor; and
 - i. Member must be refractory to lenalidomide; and
 - ii. Member must have undergone ≥2 consecutive cycles of treatment for each regimen unless progressive disease was seen after 1 cycle; and
 - b. Member must have measurable disease, including at least 1 of the following:
 - i. Serum M-protein ≥0.5g/dL; or
 - ii. Urine M-protein ≥200mg/24hr; or
 - iii. Serum free light chain (FLC) assay: involved FLC ≥10mg/dL (100mg/L); or
 - iv. Bone marrow plasma cells >30% of total bone marrow cells; and
 - c. Member must not have any central nervous system involvement with multiple myeloma; and
2. Health care facilities must be ~~on the certified list~~ a qualified treatment center to administer chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T-cells and must be trained in the management of cytokine release syndrome (CRS); and neurologic toxicities; ~~and comply with the risk evaluation and mitigation strategy (REMS) requirements~~; and
3. Approvals will be for 1 dose per member per lifetime.

Lastly, the College of Pharmacy recommends updating the approval criteria for Darzalex® (daratumumab), Darzalex Faspro® (daratumumab/hyaluronidase-fihj), Ninlaro® (ixazomib), Sarclisa® (isatuximab-irfc), Talvey® (talquetamab-tgvs), Tecvayli® (teclistamab-cqyv), and Xpovio® (selinexor) based on National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) recommendations (changes shown in red):

Darzalex® (Daratumumab) and Darzalex Faspro® (Daratumumab/Hyaluronidase-fihj) Approval Criteria [Light Chain Amyloidosis Diagnosis]:

1. Relapsed/refractory light chain amyloidosis ~~as a single agent~~; ~~or~~ and
 - a. ~~Used as a single agent~~; or
 - b. ~~Used in combination with venetoclax for t(11;14) translocation~~; or
2. Newly diagnosed light chain amyloidosis in combination with bortezomib, cyclophosphamide, and dexamethasone.

~~Darzalex® (Daratumumab) and Darzalex Faspro® (Daratumumab/Hyaluronidase-fihj) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:~~

- ~~1. Diagnosis of multiple myeloma; and~~
- ~~2. Used in 1 of the following settings:~~
 - ~~a. In combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone as primary therapy in members who are ineligible for autologous stem cell~~

- ~~transplant (ASCT) or in members who have received at least 1 prior therapy; or~~
- ~~b. In combination with bortezomib, melphalan, and prednisone as primary therapy in members who are ineligible for ASCT; or~~
- ~~c. In combination with bortezomib, thalidomide, and dexamethasone or bortezomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone as primary therapy in members who are eligible for ASCT; or~~
- ~~d. After at least 1 prior therapy, in combination with 1 of the following:~~
 - ~~i. Dexamethasone and bortezomib; or~~
 - ~~ii. Carfilzomib and dexamethasone; or~~
 - ~~iii. Dexamethasone and lenalidomide; or~~
 - ~~iv. Cyclophosphamide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone; or~~
 - ~~v. Pomalidomide and dexamethasone* [*previous therapy for this combination must include lenalidomide and a proteasome inhibitor (PI)]; or~~
 - ~~vi. Selinexor and dexamethasone; or~~
- ~~e. In combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone for members who are ineligible for ASCT or with cyclophosphamide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone as primary therapy or for disease relapse after 6 months following primary induction therapy with the same regimen; or~~
- ~~f. As a single agent in members who have received ≥3 prior therapies, including a PI and an immunomodulatory agent, or who are double refractory to a PI and an immunomodulatory agent.~~

Darzalex® (Daratumumab) and Darzalex Faspro® (Daratumumab/Hyaluronidase-fihj) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of multiple myeloma; and
2. Used in 1 of the following settings:
 - a. As primary therapy in members who are ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant (ASCT) and used in combination with:
 - i. Lenalidomide and dexamethasone; or
 - ii. Bortezomib, melphalan, and prednisone; or
 - b. As primary therapy in members who are eligible for ASCT and used in combination with:
 - i. Bortezomib and thalidomide or lenalidomide and dexamethasone; or
 - ii. Carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone; or
 - c. As maintenance therapy for response or stable disease following hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HCT) or primary myeloma therapy; and
 - i. Used as a single agent; or
 - ii. Used in combination with lenalidomide; or
 - d. For disease relapse after 6 months following primary induction therapy with the same regimen and used in combination with:
 - i. Lenalidomide and dexamethasone; or

- ii. Cyclophosphamide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone; or
- e. After at least 1 prior therapy, in combination with 1 of the following:
 - i. Bortezomib and dexamethasone; or
 - ii. Carfilzomib and dexamethasone; or
 - iii. Lenalidomide and dexamethasone; or
 - iv. Pomalidomide and dexamethasone (if previous therapy for this combination included lenalidomide and a proteasome inhibitor); or
 - v. Cyclophosphamide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone; or
 - vi. Selinexor and dexamethasone; or
 - vii. Venetoclax and dexamethasone for patients with t(11:14) translocation; or
- f. Used as a single-agent in members who have received ≥ 3 prior therapies, including a proteasome inhibitor (PI) and an immunomodulatory agent, or who are double refractory to a PI and an immunomodulatory agent.

Darzalex® (Daratumumab) and Darzalex Faspro® (Daratumumab/Hyaluronidase-fihj) Approval Criteria [Smoldering Myeloma Diagnosis]:

- 1. Diagnosis of high-risk smoldering myeloma (asymptomatic); and
- 2. Used a single agent.

Ninlaro® (Ixazomib) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

- 1. Diagnosis of symptomatic multiple myeloma; and
- 2. Used in 1 of the following settings:
 - a. As primary therapy; or
 - b. Following disease relapse after 6 months following primary induction therapy with the same regimen, used in combination with 1 of the following regimens:
 - i. Lenalidomide and dexamethasone; or
 - ii. Cyclophosphamide and dexamethasone for transplant candidates only; or
 - iii. Pomalidomide and dexamethasone if member has failed ≥ 2 prior therapies and demonstrated disease progression within 60 days; or
 - c. As a single agent for maintenance therapy following response to primary myeloma therapy in transplant candidates or following hematopoietic stem cell transplant.
- ~~3. As a single agent for the maintenance treatment of disease.~~

Sarclisa® (Isatuximab-irfc) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

- 1. Diagnosis of multiple myeloma; and
 - a. ~~Used in the first line setting~~ As primary therapy; and
 - i. Used in combination with bortezomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone; ~~and or~~
 - ii. Used in combination with carfilzomib, lenalidomide, and dexamethasone for transplant eligible members; or

- iii. Used in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone for transplant-deferred or when transplant is not indicated; or
 - ~~b. Member is considered ineligible for autologous stem cell transplantation; or~~
- 2. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM); and
 - a. Used in 1 of the following settings:
 - i. Used in combination with pomalidomide and dexamethasone after ≥ 2 prior therapies [previous treatment must have included lenalidomide and a proteasome inhibitor (PI)]; or
 - ii. Used in combination with carfilzomib and dexamethasone after 1 to 3 prior therapies.

Talvey® (Talquetamab-tgvs) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

- 1. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; and
- 2. **Must meet 1 of the following:**
 - a. **Used as a single agent in those who have ~~Member has~~ received at least 4 prior lines of therapy, including a proteasome inhibitor, an immunomodulatory agent, and an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody; and or**
 - b. **Used in combination with teclistamab-cqyv in those who have received at least 3 prior lines of therapy; and**
- 3. Health care facilities must be trained in the management of cytokine release syndrome (CRS), neurologic toxicities, and comply with the risk evaluation and mitigation strategy (REMS) requirements.

Tecvayli® (Teclistamab-cqyv) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

- 1. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma; and
- 2. **Must meet 1 of the following:**
 - a. **Used as a single agent in those who have ~~Member has~~ received ≥ 4 prior lines of therapy, including a proteasome inhibitor, an immunomodulatory agent, and an anti-CD38 antibody; and or**
 - b. **Used in combination with talquetamab-tgvs in those who have received at least 3 prior lines of therapy; and**
- 3. Health care facilities must be trained in the management of cytokine release syndrome (CRS), neurologic toxicities, and comply with the risk evaluation and mitigation strategy (REMS) requirements.

Xpovio® (Selinexor) Approval Criteria [Multiple Myeloma Diagnosis]:

- 1. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM); and
- 2. Used in 1 of the following settings:
 - a. In combination with dexamethasone in members who have received ≥ 4 prior therapies including refractory disease to ≥ 2 proteasome inhibitors (PIs), ≥ 2 immunomodulatory agents, and an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody; or

- b. Used in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone in members who have failed at least 1 prior therapy; or
- c. Used in combination with daratumumab or daratumumab/hyaluronidase and dexamethasone in members who have failed at least 1 prior therapy.

Recommendation 12: Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Skysona® (Elivaldogene Autotemcel)

MOTION CARRIED by unanimous approval.

The College of Pharmacy recommends updating the Skysona® (elivaldogene autotemcel) prior authorization criteria based on the FDA label updates (changes shown in red):

Skysona® (Elivaldogene Autotemcel) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of early, active cerebral adrenoleukodystrophy (CALD) in male members 4 to 17 years of age; and
2. Diagnosis must be confirmed by all of the following:
 - a. Molecular genetic testing confirming a mutation in the *ABCD1* gene (results of genetic testing must be submitted); and
 - i. Members must not have a full deletion of the *ABCD1* gene; and
 - b. Lab results indicating elevated very long-chain fatty acids (VLCFAs); and
 - c. Active central nervous system (CNS) disease established by central radiographic review of brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) demonstrating the following:
 - i. Loes score between 0.5 and 9 on the 34-point scale; and
 - ii. Gadolinium enhancement (GdE+) on MRI of demyelinating lesions; and
 - d. Neurological Function Score (NFS) of ≤ 1 ; and
3. Skysona® must be prescribed by a neurologist, endocrinologist, or hematologist/oncologist with expertise in the treatment of CALD and the administration of Skysona®; and
4. Member must not have a known and available human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-matched sibling donor; and
5. Member must not have a prior history of hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT); and
6. Member must not be taking statins, Lorenzo's oil, or dietary regimens used to lower VLCFA levels; and
7. Member must not have an immediate family member with known or suspected familial cancer syndrome (FCS); and
8. Member must have a negative serology test for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) prior to apheresis according to the package labeling; and

9. Prescriber must verify the member is clinically stable and eligible to undergo HSCT (HSCT must be appropriate for a member to be treated with Skysona®); and
10. Members of reproductive potential must use an effective method of contraception from the start of mobilization through at least 6 months after administration of Skysona®; and
11. Prescriber must verify members of reproductive potential have been counseled on the potential effects of myeloablative conditioning on fertility and the potential risk of infertility is acceptable to the member or member's caregiver; and
12. Prescriber must evaluate the potential for drug interactions, according to package labeling, prior to and after administration of Skysona®; and
13. Prescriber must verify member will be monitored for hematologic malignancies lifelong, with a complete blood count (with differential) performed at ~~least every 3 months~~ ~~month 6 and month 12~~ and through assessments for evidence for clonal expansion or predominance at least twice in the first year after treatment with Skysona®, then at least annually thereafter for at least 15 years, ~~and with integration site analysis at months 6, 12,~~ and as warranted; and
14. Skysona® must be administered at a Skysona® qualified treatment center, and the receiving facility must have a mechanism in place to track the patient-specific Skysona® dose from receipt to storage to administration; and
15. Approvals will be for 1 dose per member per lifetime.

Recommendation 13: Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Skin Cancer Medications and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Keytruda Qlex™ (Pembrolizumab/Berahyaluronidase alfa-pmhp) and Opdivo Qvantig™ (Nivolumab/Hyaluronidase-nvhy)

NO ACTION REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY 2026.

Recommendation 14: Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Complement Inhibitors and Miscellaneous Immunomodulatory Agents and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Imaavy™ (Nipocalimab-aahu)

NO ACTION REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY 2026.

Recommendation 15: 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Alyglo™ [Immune Globulin (IG) Intravenous (IV), Human-stwk], Asceniv™ (IGIV, Human-slra), Cuvitru® (IG Subcutaneous (SC), Human), Gammagard Liquid® (IG Infusion, Human), Gammagard S/D® (IGIV, Human), Gammaplex® (IGIV, Human), Hizentra® (IGSC, Human), Panzyga® (IGIV, Human-ifas), Privigen® (IGIV, Human), and Xembify® (IGSC, Human – klhw)

NO ACTION REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY 2026.

Recommendation 16: Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Thrombocytopenia Medications and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Doptelet® Sprinkle (Avatrombopag) and Wayrilz™ (Rilzabrutinib)

NO ACTION REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY 2026.

Recommendation 17: Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Muscle Relaxant Medications and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Atmeksi® (Methocarbamol Oral Suspension), Metaxalone 640mg Tablet, and Tanlor® (Methocarbamol 1,000mg Tablet)

NO ACTION REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY 2026.

Recommendation 18: 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Andembry® (Garadacimab-gxii), Dawnzera™ (Donidalorsen), and Ekterly® (Sebetralstat) and Create a Product Based Prior Authorization (PBPA) Category for the Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) Medications

NO ACTION REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY 2026.

Recommendation 19: Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Antidepressants and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Escitalopram 15mg Capsule and Raldesy™ (Trazodone Oral Solution)

NO ACTION REQUIRED; WILL BE AN ACTION ITEM IN FEBRUARY 2026.

Recommendation 20: U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Updates

NO ACTION REQUIRED.

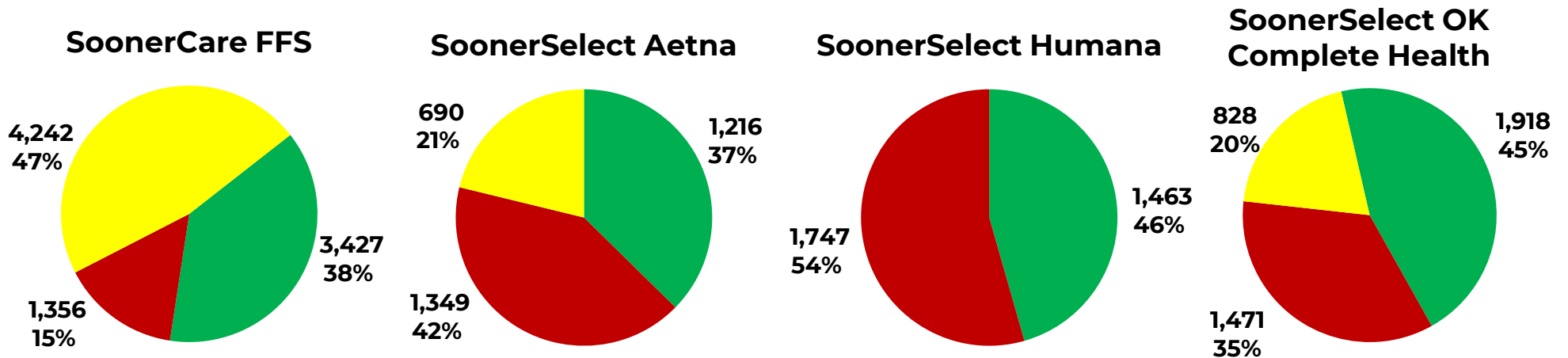
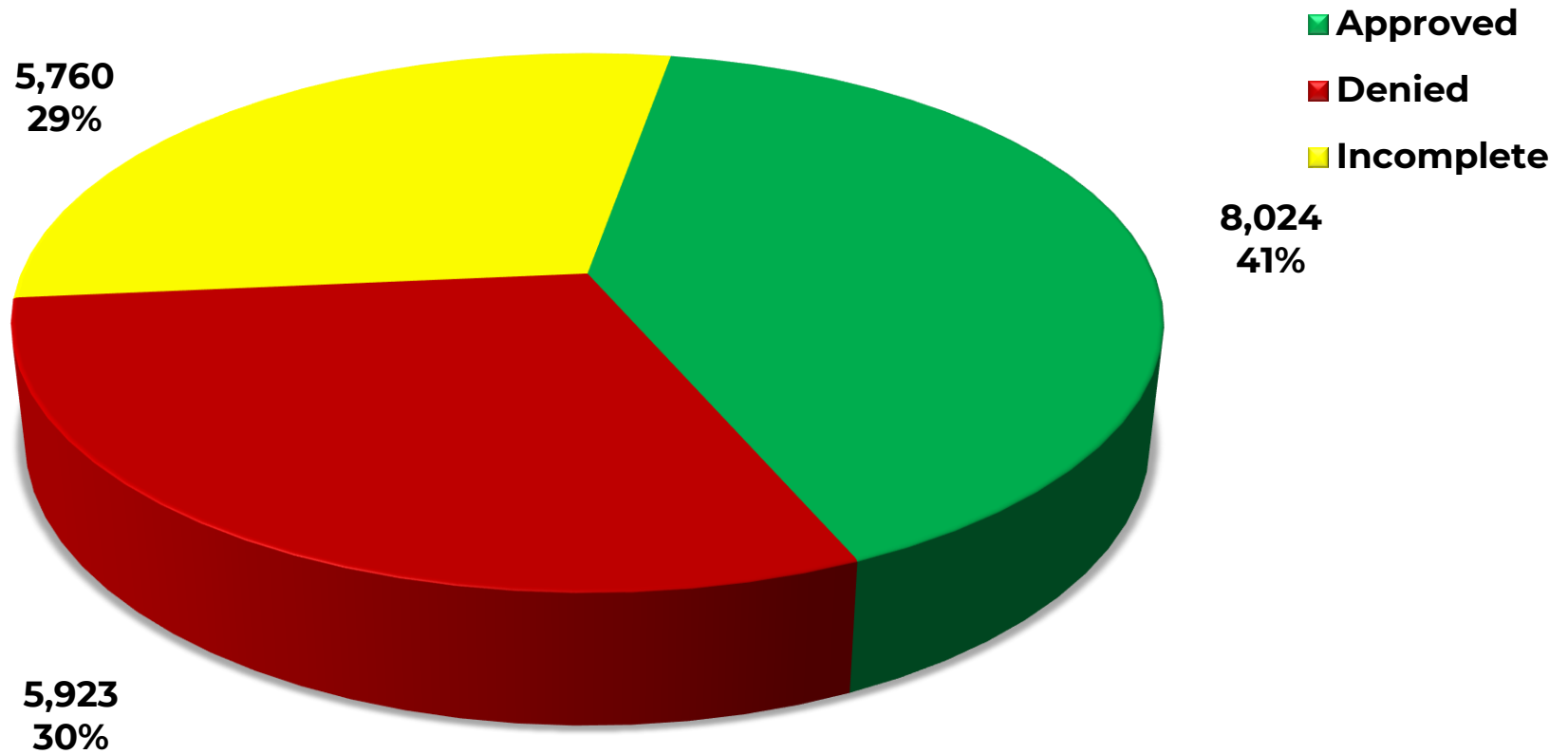
Recommendation 21: Future Business

NO ACTION REQUIRED.

- No live DUR Board meeting is scheduled for January 2026. January 2026 will be a packet-only meeting.



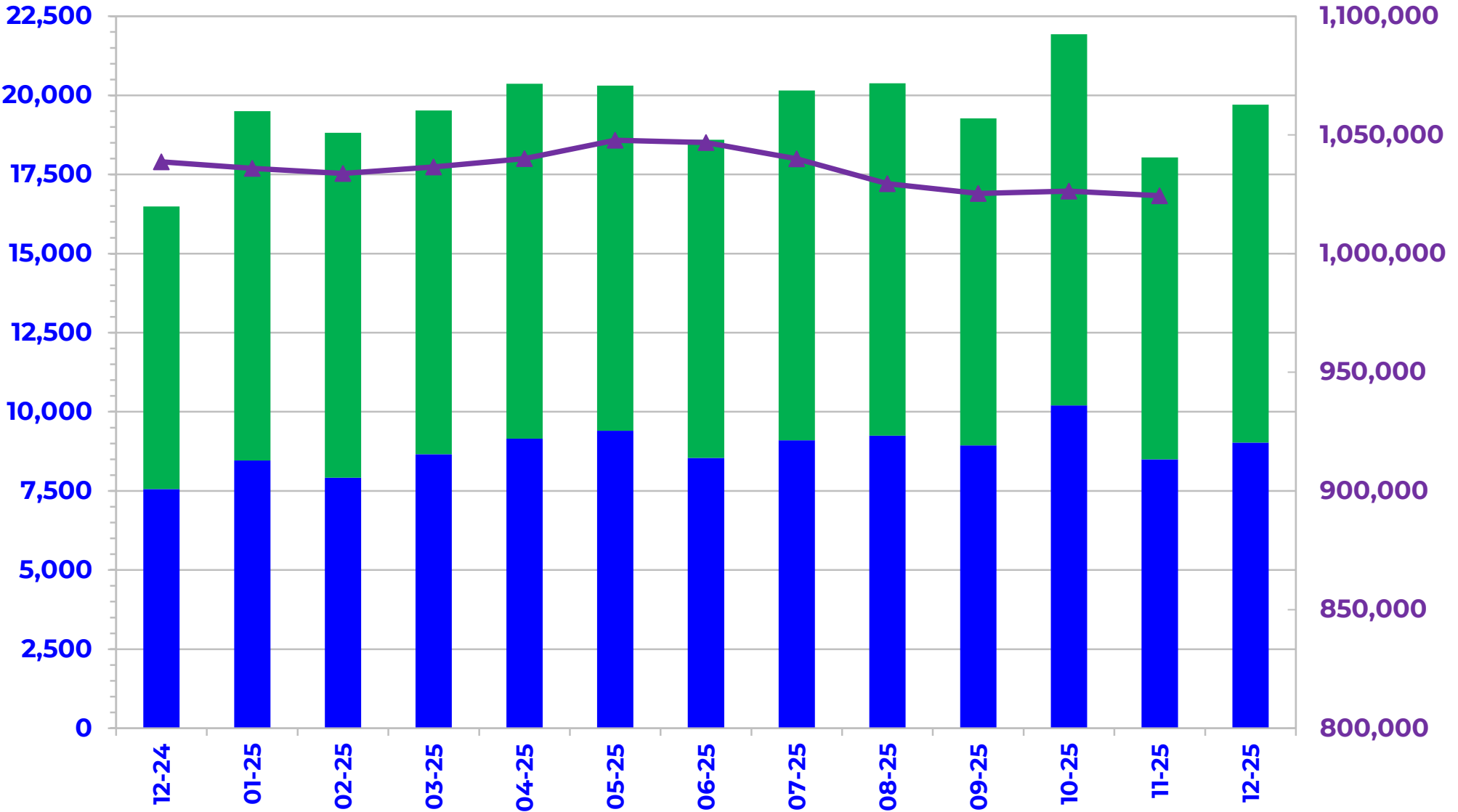
PRIOR AUTHORIZATION (PA) ACTIVITY REPORT: DECEMBER 2025



PA totals include approved/denied/incomplete/overrides; SoonerSelect totals are based on data provided to the College of Pharmacy from the SoonerSelect plans.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION (PA) REPORT: DECEMBER 2024 – DECEMBER 2025

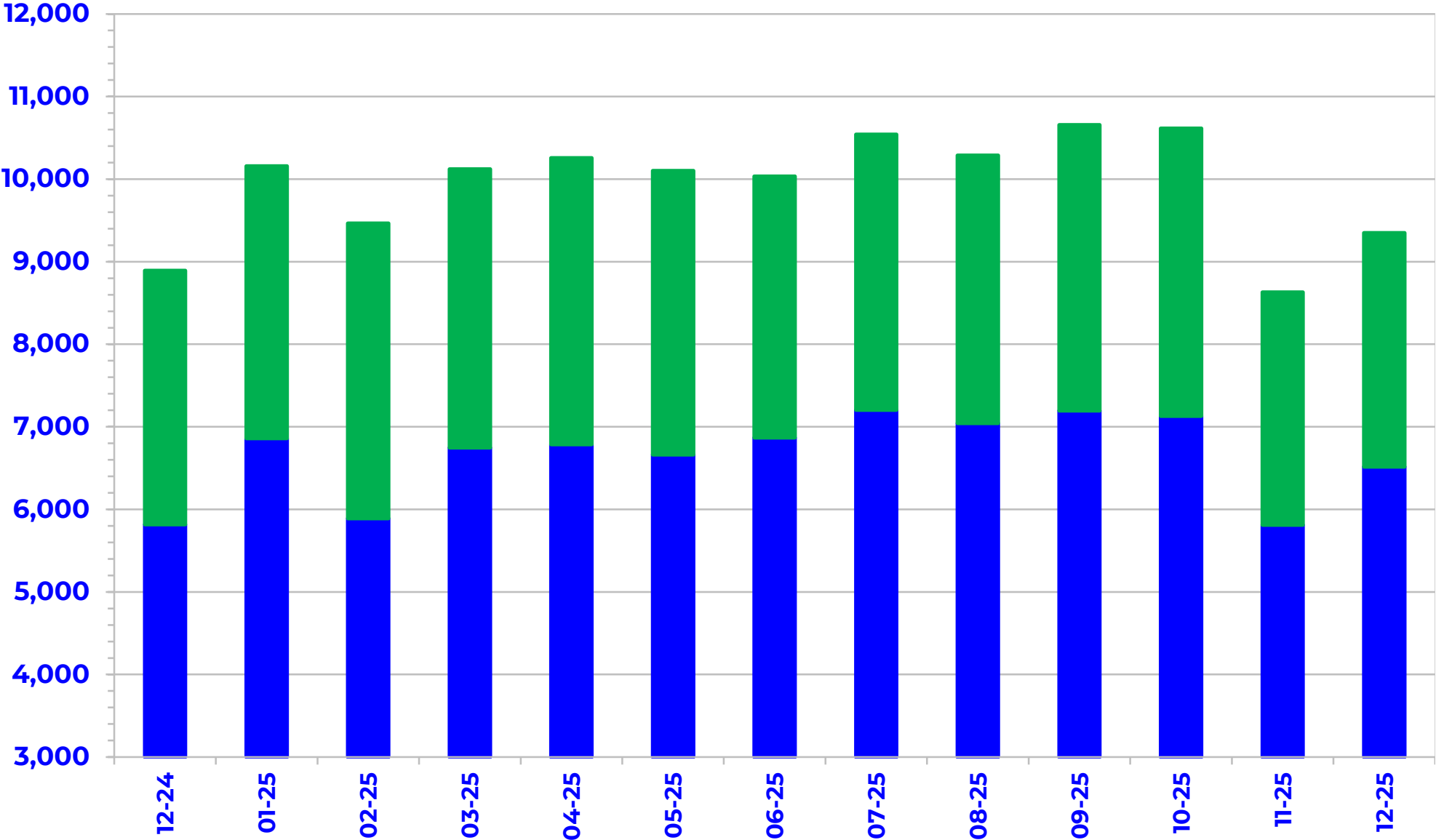
■ FFS ■ SoonerSelect ▲ Total Enrollment



PA totals include approved/denied/incomplete/overrides

CALL VOLUME MONTHLY REPORT: DECEMBER 2024 – DECEMBER 2025

■ SoonerSelect ■ FFS



SoonerCare FFS Prior Authorization Activity

12/1/2025 Through 12/31/2025

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|---|-------|----------|--------|------------|---|
| Allergenic Extracts/Biologicals Misc. | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 360 |
| Amphetamines | 854 | 424 | 71 | 359 | 352 |
| Analgesics - Anti-Inflammatory | 202 | 83 | 23 | 96 | 320 |
| Analgesics - Nonnarcotic | 13 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 357 |
| Analgesics - Opioid | 300 | 119 | 24 | 157 | 129 |
| Androgens - Anabolic | 77 | 24 | 19 | 34 | 340 |
| Anorectal and Related Products | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Anorexiant Non-Amphetamine | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Anthelmintics | 19 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 26 |
| Anti-Infective Agents - Misc. | 28 | 8 | 5 | 15 | 101 |
| Anti-Obesity Agents | 121 | 13 | 76 | 32 | 101 |
| Antianginal Agents | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Antianxiety Agents | 31 | 5 | 2 | 24 | 292 |
| Antiarrhythmics | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Antiasthmatic and Bronchodilator Agents | 541 | 111 | 105 | 325 | 435 |
| Antibiotics | 25 | 10 | 1 | 14 | 85 |
| Anticoagulants | 18 | 0 | 3 | 15 | 0 |
| Anticonvulsants | 241 | 110 | 12 | 119 | 382 |
| Antidepressants | 202 | 65 | 29 | 108 | 454 |
| Antidiabetics | 1,273 | 392 | 257 | 624 | 383 |
| Antidiarrheal/Probiotic Agents | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Antidotes and Specific Antagonists | 9 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 222 |
| Antiemetics | 17 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 18 |
| Antifungals | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Antihistamines | 9 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 358 |
| Antihyperlipidemics | 47 | 8 | 15 | 24 | 229 |
| Antihypertensives | 22 | 10 | 1 | 11 | 470 |
| Antimalarials | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Antineoplastics and Adjunctive Therapies | 203 | 129 | 7 | 67 | 181 |
| Antiparkinson and Related Therapy Agents | 13 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 847 |
| Antipsychotics/Antimanic Agents | 297 | 121 | 22 | 154 | 365 |
| Antivirals | 32 | 11 | 7 | 14 | 0 |
| Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Agents | 230 | 156 | 6 | 68 | 1,016 |
| Beta Blockers | 10 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 968 |
| Calcium Channel Blockers | 14 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 602 |
| Cardiovascular Agents - Misc. | 117 | 54 | 9 | 54 | 387 |
| Contraceptives | 20 | 18 | 1 | 1 | 363 |
| Corticosteroids | 10 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 360 |
| Cough/Cold/Allergy | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Dermatologicals | 490 | 159 | 104 | 227 | 243 |
| Diagnostic Products | 46 | 15 | 0 | 31 | 132 |
| Dietary Products/Dietary Management Products | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Digestive Aids | 9 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 360 |
| Diuretics | 12 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 669 |
| Dopamine and Norepinephrine Reuptake Inhibitors (DNRIs) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Emergency PA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Endocrine and Metabolic Agents - Misc. | 159 | 65 | 24 | 70 | 248 |

*Includes missing and invalid NDCs, unspecified HCPCS, and CPT codes.

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---|
| Estrogens | 7 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 360 |
| Gastrointestinal Agents - Misc. | 332 | 97 | 73 | 162 | 254 |
| Genitourinary Agents - Misc. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 359 |
| Gout Agents | 11 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 270 |
| Hematological Agents - Misc. | 26 | 12 | 1 | 13 | 343 |
| Hematopoietic Agents | 57 | 14 | 13 | 30 | 137 |
| Hemostatics | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Hypnotics/Sedatives/Sleep Disorder Agents | 63 | 8 | 7 | 48 | 143 |
| Laxatives | 12 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 360 |
| Medical Devices and Supplies | 269 | 47 | 60 | 162 | 268 |
| Migraine Products | 416 | 95 | 98 | 223 | 267 |
| Minerals and Electrolytes | 5 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 360 |
| Miscellaneous Therapeutic Classes | 67 | 31 | 7 | 29 | 302 |
| Multivitamins | 7 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 303 |
| Musculoskeletal Therapy Agents | 51 | 2 | 16 | 33 | 359 |
| Nasal Agents - Systemic and Topical | 27 | 1 | 9 | 17 | 85 |
| Neuromuscular Agents | 67 | 32 | 13 | 22 | 343 |
| Ophthalmic Agents | 59 | 17 | 8 | 34 | 156 |
| Other* | 61 | 21 | 7 | 33 | 216 |
| Otic Agents | 29 | 6 | 2 | 21 | 77 |
| Passive Immunizing and Treatment Agents | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Progestins | 12 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 304 |
| Psychotherapeutic and Neurological Agents - Misc. | 289 | 82 | 57 | 150 | 241 |
| Respiratory Agents - Misc. | 26 | 17 | 0 | 9 | 315 |
| Stimulants - Misc. | 251 | 117 | 17 | 117 | 342 |
| Thyroid Agents | 9 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 542 |
| Ulcer Drugs/Antispasmodics/Anticholinergics | 75 | 17 | 9 | 49 | 754 |
| Urinary Antispasmodics | 42 | 7 | 8 | 27 | 569 |
| Vaccines | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Vaginal and Related Products | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Vitamins | 36 | 2 | 24 | 10 | 84 |
| Total | 8,054 | 2,805 | 1,292 | 3,957 | |

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|-------------------------|-------|----------|--------|------------|---|
| Overrides | | | | | |
| Brand | 31 | 16 | 1 | 14 | 274 |
| Compound | 28 | 22 | 0 | 6 | 12 |
| Cumulative Early Refill | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Dosage Change | 168 | 147 | 2 | 19 | 20 |
| High Dose | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1091 |
| Ingredient Duplication | 5 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 71 |
| Lost/Broken Rx | 38 | 34 | 3 | 1 | 17 |
| MAT Override | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 100 |
| NDC vs Age | 135 | 72 | 18 | 45 | 557 |
| NDC vs Sex | 12 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 360 |
| Nursing Home Issue | 37 | 33 | 0 | 4 | 13 |
| Opioid MME Limit | 55 | 15 | 2 | 38 | 153 |
| Opioid Quantity | 21 | 11 | 3 | 7 | 176 |
| Other | 43 | 30 | 6 | 7 | 41 |
| Quantity vs Days Supply | 322 | 190 | 18 | 114 | 327 |
| STBS/STBSM | 13 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 105 |

*Includes missing and invalid NDCs, unspecified HCPCS, and CPT codes.

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---|
| Step Therapy Exception | 6 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| Stolen | 14 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 24 |
| Third Brand Request | 38 | 16 | 0 | 22 | 21 |
| Overrides Total | 971 | 622 | 64 | 285 | |
| Total Regular PAs + Overrides | 9,025 | 3,427 | 1,356 | 4,242 | |

| | |
|---|--------|
| Denial Reasons | |
| Unable to verify required trials. | 3,749 |
| Does not meet established criteria. | 1,399 |
| Lack required information to process request. | 570 |
| Other PA Activity | |
| Duplicate Requests | 1,081 |
| Letters | 43,250 |
| No Process | 1 |
| Helpdesk Initiated Prior Authorizations | 348 |
| PAs Missing Information | 280 |
| Pharmacotherapy | 83 |
| Changes to Existing PAs | 605 |

*Includes missing and invalid NDCs, unspecified HCPCS, and CPT codes.

SoonerSelect Aetna Prior Authorization Activity

12/1/2025 Through 12/31/2025

Average Length
of Approvals in
Days

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Days |
|--|-------|----------|--------|------------|-------|
| Amphetamines | 253 | 150 | 78 | 25 | 351 |
| Analgesics - Anti-Inflammatory | 121 | 73 | 31 | 17 | 314 |
| Analgesics - Nonnarcotic | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Analgesics - Opioid | 114 | 51 | 32 | 31 | 118 |
| Androgens - Anabolic | 52 | 7 | 44 | 1 | 365 |
| Anthelmintics | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 22 |
| Antianxiety Agents | 44 | 10 | 10 | 24 | 316 |
| Antiasthmatic and Bronchodilator Agents | 149 | 32 | 79 | 38 | 359 |
| Antibiotics | 15 | 3 | 2 | 10 | 253 |
| Anticoagulants | 8 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 182 |
| Anticonvulsants | 71 | 25 | 22 | 24 | 305 |
| Antidepressants | 211 | 52 | 88 | 71 | 554 |
| Antidiabetics | 473 | 145 | 254 | 74 | 303 |
| Antidiarrheal/Probiotic Agents | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 103 |
| Antiemetics | 13 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 57 |
| Antifungals | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 365 |
| Antihistamines | 9 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 182 |
| Antihyperlipidemics | 53 | 7 | 21 | 25 | 301 |
| Antihypertensives | 23 | 2 | 5 | 16 | 365 |
| Anti-Infective Agents - Misc. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Antineoplastics and Adjunctive Therapies | 24 | 11 | 0 | 13 | 293 |
| Anti-Obesity Agents | 85 | 3 | 76 | 6 | 140 |
| Antiparkinson and Related Therapy Agents | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Antipsychotics/Antimanic Agents | 135 | 47 | 52 | 36 | 338 |
| Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Agents | 82 | 59 | 16 | 7 | 781 |
| Beta Blockers | 17 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 0 |
| Calcium Channel Blockers | 10 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 1,096 |
| Cardiovascular Agents - Misc. | 30 | 15 | 11 | 4 | 301 |
| Contraceptives | 17 | 1 | 14 | 2 | 365 |
| Corticosteroids | 24 | 23 | 1 | 0 | 132 |
| Dermatologicals | 260 | 113 | 116 | 31 | 237 |
| Diagnostic Products | 41 | 29 | 9 | 3 | 381 |
| Digestive Aids | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 365 |
| Diuretics | 11 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 365 |
| Endocrine and Metabolic Agents - Misc. | 65 | 36 | 25 | 4 | 273 |
| Estrogens | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 365 |
| Gastrointestinal Agents - Misc. | 91 | 45 | 40 | 6 | 211 |
| Genitourinary Agents - Misc. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Gout Agents | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 30 |
| Hematological Agents - Misc. | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 161 |
| Hematopoietic Agents | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 365 |
| Hypnotics/Sedatives/Sleep Disorder Agents | 27 | 1 | 17 | 9 | 365 |
| Laxatives | 18 | 1 | 10 | 7 | 365 |
| Local Anesthetics - Parenteral | 28 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 29 |
| Medical Devices and Supplies | 55 | 13 | 28 | 14 | 365 |
| Migraine Products | 178 | 60 | 105 | 13 | 233 |

*SoonerSelect totals are based on data provide to the College of Pharmacy from the SoonerSelect plans. Other includes missing and unmatched NDCs.

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---|
| Minerals and Electrolytes | 7 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous Therapeutic Classes | 33 | 31 | 2 | 0 | 365 |
| Multivitamins | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 365 |
| Musculoskeletal Therapy Agents | 43 | 0 | 8 | 35 | 0 |
| Nasal Agents - Systemic and Topical | 11 | 1 | 9 | 1 | 365 |
| Neuromuscular Agents | 22 | 19 | 0 | 3 | 364 |
| Ophthalmic Agents | 22 | 5 | 10 | 7 | 105 |
| Other | 14 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 0 |
| Otic Agents | 14 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Progestins | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 365 |
| Psychotherapeutic and Neurological Agents - Misc. | 26 | 10 | 11 | 5 | 172 |
| Respiratory Agents - Misc. | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 365 |
| Stimulants - Misc. | 91 | 59 | 27 | 5 | 352 |
| Thyroid Agents | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Ulcer Drugs/Antispasmodics/Anticholinergics | 57 | 6 | 15 | 36 | 309 |
| Urinary Antispasmodics | 11 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 365 |
| Vaccines | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 258 |
| Vitamins | 38 | 4 | 33 | 1 | 196 |
| **Total | 3,255 | 1,216 | 1,349 | 690 | |

**PA overrides are also reported within the drug categories included in the PA Activity report.

| Overrides | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----|
| Other | 695 | 5 | 0 | 690 | 0 |
| Quantity Level Limit | 35 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 329 |
| Step Therapy Met | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| Overrides Total | 735 | 45 | 0 | 690 | |

| Denial Reason | |
|--|-------|
| Benefit | 69 |
| Experimental/Investigational | 115 |
| Medical Necessity | 1,078 |
| Lack Required Information to Determine Medical Necessity | 87 |
| Other PA Activity | |
| Duplicate Requests | 22 |
| Letters | 3,846 |
| No Process | 258 |
| Changes to existing PAs | 0 |
| Helpdesk initiated PA | 4 |
| PAs missing info | 20 |

*SoonerSelect totals are based on data provide to the College of Pharmacy from the SoonerSelect plans. Other includes missing and unmatched NDCs.

SoonerSelect Humana Prior Authorization Activity

12/1/2025 Through 12/31/2025

Average Length
of Approvals in
Days

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|---|-------|----------|--------|------------|---|
| Amphetamines | 11 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 547 |
| Analgesics - Anti-Inflammatory | 74 | 63 | 11 | 0 | 326 |
| Analgesics - Opioid | 73 | 38 | 35 | 0 | 236 |
| Androgens - Anabolic | 56 | 13 | 43 | 0 | 180 |
| Anorectal and Related Products | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 91 |
| Anthelmintics | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 304 |
| Antianxiety Agents | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 365 |
| Antiasthmatic and Bronchodilator Agents | 126 | 50 | 76 | 0 | 229 |
| Antibiotics | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 274 |
| Anticonvulsants | 18 | 10 | 8 | 0 | 353 |
| Antidepressants | 46 | 28 | 18 | 0 | 412 |
| Antidiabetics | 284 | 103 | 181 | 0 | 324 |
| Antiemetics | 7 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 284 |
| Antifungals | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Antihyperlipidemics | 15 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 296 |
| Antihypertensives | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 183 |
| Antineoplastics and Adjunctive Therapies | 38 | 34 | 4 | 0 | 229 |
| Anti-Obesity Agents | 49 | 3 | 46 | 0 | 16 |
| Antiparkinson and Related Therapy Agents | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 365 |
| Antipsychotics/Antimanic Agents | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 365 |
| Antivirals | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 434 |
| Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Agents | 11 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 517 |
| Beta Blockers | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 365 |
| Cardiovascular Agents - Misc. | 23 | 9 | 14 | 0 | 380 |
| Contraceptives | 46 | 33 | 13 | 0 | 213 |
| Corticosteroids | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 547 |
| Dermatologicals | 152 | 106 | 46 | 0 | 282 |
| Diagnostic Products | 13 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 346 |
| Digestive Aids | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 183 |
| Dopamine and Norepinephrine Reuptake Inhibitors (DNRIs) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Endocrine and Metabolic Agents - Misc. | 37 | 28 | 9 | 0 | 268 |
| Estrogens | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 730 |
| Gastrointestinal Agents - Misc. | 76 | 39 | 37 | 0 | 280 |
| Gout Agents | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 365 |
| Hematological Agents - Misc. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 90 |
| Hematopoietic Agents | 8 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 238 |
| Hypnotics/Sedatives/Sleep Disorder Agents | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 365 |
| Laxatives | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 365 |
| Medical Devices and Supplies | 16 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 1,095 |
| Migraine Products | 135 | 93 | 42 | 0 | 228 |
| Miscellaneous Therapeutic Classes | 11 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 304 |
| Multivitamins | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 365 |
| Musculoskeletal Therapy Agents | 20 | 12 | 8 | 0 | 344 |
| Neuromuscular Agents | 30 | 23 | 7 | 0 | 249 |
| Ophthalmic Agents | 25 | 9 | 16 | 0 | 196 |
| Other | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 182 |
| Progestins | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 365 |

*SoonerSelect totals are based on data provide to the College of Pharmacy from the SoonerSelect plans. Other includes missing and unmatched NDCs.

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|---|--------------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| Psychotherapeutic and Neurological Agents - Misc. | 30 | 19 | 11 | 0 | 213 |
| Respiratory Agents - Misc. | 10 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 319 |
| Stimulants - Misc. | 16 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 319 |
| Ulcer Drugs/Antispasmodics/Anticholinergics | 16 | 5 | 11 | 0 | 228 |
| Urinary Antispasmodics | 17 | 3 | 14 | 0 | 396 |
| Vitamins | 29 | 2 | 27 | 0 | 100 |
| Total | 1,577 | 816 | 761 | 0 | |

| Overrides | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------|-----|
| Ingredient Duplication | 131 | 75 | 56 | 0 | 190 |
| NDC vs Age | 407 | 253 | 154 | 0 | 241 |
| Opioid MME Limit | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 222 |
| Opioid Quantity | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 451 |
| Other | 200 | 48 | 152 | 0 | 90 |
| Quantity vs Days Supply | 200 | 134 | 66 | 0 | 263 |
| STBS/STBSM | 416 | 8 | 408 | 0 | 11 |
| Step Therapy Exception | 269 | 121 | 148 | 0 | 178 |
| Overrides Total | 1,633 | 647 | 986 | 0 | |
| Total Regular PAs + Overrides | 3,210 | 1,463 | 1,747 | 0 | |

| Denial Reasons | |
|-----------------------|-------|
| Benefit | 743 |
| Medical Necessity | 1,004 |

*SoonerSelect totals are based on data provide to the College of Pharmacy from the SoonerSelect plans. Other includes missing and unmatched NDCs.

SoonerSelect Oklahoma Complete Health Prior Authorization Activity

12/1/2025 Through 12/31/2025

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|--|-------|----------|--------|------------|---|
| Allergenic Extracts/Biologicals Misc. | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1,095 |
| Alternative Medicines | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Amphetamines | 482 | 238 | 132 | 112 | 1,067 |
| Analgesics - Anti-Inflammatory | 90 | 44 | 29 | 17 | 924 |
| Analgesics - Nonnarcotic | 13 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 14 |
| Analgesics - Opioid | 308 | 130 | 116 | 62 | 222 |
| Androgens - Anabolic | 69 | 4 | 56 | 9 | 1,095 |
| Anorexiant Non-Amphetamine | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Anthelmintics | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 180 |
| Antianxiety Agents | 17 | 5 | 10 | 2 | 657 |
| Antiasthmatic and Bronchodilator Agents | 238 | 78 | 118 | 42 | 681 |
| Antibiotics | 16 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 474 |
| Anticoagulants | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 16 |
| Anticonvulsants | 66 | 32 | 23 | 11 | 873 |
| Antidepressants | 139 | 58 | 65 | 16 | 879 |
| Antidiabetics | 666 | 334 | 227 | 105 | 913 |
| Antiemetics | 18 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 365 |
| Antifungals | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 19 |
| Antihistamines | 14 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 1,095 |
| Antihyperlipidemics | 16 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 1,095 |
| Antihypertensives | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| Anti-Infective Agents - Misc. | 10 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 21 |
| Antineoplastics and Adjunctive Therapies | 68 | 36 | 6 | 26 | 595 |
| Anti-Obesity Agents | 86 | 3 | 36 | 47 | 608 |
| Antiparkinson and Related Therapy Agents | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1,095 |
| Antipsychotics/Antimanic Agents | 149 | 73 | 48 | 28 | 813 |
| Antivirals | 10 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 467 |
| Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Agents | 242 | 185 | 38 | 19 | 1,044 |
| Beta Blockers | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1,095 |
| Calcium Channel Blockers | 8 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 199 |
| Cardiovascular Agents - Misc. | 36 | 13 | 8 | 15 | 1,003 |
| Chemicals | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Contraceptives | 26 | 6 | 16 | 4 | 377 |
| Corticosteroids | 12 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 90 |
| Cough/Cold/Allergy | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Dermatologicals | 291 | 112 | 125 | 54 | 539 |
| Diagnostic Products | 50 | 28 | 16 | 6 | 809 |
| Endocrine and Metabolic Agents - Misc. | 50 | 19 | 23 | 8 | 823 |
| Estrogens | 9 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 825 |
| Gastrointestinal Agents - Misc. | 86 | 34 | 44 | 8 | 718 |
| Genitourinary Agents - Misc. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 365 |
| Gout Agents | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Hematological Agents - Misc. | 15 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 786 |
| Hematopoietic Agents | 23 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 524 |
| Hypnotics/Sedatives/Sleep Disorder Agents | 24 | 13 | 8 | 3 | 216 |

*SoonerSelect totals are based on data provide to the College of Pharmacy from the SoonerSelect plans. Other includes missing and unmatched NDCs.

| | Total | Approved | Denied | Incomplete | Average Length of Approvals in Days |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---|
| Laxatives | 14 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 462 |
| Medical Devices and Supplies | 125 | 79 | 23 | 23 | 1,051 |
| Migraine Products | 159 | 64 | 84 | 11 | 729 |
| Minerals and Electrolytes | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Miscellaneous Therapeutic Classes | 21 | 11 | 5 | 5 | 680 |
| Mouth/Throat/Dental Agents | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 23 |
| Multivitamins | 7 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1,095 |
| Musculoskeletal Therapy Agents | 23 | 7 | 13 | 3 | 228 |
| Nasal Agents - Systemic and Topical | 7 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1,095 |
| Neuromuscular Agents | 24 | 16 | 0 | 8 | 322 |
| Ophthalmic Agents | 30 | 5 | 16 | 9 | 164 |
| Other | 15 | 3 | 0 | 12 | 209 |
| Otic Agents | 12 | 1 | 9 | 2 | 365 |
| Passive Immunizing and Treatment Agents | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1,095 |
| Psychotherapeutic and Neurological Agents - Misc. | 50 | 17 | 18 | 15 | 863 |
| Respiratory Agents - Misc. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1,095 |
| Stimulants - Misc. | 255 | 161 | 37 | 57 | 802 |
| Thyroid Agents | 14 | 9 | 2 | 3 | 856 |
| Ulcer Drugs/Antispasmodics/Anticholinergics | 35 | 7 | 23 | 5 | 824 |
| Urinary Antispasmodics | 21 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 287 |
| Vaccines | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 180 |
| Vaginal and Related Products | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 22 |
| Vasopressors | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 365 |
| Vitamins | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 365 |
| **Total | 4,217 | 1,918 | 1,471 | 828 | |

**PA overrides are also reported within the drug categories included in the PA Activity report.

| Denial Reasons | |
|-------------------|-------|
| Medical Necessity | 1,470 |
| Benefit | 1 |

*SoonerSelect totals are based on data provide to the College of Pharmacy from the SoonerSelect plans. Other includes missing and unmatched NDCs.



Appropriate Use of Riluzole in the SoonerCare Population – Update

Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026

Introduction^{1,2,3,4}

Rilutek® (riluzole 50mg oral tablet) was approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 1995 as the first medication for the treatment of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS). The use of riluzole is also recommended in guidelines for the treatment of ALS from the American Academy of Neurology (AAN), last updated in 2009, to help slow the progression of the disease to a modest extent. More recent guidelines from the European Academy of Neurology (EAN) from 2024 recommend that lifelong riluzole should be offered to all patients with ALS unless its use is limited by adverse events. Since 2003, generic riluzole tablets have been approved by the FDA. Riluzole is not currently FDA approved for any indications other than ALS.

Riluzole Utilization Trends in the SoonerCare Population

ALS is considered a rare condition, and utilization of ALS medications is expected to be low in the SoonerCare population. Additionally, many members with ALS also qualify for Medicare coverage, and their medications would therefore be reimbursed through Medicare rather than Medicaid, further limiting the expected utilization even for existing members with a documented ALS diagnosis. Due to the limited utilization expected for its FDA approved indication and the relatively low costs of the generic formulation, riluzole tablets were covered by SoonerCare without a prior authorization (PA) until 09/16/2024. Despite no PA requirements, utilization of riluzole in the SoonerCare population historically has been minimal, with only a few utilizing members each year. However, toward the end of 2021, utilization of riluzole began to increase dramatically and unexpectedly. The increased utilization was investigated and determined to be due to off-label prescribing of riluzole for a large variety of psychiatric disorders, including, but not limited to, depression, anxiety, bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, and autism. An evaluation of the existing medical literature, including published studies and clinical practice guidelines, did not provide significant support for the safe or effective use of riluzole for any of these off-label indications. As a result, the College of Pharmacy (COP) and the Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA), through discussion with 2 OHCA-contracted psychiatrists, decided to implement a PA requirement for riluzole tablets to ensure safe and appropriate use of the medication for its FDA approved indication and to

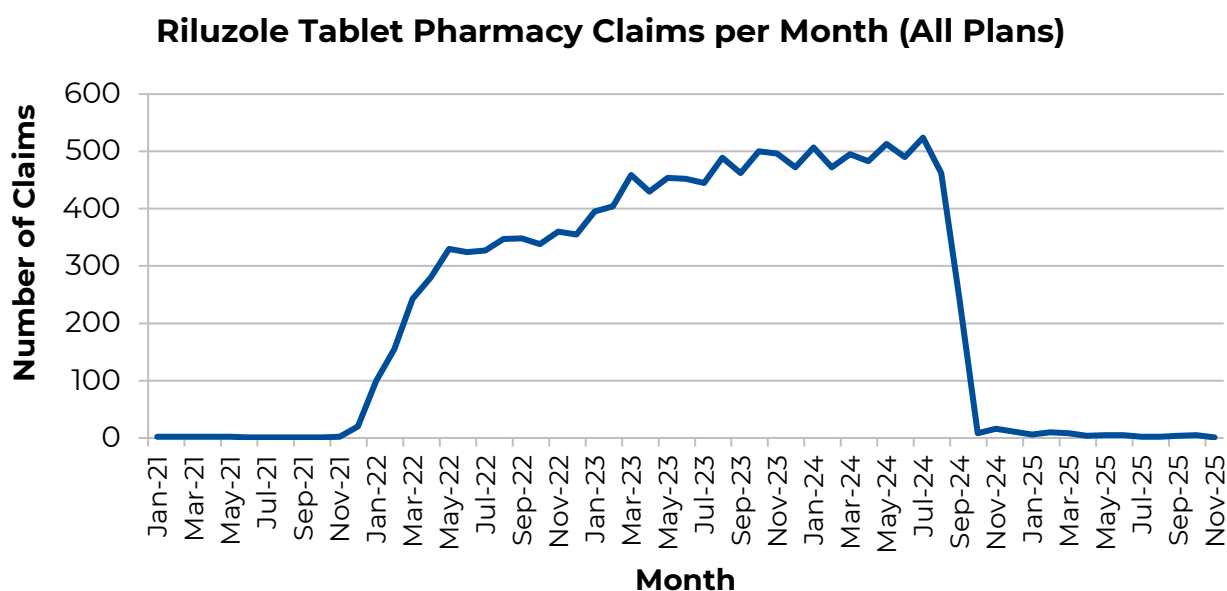
bring the utilizing members' care into closer alignment with accepted best practice recommendations. The Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board voted unanimously in favor of the PA recommendations in July 2024 to require an ALS diagnosis and prescription by a neurologist or other specialist with expertise in the treatment of ALS.

Mailing Summary

In August 2024, the COP and OHCA mailed letters to 62 providers and 496 fee-for-service (FFS) members who did not have a documented ALS diagnosis, but who had paid pharmacy claims for riluzole tablets. The letters informed the members and providers of the intent to add a PA requirement for riluzole tablets in an effort to discontinue inappropriate and potentially unsafe use of riluzole for diagnoses other than ALS. Each provider also received a list of their riluzole-utilizing FFS members to assist in identifying the impacted members. Additionally, a fax blast was sent to pharmacies and posted on OHCA's website notifying of the pending PA implementation. Following this notification process, the PA requirement for riluzole tablets went into effect on 09/16/2024.

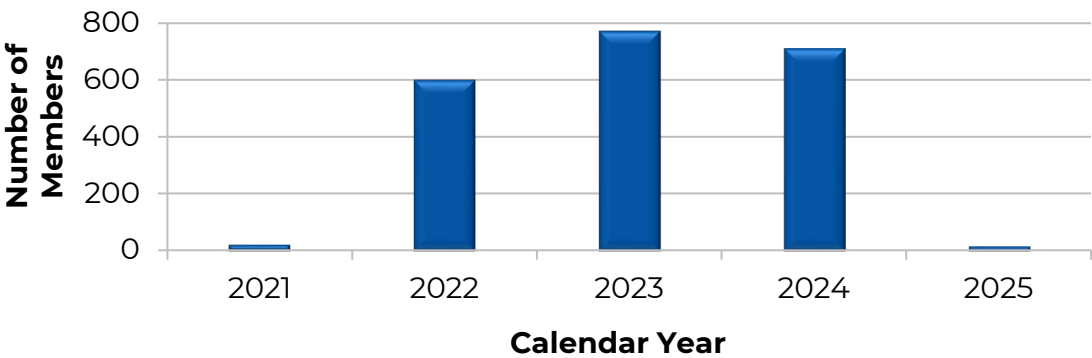
Results: Utilization of Riluzole Tablets

Data was collected for calendar years 2021 through 2025. However, throughout this report, all 2025 data includes the calendar year data only through 11/30/2025. Data for the month of December 2025 was not yet available at the time of reporting. The following graph shows the monthly paid claim totals for riluzole tablets from 2021 through 2025.



The following graph shows the number of unique members with paid pharmacy claims for riluzole since 2021.

Members with Paid Pharmacy Claims for Riluzole Tablets (All Plans)



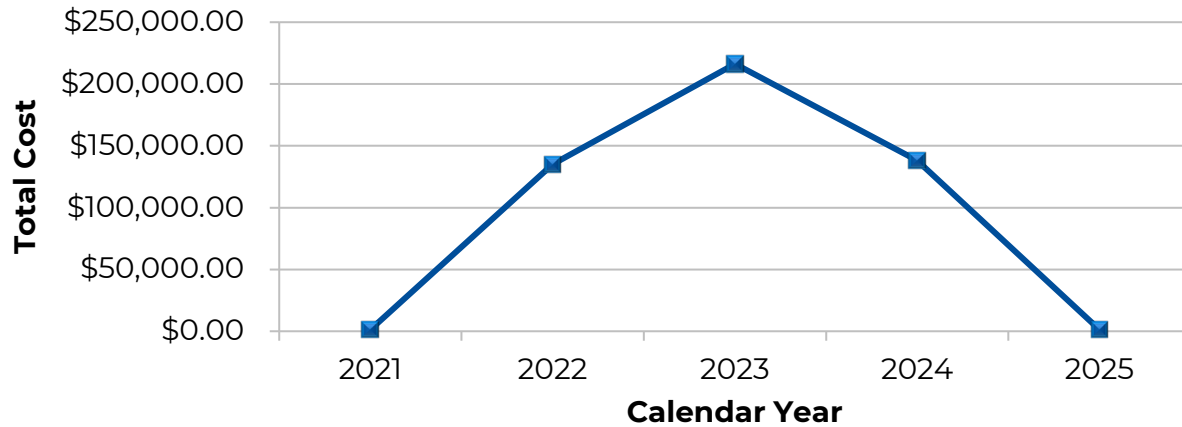
The following table (Table 1) shows additional utilization details for riluzole tablets, including the average number of units used per day. The FDA approved dosing of riluzole tablets is (1) 50mg tablet twice daily. This corresponds with the use of 2 tablets (or units) per day. Notably, the off-label prescribing of riluzole for psychiatric diagnoses coincided with a concerning increase in the dosages being used, with many members being prescribed higher-than-normal doses despite a lack of safety data for those doses for the indications being treated. The number of claims per member also increased considerably.

| Table 1: Pharmacy Utilization of Riluzole Tablets by Calendar Year | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| Calendar Year | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Units/Day | Cost/Member | Claims/Member |
| 2021 | 23 | 37 | \$1,292.58 | 1.96 | \$56.20 | 1.61 |
| 2022 | 599 | 3,506 | \$135,178.82 | 2.36 | \$225.67 | 5.85 |
| 2023 | 771 | 5,458 | \$216,251.92 | 2.3 | \$280.48 | 7.08 |
| 2024 | 710 | 4,223 | \$138,246.12 | 2.23 | \$194.71 | 5.95 |
| 2025 | 17 | 52 | \$1,311.14 | 2.35 | \$77.13 | 3.06 |

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

Although the implementation of a PA requirement for riluzole tablets was not motivated by any cost containment considerations, the off-label prescribing of riluzole was nevertheless associated with significant pharmacy costs without any corresponding evidence of safety and/or efficacy. The following graph shows the total cost of the paid riluzole pharmacy claims annually since 2021. The last full year of riluzole utilization prior to implementation of the PA requirement was 2023. When comparing 2023 utilization to 2025 utilization (after the PA implementation), the PA requirement was associated with an annual cost savings of \$214,940.78. This may be a conservative estimate of cost savings, as the utilization of riluzole was still trending upwards at the time the PA was implemented.

Total Pharmacy Cost for Riluzole Tablets by Year (All Plans)



An analysis of prescriber specialty was also conducted for paid riluzole claims. Table 2 and Table 3 below show that the majority of the off-label prescribing of riluzole was initiated by psychiatrists. Although the initial prescribing was often from a psychiatrist, riluzole was frequently continued by other providers, as demonstrated by the increasing number of provider specialties represented and the decreasing percentage of claims specifically prescribed by psychiatrists during subsequent years. More specifically, as shown in Table 2, the initial paid riluzole claim was attributable to a single psychiatrist (Psychiatrist A) or mid-level practitioners supervised by Psychiatrist A in more than 83% of the utilizing members. In contrast, all other psychiatrists combined (and their mid-level practitioners) accounted for only about 6% of initial riluzole prescriptions, highlighting the atypical nature of the prescribing, even among other psychiatrists.

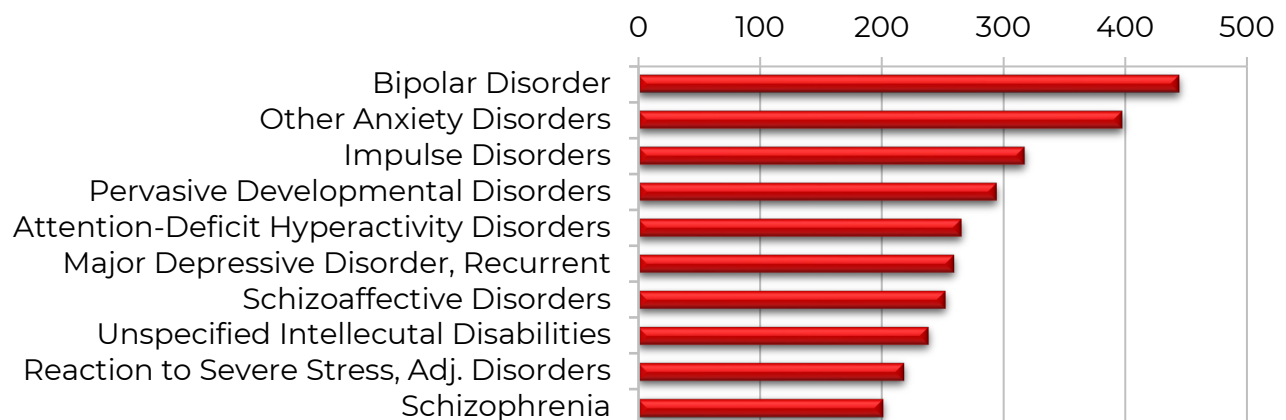
| Specialty | 2021 | | 2022 | | 2023 | | 2024 | | 2025 | |
|----------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % |
| Psychiatrist | 19 | 51.35% | 2,838 | 80.95% | 3,837 | 70.30% | 2,778 | 65.78% | 17 | 32.69% |
| Family Pract | 12 | 32.43% | 318 | 9.07% | 533 | 9.77% | 421 | 9.97% | 7 | 13.46% |
| Neurologist | 5 | 13.51% | 9 | 0.26% | 16 | 0.29% | 4 | 0.09% | 3 | 5.77% |
| Physician Asst | 1 | 2.70% | 17 | 0.48% | 57 | 1.04% | 27 | 0.64% | | |
| Nurse Pract | | | 210 | 5.99% | 770 | 14.11% | 818 | 19.37% | 25 | 48.08% |
| Internist | | | 114 | 3.25% | 210 | 3.85% | 139 | 3.29% | | |
| Emergency Med | | | | | 24 | 0.44% | 16 | 0.38% | | |
| General Ped | | | | | 6 | 0.11% | 8 | 0.19% | | |
| Cardiologist | | | | | 5 | 0.09% | 8 | 0.19% | | |
| Endocrinologist | | | | | | | 4 | 0.09% | | |
| Yearly Totals | 37 | 100% | 3,506 | 100% | 5,458 | 100% | 4,223 | 100% | 52 | 100% |

Asst = assistant; Med = medicine; Ped = pediatrician; Pract = practitioner

| Table 3: Initial Riluzole Prescriber for Each Utilizing Member, 2021-2025 | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Prescriber Groups | Total # of Members | % of Total Members |
| Psychiatrist A (and associated mid-level providers) | 914 | 83.78% |
| All other psychiatrists (and associated mid-level providers) | 67 | 6.14% |
| All neurologists (and associated mid-level providers) | 7 | 0.64% |
| All other prescribers | 103 | 9.44% |
| Total | 1,091 | 100% |

Because riluzole tablets did not require any PA or clinical review prior to 09/16/2024, it is not possible to know the specific intended indication in most cases. However, an analysis of reported International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision (ICD-10) diagnosis codes, limited to mental, behavioral, and neurodevelopmental disorders (i.e., the F01 to F99 range of ICD-10 codes) was conducted. The following graph shows the top 10 ICD-10 diagnosis categories reported within 30 days before or after the initial riluzole claim.

Top Diagnosis Categories Reported by Number of Members (All Plans)



Additionally, the following table (Table 4) shows the number of riluzole-utilizing members with an appropriate diagnosis of ALS reported.

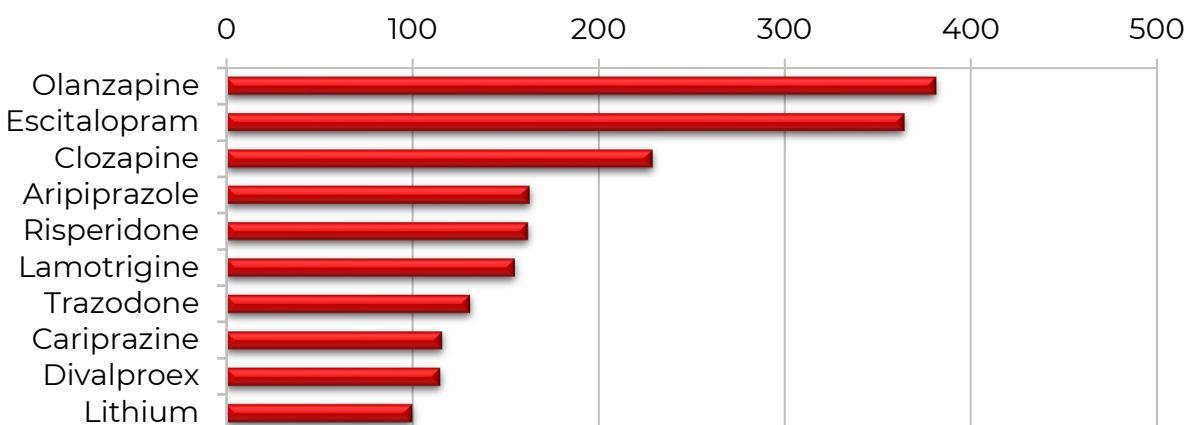
| Table 4: Riluzole-Utilizing Members with a Reported ALS Diagnosis | | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Time Period | Total # of Members | # of Members with ALS | Percentage of Total |
| Before 09/16/2024 (Prior to PA) | 1,091 | 14 | 1.28% |
| Since 09/16/2024 (After PA) | 35 | 1 | 2.86% |

ALS = amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; PA = prior authorization

At the time of the initial riluzole prescription, members prescribed riluzole were also frequently using other psychiatric medications, such as antidepressants, antipsychotics, and select anticonvulsive therapies. Not including the riluzole, members using riluzole were also using an average of 4.4 psychiatric medications within 30 days before or after the initial riluzole claim, raising significant polypharmacy concerns. The number of concurrent

psychiatric medications ranged from 1 to 14 depending on the specific member. The following chart shows the top 10 medications that were used near the time of the initial riluzole claim. The data includes all formulations of the listed medications, including oral or injectable formulations. Additionally, this data includes the listed medications used for any diagnosis. In the case of lamotrigine and divalproex, members may have been receiving appropriate treatment for an existing seizure diagnosis.

**Top Concurrent Psychiatric Medications by Number of Members
(All Plans)**



For the subset of riluzole-utilizing members with continuous enrollment from 6 months prior to the initial riluzole claim to 6 months after the PA was implemented (i.e., 03/15/2025), an analysis of emergency department (ED) visits was conducted to see if the discontinuation of riluzole was associated with adverse consequences which could be reflected by increased ED visits. The resulting data did not show an increase in ED utilization during the 6 months after the PA was implemented when compared to the 6-month period prior to initiating riluzole. During the time of riluzole utilization between the initial riluzole claim and 09/16/2024, the average number of ED visits per member increased to 6.94; however, this number may be falsely elevated. Although the “pre-riluzole” and “post-riluzole” time periods were 6 months each, the “during riluzole” time period was variable and depended on when a particular member initiated riluzole relative to 09/16/2024. Therefore, the “during riluzole” period may have included a longer duration of time to incur more ED visits. However, the fact that there was not an increase in ED utilization in the post-riluzole period compared to the pre-riluzole period is reassuring evidence. The following table (Table 5) summarizes ED visit data for riluzole-utilizing members during the 3 different time periods.

| Table 5: ED Visits for Members Before, During, and After Riluzole Utilization | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Time Period | # of Members* | Total ED Visits | Average # of ED Visits per Member |
| Pre-Riluzole: 6 months prior to initial riluzole claim | 214 | 1,030 | 4.81 |
| During Riluzole: From initial riluzole claim to 09/15/2024 | 477 | 3,309 | 6.94 |
| Post-Riluzole: From 09/16/2024 (PA implementation and presumed riluzole discontinuation) to 03/15/2025 | 267 | 1,086 | 4.07 |

*Number of members with continuous enrollment during each time period
ED = emergency department; PA = prior authorization

Conclusions

After the implementation of the PA requirement for riluzole tablets, the utilization of riluzole decreased significantly. In August 2024 (the month before the PA requirement) there were 462 paid pharmacy claims for riluzole and in October 2024 (the month after the PA requirement) there were 8 paid claims for riluzole, a 98.3% decrease in claims. Similar decreases in the number of utilizing members and total cost have also been observed. Implementation of the PA requirement, and presumed discontinuation of the medication by SoonerCare members, was not associated with an increase in ED utilization. It is important to note that these analyses are based on SoonerCare claims data and ICD-10 diagnosis codes submitted to SoonerCare; thus, any member receiving riluzole through a non-SoonerCare source (i.e., private insurance, free clinics, Indian Health Services) would not be reflected in the data.

Recommendations

Implementation of the PA for riluzole tablets has been effective in reducing the amount of inappropriate off-label prescribing for riluzole. However, the majority of members still utilizing riluzole appear to be doing so without an FDA approved diagnosis of ALS. Continued monitoring and enforcement of the PA requirement is needed. The College of Pharmacy recommends continuing the PA requirement for riluzole tablets to ensure appropriate and safe use of the medication in the SoonerCare population.

¹ Rilutek® (Riluzole) Prescribing Information. Covis Pharma. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/020599s021lbl.pdf. Last revised 09/2025. Last accessed 12/18/2025.

² Miller, RG, Jackson CE, Kasarskis EJ, et al. Practice Parameter Update: The Care of the Patient with Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis: Drug, Nutritional, and Respiratory Therapies (an Evidence-Based Review): Report of the Quality Standards Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. *Neurology* 2009; 73(15):1218-26. doi: 10.1212/WNL.0b013e3181bc0141.

³ Van Damme P, Al-Chalabi A, Andersen PM, et al. European Academy of Neurology (EAN) guideline on the management of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis in collaboration with European Reference Network for Neuromuscular Diseases (ERN EURO-NMD). *Eur J Neurol* 2024; 31(6):e16264. doi: 10.1111/ene.16264.

⁴ IMPAX Laboratories, Inc. IMPAX Receives FDA Approval for Generic Rilutek®. Available online at: <https://investors.amneal.com/news/press-releases/press-release-details/2003/IMPAX-Receives-FDA-Approval-for-Generic-Rilutek/default.aspx>. Issued 01/30/2003. Last accessed 12/18/2025.



Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Adiposity-Based Chronic Disease (ABCD) Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Zepbound® (Tirzepatide)

Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

Current prior authorization criteria and utilization is only applicable to ABCD medications with an FDA approved diagnosis that is not a coverage exclusion and a current federal drug rebate agreement.

Imcivree® (Setmelanotide) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of chronic weight management in adult and pediatric members 6 years of age and older with obesity due to 1 of following:
 - a. Proopiomelanocortin (POMC), proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 1 (PCSK1), or leptin receptor (LEPR) deficiency; or
 - b. Bardet-Biedl syndrome (BBS); and
2. For POMC-, PCSK1-, or LEPR-deficiency, diagnosis must be confirmed by molecular genetic testing to confirm homozygous variants in the POMC, PCSK1, or LEPR genes that are interpreted as pathogenic, likely pathogenic, or of uncertain significance (results of genetic testing must be submitted); and
3. For BBS, diagnosis must be confirmed by the following:
 - a. Molecular genetic testing to confirm homozygous or compound heterozygous variants in a BBS gene that are interpreted as pathogenic or likely pathogenic (results of genetic testing must be submitted); and
 - b. Clinical features of BBS supported by detailed clinical documentation of each feature (medical records/clinical documentation of each feature must be submitted), as follows:
 - i. Four primary features (i.e., rod-cone dystrophy, polydactyly, obesity, learning disabilities, hypogonadotropic hypogonadism and/or genitourinary anomalies, renal anomalies); or
 - ii. Three of the primary features previously listed in 3.b.i. plus 2 secondary features [i.e., speech disorder/delay, strabismus/cataracts/astigmatism, brachydactyly/syndactyly, developmental delay, poor coordination/imbalance, mild spasticity (especially lower limbs), diabetes mellitus, dental

crowding/hypodontia/small roots/high arched palate, left ventricular hypertrophy/congenital heart disease, hepatic fibrosis]; and

4. Requests for Imcivree® for obesity due to suspected POMC-, PCSK1-, or LEPR-deficiency with POMC, PCSK1, or LEPR variants classified as benign or likely benign, or other types of obesity not related to POMC, PCSK1 or LEPR deficiency, or BBS including obesity associated with other genetic syndromes, or general obesity will not be approved; and
5. Member is currently on a dietician-guided diet and exercise program and has previously failed a dietician-guided diet and exercise program alone; and
6. Member's baseline weight and body mass index (BMI) must be provided; and
7. Baseline BMI must be $\geq 30\text{kg/m}^2$ for adults or $\geq 95\text{th}$ percentile on BMI-for-age growth chart assessment for children; and
8. Member must not be actively suicidal or have uncontrolled depression and prescriber must verify member will be monitored for depression prior to starting Imcivree® therapy and throughout treatment; and
9. Prescriber must verify member has been counseled on potential sexual adverse reactions and when to seek emergency medical care; and
10. Prescriber must verify member does not have end stage renal disease [estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) $< 15\text{mL/min/1.73m}^2$] and must confirm the dose will be adjusted per package labeling for members with severe renal impairment (eGFR 15 to 29mL/min/1.73m^2); and
11. Prescriber must verify female member is not pregnant or breastfeeding; and
12. Prescriber must confirm member or caregiver has been trained on the proper storage and administration of Imcivree® prior to the first dose; and
13. For POMC-, PCSK1-, or LEPR-deficiency, initial approvals will be for the duration of 16 weeks. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member's current weight or BMI and member has achieved weight loss of $\geq 5\%$ of baseline body weight or $\geq 5\%$ of BMI; or
14. For BBS, approvals will be for the duration of 1 year. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member's current weight or BMI and member has achieved weight loss of $\geq 5\%$ of baseline body weight or $\geq 5\%$ of BMI; and
15. A quantity limit of 9mL per 30 days will apply.

Myalept® (Metreleptin) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of leptin deficiency in members with congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy; and
2. Approvals will not be granted for the following diagnoses:

- a. Metabolic disease without current evidence of generalized lipodystrophy; or
 - b. HIV-related lipodystrophy; or
 - c. General obesity not associated with congenital leptin deficiency; and
3. Myalept® must be prescribed by an endocrinologist; and
4. Prescriber must agree to test for neutralizing antibodies in members who experience severe infections or if they suspect Myalept® is no longer effective; and
 - a. Baseline HbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglycerides must be stated on prior authorization request; and
 - b. Re-approvals will require recent lab values (HbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglycerides) to ensure neutralizing antibodies have not developed; and
5. Prescriber and pharmacy must be enrolled in the Myalept® Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategies (REMS) program; and
6. Approvals will be for the duration of 3 months to evaluate compliance and ensure the prescriber is assessing continued efficacy; and
7. A quantity limit of one vial per day will apply.

Rezdiffra® (Resmetirom) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of noncirrhotic nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH); and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have moderate-to-advanced liver fibrosis (e.g., stage F2 or F3) confirmed by at least 1 of the following (results of the selected test must be submitted with the request):
 - a. FibroScan with vibration controlled transient elastography (VCTE) $\geq 8.5\text{kPa}$ and controlled attenuation parameter (CAP) $\geq 280\text{dB/min}$; or
 - b. Enhanced Liver Fibrosis (ELF) biochemical test score ≥ 9 ; or
 - c. Liver biopsy showing stage F2 or F3 fibrosis with NASH; and
4. Member must not have known liver cirrhosis (e.g., stage F4); and
5. Must be used in conjunction with diet and exercise [clinical documentation (e.g., office notes) of member's diet and exercise program must be included with the request]; and
6. Prescriber must attest that metabolic comorbidities are being appropriately managed, including treatment for all of the following, if applicable:
 - a. Type 2 diabetes; and
 - b. Dyslipidemia; and
 - c. Hypertension; and

7. Member must not be taking strong CYP2C8 inhibitors (e.g., gemfibrozil) or OATP1B1/OATP1B3 inhibitors (e.g., cyclosporine) concurrently with Rezdiffra®; and
8. If member is taking a moderate CYP2C8 inhibitor (e.g., clopidogrel) concurrently with Rezdiffra®, prescriber must agree to reduce the dose as required in the package labeling; and
9. If the member is taking a statin, prescriber must agree to adjust the statin dosage (when necessary) and monitor for statin-related adverse reactions; and
10. Must be prescribed by a gastroenterologist or hepatologist (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a gastroenterologist or hepatologist); and
11. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Subsequent approvals (for the duration of 1 year) will be approved if the prescriber documents the member is tolerating and responding well to the medication; and
12. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply.

Wegovy® (Semaglutide) Approval Criteria [Cardiovascular (CV) Risk Reduction Indication Only]:

1. An FDA approved indication to reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events in members with established CV disease (CVD) and either obesity or overweight; and
 - a. Wegovy® will not be approved for obese or overweight members in the absence of established CVD; and
2. Member must be 45 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have established CVD with a history of 1 of the following (documentation must be submitted with the request):
 - a. Previous myocardial infarction; or
 - b. Previous stroke; or
 - c. Symptomatic peripheral arterial disease confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Intermittent claudication with ankle-brachial index <0.85 at rest; or
 - ii. Peripheral arterial revascularization procedure; or
 - iii. Amputation due to atherosclerotic disease; and
4. Member has a body mass index (BMI) $\geq 27\text{kg/m}^2$; and
5. Member does not have type 1 diabetes mellitus (T1DM) or type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM); and
6. Member has a hemoglobin A1C (HbA1c) <6.5%; and
7. Member will not be using Wegovy® in combination with other semaglutide-containing products or any other glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor agonist; and

8. Member is currently receiving guideline-directed management and therapy (GDMT) for CVD (e.g., antihypertensives, lipid-lowering agents, antiplatelets), as documented in the member's pharmacy claims history, unless contraindicated; and
9. Wegovy® must be used in conjunction with diet and exercise (clinical documentation of member's diet and exercise program must be included with the request); and
10. Initial approvals will be for the titration period to allow initial and escalation dosing. A separate prior authorization request must be submitted for each dose; and
 - a. Approvals will be for 4 weeks at a time to allow for proper dose escalation; and
 - b. An additional 4 weeks for each dose may be approved for those who experience intolerable adverse effects during dose escalation with proper documentation; and
 - c. Members who cannot tolerate dose escalation after an additional 4 week approval will not be approved for continuation; and
11. Subsequent approvals for the maintenance dose (1.7mg or 2.4mg) will be approved for 1 year if the prescriber documents the following:
 - a. Member is tolerating maintenance dosing; and
 - b. Member has not developed T1DM or T2DM; and
 - c. Member is continuing all of the following in conjunction with Wegovy®:
 - i. Reduced calorie diet; and
 - ii. Increased physical activity; and
 - iii. GDMT for CVD where applicable; and
12. A quantity limit of 4 pens per 28 days will apply; and
13. Wegovy® should be discontinued in members who cannot tolerate at least the 1.7mg once weekly maintenance dosing.

Utilization of ABCD Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 47 | 180 | \$5,317,164.40 | \$29,539.80 | \$997.78 | 1,521 | 5,329 |
| Aetna | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 | 0 |
| Humana | 3 | 7 | \$270,706.87 | \$38,672.41 | \$1,314.11 | 55 | 206 |
| OCH | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 | 0 |
| 2024 Total | 48 | 187 | \$5,587,871.27 | \$29,881.66 | \$1,009.55 | 1,576 | 5,535 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 25 | 138 | \$2,128,003.64 | \$15,420.32 | \$531.87 | 1,086 | 4,001 |
| Aetna | 96 | 216 | \$909,675.49 | \$4,211.46 | \$149.08 | 691 | 6,102 |
| Humana | 43 | 172 | \$2,364,529.32 | \$13,747.26 | \$480.40 | 1,280 | 4,922 |
| OCH | 29 | 93 | \$1,114,176.37 | \$11,980.39 | \$413.88 | 673 | 2,692 |
| 2025 Total | 188 | 619 | \$6,516,384.82 | \$10,527.28 | \$367.80 | 3,730 | 17,717 |
| % Change | 291.70% | 231.00% | 16.60% | -64.80% | -63.60% | 136.70% | 220.10% |
| Change | 140 | 432 | \$928,513.55 | -\$19,354.38 | -\$641.75 | 2,154 | 12,182 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

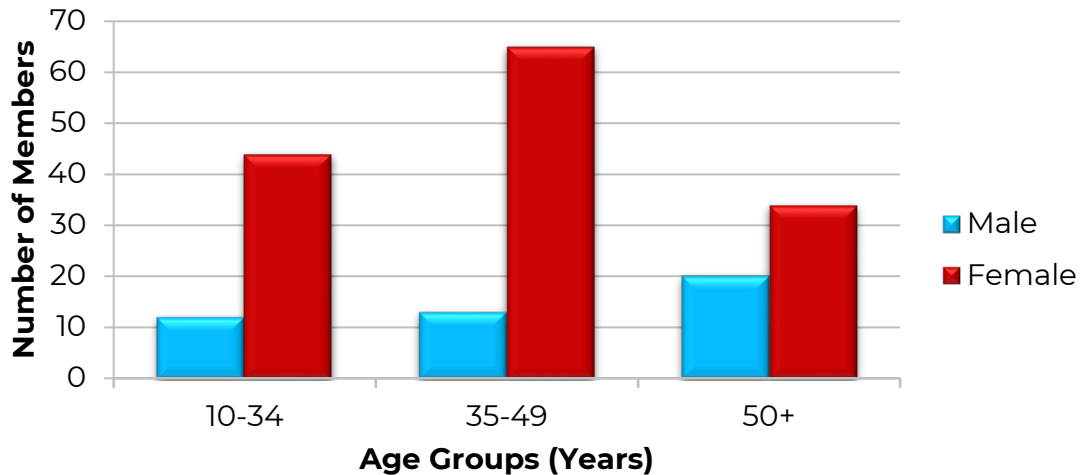
*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

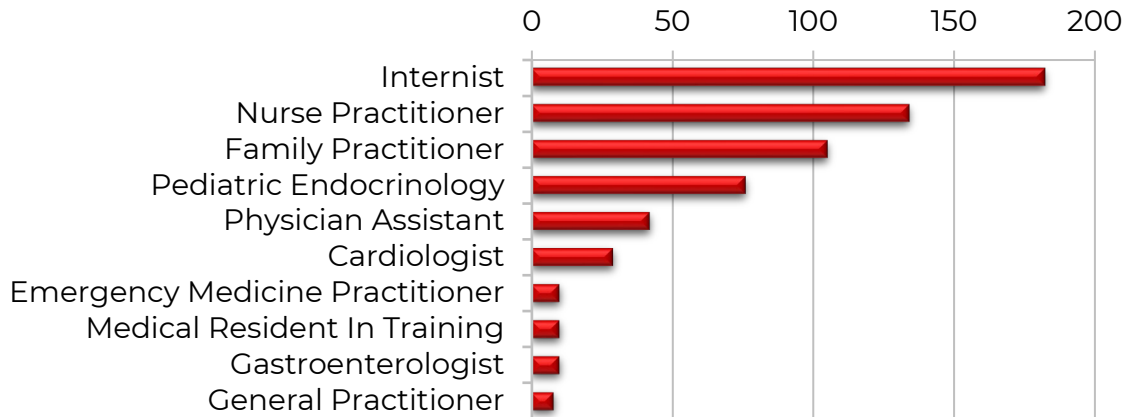
Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Demographics of Members Utilizing ABCD Medications: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



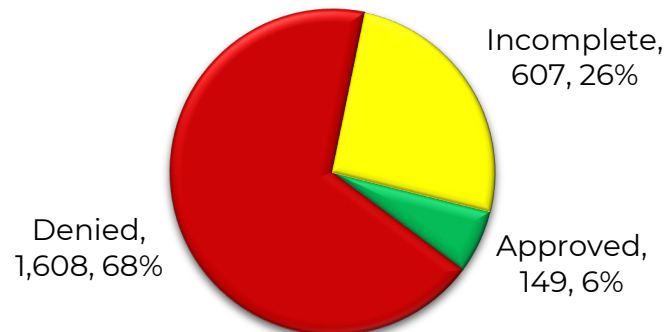
Top Prescriber Specialties of ABCD Medications by Number of Claims: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



Prior Authorization of ABCD Medications

There were 2,364 prior authorization requests submitted for ABCD medications during fiscal year 2025. The following charts show the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|---------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 86 | 9% | 208 | 22% | 637 | 68% | 931 |
| Aetna | 13 | 2% | 309 | 58% | 211 | 40% | 533 |
| Humana | 32 | 7% | 0 | 0% | 406 | 93% | 438 |
| OCH | 18 | 4% | 90 | 19% | 354 | 77% | 462 |
| Total | 149 | 6% | 607 | 26% | 1,608 | 68% | 2,364 |

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = OK Complete Health

Anticipated Patent Expiration(s):

- Imcivree® (setmelanotide): July 2034
- Zepbound® (tirzepatide): July 2039
- Wegovy® (semaglutide): February 2041
- Rezdiffra® (resmetirom): February 2045

New U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Approval(s):

- **December 2024:** The FDA approved Zepbound® (tirzepatide) for the treatment of moderate to severe obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) in adults with obesity, to be used in combination with a reduced-calorie diet and increased physical activity.
- **December 2024:** The FDA approved an age expansion for Imcivree® (setmelanotide) for the indication to reduce excess body weight and maintain weight reduction long-term in patients 2 years of age and older with syndromic or monogenic obesity due to Bardet-Biedl syndrome (BBS) or genetically confirmed pro-opiomelanocortin (POMC), including proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 1 (PCSK1) deficiency or leptin receptor (LEPR) deficiency. Previously, Imcivree® was only approved in patients 6 years of age and older.
- **August 2025:** The FDA granted accelerated approval for a new indication for Wegovy® (semaglutide) for the treatment of metabolic-associated steatohepatitis (MASH), formerly known as nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), in adults with moderate-to-advanced fibrosis. This approval was based on efficacy from part 1 of the Phase 3 ESSENCE trial comparing Wegovy® to placebo in 800 patients with biopsy-proven MASH and fibrosis stage 2 or 3. The primary endpoint was the resolution of steatohepatitis without worsening of liver fibrosis and ≥1 stage improvement in liver fibrosis without worsening of steatohepatitis, on post-baseline liver biopsies collected at 72 weeks. Interim results showed 63% of participants receiving Wegovy® had MASH resolution and no worsening of liver scarring compared to 34% of participants receiving placebo, and 37% of participants on Wegovy® had improvement in liver scarring and no worsening of MASH, compared to 22% of participants receiving placebo. The trial will continue for a total of 240 weeks to determine whether inflammation and scarring improvements seen after 72 weeks translate into decreases in death, liver transplant, and other liver-related events. Part 2 of the ESSENCE trial will serve as the confirmatory trial, with expected readout in 2029, and its primary objective is to demonstrate that treatment with Wegovy® 2.4mg lowers the risk of liver-related clinical events compared to placebo in adults with MASH and moderate-to-advanced liver fibrosis at 240 weeks.

- **December 2025:** The FDA approved a once-daily oral tablet formulation of Wegovy® (semaglutide) for use in combination with a reduced calorie diet and increased physical activity to reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events (CV death, nonfatal myocardial infarction, or non-fatal stroke) in adults with established CV disease and either obesity or overweight. The approval for this indication is based on data from the SELECT and STEP trials for the injection formulation and data from PIONEER PLUS for Rybelsus® (semaglutide tablets). Wegovy® tablets are available in a 1.5mg, 4mg, 9mg, and 25mg strength. The recommended starting dose is 1.5mg once daily followed by a dose escalation period up to the recommended maintenance dose of 25mg once daily. More information on additional FDA approved indications, dose escalation, and switching between formulations can be found in the *Prescribing Information*.

Guideline Update(s):

- **American Association of Clinical Endocrinology (AACE) Consensus Statement Update:** AACE released the *Algorithm for the Evaluation and Treatment of Adults with Obesity/Adiposity-Based Chronic Disease – 2025 Update* to provide evidence-based algorithms and summaries to assist in the treatment of obesity and ABCD. In 2017, AACE published a position statement that proposed a diagnostic term to explicitly identify obesity as a chronic disease: adiposity-based chronic disease (ABCD). Emphasis is placed on optimizing the patient's overall health and achieving clinical goals rather than a singular focus on body mass index (BMI) (i.e., complication-centric care). The diagnosis of ABCD involves both an anthropometric component to assess adiposity and a clinical component to determine disease severity and the impact of adiposity on health and quality of life. Staging the clinical severity of ABCD is based on the presence of obesity-related complications and diseases (ORCD). This includes stages 1-3, with stage 1 being no known ORCD, stage 2 being ≥ 1 mild-to-moderate ORCD, and stage 3 being ≥ 1 severe ORCD or multiple ORCDs. The updates allow providers and patients to develop individualized treatment plans based on the severity and stage of ABCD and ORCD.

Pipeline:

- **Imcivree® (Setmelanotide):** Imcivree® is a melanocortin-4 receptor (MC4R) agonist being studied for the treatment of acquired hypothalamic obesity, a rare form of obesity that occurs following physical injury or structural abnormality of the hypothalamus with MC4R pathway disruption and other functional impairments. Data from the Phase 3 TRANSCEND trial met the primary endpoint of mean BMI change from baseline demonstrating a statistically significant

reduction in BMI of -16.5% for patients on Imcivree® vs. an increase of 3.3% with placebo at 52 weeks ($P < 0.0001$). A supplemental New Drug Application (sNDA) was submitted to the FDA and a Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA) date was set for December 20, 2025. Rhythm Pharmaceuticals announced in November 2025 that the FDA extended the PDUFA date to March 20, 2026 due to a request for additional sensitivity analyses of clinical efficacy data from the Phase 3 trial in acquired hypothalamic obesity. The additional information has been deemed a 'major amendment,' which allows for additional time for the FDA to review. The major amendment did not include any information relating to the safety or manufacturing of Imcivree®.

- **Orforglipron:** Orforglipron is an investigational once-daily, small molecule, oral glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) agonist being studied in patients with obesity or overweight for the treatment of multiple indications such as OSA, hypertension, osteoarthritis, and stress urinary incontinence. It is also being studied in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM). In a Phase 3 trial, orforglipron showed superior A1c reduction compared to placebo at 40 weeks lowering A1c by an average of 1.3-1.6% from a baseline of 8%. The overall safety and tolerability of orforglipron were shown to be consistent with the established GLP-1 agonist class with the most commonly reported adverse event being gastrointestinal related. Phase 3 trials for these multiple indications are still ongoing and Eli Lilly expects to submit to regulatory agencies for a weight management indication at the end of 2025 and for the treatment of T2DM in 2026.
- **Retatrutide:** Retatrutide is an investigational, once-weekly, triple hormone receptor agonist that works by activating the body's receptors for glucose-dependent insulinotropic polypeptide (GIP), GLP-1, and glucagon. Retatrutide is being studied in several Phase 3 clinical trials to evaluate its potential efficacy and safety in obesity and overweight with at least 1 weight-related medical problem, T2DM, knee osteoarthritis, moderate-to-severe OSA, chronic low back pain, CV and renal outcomes, and metabolic dysfunction-associated steatotic liver disease (MASLD). The TRIUMPH-4 Phase 3 trial evaluating retatrutide in patients with obesity or overweight and knee osteoarthritis met its co-primary endpoints demonstrating a weight reduction of up to an average of 28.7% (71.2lbs) and reduced pain by up to an average of 4.5 points (75.8%) using the Western Ontario and McMaster Universities Osteoarthritis Index (WOMAC) pain score. Seven additional Phase 3 trials evaluating retatrutide in obesity and T2DM are expected to be completed in 2026.
- **Tirzepatide:** Tirzepatide is a once-weekly GIP/GLP-1 receptor agonist that is being studied for multiple indications in patients with obesity and/or overweight including, heart failure with preserved ejection

fraction (HFpEF), MASH, chronic kidney disease (CKD), and morbidity and mortality in obesity. The Phase 2 SYNERGY-NASH trial showed 51.8%, 62.8%, and 73.3% of participants taking 5mg, 10mg, and 15mg, respectively, achieved an absence of MASH with no worsening of fibrosis on liver histology compared to 13.2% of participants on placebo at 52 weeks of treatment, meeting the study's primary endpoint. The Phase 3 SUMMIT trial showed tirzepatide significantly reduced the risk of worsening heart failure events in adults with HFpEF and obesity by 38% (P=0.026) compared to placebo meeting its primary composite endpoint. Results from the SUMMIT trial have been submitted to the FDA but no official PDUFA date has been announced at this time.

Zepbound® (Tirzepatide) Product Summary^{17,18}

Therapeutic Class: GIP/GLP-1 receptor agonist

Indication(s): Treatment of moderate to severe OSA in adults with obesity in combination with a reduced calorie diet and increased physical activity^Δ

- **Limitation(s) of Use:** Coadministration with other tirzepatide-containing products or with any other GLP-1 receptor agonist is not recommended.

How Supplied:

- 2.5mg/0.5mL, 5mg/0.5mL, 7.5mg/0.5mL, 10mg/0.5mL, 12.5mg/0.5mL, and 15mg/0.5mL single-dose pens or single-dose vials

Dosing and Administration:

- The recommended starting dose is 2.5mg subcutaneously (sub-Q) once weekly for 4 weeks. After 4 weeks, the dosage should be increased to 5mg sub-Q once weekly. The dose may be increased in 2.5mg increments, after at least 4 weeks on the current dose.
- The recommended maintenance dose for OSA is 10mg or 15mg sub-Q once weekly with a maximum dose of 15mg once weekly for all indications.

Efficacy: The efficacy of Zepbound® for OSA was evaluated in 2 Phase 3, double-blind, placebo-controlled trials comparing Zepbound® to placebo for 52 weeks. Trial 1 included patients who were unable to use or refused positive airway pressure (PAP) therapy. Trial 2 included patients who had used PAP therapy for at least 3 months and planned to continue PAP through the trial.

- Key Inclusion Criteria:
 - 18 years of age or older
 - Diagnosis of moderate-to-severe OSA defined as an apnea-hypopnea index (AHI) ≥15 events per hour

^Δ For full FDA approved indications, see the package labeling

- Presence of obesity defined as a BMI of $\geq 30 \text{ kg/m}^2$
- History of at least 1 self-reported unsuccessful dietary effort to lose body weight
- Key Exclusion Criteria:
 - Type 1 or 2 diabetes
 - Planned surgery for sleep apnea or obesity
 - Diagnosis of central or mixed sleep apnea
 - Major craniofacial abnormalities
- Intervention(s): Patients were randomized 1:1 to receive Zepbound® or placebo for 52 weeks.
 - Zepbound® doses were escalated over a period of up to 20 weeks to a maximum tolerated dosage of 10mg or 15mg sub-Q once weekly.
- Endpoint(s):
 - Primary Endpoint: Change from baseline in AHI at week 52
 - Key Secondary Endpoints:
 - Percent change in AHI
 - Percentage of patients with $\geq 50\%$ reduction in AHI from baseline
 - Percentage of patients in remission or with mild non-symptomatic OSA [AHI < 5 or AHI 5-14 and Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) ≤ 10]
- Results:
 - Primary Endpoint:
 - Trial 1:
 - Mean change in AHI was -25.3 events per hour for the Zepbound® group vs. -5.3 events per hour for the placebo group [treatment difference: -20; 95% confidence interval (CI): -25.8, -14.2; $P < 0.001$]
 - Trial 2:
 - Mean change in AHI was -29.3 events per hour for the Zepbound® group vs. -5.5 events per hour for the placebo group (treatment difference: -23.8; 95% CI: -29.6, -17.9; $P < 0.001$)
 - Key Secondary Endpoint(s):
 - Trial 1:
 - Percent change in AHI was -50.7% in the Zepbound® group vs. -3% in the placebo group (treatment difference: -47.7%; 95% CI: -65.8, -29.6; $P < 0.001$)
 - 61.2% of patients on Zepbound® had a $\geq 50\%$ reduction in AHI events vs. 19% of patients on placebo (treatment difference: 42.8%; 95% CI: 30.8, 54.8; $P < 0.001$)
 - 42.2% of patients on Zepbound® were in remission or had mild non-symptomatic OSA vs. 15.9% of patients on

placebo (treatment difference: 28.7%; 95% CI: 18.3, 39.2; P<0.001)

- Trial 2:

- Percent change in AHI was -58.7% in the Zepbound® group vs. -2.5% in the placebo group (treatment difference -56.2%; 95% CI: -73.7, -38.7; P<0.001)
- 72.4% of patients on Zepbound® had a ≥50% reduction in AHI events vs. 23.3% of patients on placebo (treatment difference: 48.6%; 95% CI: 36.6, 60.7; P<0.001)
- 50.2% of patients on Zepbound® were in remission or had mild non-symptomatic OSA vs. 14.3% of patients on placebo (treatment difference: 33.2%; 95% CI: 22.1, 44.3; P<0.001)

Cost: The National Average Drug Acquisition Cost (NADAC) of Zepbound® 15mg/0.5mL is \$525.92 per mL. This results in an estimated cost of \$1,051.84 per 28 days or \$13,673.92 per year based on recommended maintenance dosing.

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Zepbound® (tirzepatide) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Zepbound® (Tirzepatide) Approval Criteria [Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA) Indication Only]:

1. An FDA approved indication of moderate to severe OSA in members with obesity; and
 - a. Zepbound® will not be approved for obese members in the absence of OSA; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have moderate-to-severe OSA defined as an apnea-hypopnea index (AHI) >15 determined by a polysomnography (PSG) or home sleep apnea testing (HSAT) with a technically adequate device; and
4. Member has a body mass index (BMI) ≥30kg/m²; and
5. Member must not have central or mixed sleep apnea; and
6. Member does not have type 1 diabetes mellitus (T1DM) or type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM); and
7. Member has a hemoglobin A1C (HbA1c) <6.5%; and
8. Member will not be using Zepbound® in combination with other tirzepatide-containing products or any other glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor agonist; and
9. Zepbound® must be used in conjunction with behavioral changes and/or a reduced calorie diet [clinical documentation (e.g., office notes)]

of member's diet and exercise program must be included with the request]; and

10. For Zepbound® vials, a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the pen formulation must be provided (Zepbound® pens are preferred over the vials); and
11. Initial approvals will be for the titration period to allow initial and escalation dosing. A separate prior authorization request must be submitted for each dose; and
 - a. Approvals will be for 4 weeks at a time to allow for proper dose escalation; and
 - b. An additional 4 weeks for each dose may be approved for those who experience intolerable adverse effects during dose escalation with proper documentation; and
 - c. Members who cannot tolerate dose escalation to at least 5mg after an additional 4-week approval will not be approved for continuation; and
12. Subsequent approvals for the maintenance dose (5mg to 15mg) will be approved for 1 year if the prescriber documents the following:
 - a. Member is tolerating maintenance dosing and adherent to therapy; and
 - b. Clinical improvement of OSA (e.g., patient-reported improvement in daytime sleepiness, partner-reported reduction of snoring episodes or pauses in breathing, reduction of AHI events); and
 - c. Member has not developed T1DM or T2DM; and
 - d. Member is continuing with behavioral changes and/or a reduced calorie diet in conjunction with Zepbound®; and
13. A quantity limit of 4 pens or vials (2mL) per 28 days will apply.
14. Zepbound® should be discontinued in members who cannot tolerate at least the 5mg once weekly maintenance dosing.

Additionally, the College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes to the Wegovy® (semaglutide) approval criteria based on the new FDA approved indication and formulation and recommends updating the Rezdiffra® (resmetirom) approval criteria based on net costs (changes shown in red):

Wegovy® (Semaglutide Injection) Approval Criteria [Metabolic Dysfunction-Associated Steatohepatitis (MASH) Diagnosis Only]:

1. An FDA approved indication of noncirrhotic MASH; and
 - a. Wegovy® will not be approved for obese members in the absence of MASH; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have moderate-to-advanced liver fibrosis (e.g., stage F2 or F3) confirmed by at least 1 of the following (results of the selected test must be submitted with the request):

- a. FibroScan with vibration controlled transient elastography (VCTE) $\geq 8\text{kPa}$ and controlled attenuation parameter (CAP) $\geq 280\text{dB/min}$; or
 - b. Enhanced Liver Fibrosis (ELF) biochemical test score ≥ 9 ; or
 - c. Liver biopsy showing stage F2 or F3 fibrosis with MASH; and
4. Member must not have chronic liver disease other than metabolic dysfunction-associated steatotic liver disease (MASLD); and
5. Member does not have type 1 diabetes mellitus (T1DM) or type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM); and
6. Wegovy[®] must be used in conjunction with diet and exercise [clinical documentation (e.g., office notes) of member's diet and exercise program must be included with the request]; and
7. Prescriber must attest that metabolic comorbidities are being appropriately managed, including treatment for all of the following, if applicable:
 - a. T2DM; and
 - b. Dyslipidemia; and
 - c. Hypertension; and
8. Member will not be using Wegovy[®] in combination with other semaglutide-containing products or any other glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor agonist; and
9. Must be prescribed by a gastroenterologist or hepatologist (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a gastroenterologist or hepatologist); and
10. Initial approvals will be for the titration period to allow initial and escalation dosing. A separate prior authorization request must be submitted for each dose; and
 - a. Approvals will be for 4 weeks at a time to allow for proper dose escalation; and
 - b. An additional 4 weeks for each dose may be approved for those who experience intolerable adverse effects during dose escalation with proper documentation; and
 - c. Members who cannot tolerate dose escalation after an additional 4 week approval will not be approved for continuation; and
11. Subsequent approvals for the maintenance dose (1.7mg or 2.4mg) will be approved for 1 year if the prescriber documents the following:
 - a. Member is tolerating maintenance dosing; and
 - b. Member has not developed T1DM or T2DM; and
 - c. Member is continuing a reduced calorie diet and increased physical activity in conjunction with Wegovy[®]; and
12. A quantity limit of 4 pens per 28 days will apply; and
13. Wegovy should be discontinued in members who cannot tolerate at least the 1.7mg once weekly maintenance dosing.

**Wegovy® (Semaglutide Injection and Tablets) Approval Criteria
[Cardiovascular (CV) Risk Reduction Indication Only]:**

1. An FDA approved indication to reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events in members with established CV disease (CVD) and either obesity or overweight; and
 - a. Wegovy® will not be approved for obese or overweight members in the absence of established CVD; and
2. Member must be 45 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have established CVD with a history of 1 of the following (documentation must be submitted with the request):
 - a. Previous myocardial infarction; or
 - b. Previous stroke; or
 - c. Symptomatic peripheral arterial disease confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Intermittent claudication with ankle-brachial index <0.85 at rest; or
 - ii. Peripheral arterial revascularization procedure; or
 - iii. Amputation due to atherosclerotic disease; and
4. Member has a body mass index (BMI) $\geq 27\text{kg/m}^2$; and
5. Member does not have type 1 diabetes mellitus (T1DM) or type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM); and
6. Member has a hemoglobin A1C (HbA1c) <6.5%; and
7. Member will not be using Wegovy® in combination with other semaglutide-containing products or any other glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor agonist; and
8. Member is currently receiving guideline-directed management and therapy (GDMT) for CVD (e.g., antihypertensives, lipid-lowering agents, antiplatelets), as documented in the member's pharmacy claims history, unless contraindicated; and
9. Wegovy® must be used in conjunction with diet and exercise (clinical documentation of member's diet and exercise program must be included with the request); and
10. Initial approvals will be for the titration period to allow initial and escalation dosing. A separate prior authorization request must be submitted for each dose; and
 - a. Approvals will be for 4 weeks at a time to allow for proper dose escalation; and
 - b. An additional 4 weeks for each dose may be approved for those who experience intolerable adverse effects during dose escalation with proper documentation; and
 - c. Members who cannot tolerate dose escalation after an additional 4 week approval will not be approved for continuation; and

11. Subsequent approvals for the maintenance dose (1.7mg or 2.4mg **for the injection and 25mg for the tablets**) will be approved for 1 year if the prescriber documents the following:
 - a. Member is tolerating maintenance dosing; and
 - b. Member has not developed T1DM or T2DM; and
 - c. Member is continuing all of the following in conjunction with Wegovy®:
 - i. Reduced calorie diet; and
 - ii. Increased physical activity; and
 - iii. GDMT for CVD where applicable; and
12. A quantity limit of 4 pens per 28 days **or 30 tablets per 30 days** will apply; and
13. Wegovy® should be discontinued in members who cannot tolerate at least the 1.7mg once weekly maintenance dosing.

Rezdiffra® (Resmetirom) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of noncirrhotic nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH); and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must have moderate-to-advanced liver fibrosis (e.g., stage F2 or F3) confirmed by at least 1 of the following (results of the selected test must be submitted with the request):
 - a. FibroScan with vibration controlled transient elastography (VCTE) $\geq 8.5\text{kPa}$ and controlled attenuation parameter (CAP) $\geq 280\text{dB/min}$; or
 - b. Enhanced Liver Fibrosis (ELF) biochemical test score ≥ 9 ; or
 - c. Liver biopsy showing stage F2 or F3 fibrosis with NASH; and
4. Member must not have known liver cirrhosis (e.g., stage F4); and
5. Must be used in conjunction with diet and exercise [clinical documentation (e.g., office notes) of member's diet and exercise program must be included with the request]; and
6. Prescriber must attest that metabolic comorbidities are being appropriately managed, including treatment for all of the following, if applicable:
 - a. Type 2 diabetes; and
 - b. Dyslipidemia; and
 - c. Hypertension; and
7. Member must not be taking strong CYP2C8 inhibitors (e.g., gemfibrozil) or OATP1B1/OATP1B3 inhibitors (e.g., cyclosporine) concurrently with Rezdiffra; and
8. If member is taking a moderate CYP2C8 inhibitor (e.g., clopidogrel) concurrently with Rezdiffra®, prescriber must agree to reduce the dose as required in the package labeling; and

9. If the member is taking a statin, prescriber must agree to adjust the statin dosage (when necessary) and monitor for statin-related adverse reactions; and
10. A trial of Wegovy® (semaglutide injection) at maintenance dosing for at least 3 months (unless contraindicated) that did not provide an adequate response; and
 - a. If combination therapy of Rezdifra® with Wegovy® is being requested, a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member requires combination therapy must be provided; and
11. Must be prescribed by a gastroenterologist or hepatologist (or an advanced care practitioner with a supervising physician who is a gastroenterologist or hepatologist); and
12. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Subsequent approvals (for the duration of 1 year) will be approved if the prescriber documents the member is tolerating and responding well to the medication; and
13. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply.

Finally, the College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes to the Imcivree® (setmelanotide) approval criteria based on the new FDA approved age expansion and clinical practice (changes shown in red):

Imcivree® (Setmelanotide) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of chronic weight management in adult and pediatric members **6 2** years of age and older with obesity due to 1 of following:
 - a. Proopiomelanocortin (POMC), proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 1 (PCSK1), or leptin receptor (LEPR) deficiency; or
 - b. Bardet-Biedl syndrome (BBS); and
2. For POMC-, PCSK1-, or LEPR-deficiency, diagnosis must be confirmed by molecular genetic testing to confirm homozygous **or compound heterozygous** variants in the POMC, PCSK1, or LEPR genes that are interpreted as pathogenic, likely pathogenic, or of uncertain significance (results of genetic testing must be submitted); and
3. For BBS, diagnosis must be confirmed by the following:
 - a. Molecular genetic testing to confirm homozygous or compound heterozygous variants in a BBS gene that are interpreted as pathogenic or likely pathogenic (results of genetic testing must be submitted); and
 - b. Clinical features of BBS supported by detailed clinical documentation of each feature (medical records/clinical documentation of each feature must be submitted), as follows:

- i. Four primary features (i.e., rod-cone dystrophy, polydactyly, obesity, learning disabilities, hypogonadotropic hypogonadism and/or genitourinary anomalies, renal anomalies); or
 - ii. Three of the primary features previously listed in 3.b.i. plus 2 secondary features [i.e., speech disorder/delay, strabismus/cataracts/astigmatism, brachydactyly/syndactyly, developmental delay, poor coordination/imbalance, mild spasticity (especially lower limbs), diabetes mellitus, dental crowding/hypodontia/small roots/high arched palate, left ventricular hypertrophy/congenital heart disease, hepatic fibrosis]; and
- 4. Requests for Imcivree® for obesity due to suspected POMC-, PCSK1-, or LEPR-deficiency with POMC, PCSK1, or LEPR variants classified as benign or likely benign, or other types of obesity not related to POMC, PCSK1 or LEPR deficiency, or BBS including obesity associated with other genetic syndromes, or general obesity will not be approved; and
- 5. Member is currently on a dietician-guided diet and exercise program and has previously failed a dietician-guided diet and exercise program alone; and
- 6. Member's baseline weight and body mass index (BMI) must be provided; and
- 7. Baseline BMI must be $\geq 30\text{kg/m}^2$ for adults or $\geq 95\text{th}$ percentile on BMI-for-age growth chart assessment for children; and
- 8. Member must not be actively suicidal or have uncontrolled depression and prescriber must verify member will be monitored for depression prior to starting Imcivree® therapy and throughout treatment; and
- 9. Prescriber must verify member has been counseled on potential sexual adverse reactions and when to seek emergency medical care; and
- 10. Prescriber must verify member does not have end stage renal disease [estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) $< 15\text{mL/min/1.73m}^2$] and must confirm the dose will be adjusted per package labeling for members with severe renal impairment (eGFR 15 to 29mL/min/1.73m^2); and
- 11. Prescriber must verify female member is not pregnant or breastfeeding; and
- 12. Prescriber must confirm member or caregiver has been trained on the proper storage and administration of Imcivree® prior to the first dose; and
- 13. For POMC-, PCSK1-, or LEPR-deficiency, initial approvals will be for the duration of 16 weeks. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member's current weight or BMI and member has achieved weight loss of $\geq 5\%$ of baseline body weight or $\geq 5\%$ of BMI; or

14. For BBS, approvals will be for the duration of 1 year. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member's current weight or BMI and member has achieved weight loss of $\geq 5\%$ of baseline body weight or $\geq 5\%$ of BMI; and
15. A quantity limit of 9mL per 30 days will apply.

Utilization Details of ABCD Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
| SEMAGLUTIDE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| WEGOVY INJ 0.25MG/0.5ML | 135 | 100 | \$177,272.27 | \$1,313.13 | 1.35 | 2.72% |
| WEGOVY INJ 0.5MG/0.5ML | 100 | 64 | \$131,140.01 | \$1,311.40 | 1.56 | 2.01% |
| WEGOVY INJ 1.7MG/0.75ML | 53 | 25 | \$69,536.74 | \$1,312.01 | 2.12 | 1.07% |
| WEGOVY INJ 1MG/0.5ML | 48 | 38 | \$62,982.66 | \$1,312.14 | 1.26 | 0.97% |
| WEGOVY INJ 2.4MG/0.75ML | 31 | 14 | \$40,716.57 | \$1,313.44 | 2.21 | 0.62% |
| SUBTOTAL | 367 | 241 | \$481,648.25 | \$1,312.39 | 1.52 | 7.39% |
| SETMELANOTIDE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| IMCIVREE INJ 10MG/ML | 175 | 24 | \$5,016,292.49 | \$28,664.53 | 7.29 | 76.98% |
| SUBTOTAL | 175 | 24 | \$5,016,292.49 | \$28,664.53 | 7.29 | 76.98% |
| RESMETIROM PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| REZDIFFRA TAB 80MG | 23 | 7 | \$94,503.87 | \$4,108.86 | 3.29 | 1.45% |
| REZDIFFRA TAB 100MG | 20 | 7 | \$81,713.52 | \$4,085.68 | 2.86 | 1.25% |
| SUBTOTAL | 43 | 14 | \$176,217.39 | \$4,098.08 | 3.07 | 2.70% |
| TIRZEPATIDE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| ZEPBOUND INJ 2.5/0.5ML | 10 | 6 | \$10,566.47 | \$1,056.65 | 1.67 | 0.16% |
| ZEPBOUND INJ 5MG/0.5ML | 9 | 5 | \$9,543.85 | \$1,060.43 | 1.8 | 0.15% |
| ZEPBOUND INJ 7.5MG/0.5ML | 3 | 3 | \$3,190.32 | \$1,063.44 | 1 | 0.05% |
| SUBTOTAL | 22 | 14 | \$23,300.64 | \$1,059.12 | 1.57 | 0.36% |
| METRELEPTIN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| MYALEPT INJ 11.3MG | 12 | 1 | \$818,926.05 | \$68,243.84 | 12 | 12.57% |
| SUBTOTAL | 12 | 1 | \$818,926.05 | \$68,243.84 | 12 | 12.57% |
| TOTAL | 619 | 188* | \$6,516,384.82 | \$10,527.28 | 3.29 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

INJ = injection; TAB = tablet

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/index.cfm>. Last revised 12/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

² U.S. FDA. FDA Approves First Medication for Obstructive Sleep Apnea. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/fda-approves-first-medication-obstructive-sleep-apnea>. Issued 12/20/2024. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

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- ³ Rhythm Pharmaceuticals. Rhythm Pharmaceuticals Announces FDA Approval of Imcivree® (Setmelanotide) for Patients as Young as 2 Years Old. *GlobeNewswire*. Available online at: <https://www.globenewswire.com/news-release/2024/12/20/3000811/0/en/Rhythm-Pharmaceuticals-Announces-FDA-Approval-of-IMCIVREE-setmelanotide-for-Patients%20-as-Young-as-2-Years-Old.html>. Issued 12/20/2024. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ⁴ U.S. FDA. FDA Approves Treatment for Serious Liver Disease Known as 'MASH'. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/drugs/news-events-human-drugs/fda-approves-treatment-serious-liver-disease-known-mash>. Issued 08/15/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ⁵ Sanyal A, Newsome P, Kliers I, et. al. Phase 3 Trial of Semaglutide in Metabolic Dysfunction–Associated Steatohepatitis. *N Engl J Med* 2025; 392:2089-99. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa2413258.
- ⁶ Wegovy® (Semaglutide) Prescribing Information. Novo Nordisk. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/218316Orig1s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 01/2/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ⁷ Novo Nordisk. Novo Nordisk's Wegovy® (Semaglutide 2.4mg) Was Associated with Liver Health-Related Benefits Not Solely Based on Weight Loss in Adult Patients with MASH with Liver Scarring, According to A New Post Hoc Analysis. Available online at: <https://www.novonordisk-us.com/media/news-archive/news-details.html?id=916456>. Issued 11/10/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ⁸ Novo Nordisk. Novo Nordisk A/S: Wegovy® Pill Approved in the US as First Oral GLP-1 for Weight Management. Available online at: <https://www.novonordisk.com/content/nncorp/global/en/news-and-media/news-and-ir-materials/news-details.html?id=916472>. Issued 12/22/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.
- ⁹ Nadolsky K, Garvey W, Agarwal M, et al. American Association of Clinical Endocrinology Consensus Statement: Algorithm for the Evaluation and Treatment of Adults with Obesity/Adiposity-Based Chronic Disease — 2025 Update. *Endocr Pract* 2025; 31(11): 1351-1394. doi: 10.1016/j.eprac.2025.07.017.
- ¹⁰ Rhythm Pharmaceuticals. Rhythm Pharmaceuticals Announces FDA Acceptance of sNDA for Setmelanotide in Acquired Hypothalamic Obesity. *GlobeNewswire*. Available online at: <https://www.globenewswire.com/news-release/2025/08/20/3136704/0/en/Rhythm-Pharmaceuticals-Announces-FDA-Acceptance-of-sNDA-for-Setmelanotide-in-Acquired-Hypothalamic-Obesity.html>. Issued 08/20/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ¹¹ Rhythm Pharmaceuticals. Rhythm Pharmaceuticals Announces FDA Extension of Review Period for Imcivree® (Setmelanotide) for Patients with Acquired Hypothalamic Obesity. *GlobeNewswire*. Available online at: <https://www.globenewswire.com/news-release/2025/11/07/3183568/0/en/Rhythm-Pharmaceuticals-Announces-FDA-Extension-of-Review-Period-for-IMCIVREE-setmelanotide-for-Patients-with-Acquired-Hypothalamic-Obesity.html>. Issued 11/07/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ¹² Eli Lilly. Lilly's Oral GLP-1, Orforglipron, Demonstrated Statistically Significant Efficacy Results and A Safety Profile Consistent with Injectable GLP-1 Medicines in Successful Phase 3 Trial. Available online at: <https://investor.lilly.com/news-releases/news-release-details/lillys-oral-glp-1-orforglipron-demonstrated-statistically>. Issued 04/17/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.
- ¹³ Eli Lilly. Clinical Development Pipeline. Available online at: <https://www.lilly.com/science/research-development/pipeline>. Last revised 10/30/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.
- ¹⁴ Eli Lilly. Lilly's Triple Agonist, Retatrutide, Delivered Weight Loss of Up to an Average of 71.2 lbs Along with Substantial Relief from Osteoarthritis Pain in First Successful Phase 3 Trial. Available online at: <https://investor.lilly.com/news-releases/news-release-details/lillys-triple-agonist-retatrutide-delivered-weight-loss-average>. Issued 12/11/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.
- ¹⁵ Eli Lilly. Lilly's Tirzepatide Was Superior to Placebo for MASH Resolution, and More Than Half of Patients Achieved Improvement in Fibrosis at 52 Weeks. Available online at: <https://investor.lilly.com/news-releases/news-release-details/lillys-tirzepatide-was-superior-placebo-mash-resolution-and-more>. Issued 06/08/2024. Last accessed 12/30/2025.
- ¹⁶ Eli Lilly. Lilly's Tirzepatide Reduced the Risk of Worsening Heart Failure Events By 38% in Adults with Heart Failure with Preserved Ejection Fraction (HFpEF) and Obesity. Available online at: <https://lilly.mediaroom.com/2024-11-16-Lillys-tirzepatide-reduced-the-risk-of-worsening-heart-failure-events-by-38-in-adults-with-heart-failure-with-preserved-ejection-fraction-HFpEF-and-obesity>. Issued 11/16/2024. Last accessed 12/30/2025.
- ¹⁷ Zepbound® (Tirzepatide) Prescribing Information. Eli Lilly. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/217806s031lbl.pdf. Last revised 09/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ¹⁸ Malhotra A, Grunstein R, Fietze I, et al. Tirzepatide for the Treatment of Obstructive Sleep Apnea and Obesity. *N Engl J Med* 2024; 391:1193-205. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa2404881.



Appendix E

Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Antihyperlipidemics and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Redemplo® (Plozasiran)

**Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026**

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

Evkeeza® (Evinacumab-dgnb) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) defined by the presence of at least 1 of the following:
 - a. Documented functional mutation(s) in both low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - b. An untreated LDL >500mg/dL and at least 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented evidence of definite HeFH in both parents; or
 - ii. Presence of tendinous/cutaneous xanthoma prior to 10 years of age; and
2. Member must be 5 years of age or older; and
3. Documented trial of high dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or maximally tolerated statin therapy at least 12 weeks in duration; and
4. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at lower doses (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
5. Documented trial of a proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9) inhibitor (e.g., Praluent®, Repatha®) at least 12 weeks in duration; and
6. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
7. Female members must not be pregnant and must have a negative pregnancy test prior to therapy initiation. Female members of

- reproductive potential must be willing to use effective contraception while on therapy and for 5 months after discontinuation of therapy; and
8. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6-months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

| Fibric Acid Derivative Medications | |
|---|--|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 |
| choline fenofibrate DR cap 45mg (Trilipix®) | choline fenofibrate DR cap 135mg (Trilipix®) |
| fenofibrate micronized cap 67mg, 134mg (Lofibra®) | fenofibrate cap 50mg, 150mg (Lipofen®) |
| fenofibrate tab 48mg, 145mg (Tricor®) | fenofibrate micronized cap 43mg, 130mg (Antara®) |
| fenofibrate tab 54mg, 160mg (Lofibra®) | fenofibrate tab 40mg, 120mg (Fenoglides®) |
| fenofibrate micronized cap 200mg (Lofibra®) | fenofibric acid tab (Fibricor®) 105mg |
| gemfibrozil tab 600mg (Lopid®) | |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).
cap = capsule; DR = delayed release; tab = tablet

Fibric Acid Derivative Medications Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. Laboratory documented failure with a Tier-1 medication after a 6-month trial; or
2. Documented adverse drug effect, drug interaction, or contraindication to all Tier-1 medication(s); or
3. Prior stabilization on the Tier-2 medication documented within the last 100 days.

Juxtapid® (Lomitapide) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) defined by the presence of at least 1 of the following criteria:
 - a. A documented functional mutation(s) in both low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - b. An untreated LDL >500mg/dL and triglycerides <300mg/dL and at least 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented evidence of definite HeFH in both parents; or
 - ii. Presence of tendinous/cutaneous xanthoma prior to 10 years of age; and

2. Documented trial of high dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or maximally tolerated statin therapy at least 12 weeks in duration; and
3. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at lower doses (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
4. Documented trial of a proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9) inhibitor (e.g., Praluent®, Repatha®) at least 12 weeks in duration; and
5. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
6. Prescriber must be certified with Juxtapid® Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) program.

Leqvio® (Inclisiran) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication as an adjunct to diet and statin therapy for the treatment of 1 of the following:
 - a. Heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) as confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Both of the following:
 1. Pre-treatment total cholesterol >290mg/dL or LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) >190mg/dL; and
 2. History of tendon xanthomas in either the member, first degree relative, or second degree relative; or
 - iii. Dutch Lipid Clinic Network Criteria score of >8; or
 - b. Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD); and
 - i. Supporting diagnoses/conditions and dates of occurrence signifying established ASCVD; or
 - c. Primary hyperlipidemia; and
 - i. Member's untreated LDL-C level must be ≥190mg/dL; and
 - ii. Current LDL-C level is ≥100mg/dL; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Documented trial of all of the following for at least 12 weeks in duration each:

- a. High dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or maximally tolerated statin therapy; and
 - b. Ezetimibe; and
 - c. Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9) inhibitor (e.g., Praluent®, Repatha®); and
- 4. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at lower doses (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
- 5. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-C (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C must be provided); and
- 6. Leqvio® must be administered by a health care professional. Approvals will not be granted for self-administration; and
 - a. Prior authorization requests must indicate how Leqvio® will be administered (e.g., prescriber, pharmacist, home health care provider); and
 - i. Leqvio® must be shipped to the facility where the member is scheduled to receive treatment; or
 - ii. Prescriber must verify the member has been counseled on the proper storage of Leqvio®; and
- 7. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

Nexletol® (Bempedoic Acid) and Nexlizet® (Bempedoic Acid/Ezetimibe)
Approval Criteria:

- 1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. As an adjunct to diet and other low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) lowering therapies or alone when concomitant LDL-C lowering therapies are not possible to reduce LDL-C in those with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH). HeFH must be confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Both of the following:

1. Pre-treatment total cholesterol >290mg/dL or LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) >190mg/dL; and
 2. History of tendon xanthomas in either the member, first degree relative, or second degree relative; or
 - iii. Dutch Lipid Clinic Network Criteria score of >8; or
 - b. As an adjunct to diet and other LDL-C lowering therapies or alone when concomitant LDL-C lowering therapies are not possible to reduce LDL-C in those with primary hyperlipidemia; and
 - i. Member's untreated LDL-C level must be \geq 190mg/dL; and
 - ii. Current LDL-C level is \geq 100mg/dL; and
 - c. To reduce the risk of myocardial infarction and coronary revascularization in those unable to take recommended statin therapy with 1 of the following:
 - i. High risk for a cardiovascular disease (CVD) event without established atherosclerotic CVD (ASCVD); or
 - ii. Established ASCVD; and
 - iii. Supporting diagnoses/conditions/risk factors and dates of occurrences must be submitted; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must be on a stable dose of maximally tolerated statin therapy for at least 4 weeks (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
 - a. LDL-C levels should be included following at least 4 weeks of treatment; and
 - b. Member must not be taking simvastatin at doses >20mg or pravastatin at doses >40mg due to drug interactions with Nexletol[®] and Nexlizet[®]; and
4. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different lower dose statins (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
5. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-C (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
6. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply; and
7. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

Praluent® (Alirocumab) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. Heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) as confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Both of the following:
 1. Pre-treatment total cholesterol >290mg/dL or LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) >190mg/dL; and
 2. History of tendon xanthomas in either the member, first degree relative, or second degree relative; or
 - iii. Dutch Lipid Clinic Network Criteria score of >8; or
 - b. Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) defined by the presence of at least 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in both LDL receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. An untreated LDL >500mg/dL and at least 1 of the following:
 1. Documented evidence of definite HeFH in both parents; or
 2. Presence of tendinous/cutaneous xanthoma prior to 10 years of age; or
 - c. As an adjunct to maximally tolerated statin therapy to reduce the risk of myocardial infarction, stroke, and coronary revascularization in adults with established cardiovascular disease (CVD); and
 - i. Documentation of established CVD; and
 - ii. Supporting diagnoses/conditions and date of occurrence signifying established CVD; or
 - d. Primary hyperlipidemia; and
 - i. Member's untreated LDL-C level must be ≥ 190 mg/dL; and
 - ii. Current LDL-C level is ≥ 100 mg/dL; and
2. For HeFH, member must be 8 years of age or older; and
3. For FDA approved indications other than HeFH, the member must be 18 years of age or older; and
4. Member must be on high dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or on maximally tolerated statin therapy; and
 - a. Statin trials must be at least 12 weeks in duration (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and

- b. LDL-C levels should be included following at least 12 weeks of treatment; and
- 5. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatinine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different lower dose statins (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
- 6. Member must have a recent trial with a statin with ezetimibe, or a recent trial of ezetimibe without a statin for members with a documented statin intolerance, or a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why ezetimibe is not appropriate must be provided; and
- 7. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-C (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
- 8. Prescriber must verify that member has been counseled on appropriate use, storage of the medication, and administration technique; and
- 9. A quantity limit of 2 syringes or pens per 28 days will apply; and
- 10. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

Repatha® (Evolocumab) Approval Criteria:

- 1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. Heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) as confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Both of the following:
 - 1. Pre-treatment total cholesterol >290mg/dL or LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) >190mg/dL; and
 - 2. History of tendon xanthomas in either the member, first degree relative, or second degree relative; or
 - iii. Dutch Lipid Clinic Network Criteria score of >8; or
 - b. Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) defined by the presence of at least 1 of the following:

- i. Documented functional mutation(s) in both LDL receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. An untreated LDL >500mg/dL and at least 1 of the following:
 - 1. Documented evidence of definite HeFH in both parents; or
 - 2. Presence of tendinous/cutaneous xanthoma prior to 10 years of age; or
 - c. As an adjunct to maximally tolerated statin therapy to reduce the risk of myocardial infarction, stroke, and coronary revascularization in adults with established cardiovascular disease (CVD); and
 - i. Documentation of established CVD; and
 - ii. Supporting diagnoses/conditions and date of occurrence signifying established CVD; or
 - d. Primary hyperlipidemia; and
 - i. Member's untreated LDL-C level must be ≥ 190 mg/dL; and
 - ii. Current LDL-C level is ≥ 100 mg/dL; and
- 2. For HeFH or HoFH, member must be 10 years of age or older; and
- 3. For FDA approved indications other than HeFH or HoFH, the member must be 18 years of age or older; and
- 4. Member must be on high dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or on maximally tolerated statin therapy; and
 - a. Statin trials must be at least 12 weeks in duration (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
 - b. LDL-C levels should be included following at least 12 weeks of treatment; and
- 5. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatinine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different lower dose statins (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
- 6. Member must have a recent trial with a statin with ezetimibe, or a recent trial of ezetimibe without a statin for members with a documented statin intolerance, or a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why ezetimibe is not appropriate must be provided; and

7. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-C (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
8. Prescriber must verify that member has been counseled on appropriate use, storage of the medication, and administration technique; and
9. A quantity limit of 2 syringes or auto-injectors per 28 days will apply; and
10. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

| Statin Medications and Ezetimibe | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Tier-1 | Special PA |
| atorvastatin (Lipitor®) | atorvastatin suspension (Atorvaliq®) |
| ezetimibe (Zetia®) | fluvastatin (Lescol® & Lescol® XL) |
| lovastatin (Mevacor®) | lovastatin ER (Altoprev®) |
| pravastatin (Pravachol®) | pitavastatin (Livalo®) |
| rosuvastatin (Crestor®) | pitavastatin magnesium (Zypitamag®) |
| simvastatin (Zocor®) | simvastatin/ezetimibe (Vytorin®) |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).
ER = extended-release; PA = prior authorization

Statin Medications Special Prior Authorization (PA) Approval Criteria:

1. Use of any Special PA medication will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why lower tiered medications with similar or higher low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol (LDL-C) reduction cannot be used; and
2. Use of Atorvaliq® (atorvastatin oral suspension) will require:
 - a. An FDA approved indication; and
 - b. Member must be 10 years of age or older; and
 - c. A patient specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use atorvastatin oral tablets, even when the tablets are crushed.

Tryngolza® (Olezarsen) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication to reduce triglyceride levels in adults with familial chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS); and
2. Diagnosis of FCS must be confirmed by the following:
 - a. Fasting triglyceride levels ≥ 880 mg/dL; and
 - b. One of the following:

- i. Genetic testing identifying biallelic pathogenic variants in the *LPL*, *GPIHBP1*, *APOA5*, *APOC2*, or *LMF1* genes (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Familial chylomicronemia score ≥ 10 ; or
 - iii. North American familial chylomicronemia syndrome score ≥ 45 ; or
 - iv. History of clinical signs and symptoms associated with FCS (i.e., pancreatitis and/or abdominal pain, eruptive xanthomas, lipemia retinalis, lipemic plasma) and a diagnosis of multifactorial chylomicronemia syndrome (MCS) has been ruled out; and
- 3. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
- 4. Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, an endocrinologist, or a specialist with expertise in the treatment of disorders related to severe hypertriglyceridemia; and
- 5. Prescriber must verify the member is on a low-fat diet of ≤ 20 g of fat per day and will continue the low-fat diet while on treatment with Tryngolza®; and
- 6. Member or caregiver has been trained by a health care professional on the subcutaneous (sub-Q) administration and proper storage of Tryngolza®; and
- 7. Initial approvals will be for 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment, as indicated by a reduction in fasting triglyceride levels, decreased episodes of acute pancreatitis, and/or other documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy. Subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year.

Vascepa® (Icosapent Ethyl) Approval Criteria:

- 1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. Severe hypertriglyceridemia; and
 - i. Laboratory documentation of severe hypertriglyceridemia (fasting triglycerides ≥ 500 mg/dL) and controlled diabetes (fasting glucose < 150 mg/dL at the time of triglycerides measurement and HgA1c $< 7.5\%$); and
 - ii. Previous failure with fibric acid medications; and
 - iii. Previous failure of or a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use omega-3-acid ethyl esters (generic Lovaza®), which is available without prior authorization; or
 - b. As an adjunct to maximally tolerated statin therapy to reduce the risk of myocardial infarction, stroke, coronary revascularization, and unstable angina requiring hospitalization in adult members with elevated triglyceride levels; and

- i. Member must be on a stable dose of maximally tolerated statin therapy for at least 4 weeks (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
- ii. Laboratory documentation of fasting triglycerides $\geq 150\text{mg/dL}$; and
- iii. Member must have 1 of the following:
 1. Established cardiovascular disease; or
 2. Diabetes mellitus and ≥ 2 additional risk factors for cardiovascular disease; and
2. Use of Vascepa® 0.5 gram requires a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Vascepa® 1 gram.

Welchol® (Colesevelam) Packets for Oral Suspension Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason (beyond convenience) why the member cannot use the oral tablet formulation of colesevelam, which is available without prior authorization, must be provided; and
3. The following quantity limits will apply:
 - a. 30 packets for oral suspension per 30 days.

Utilization of Antihyperlipidemics: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 44,489 | 126,253 | \$2,105,629.99 | \$16.68 | \$0.25 | 8,673,479 | 8,382,408 |
| Aetna | 4,426 | 5,692 | \$114,402.21 | \$20.10 | \$0.29 | 405,192 | 392,738 |
| Humana | 5,992 | 8,645 | \$169,801.57 | \$19.64 | \$0.33 | 535,631 | 514,598 |
| OCH | 4,449 | 5,894 | \$118,906.77 | \$20.17 | \$0.33 | 370,783 | 357,279 |
| 2024 Total | 47,649 | 146,484 | \$2,508,740.54 | \$17.13 | \$0.26 | 9,985,084 | 9,647,023 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 22,435 | 68,625 | \$1,175,956.46 | \$17.14 | \$0.28 | 4,378,358 | 4,239,245 |
| Aetna | 8,638 | 22,945 | \$448,164.37 | \$19.53 | \$0.27 | 1,705,796 | 1,659,850 |
| Humana | 11,289 | 34,921 | \$881,563.84 | \$25.24 | \$0.38 | 2,392,129 | 2,315,740 |
| OCH | 9,044 | 25,099 | \$500,217.61 | \$19.93 | \$0.29 | 1,768,796 | 1,717,671 |
| 2025 Total | 46,165 | 151,590 | \$3,005,902.28 | \$19.83 | \$0.30 | 10,245,079 | 9,932,506 |
| % Change | -3.10% | 3.50% | 19.80% | 15.80% | 15.40% | 2.60% | 3.00% |
| Change | -1,484 | 5,106 | \$497,161.74 | \$2.70 | \$0.04 | 259,995 | 285,483 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

- Aggregate drug rebates collected during fiscal year 2025 for antihyperlipidemics totaled \$480,015.35.^Δ Rebates are collected after reimbursement for the medication and are not reflected in this report. The costs included in this report do not reflect net costs.

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Medical Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | *Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Claims/Member |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | |
| FFS | 4 | 6 | \$20,564.44 | \$3,427.41 | 1.5 |
| Aetna | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 |
| Humana | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 |
| OCH | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 |
| 2024 Total | 4 | 6 | \$20,564.44 | \$3,427.41 | 1.5 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | |
| FFS | 2 | 2 | \$6,946.64 | \$3,473.32 | 1 |
| Aetna | 1 | 1 | \$3,457.96 | \$3,457.96 | 1 |
| Humana | 2 | 2 | \$6,955.16 | \$3,477.58 | 1 |
| OCH | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 |
| 2025 Total | 5 | 5 | \$17,359.76 | \$3,471.95 | 1 |
| % Change | 25.00% | -16.67% | -15.58% | 1.30% | -33.33% |
| Change | 1 | -1 | -\$3,204.68 | \$44.54 | -0.5 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

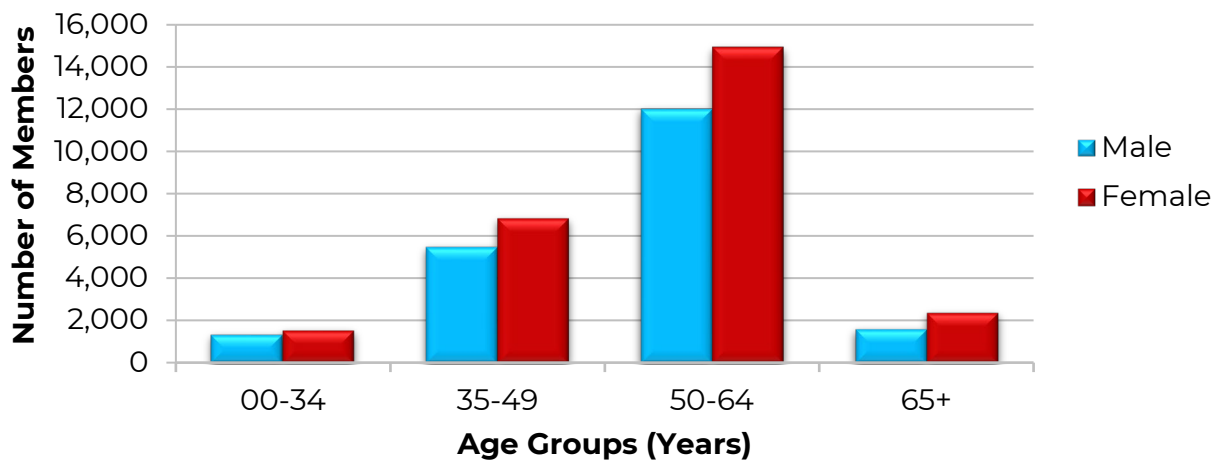
*Total number of unduplicated claims.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

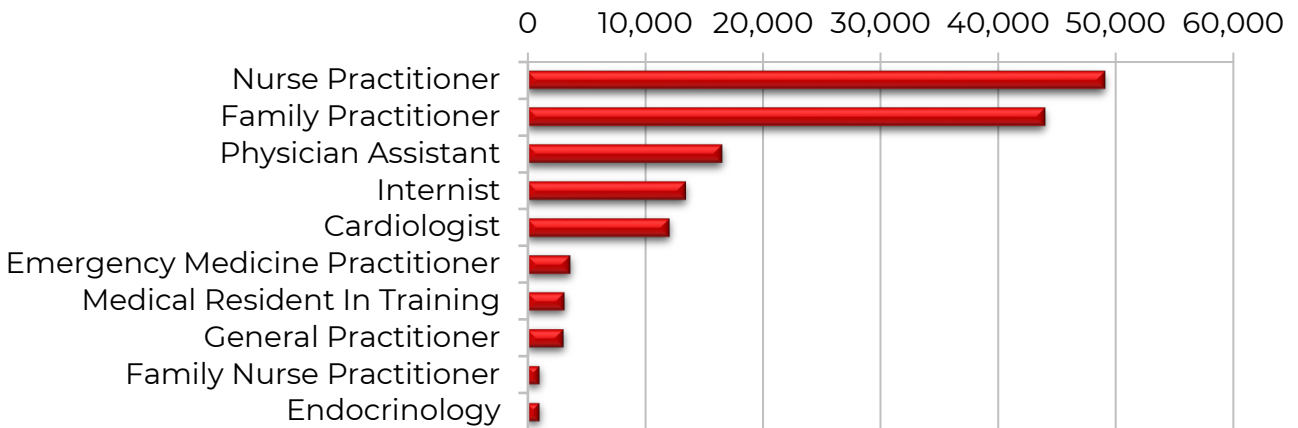
Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Demographics of Members Utilizing Antihyperlipidemics: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



^Δ Important considerations: Aggregate drug rebates are based on the date the claim is paid rather than the date dispensed. Claims data are based on the date dispensed.

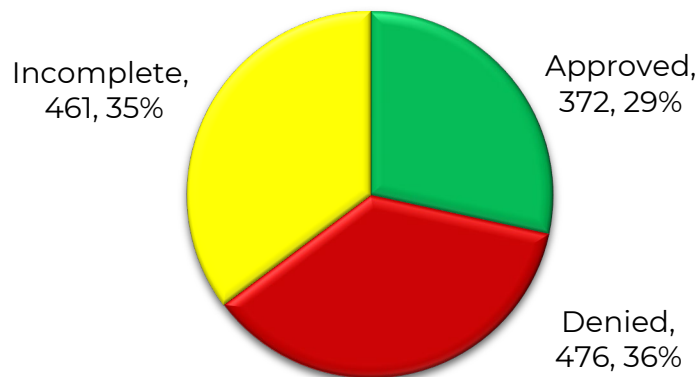
Top Prescriber Specialties of Antihyperlipidemics by Number of Claims: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



Prior Authorization of Antihyperlipidemics

There were 1,309 prior authorization requests submitted for antihyperlipidemics during fiscal year 2025. The following charts show the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 225 | 30% | 324 | 43% | 204 | 27% | 753 |
| Aetna | 24 | 10% | 114 | 49% | 96 | 41% | 234 |
| Humana | 43 | 34% | 0 | 0% | 82 | 66% | 125 |
| OCH | 80 | 41% | 23 | 12% | 94 | 48% | 197 |
| Total | 372 | 29% | 461 | 35% | 476 | 36% | 1,309 |

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = OK Complete Health

Market News and Updates^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12}

Anticipated Patent Expiration(s):

- Juxtapid® (lomitapide capsule): August 2027
- Zypitamag® (pitavastatin magnesium tablet): January 2031
- Vascepa® (icosapent ethyl capsule): June 2033
- Tryngolza® (olezarsen injection): May 2034
- Leqvio® (inclisiran solution): August 2036
- Atorvaliq® (atorvastatin oral suspension): June 2037
- Redemplo® (plozasiran solution): September 2038
- Nexletol® (bempedoic acid tablet): June 2040
- Nexlizet® (bempedoic acid/ezetimibe tablet): June 2040

New U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Approval(s):

- **July 2025:** The FDA approved a label update for Leqvio® (inclisiran) which removed the requirement for Leqvio® to be used in combination with a statin. Leqvio® is now approved as an adjunct to diet and exercise to reduce low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) in adults with hypercholesterolemia, including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH).
- **August 2025:** The FDA approved a label expansion for Repatha® (evolocumab) to include those at risk of major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events due to uncontrolled LDL-C. This removed the prior requirement that the patient had to have established CV disease.
- **September 2025:** The FDA approved an age expansion for Evkeeza® (evinacumab-dgnb) down to 1 year of age or older to treat homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH). Previously, Evkeeza® was approved in patients 5 years of age or older. The efficacy of Evkeeza® was studied in 6 patients 1 year to younger than 5 years of age in an expanded access program, which showed a reduction in LDL-C.
- **October 2025:** The FDA approved a label expansion for Praluent® (alirocumab) to include those at risk of major adverse CV events due to uncontrolled LDL-C. This removed the prior requirement that the patient had to have established CV disease.
- **November 2025:** The FDA approved Redemplo® (plozasiran) as an adjunct to diet to reduce triglycerides (TG) in adults with familial chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS).
- **November 2025:** The FDA approved revisions to the indications in the Nexletol® (bempedoic acid) and Nexlizet® (bempedoic acid/ezetimibe) *Prescribing Information* to clarify that bempedoic acid is indicated to reduce the risk of major adverse CV events, such as CV death, myocardial infarction, stroke, or coronary revascularization, in adults at increased risk for these events who are unable to take recommended statin therapy (including those not taking a statin). Additionally, for the

HeFH diagnosis, bempedoic acid should be used in combination with exercise along with diet.

Pipeline:

- **Olezarsen:** Olezarsen is being studied for a new indication to treat people with severe hypertriglyceridemia (sHTG). The results of the CORE and CORE2 Phase 3 clinical trials were announced in November 2025, which showed that patients treated with olezarsen achieved a statistically significant placebo-adjusted mean reduction in fasting TG levels of up to 72% at 6 months. Olezarsen is currently FDA approved under the brand name Tryngolza® (olezarsen) for treatment of adults with FCS. Ionis, the manufacturer of olezarsen, stated they plan to submit a supplemental New Drug Application (sNDA) at the end of 2025.

Redemplo® (Plozasiran) Product Summary^{13,14}

Therapeutic Class: Apolipoprotein C-III (apoC-III)-directed small interfering ribonucleic acid (siRNA)

Indication(s): Adjunct to diet to reduce TG in adults with FCS

How Supplied: 25mg/0.5mL solution in a single-dose pre-filled syringe

Dosing and Administration:

- The recommended dosage of Redemplo® is 25mg injected subcutaneously (sub-Q) once every 3 months.
- Redemplo® should be injected sub-Q into the front of the thigh or abdomen. The outer area of the upper arm can be used as an injection site if a health care provider or caregiver administers the injection.

Efficacy: The efficacy of Redemplo® was studied in the PALISADE clinical trial, a randomized, placebo-controlled, double-blind trial in adult patients with genetically confirmed or clinically diagnosed FCS who were maintained on a low-fat diet (≤20 grams of fat per day).

- Key Inclusion Criteria:
 - 18 years of age or older
 - Fasting TGs ≥880mg/dL at screening
 - Diagnosis of severe hypertriglyceridemia that was resistant to standard lipid-lowering therapy
 - A documented history of a fasting TGs of >1,000mg/dL on ≥3 occasions
 - Genetically confirmed FCS or symptomatic persistent chylomicronemia
- Exclusion Criteria:
 - Uncontrolled diabetes

- Use of corticosteroids or anabolic steroids
- Chronic kidney disease
- **Intervention(s):** 75 eligible patients were randomly assigned in a 2:1:2:1 ratio to receive 25mg of Redemplo® or volume-matched placebo or to receive 50mg of Redemplo® or volume-matched placebo sub-Q every 3 months for 12 months.
- **Primary Endpoint:** The primary endpoint was the median percent change from baseline in the fasting TG level at 10 months.
- **Results:**
 - The median relative reduction from baseline in the fasting TG level was -80% in the 25mg Redemplo® group, -78% in the 50mg Redemplo® group, and -17% in the placebo group.
 - The median percent change in the fasting TG level in the Redemplo® group compared with placebo was -59% points [95% confidence interval (CI): -90, -28; P<0.001] in the 25mg group and -53% points (95% CI: -83, -22; P<0.001) in the 50mg group.

Cost Comparison:

| Medication | Cost Per Syringe | Cost Per Year |
|--|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Redemplo® (plozasiran) 25mg/0.5mL injection | \$15,000 | \$60,000^α |
| Tryngolza® (olezarsen) 80mg/0.8mL injection | \$49,584 | \$595,008 ^β |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Cost based on wholesale acquisition cost (WAC).

^αCost based on the FDA approved dose of 25mg/0.5mL once every 3 months.

^βCost based on the FDA approved dose of 80mg/0.8mL once monthly.

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Redemplo® (plozasiran) with the following criteria and recommends updating the approval criteria for Tryngolza® (olezarsen) based on the FDA approval of Redemplo®, net cost, and clinical practice (shown in red):

Redemplo® (Plozasiran) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication to reduce triglyceride levels in adults with familial chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS); and
2. Diagnosis of FCS must be confirmed by the following:
 - a. Fasting triglyceride levels ≥ 880 mg/dL; and
 - b. One of the following:
 - i. Genetic testing identifying biallelic pathogenic variants in the *LPL*, *GPIHBP1*, *APOA5*, *APOC2*, or *LMF1* genes (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Familial chylomicronemia score ≥ 10 ; or
 - iii. North American familial chylomicronemia syndrome score ≥ 45 ; or

- iv. History of clinical signs and symptoms associated with FCS (i.e., pancreatitis and/or abdominal pain, eruptive xanthomas, lipemia retinalis, lipemic plasma) and a diagnosis of multifactorial chylomicronemia syndrome (MCS) has been ruled out; and
3. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
4. Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, an endocrinologist, or a specialist with expertise in the treatment of disorders related to severe hypertriglyceridemia; and
5. Prescriber must verify the member is on a low-fat diet of $\leq 20\text{g}$ of fat per day and will continue the low-fat diet while on treatment with Redemplo®; and
6. Member or caregiver will be trained by a health care professional on the subcutaneous (sub-Q) administration and proper storage of Redemplo®; and
7. Initial approvals will be for 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment, as indicated by a reduction in fasting triglyceride levels, decreased episodes of acute pancreatitis, and/or other documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy. Subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year.

Tryngolza® (Olezarsen) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication to reduce triglyceride levels in adults with familial chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS); and
2. Diagnosis of FCS must be confirmed by the following:
 - a. Fasting triglyceride levels $\geq 880\text{mg/dL}$; and
 - b. One of the following:
 - i. Genetic testing identifying biallelic pathogenic variants in the *LPL*, *GPIHBP1*, *APOA5*, *APOC2*, or *LMF1* genes (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Familial chylomicronemia score ≥ 10 ; or
 - iii. North American familial chylomicronemia syndrome score ≥ 45 ; or
 - iv. History of clinical signs and symptoms associated with FCS (i.e., pancreatitis and/or abdominal pain, eruptive xanthomas, lipemia retinalis, lipemic plasma) and a diagnosis of multifactorial chylomicronemia syndrome (MCS) has been ruled out; and
3. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
4. Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, an endocrinologist, or a specialist with expertise in the treatment of disorders related to severe hypertriglyceridemia; and

5. Prescriber must verify the member is on a low-fat diet of $\leq 20\text{g}$ of fat per day and will continue the low-fat diet while on treatment with Tryngolza[®]; and
6. Member or caregiver ~~has been~~ will be trained by a health care professional on the subcutaneous (sub-Q) administration and proper storage of Tryngolza[®]; and
7. A patient specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Redempro[®] (plozasiran) must be provided; and
8. Initial approvals will be for 6 months. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment, as indicated by a reduction in fasting triglyceride levels, decreased episodes of acute pancreatitis, and/or other documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy. Subsequent approvals will be for the duration of 1 year.

Additionally, the College of Pharmacy recommends updating the approval criteria for Evkeeza[®] (evinacumab-dgnb), Leqvio[®] (inclisiran), Nexletol[®] (bempedoic acid), Nexlizet[®] (bempedoic acid/ezetimibe), Praluent[®] (alirocumab), and Repatha[®] (evolocumab) based on the new FDA approved label expansions and clinical practice (changes shown in red):

Evkeeza[®] (Evinacumab-dgnb) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) defined by the presence of at least 1 of the following:
 - a. Documented functional mutation(s) in both low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - b. An untreated LDL $> 500\text{mg/dL}$ and at least 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented evidence of definite HeFH in both parents; or
 - ii. Presence of tendinous/cutaneous xanthoma prior to 10 years of age; and
2. Member must be ~~51~~ years of age or older; and
3. Documented trial of high dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or maximally tolerated statin therapy at least 12 weeks in duration; and
4. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at lower doses (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or

- d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
- 5. Documented trial of a proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9) inhibitor (e.g., Praluent®, Repatha®) at least 12 weeks in duration; and
- 6. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
- 7. Female members must not be pregnant and must have a negative pregnancy test prior to therapy initiation. Female members of reproductive potential must be willing to use effective contraception while on therapy and for 5 months after discontinuation of therapy; and
- 8. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6-months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

Leqvio® (Inclisiran) Approval Criteria:

- 1. An FDA approved indication as an adjunct to diet and ~~exercise statin therapy~~ for the treatment of 1 of the following:
 - a. Heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) as confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Both of the following:
 - 1. Pre-treatment total cholesterol >290mg/dL or LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) >190mg/dL; and
 - 2. History of tendon xanthomas in either the member, first degree relative, or second degree relative; or
 - iii. Dutch Lipid Clinic Network Criteria score of >8; or
 - b. Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD); and
 - i. Supporting diagnoses/conditions and dates of occurrence signifying established ASCVD; or
 - c. Primary hyperlipidemia; and
 - i. Member's untreated LDL-C level must be ≥190mg/dL; and
 - ii. Current LDL-C level is ≥100mg/dL; and
- 2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
- 3. Documented trial of all of the following for at least 12 weeks in duration each:
 - a. High dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or maximally tolerated statin therapy; and

- b. Ezetimibe; and
- c. Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9) inhibitor (e.g., Praluent®, Repatha®); and
- 4. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at lower doses (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
- 5. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-C (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C must be provided); and
- 6. Leqvio® must be administered by a health care professional. Approvals will not be granted for self-administration; and
 - a. Prior authorization requests must indicate how Leqvio® will be administered (e.g., prescriber, pharmacist, home health care provider); and
 - i. Leqvio® must be shipped to the facility where the member is scheduled to receive treatment; or
 - ii. Prescriber must verify the member has been counseled on the proper storage of Leqvio®; and
- 7. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months. Continued authorization at that time will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of this medication, and compliance will be checked at that time and every 6 months thereafter for continued approval.

Nexletol® (Bempedoic Acid) and Nexlizet® (Bempedoic Acid/Ezetimibe)
Approval Criteria:

- 1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. As an adjunct to diet and **exercise, in combination with** other low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) lowering therapies or alone when concomitant LDL-C lowering therapies are not possible to reduce LDL-C in those with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH). HeFH must be confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Both of the following:

1. Pre-treatment total cholesterol >290mg/dL or LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) >190mg/dL; and
 2. History of tendon xanthomas in either the member, first degree relative, or second degree relative; or
 - iii. Dutch Lipid Clinic Network Criteria score of >8; or
- b. As an adjunct to diet and **exercise, in combination with** other LDL-C lowering therapies or alone when concomitant LDL-C lowering therapies are not possible to reduce LDL-C in those with primary hyperlipidemia; and
 - i. Member's untreated LDL-C level must be ≥ 190 mg/dL; and
 - ii. Current LDL-C level is ≥ 100 mg/dL; and
- c. To reduce the risk of **major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events (CV death, myocardial infarction, stroke, and coronary revascularization)** in **these adults at increased risk for these events who are** unable to take recommended statin therapy; **and with 1 of the following:**
 - ~~i. High risk for a cardiovascular disease (CVD) event without established atherosclerotic CVD (ASCVD); or~~
 - ~~ii. Established ASCVD; and~~
 - iii. Supporting diagnoses/conditions/risk factors **and dates of occurrences must be submitted** signifying increased risk of **major adverse CV events must be submitted**; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must be on a stable dose of maximally tolerated statin therapy for at least 4 weeks (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
 - a. LDL-C levels should be included following at least 4 weeks of treatment; and
 - b. Member must not be taking simvastatin at doses >20mg or pravastatin at doses >40mg due to drug interactions with Nexletol® and Nexlizet®; and
4. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different lower dose statins (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
5. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-C (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
6. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply; and
7. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber

to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

Praluent® (Alirocumab) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. Heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) as confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. Both of the following:
 1. Pre-treatment total cholesterol >290mg/dL or LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) >190mg/dL; and
 2. History of tendon xanthomas in either the member, first degree relative, or second degree relative; or
 - iii. Dutch Lipid Clinic Network Criteria score of >8; or
 - b. Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) defined by the presence of at least 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in both LDL receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. An untreated LDL >500mg/dL and at least 1 of the following:
 1. Documented evidence of definite HeFH in both parents; or
 2. Presence of tendinous/cutaneous xanthoma prior to 10 years of age; or
 - c. ~~As an adjunct to maximally tolerated statin therapy~~ To reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events (coronary heart disease death, myocardial infarction, stroke, and unstable angina requiring hospitalization) ~~coronary revascularization~~ in adults at increased risk for these events with established cardiovascular disease (CVD); and
 - i. ~~Documentation of established CVD; and~~
 - ii. Supporting diagnoses/conditions/risk factors ~~and date of occurrence~~ signifying established CVD increased risk of major adverse CV events must be submitted; or
 - d. Primary hyperlipidemia; and
 - i. Member's untreated LDL-C level must be ≥190mg/dL; and
 - ii. Current LDL-C level is ≥100mg/dL; and
2. For HeFH, member must be 8 years of age or older; and

3. For FDA approved indications other than HeFH, the member must be 18 years of age or older; and
4. Member must be on high dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or on maximally tolerated statin therapy; and
 - a. Statin trials must be at least 12 weeks in duration (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
 - b. LDL-C levels should be included following at least 12 weeks of treatment; and
5. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatinine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or
 - c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different lower dose statins (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
 - d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
6. Member must have a recent trial with a statin with ezetimibe, or a recent trial of ezetimibe without a statin for members with a documented statin intolerance, or a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why ezetimibe is not appropriate must be provided; and
7. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-C (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
8. Prescriber must verify that member ~~has been~~ will be counseled on appropriate use, storage of the medication, and administration technique; and
9. A quantity limit of 2 syringes or pens per 28 days will apply; and
10. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

Repatha® (Evolocumab)] Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. Heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) as confirmed by 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in low-density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or

- ii. Both of the following:
 - 1. Pre-treatment total cholesterol >290mg/dL or LDL-cholesterol (LDL-C) >190mg/dL; and
 - 2. History of tendon xanthomas in either the member, first degree relative, or second degree relative; or
 - iii. Dutch Lipid Clinic Network Criteria score of >8; or
- b. Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) defined by the presence of at least 1 of the following:
 - i. Documented functional mutation(s) in both LDL receptor alleles or alleles known to affect LDL receptor functionality via genetic testing (results of genetic testing must be submitted); or
 - ii. An untreated LDL >500mg/dL and at least 1 of the following:
 - 1. Documented evidence of definite HeFH in both parents; or
 - 2. Presence of tendinous/cutaneous xanthoma prior to 10 years of age; or
- c. ~~As an adjunct to maximally tolerated statin therapy~~ To reduce the risk of ~~major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events (CV death, myocardial infarction, stroke, unstable angina requiring hospitalization, or and coronary revascularization)~~ in adults ~~at increased risk for these events with established cardiovascular disease (CVD); and~~
 - i. ~~Documentation of established CVD; and~~
 - ii. Supporting diagnoses/conditions/~~risk factors and date of occurrence~~ signifying ~~established CVD~~ increased risk of major adverse CV events must be submitted; or
- d. Primary hyperlipidemia; and
 - i. Member's untreated LDL-C level must be ≥ 190 mg/dL; and
 - ii. Current LDL-C level is ≥ 100 mg/dL; and
- 2. For HeFH or HoFH, member must be 10 years of age or older; and
- 3. For FDA approved indications other than HeFH or HoFH, the member must be 18 years of age or older; and
- 4. Member must be on high dose statin therapy (LDL reduction capability equivalent to rosuvastatin 40mg) or on maximally tolerated statin therapy; and
 - a. Statin trials must be at least 12 weeks in duration (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
 - b. LDL-C levels should be included following at least 12 weeks of treatment; and
- 5. Members with statin intolerance must meet 1 of the following:
 - a. Creatinine kinase (CK) labs verifying rhabdomyolysis; or
 - b. An FDA labeled contraindication to all statins; or

- c. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different lower dose statins (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); or
- d. Documented intolerance to at least 2 different statins at intermittent dosing (dosing, dates, duration of treatment, and reason for discontinuation must be provided); and
6. Member must have a recent trial with a statin with ezetimibe, or a recent trial of ezetimibe without a statin for members with a documented statin intolerance, or a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why ezetimibe is not appropriate must be provided; and
7. Member requires additional lowering of LDL-C (baseline, current, and goal LDL-C levels must be provided); and
8. Prescriber must verify that member ~~has been~~ will be counseled on appropriate use, storage of the medication, and administration technique; and
9. A quantity limit of 2 syringes or auto-injectors per 28 days will apply; and
10. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 6 months (subsequent approvals for 1 year). Continued authorization will require the prescriber to provide recent LDL-C levels to demonstrate the effectiveness of the medication. Additionally, compliance will be checked for continued approval.

Utilization Details of Antihyperlipidemics: Fiscal Year 2025

Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|--------|
| STATIN PRODUCTS AND EZETIMIBE | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| ATORVASTATIN TAB 40MG | 34,013 | 12,392 | \$480,626.02 | \$14.13 | 2.74 | 15.99% |
| ATORVASTATIN TAB 20MG | 25,741 | 9,784 | \$349,199.09 | \$13.57 | 2.63 | 11.62% |
| ATORVASTATIN TAB 10MG | 15,633 | 5,523 | \$201,156.36 | \$12.87 | 2.83 | 6.69% |
| ATORVASTATIN TAB 80MG | 11,707 | 4,121 | \$180,024.12 | \$15.38 | 2.84 | 5.99% |
| ROSUVASTATIN TAB 20MG | 8,832 | 3,423 | \$136,894.88 | \$15.50 | 2.58 | 4.55% |
| ROSUVASTATIN TAB 10MG | 8,214 | 3,265 | \$115,129.09 | \$14.02 | 2.52 | 3.83% |
| EZETIMIBE TAB 10MG | 7,719 | 2,357 | \$115,653.76 | \$14.98 | 3.27 | 3.85% |
| ROSUVASTATIN TAB 40MG | 5,147 | 1,950 | \$86,681.88 | \$16.84 | 2.64 | 2.88% |
| ROSUVASTATIN TAB 5MG | 4,032 | 1,629 | \$62,482.34 | \$15.50 | 2.48 | 2.08% |
| SIMVASTATIN TAB 20MG | 3,151 | 1,073 | \$38,252.17 | \$12.14 | 2.94 | 1.27% |
| PRAVASTATIN TAB 40MG | 2,510 | 844 | \$40,709.36 | \$16.22 | 2.97 | 1.35% |
| SIMVASTATIN TAB 40MG | 2,402 | 774 | \$32,540.54 | \$13.55 | 3.1 | 1.08% |
| PRAVASTATIN TAB 20MG | 1,948 | 689 | \$29,607.10 | \$15.20 | 2.83 | 0.98% |
| SIMVASTATIN TAB 10MG | 1,738 | 550 | \$21,782.23 | \$12.53 | 3.16 | 0.72% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|--|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| PRAVASTATIN TAB 10MG | 957 | 334 | \$13,587.31 | \$14.20 | 2.87 | 0.45% |
| LOVASTATIN TAB 20MG | 924 | 337 | \$12,548.63 | \$13.58 | 2.74 | 0.42% |
| PRAVASTATIN TAB 80MG | 571 | 207 | \$11,548.41 | \$20.22 | 2.76 | 0.38% |
| LOVASTATIN TAB 40MG | 564 | 182 | \$7,682.82 | \$13.62 | 3.1 | 0.26% |
| SIMVASTATIN TAB 80MG | 272 | 78 | \$3,969.50 | \$14.59 | 3.49 | 0.13% |
| LOVASTATIN TAB 10MG | 196 | 97 | \$2,752.89 | \$14.05 | 2.02 | 0.09% |
| SIMVASTATIN TAB 5MG | 153 | 48 | \$1,867.37 | \$12.21 | 3.19 | 0.06% |
| LIPITOR TAB 20MG | 2 | 2 | \$3,271.60 | \$1,635.80 | 1 | 0.11% |
| LIPITOR TAB 10MG | 2 | 1 | \$1,140.69 | \$570.35 | 2 | 0.04% |
| LIPITOR TAB 40MG | 1 | 1 | \$1,613.95 | \$1,613.95 | 1 | 0.05% |
| SUBTOTAL | 136,429 | 49,661 | \$1,950,722.11 | \$14.30 | 2.75 | 64.90% |
| SPECIAL PA UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| PITAVASTATIN TAB 2MG | 27 | 6 | \$1,903.94 | \$70.52 | 4.5 | 0.06% |
| EZETIM/SIMVA TAB 10-40MG | 12 | 5 | \$456.96 | \$38.08 | 2.4 | 0.02% |
| PITAVASTATIN TAB 4MG | 12 | 4 | \$831.84 | \$69.32 | 3 | 0.03% |
| PITAVASTATIN TAB 1MG | 11 | 1 | \$482.80 | \$43.89 | 11 | 0.02% |
| EZETIM/SIMVA TAB 10-20MG | 7 | 2 | \$265.21 | \$37.89 | 3.5 | 0.01% |
| LESCOL XL TAB 80MG | 5 | 1 | \$2,039.28 | \$407.86 | 5 | 0.07% |
| VYTORIN TAB 10-80MG | 5 | 1 | \$4,718.05 | \$943.61 | 5 | 0.16% |
| LIVALO TAB 2MG | 2 | 1 | \$635.98 | \$317.99 | 2 | 0.02% |
| LIVALO TAB 4MG | 2 | 2 | \$635.87 | \$317.94 | 1 | 0.02% |
| FLUVASTATIN CAP 20MG | 1 | 1 | \$121.92 | \$121.92 | 1 | 0.00% |
| EZETIM/SIMVA TAB 10-80MG | 1 | 1 | \$46.52 | \$46.52 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SUBTOTAL | 85 | 25 | \$12,138.37 | \$142.80 | 3.4 | 0.40% |
| STATINS AND EZETIMIBE TOTAL | 136,514 | 49,686 | \$1,962,860.48 | \$14.38 | 2.75 | 65.30% |
| FIBRIC ACID DERIVATIVE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| FENOFIBRATE TAB 145MG | 4,438 | 1,115 | \$68,789.63 | \$15.50 | 3.98 | 2.29% |
| FENOFIBRATE TAB 160MG | 2,337 | 614 | \$38,725.75 | \$16.57 | 3.81 | 1.29% |
| GEMFIBROZIL TAB 600MG | 1,370 | 385 | \$24,231.31 | \$17.69 | 3.56 | 0.81% |
| FENOFIBRATE TAB 48MG | 1,219 | 337 | \$18,436.19 | \$15.12 | 3.62 | 0.61% |
| FENOFIBRATE TAB 54MG | 889 | 247 | \$12,366.64 | \$13.91 | 3.6 | 0.41% |
| FENOFIBRATE CAP 134MG | 685 | 205 | \$11,734.76 | \$17.13 | 3.34 | 0.39% |
| FENOFIBRATE CAP 67MG | 176 | 44 | \$2,518.74 | \$14.31 | 4 | 0.08% |
| FENOFIBRIC CAP 45MG DR | 162 | 25 | \$2,317.88 | \$14.31 | 6.48 | 0.08% |
| FENOFIBRATE CAP 200MG | 93 | 24 | \$1,601.72 | \$17.22 | 3.88 | 0.05% |
| TRICOR TAB 48MG | 6 | 1 | \$170.40 | \$28.40 | 6 | 0.01% |
| SUBTOTAL | 11,375 | 2,997 | \$180,893.02 | \$15.90 | 3.8 | 6.02% |
| TIER-2 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| FENOFIBRATE TAB 120MG | 53 | 12 | \$38,693.58 | \$730.07 | 4.42 | 1.29% |
| FENOFIBRIC CAP 135MG DR | 48 | 14 | \$1,415.76 | \$29.50 | 3.43 | 0.05% |
| FENOFIBRATE TAB 40MG | 37 | 12 | \$9,495.70 | \$256.64 | 3.08 | 0.32% |
| FENOFIBRATE CAP 50MG | 25 | 11 | \$2,478.17 | \$99.13 | 2.27 | 0.08% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|--|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
| FENOFIBRATE CAP 130MG | 21 | 4 | \$662.16 | \$31.53 | 5.25 | 0.02% |
| FENOFIBRATE CAP 43MG | 21 | 3 | \$608.22 | \$28.96 | 7 | 0.02% |
| FENOFIBRATE CAP 150MG | 21 | 6 | \$5,301.04 | \$252.43 | 3.5 | 0.18% |
| SUBTOTAL | 226 | 62 | \$58,654.63 | \$259.53 | 3.65 | 1.95% |
| FIBRIC ACID DERIVATIVE TOTAL | 11,601 | 3,059 | \$239,547.65 | \$20.65 | 3.79 | 7.97% |
| OMEGA-3 FATTY ACID PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| OMEGA-3-ACID CAP 1GM | 1,743 | 623 | \$69,846.99 | \$40.07 | 2.8 | 2.32% |
| ICOSAPENT CAP 1GM | 290 | 85 | \$26,473.07 | \$91.29 | 3.41 | 0.88% |
| VASCEPA CAP 1GM | 16 | 8 | \$4,417.71 | \$276.11 | 2 | 0.15% |
| LOVAZA CAP 1GM | 2 | 2 | \$1,020.28 | \$510.14 | 1 | 0.03% |
| OMEGA-3 FATTY ACIDS TOTAL | 2,051 | 718 | \$101,758.05 | \$49.61 | 2.86 | 3.39% |
| PCSK9 INHIBITORS | | | | | | |
| REPATHA SURE INJ 140MG/ML | 667 | 156 | \$376,034.96 | \$563.77 | 4.28 | 12.51% |
| REPATHA INJ 140MG/ML | 141 | 29 | \$76,202.02 | \$540.44 | 4.86 | 2.54% |
| PRALUENT INJ 150MG/ML | 62 | 10 | \$31,236.88 | \$503.82 | 6.2 | 1.04% |
| PRALUENT INJ 75MG/ML | 55 | 11 | \$27,720.08 | \$504.00 | 5 | 0.92% |
| REPATHA PUSH INJ 420MG/3.5ML | 1 | 1 | \$595.96 | \$595.96 | 1 | 0.02% |
| PCSK9 INHIBITORS TOTAL | 926 | 207 | \$511,789.90 | \$552.69 | 4.47 | 17.03% |
| COLESEVELAM PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| COLESEVELAM TAB 625MG | 432 | 122 | \$15,648.99 | \$36.22 | 3.54 | 0.52% |
| COLESEVELAM PAK 3.75GM | 1 | 1 | \$105.65 | \$105.65 | 1 | 0.00% |
| COLESEVELAM PRODUCTS TOTAL | 433 | 123 | \$15,754.64 | \$36.38 | 3.52 | 0.52% |
| BEMPEDOIC ACID AND EZETIMIBE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NEXLIZET TAB 180/10MG | 32 | 8 | \$13,124.92 | \$410.15 | 4 | 0.44% |
| BEMPEDOIC ACID/EZETIMIBE TOTAL | 32 | 8 | \$13,124.92 | \$410.15 | 4 | 0.44% |
| BEMPEDOIC ACID PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NEXLETOL TAB 180MG | 30 | 11 | \$12,280.41 | \$409.35 | 2.73 | 0.41% |
| BEMPEDOIC ACID TOTAL | 30 | 11 | \$12,280.41 | \$409.35 | 2.73 | 0.41% |
| OLEZARSEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| TRYNGOLZA INJ 80MG/0.8ML | 3 | 1 | \$148,786.23 | \$49,595.41 | 3 | 4.95% |
| OLEZARSEN TOTAL | 3 | 1 | \$148,786.23 | \$49,595.41 | 3 | 4.95% |
| TOTAL | 151,590 | 46,165* | \$3,005,902.28 | \$19.83 | 3.28 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

CAP = capsule; DR = delayed-release; EZETIM/SIMVA = ezetimibe/simvastatin; INJ = injection; PA = prior authorization; PAK = packet; PUSH = Pushtronex®; SURE = SureClick®; TAB = tablet

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Medical Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS* | TOTAL MEMBERS* | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER |
|------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| INCLISIRAN INJ (J1306) | 5 | 5 | \$17,359.76 | \$3,471.95 | 1 |
| TOTAL | 5 | 5 | \$17,359.76 | \$3,471.95 | 1 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

*Total number of unduplicated claims.

INJ = injection

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

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- ¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/index.cfm>. Last revised 12/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ² Novartis. Novartis Twice-Yearly Leqvio® (Inclisiran) Receives FDA Approval for New Indication Enabling First-Line Use. Available online at: <https://www.novartis.com/us-en/news/media-releases/novartis-twice-yearly-leqvio-inclisiran-receives-fda-approval-new-indication-enabling-first-line-use>. Issued 07/31/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ³ Leqvio® (Inclisiran) Prescribing Information. Novartis. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/214012s016lbl.pdf. Last revised 07/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ⁴ Amgen. Repatha® Now Indicated for Adults at Increased Risk for Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events Due to Uncontrolled LDL-C. Available online at: <https://www.amgen.com/newsroom/press-releases/2025/08/repatha-now-indicated-for-adults-at-increased-risk-for-major-adverse-cardiovascular-events-due-to-uncontrolled-ldl-c>. Issued 08/25/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ⁵ Repatha® (Evolocumab) Prescribing Information. Amgen. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/125522s045lbl.pdf. Last revised 08/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ⁶ Lutton L. FDA Approves Extended Indication for Evkeeza®. *Managed Healthcare Executive*. Available online at: <https://www.managedhealthcareexecutive.com/view/fda-approves-extended-indication-for-evkeeza>. Issued 09/26/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ⁷ Evkeeza® (Evinacumab-dgnb) Prescribing Information. Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/761181s002lbl.pdf. Last revised 09/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ⁸ Praluent® (Alirocumab) Prescribing Information. Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/125559s047lblcorrection.pdf. Last revised 10/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ⁹ U.S. FDA. FDA Approves Drug to Reduce Triglycerides in Adults with Familial Chylomicronemia Syndrome. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/drugs/news-events-human-drugs/fda-approves-drug-reduce-triglycerides-adults-familial-chylomicronemia-syndrome>. Issued 11/18/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ¹⁰ Nexleto® (Bempedoic Acid) Prescribing Information. Esperion Therapeutics, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/211616s024lbl.pdf. Last revised 11/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ¹¹ Nexlizet® (Bempedoic Acid and Ezetimibe) Prescribing Information. Esperion Therapeutics, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/211617s029lbl.pdf. Last revised 11/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ¹² Ionis. Groundbreaking Pivotal Study Results of Olezarsen for Severe Hypertriglyceridemia (sHTG) Presented as a Late Breaker at AHA Scientific Sessions. Available online at: <https://ir.ionis.com/news-releases/news-release-details/groundbreaking-pivotal-study-results-olezarsen-severe>. Issued 11/08/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.
- ¹³ Redemplo® (Plozasiran) Prescribing Information. Arrowhead Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/219947s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 11/2025. Last accessed 12/12/2025.
- ¹⁴ Watts G, Rosenson R, Hegele R, et al. Plozasiran for Managing Persistent Chylomicronemia and Pancreatitis Risk. *N Engl J Med* 2025; 392:127-137. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa2409368.



Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Antihypertensive Medications and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Aceon® (Perindopril), Arbli™ (Losartan Oral Suspension), Bisoprolol Fumarate 2.5mg Tablet, Hemiclor™ (Chlorthalidone 12.5mg Tablet), Inzirqo™ (Hydrochlorothiazide Oral Suspension), Javadin™ (Clonidine Oral Solution), Lopressor® (Metoprolol Tartrate Oral Solution), and Univasc® (Moexipril)

**Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026**

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

There are 6 major subcategories of antihypertensive medications divided by drug class currently included in the Antihypertensive Medications Product Based Prior Authorization (PBPA) category:

1. Angiotensin I Converting Enzyme Inhibitors (ACEIs)
2. ACEI/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) Combination Products
3. Angiotensin II Receptor Blockers (ARBs) and ARB Combination Products
4. Calcium Channel Blockers (CCBs)
5. ACEI/CCB Combination Products
6. Direct Renin Inhibitors (DRIs) and DRI Combination Products

| Angiotensin I Converting Enzyme Inhibitors (ACEIs) | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| benazepril (Lotensin®) | captopril (Capoten®) | enalapril oral solution (Epaned®) |
| enalapril (Vasotec®) | | lisinopril oral solution (Qbrelis®) |
| enalaprilat (Vasotec® IV) | | |
| fosinopril (Monopril®) | | |
| lisinopril (Prinivil®, Zestril®) | | |
| moexipril (Univasc®) | | |
| perindopril (Aceon®) | | |
| quinapril (Accupril®) | | |
| ramipril (Altace®) | | |
| trandolapril (Mavik®) | | |

| ACEI/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) Combination Products | | |
|--|---|---|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| benazepril/HCTZ (Lotensin® HCT) | captopril/HCTZ (Capozide®) | fosinopril/HCTZ (Monopril® HCT) |
| enalapril/HCTZ (Vaseretic®) | | |
| lisinopril/HCTZ (Prinzide®, Zestoretic®) | | |
| moexipril/HCTZ (Uniretic®) | | |
| quinapril/HCTZ (Accuretic®) | | |
| Angiotensin II Receptor Blockers (ARBs) and ARB Combination Products | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Tier-3 |
| candesartan (Atacand®) | olmesartan/amlodipine/HCTZ (Tribenzor®) | azilsartan (Edarbi®) |
| irbesartan (Avapro®) | telmisartan/HCTZ (Micardis® HCT) | azilsartan/chlorthalidone (Edarbyclor®) |
| irbesartan/HCTZ (Avalide®) | | candesartan/HCTZ (Atacand® HCT) |
| losartan (Cozaar®) | | telmisartan/amlodipine (Twynsta®) |
| losartan/HCTZ (Hyzaar®) | | valsartan 4mg/mL oral solution* |
| olmesartan (Benicar®) | | |
| olmesartan/amlodipine (Azor®) | | |
| olmesartan/HCTZ (Benicar HCT®) | | |
| telmisartan (Micardis®) | | |
| valsartan (Diovan®) | | |
| valsartan/amlodipine (Exforge®) | | |
| valsartan/amlodipine/HCTZ (Exforge® HCT) | | |
| valsartan/HCTZ (Diovan HCT®) | | |
| Calcium Channel Blockers (CCBs) | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| amlodipine (Norvasc®) | amlodipine/atorvastatin (Caduet®) | amlodipine oral solution (Norliqva®) |
| diltiazem (Cardizem®) | diltiazem LA (Cardizem® LA, Matzim® LA) | amlodipine oral suspension (Katerzia®) |
| diltiazem (Tiazac®, Taztia XT®) | diltiazem SR (Cardizem® SR) | diltiazem CD 360mg (Cardizem® CD) |
| diltiazem CD (Cardizem® CD)* | isradipine (Dynacirc®, Dynacirc CR®) | levamlodipine (Conjupri®) |

| | | |
|--|---|-------------------|
| diltiazem ER (Cartia XT [®] , Diltia XT [®]) | nicardipine (Cardene [®]) | |
| diltiazem XR (Dilacor [®] XR) | nicardipine (Cardene [®] SR) | |
| felodipine (Plendil [®]) | nisoldipine (Sular [®]) | |
| nifedipine (Adalat [®] , Procardia [®]) | verapamil (Covera-HS [®]) | |
| nifedipine ER (Adalat [®] CC) | verapamil ER (Verelan [®] , Verelan [®] PM) | |
| nifedipine XL (Nifedical XL [®] , Procardia XL [®]) | | |
| nimodipine (Nimotop [®]) | | |
| verapamil (Calan [®] , Isoptin [®]) | | |
| verapamil SR (Calan [®] SR, Isoptin [®] SR) | | |
| ACEI/CCB Combination Products | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| Tier-1 ACEI + Tier-1 CCB | trandolapril/verapamil (Tarka [®]) | |
| benazepril/amlodipine (Lotrel [®]) | | |

+Unique criteria apply.

*All strengths other than 360mg.

CD = controlled-delivery; ER, XR, XL = extended-release; LA = long-acting; SR = sustained-release

Antihypertensive Medications Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

(or Tier-3 approval criteria when no Tier-2 medications exist)

1. A documented inadequate response to 2 Tier-1 medications (trials must include medication(s) from all available classes where applicable); or
2. An adverse drug reaction to all Tier-1 classes of medications; or
3. Previous stabilization on the Tier-2 medication; or
4. A unique indication for which the Tier-1 antihypertensive medications lack.

Antihypertensive Medications Tier-3 Approval Criteria:

1. A documented inadequate response to 2 Tier-1 medications and documented inadequate response to all available Tier-2 medication(s); or
2. An adverse drug reaction to all Tier-1 and Tier-2 classes of medications; or
3. Previous stabilization on the Tier-3 medication; or
4. A unique indication which the lower tiered antihypertensive medications lack.

Antihypertensive Medications Special Prior Authorization (PA) Approval Criteria:

1. Angiotensin I Converting Enzyme Inhibitors (ACEIs):

a. Epaned® (Enalapril Solution) Approval Criteria:

- i. An age restriction of 7 years or older will apply with the following criteria:
 1. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the oral tablet formulation in place of the oral solution formulation, even when the tablets are crushed or used to prepare an oral suspension, must be provided (e.g., dose was stabilized inpatient, clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved by splitting available tablet formulations); and
 2. Clinical exceptions for the age restriction (younger than the FDA-approved age) may be considered; and
- ii. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request.

b. Qbrelis® (Lisinopril Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

- i. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use lisinopril oral tablets in place of the oral solution formulation, even when the tablets are crushed, must be provided (e.g., dose was stabilized inpatient, clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved by splitting available tablet formulations); and
- ii. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request.

2. ACEI/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) Combination Products:

a. Monopril-HCT® (Fosinopril/HCTZ) Approval Criteria:

- i. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the individual components separately must be provided.

3. Calcium Channel Blockers (CCBs):

a. Cardizem® CD (Diltiazem CD 360mg Capsules) Approval Criteria:

- i. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use (2) 180mg Cardizem® CD (diltiazem CD) capsules must be provided.

b. Conjupri® (Levamlodipine Tablets) Approval Criteria:

- i. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use amlodipine oral tablets, which are available without prior authorization, must be provided.

c. Katerzia® (Amlodipine Oral Suspension) and Norliqva® (Amlodipine Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

- i. An FDA approved diagnosis of 1 of the following:
 - 1. Hypertension in adults and pediatric members 6 years of age and older; or
 - 2. Coronary artery disease; or
 - 3. Chronic stable angina; or
 - 4. Vasospastic angina; and
- ii. A patient specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use amlodipine oral tablets, even when the tablets are crushed, must be provided; and
- iii. Clinical exceptions for age restrictions may be considered for doses stabilized inpatient or for clinically indicated doses that cannot be achieved by splitting available tablet formulations; and
- iv. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request; and
- v. A quantity limit of 300mL per 30 days will apply.

CaroSpir® (Spironolactone Oral Suspension) Approval Criteria:

- 1. An FDA approved indication; and
- 2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use spironolactone oral tablets must be provided, including, but not limited to the following:
 - a. Member is unable to swallow the oral tablet (i.e., has diagnosis characterized by difficulty or inability to swallow); or
 - b. Clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved with available tablet formulations; or
 - c. Dose was stabilized inpatient; and
- 3. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request.

Hemangeol® (Propranolol Hydrochloride Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

- 1. An FDA approved indication for the treatment of proliferating infantile hemangioma requiring systemic therapy; and
- 2. For the 50mL bottle of Hemangeol®, a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the 120mL bottle, which is the preferred package size, must be provided.

Kapsargo Sprinkle® [Metoprolol Succinate Extended-Release (ER) Capsules] Approval Criteria:

- 1. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use metoprolol succinate ER tablets, which are available without prior authorization, must be provided.

Labetalol Hydrochloride 400mg Tablet Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA-approved indication of the management of hypertension; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason (beyond convenience) why the member cannot use labetalol hydrochloride 200mg tablets, which are available without prior authorization, to achieve a 400mg dose must be provided.

Nexiclon™ XR [Clonidine Extended-Release (ER) Tablet] Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of hypertension; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot utilize clonidine immediate-release tablet and clonidine transdermal patch, which are available without a prior authorization, must be provided; and
3. Request must be for an FDA-approved once-daily dosing regimen, according to package labeling.

Nymalize® (Nimodipine Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

1. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use nimodipine liquid-filled capsules, which are available without prior authorization and can be opened for administration of the liquid contents via oral syringe for members unable to swallow the capsules whole, must be provided.

Sotylize® (Sotalol Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias or for the maintenance of normal sinus rhythm in members with highly symptomatic atrial fibrillation/flutter; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use sotalol oral tablets in place of the oral solution formulation must be provided (e.g., dose was stabilized inpatient, clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved by splitting available tablet formulations); and
3. For pediatric members, a recent weight or body surface area (BSA) must be provided on the prior authorization request; and
4. A quantity limit of 64mL per day or 1,920mL per 30 days will apply.

Tekturna® (Aliskiren Oral Pellets and Tablets) and Tekturna HCT® (Aliskiren/Hydrochlorothiazide) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis; and
2. Member must be 6 years of age or older; and
3. A recent trial, within the previous 6 months and at least 4 weeks in duration, of an angiotensin I converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI) [or an angiotensin II receptor blocker (ARB) if previous trial of an ACEI] and a diuretic, used concomitantly at recommended doses, that did not yield adequate blood pressure control; and
4. May be used in either monotherapy or combination therapy; and

5. For Tekturna® oral pellets, a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Tekturna® oral tablets must be provided.

Tryvio™ (Aprocitentan) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of hypertension; and
2. Member has a reported systolic blood pressure of ≥ 140 mmHg confirmed on at least 2 separate blood pressure readings on 2 separate occasions within the last month (documentation of blood pressure readings with dates must be submitted); and
3. Prescriber must rule out other causes of elevated blood pressure including:
 - a. Inaccurate readings due to faulty or inappropriate equipment (i.e., cuff size) or improper technique; and
 - b. White coat hypertension; and
 - c. Prescription non-adherence. Compliance with antihypertensive medications will be evaluated prior to initiation of Tryvio™; and
4. Member must be currently on at least 3 antihypertensive medications at optimal (or maximally tolerated) doses for at least 4 weeks prior to systolic blood pressure reading of ≥ 140 mmHg; and
5. Member must have tried at least 6 different classes of medications, including a diuretic, in the past 12 months that did not yield adequate blood pressure control. Medications can include, but are not limited to, angiotensin I converting enzyme inhibitors (ACEIs), angiotensin II receptor blockers (ARBs), calcium channel blockers (CCBs), direct renin inhibitors (DRIs), beta blockers, alpha blockers, alpha agonists, or diuretics; and
6. Female members of reproductive potential must not be pregnant or breastfeeding during treatment with aprocitentan and must be willing to use an effective method of contraception during treatment and for 1 month after discontinuing aprocitentan; and
7. Female members of reproductive potential must have a negative pregnancy test prior to initiation of aprocitentan and must agree to take pregnancy tests monthly during treatment and for 1 month after discontinuing aprocitentan; and
8. Member, pharmacy, and provider must be registered under the Tryvio™ Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) program; and
9. Member must not have elevated aminotransferases >3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) or moderate to severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh class B or C); and
10. Prescriber must attest that they will monitor liver transaminase levels during treatment and discontinue Tryvio™ if a sustained, unexplained, clinically relevant elevation occurs or if elevations occur with an increase in bilirubin that is >2 times the ULN; and

11. Member must not have severe anemia prior to initiation of aprocitentan; and
12. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply; and
13. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 3 months. After 3 months, compliance with all antihypertensive medications, including aprocitentan, will be evaluated and the provider must provide documentation that the member has had a positive response to treatment, including a decrease in blood pressure. Inadequate compliance or a lack of positive response will result in denial of continuation. Subsequent approvals will be for 1 year.

Valsartan 4mg/mL Oral Solution Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of 1 of the following:
 - a. Hypertension in adults and pediatric members 6 years of age and older; or
 - b. Heart failure; or
 - c. Post-myocardial infarction; and
2. A patient specific, clinically significant, reason why the member cannot use valsartan tablets or the oral suspension prepared from the tablets must be provided (i.e., dose was stabilized inpatient); and
3. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request; and
4. A quantity limit of 360mL per 36 days will apply.

Vecamyl® (Mecamylamine) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of moderately-severe-to-severe essential hypertension or uncomplicated malignant hypertension; and
2. Use of at least 6 classes of medications, in the past 12 months, that did not yield adequate blood pressure control. Treatment must have included combination therapy with a diuretic and therapy with at least a 4-drug regimen. Medications can be from, but not limited to, the following classes: angiotensin I converting enzyme inhibitors (ACEIs), angiotensin II receptor blockers (ARBs), calcium channel blockers (CCBs), direct renin inhibitors (DRIs), beta blockers, alpha blockers, alpha agonists, or diuretics; and
3. Prescriber must verify member does not have any of the following contraindications:
 - a. Coronary insufficiency; or
 - b. Recent myocardial infarction; or
 - c. Rising or elevated blood urea nitrogen (BUN), or known renal insufficiency; or
 - d. Uremia; or
 - e. Glaucoma; or
 - f. Organic pyloric stenosis; or

- g. Currently receiving sulfonamides or antibiotics; or
- h. Known sensitivity to Vecamyl® (mecamylamine).

Utilization of Antihypertensive Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 96,763 | 389,936 | \$5,469,655.92 | \$14.03 | \$0.25 | 26,521,124 | 22,215,107 |
| Aetna | 10,406 | 18,439 | \$267,473.59 | \$14.51 | \$0.25 | 1,213,821 | 1,052,584 |
| Humana | 12,586 | 23,129 | \$340,105.16 | \$14.70 | \$0.25 | 1,579,728 | 1,374,026 |
| OCH | 11,273 | 19,448 | \$290,158.34 | \$14.92 | \$0.26 | 1,291,300 | 1,103,493 |
| 2024 Total | 102,660 | 450,952 | \$6,367,393.01 | \$14.12 | \$0.25 | 30,605,973 | 25,745,210 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 46,483 | 187,593 | \$2,851,399.26 | \$15.20 | \$0.28 | 12,170,476 | 10,105,934 |
| Aetna | 19,211 | 74,182 | \$1,144,492.86 | \$15.43 | \$0.25 | 5,152,447 | 4,492,436 |
| Humana | 22,730 | 97,712 | \$1,464,412.64 | \$14.99 | \$0.25 | 6,652,055 | 5,800,302 |
| OCH | 21,227 | 81,953 | \$1,270,057.65 | \$15.50 | \$0.25 | 5,810,591 | 5,030,956 |
| 2025 Total | 96,163 | 441,440 | \$6,730,362.41 | \$15.25 | \$0.26 | 29,785,570 | 25,429,628 |
| % Change | -6.30% | -2.10% | 5.70% | 8.00% | 4.00% | -2.70% | -1.20% |
| Change | -6,497 | -9,512 | \$362,969.40 | \$1.13 | \$0.01 | -820,403 | -315,582 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

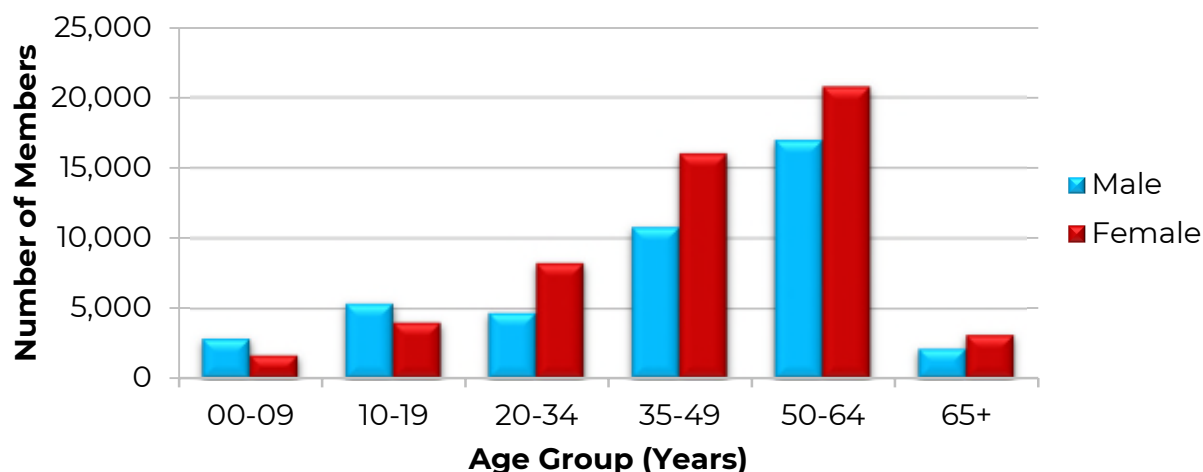
Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

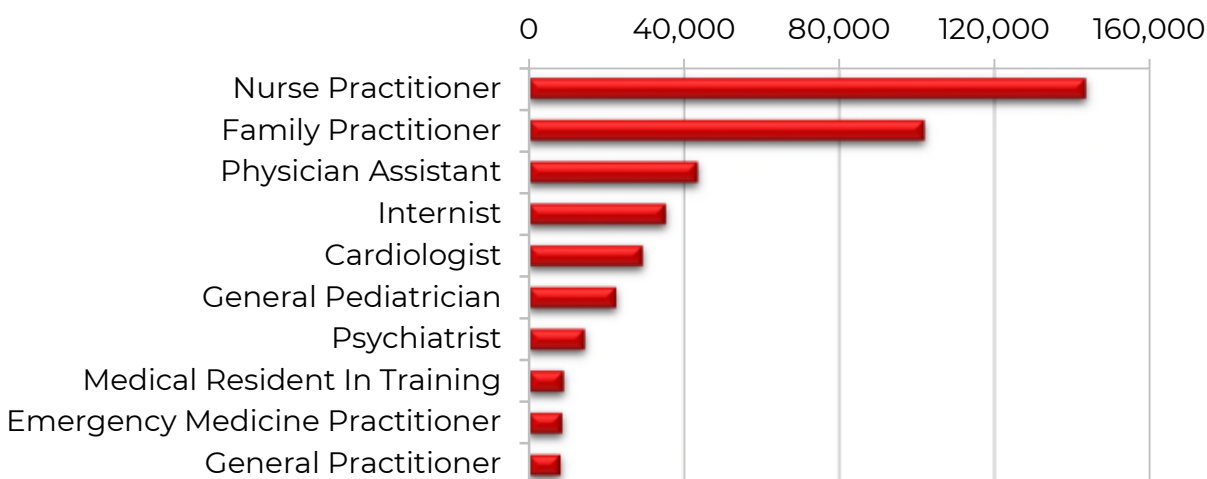
- Aggregate drug rebates collected during fiscal year 2025 for antihypertensive medications totaled \$396,889.20.^Δ Rebates are collected after reimbursement for the medication and are not reflected in this report. The costs included in this report do not reflect net costs.

^Δ Important considerations: Aggregate drug rebates are based on the date the claim is paid rather than the date dispensed. Claims data are based on the date dispensed.

Demographics of Members Utilizing Antihypertensive Medications (All Plans)



Top Prescriber Specialties of Antihypertensive Medications by Number of Claims (All Plans)



Prior Authorization of Antihypertensive Medications

There were 1,608 prior authorization requests submitted for antihypertensive medications during fiscal year 2025. The following charts show the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 515 | 62% | 267 | 32% | 54 | 6% | 836 |
| Aetna | 37 | 10% | 149 | 39% | 198 | 52% | 384 |
| Humana | 8 | 62% | 0 | 0% | 5 | 38% | 13 |
| OCH | 270 | 72% | 84 | 22% | 21 | 6% | 375 |
| Total | 830 | 52% | 500 | 31% | 278 | 17% | 1,608 |

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = OK Complete Health

Market News and Updates^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11}

Anticipated Patent Expiration(s):

- Tekturna® (aliskiren tablet): August 2026
- Edarbi® (azilsartan tablet): March 2028
- Hemangeol® (propranolol hydrochloride oral solution): October 2028
- Edarbyclor® (azilsartan/chlorthalidone tablet): July 2031
- Kapsargo Sprinkle® [metoprolol succinate extended-release (ER) capsule]: July 2035
- Nexiclon™ XR [clonidine ER tablet]: September 2031
- Sotylize® (sotalol oral solution): August 2035
- Qbrelis® (lisinopril oral solution): November 2035
- Epaned® (enalapril oral solution): March 2036
- CaroSpir® (spironolactone oral suspension): October 2036
- Nymalize® (nimodipine oral solution): April 2038
- Tryvio™ (aprocitentan tablet): July 2038
- Katerzia® (amlodipine oral suspension): April 2039
- Norliqva® (amlodipine oral solution): February 2041
- Arbli™ (losartan oral suspension): October 2041
- Javadin™ (clonidine oral solution): July 2042
- Inzirqo™ (hydrochlorothiazide oral suspension): January 2044

New U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Approval(s):

- **January 2025:** The FDA approved Inzirgo™ (HCTZ oral suspension) for the treatment of hypertension (HTN) in adult and pediatric patients as monotherapy or in combination with other antihypertensive agents, to lower blood pressure and for the treatment of edema associated with congestive heart failure, hepatic cirrhosis, and renal disease including nephrotic syndrome. Inzirgo™ is supplied as a powder for oral suspension that is reconstituted to a concentration of 10mg/mL prior to dispensing.
- **March 2025:** The FDA approved Arbli™ (losartan oral suspension), a 10mg/mL oral suspension formulation of the angiotensin II receptor blocker (ARB) losartan. Arbli™ was approved for the treatment of HTN, to lower blood pressure in adult and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older; for the reduction of the risk of stroke in patients with HTN and left ventricular hypertrophy; and for the treatment of diabetic nephropathy with an elevated serum creatinine and proteinuria in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and a history of HTN.
- **March 2025:** The FDA approved bisoprolol in a new 2.5mg tablet formulation through an Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA). Bisoprolol 2.5mg tablet joins the 5mg and 10mg tablets on the market.
- **March 2025:** The FDA approved Hemiclor™ (chlorthalidone 12.5mg tablet) for the treatment of HTN in adults, to lower blood pressure. Chlorthalidone was previously only available as generic chlorthalidone 25mg and 50mg tablets or branded Thalitone® 15mg or 25mg tablets.
- **March 2025:** The FDA determined that the Tryvio™ Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) is not necessary to ensure the benefits of use outweighs the risk of embryo-fetal toxicity. The Tryvio™ package labeling was updated to remove text regarding the REMS and requirements for monthly pregnancy test monitoring during therapy.
- **April 2025:** The FDA approved Lopressor® (metoprolol tartrate oral solution), a 10mg/mL solution, for the treatment of HTN, to lower blood pressure; for the long-term treatment of angina pectoris; and for the treatment of hemodynamically stable patients with definite or suspected myocardial infarction, to reduce the risk of cardiovascular mortality when used in conjunction with intravenous metoprolol therapy.
- **October 2025:** The FDA approved Javadin™ (clonidine oral solution) for the treatment of HTN in adults to lower blood pressure. Javadin™ is supplied as a ready-to-use solution with a concentration of 0.02mg/mL.

Guideline Update(s):

- **American Heart Association (AHA)/American College of Cardiology (ACC):** The 2025 AHA/ACC Guideline for the Prevention, Detection, Evaluation, and Management of High Blood Pressure in Adults replaces

the 2017 version of the guidelines; selected key updates for the 2025 version include:

- Reaffirming the 2017 overarching blood pressure treatment goal of <130/80mmHg for the general adult population based on the continued collection of supporting evidence; and
- Reemphasizing the importance of lifestyle interventions in the management of HTN and including a recommendation for the use of potassium-based salt substitutes to prevent or treat elevated blood pressure; and
- Lowering the pharmacological treatment threshold to include adults with HTN without clinical cardiovascular disease (CVD) but with diabetes or chronic kidney diseases (CKD) or those at an increased 10-year CVD risk of $\geq 7.5\%$ based on PREVENT and an average of ≥ 130 mmHg systolic blood pressure (SBP) or ≥ 80 mmHg diastolic blood pressure (DBP); and
- Strengthening the recommendation regarding the utilization of angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors (ACEIs) or ARBs in adults with diabetes, HTN, and CKD or albuminuria and including that these therapies may be considered for mild albuminuria to delay progression of diabetic kidney disease; and
- Simplifying the recommendation to treat adults with HTN and CKD with albuminuria with either an ACEI or ARB to decrease CVD and delay the progression of kidney disease.

Pipeline:

- **Baxdrostat:** AstraZeneca submitted a New Drug Application (NDA) for baxdrostat that has been accepted by the FDA for Priority Review for the treatment of adult patients with hard-to-control (e.g., uncontrolled or treatment resistant) HTN as an add-on to other antihypertensive medications. Baxdrostat was studied in the Phase 3 BaxHTN trial where, when combined with standard of care regimens, it met the primary and secondary endpoints, including a statistically significant reduction in mean seated SBP from baseline. The Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA) date is anticipated to be in the second quarter of 2026.

Cost Comparison: Losartan Products

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per 30 Days* |
|---|---------------|-------------------|
| Arbli™ (losartan) 10mg/mL solution | \$3.61 | \$541.50 |
| losartan 50mg tablet (generic) | \$0.03 | \$0.90 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

Unit = mL or tablet

*Cost per 30 days based on a dose of 50mg once daily, the usual adult dose and maximum pediatric dose for the treatment of HTN per FDA package labeling

Cost Comparison: Bisoprolol Products

| Product | Cost Per Tablet | Cost Per 30 Days* |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| bisoprolol fumarate 2.5mg tablet (generic) | \$2.58 | \$77.40 |
| bisoprolol fumarate 5mg tablet (generic) | \$0.18 | \$2.70 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

*Cost per day based on 2.5mg once daily for the treatment of HTN per FDA package labeling

Cost Comparison: Chlorthalidone Products

| Product | Cost Per Tablet | Cost Per 30 Days* |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| Hemiclor™ (chlorthalidone) 12.5mg tablet | \$0.95 | \$28.50 |
| chlorthalidone 25mg tablet (generic) | \$0.08 | \$1.20 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

*Cost per day based on a starting dose of 12.5mg once daily for the treatment of HTN per FDA package labeling

Cost Comparison: Hydrochlorothiazide Products

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per 30 Days* |
|--|---------------|-------------------|
| Inzirqo™ (hydrochlorothiazide) 10mg/mL suspension | \$4.69 | \$351.75 |
| hydrochlorothiazide 25mg tablet (generic) | \$0.01 | \$0.30 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

Unit = mL or tablet

*Cost per day based on a starting dose of 25mg once daily for the treatment of HTN per FDA package labeling

Cost Comparison: Clonidine Products

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per 30 Days* |
|--|---------------|-------------------|
| Javadin™ (clonidine) 0.02mg/mL solution | \$1.60 | \$480.00 |
| clonidine 0.1mg tablet (generic) | \$0.03 | \$1.80 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

Unit = mL or tablet

*Cost per day based on a recommended starting dose of 0.1mg twice daily for the treatment of HTN per FDA package labeling

Cost Comparison: Metoprolol Products

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per 30 Days* |
|--|---------------|-------------------|
| Lopressor® (metoprolol tartrate) 10mg/mL solution | \$1.25 | \$375.00 |
| metoprolol tartrate 50mg tablet (generic) | \$0.02 | \$1.20 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

Unit = mL or tablet

*Cost per day based on the recommended starting dose of 50mg twice daily for the treatment of HTN per FDA package labeling

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes within the Antihypertensive Medication Product Based Prior Authorization (PBPA) category (changes noted in red in the following tier chart and in the following additional criteria):

1. Renaming Tier-3 of the ARBs and ARB Combination Products as a Special PA Tier and removing the associated antihypertensive medications Tier-3 Approval Criteria; and
2. Moving Aceon® (perindopril) and Univasc® (moexipril) from Tier-1 to Tier-2 based on net costs; and
3. Moving Monopril® HCT (fosinopril/HCTZ) from the Special PA Tier to Tier-2 and removing the additional approval criteria based on net costs; and
4. Moving Edarbi® (azilsartan) and Edarbyclor® (azilsartan/chlorthalidone) from Tier-3 (now the Special PA Tier) to Tier-1 based on net costs; and
5. Moving Exforge® HCT (valsartan/amlodipine/HCTZ) from Tier-1 to Tier-2 based on net costs; and
6. Moving Atacand® HCT (candesartan/HCTZ) and Twynsta® (telmisartan/amlodipine) from Tier-3 (now the Special PA Tier) to Tier-2 based on clinical practice and net costs; and
7. Moving Micardis® HCT (telmisartan/HCTZ) from Tier-2 to Tier-1 based on net costs; and
8. The prior authorization of Arbli™ (losartan oral suspension) with placement into the Special PA Tier and with additional criteria; and
9. Moving Cardizem® CD (diltiazem CD 360mg) from the Special PA Tier to Tier-1 with the other strengths and removing the additional approval criteria based on net costs; and
10. Updating the Norliqva® (amlodipine oral solution), Katerzia® (amlodipine oral suspension), Epaned® (enalapril oral solution), Qbrelis® (lisinopril oral solution), and valsartan 4mg/mL oral solution approval criteria based on clinical practice, for clarity, and for consistency with other criteria within the Antihypertensive Medications PBPA category.

| Angiotensin I Converting Enzyme Inhibitors (ACEIs) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| benazepril (Lotensin®) | captopril (Capoten®) | enalapril oral solution (Epaned®) |
| enalapril (Vasotec®) | moexipril (Univasc®) | lisinopril oral solution (Qbrelis®) |
| enalaprilat (Vasotec® IV) | perindopril (Aceon®) | |
| fosinopril (Monopril®) | | |
| lisinopril (Prinivil®, Zestril®) | | |
| moexipril (Univasc®) | | |
| perindopril (Aceon®) | | |
| quinapril (Accupril®) | | |
| ramipril (Altace®) | | |
| trandolapril (Mavik®) | | |
| ACEI/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) Combination Products | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| benazepril/HCTZ (Lotensin® HCT) | captopril/HCTZ (Capozide®) | fosinopril/HCTZ (Monopril® HCT) |
| enalapril/HCTZ (Vaseretic®) | fosinopril/HCTZ (Monopril® HCT) | |
| lisinopril/HCTZ (Prinzide®, Zestoretic®) | | |
| moexipril/HCTZ (Uniretic®) | | |
| quinapril/HCTZ (Accuretic®) | | |
| Angiotensin II Receptor Blockers (ARBs) and ARB Combination Products | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Tier-3 Special PA |
| azilsartan (Edarbi®) | candesartan/HCTZ (Atacand® HCT) | azilsartan (Edarbi®) |
| azilsartan/chlorthalidone (Edarbyclor®) | olmesartan/amlodipine/HCTZ (Tribenzor®) | azilsartan/chlorthalidone (Edarbyclor®) |
| candesartan (Atacand®) | telmisartan/HCTZ (Micardis® HCT) | candesartan/HCTZ (Atacand® HCT) |
| irbesartan (Avapro®) | telmisartan/amlodipine (Twynsta®) | losartan oral suspension (Arbli™) |
| irbesartan/HCTZ (Avalide®) | valsartan/amlodipine/HCTZ (Exforge® HCT) | telmisartan/amlodipine (Twynsta®) |
| losartan (Cozaar®) | | valsartan 4mg/mL oral solution ⁺ |
| losartan/HCTZ (Hyzaar®) | | |
| olmesartan (Benicar®) | | |
| olmesartan/amlodipine (Azor®) | | |
| olmesartan/HCTZ (Benicar HCT®) | | |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| telmisartan (Micardis®) | | |
| telmisartan/HCTZ (Micardis® HCT) | | |
| valsartan (Diovan®) | | |
| valsartan/amlodipine (Exforge®) | | |
| valsartan/amlodipine/HCTZ (Exforge® HCT) | | |
| valsartan/HCTZ (Diovan HCT®) | | |
| Calcium Channel Blockers (CCBs) | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| amlodipine (Norvasc®) | amlodipine/atorvastatin (Caduet®) | amlodipine oral solution (Norliqva®) |
| diltiazem (Cardizem®) | diltiazem LA (Cardizem® LA, Matzim® LA) | amlodipine oral suspension (Katerzia®) |
| diltiazem (Tiazac®, Taztia XT®) | diltiazem SR (Cardizem® SR) | diltiazem CD 360mg (Cardizem®-CD) |
| diltiazem CD (Cardizem® CD)* | isradipine (Dynacirc®, Dynacirc CR®) | levamlodipine (Conjupri®) |
| diltiazem ER (Cartia XT®, Diltia XT®) | nicardipine (Cardene®) | |
| diltiazem XR (Dilacor® XR) | nicardipine (Cardene® SR) | |
| felodipine (Plendil®) | nisoldipine (Sular®) | |
| nifedipine (Adalat®, Procardia®) | verapamil (Covera-HS®) | |
| nifedipine ER (Adalat® CC) | verapamil ER (Verelan®, Verelan® PM) | |
| nifedipine XL (Nifedical XL®, Procardia XL®) | | |
| nimodipine (Nimotop®) | | |
| verapamil (Calan®, Isoptin®) | | |
| verapamil SR (Calan® SR, Isoptin® SR) | | |
| ACEI/CCB Combination Products | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| Tier-1 ACEI + Tier-1 CCB | trandolapril/verapamil (Tarka®) | |
| benazepril/amlodipine (Lotrel®) | | |

*Unique criteria apply:

*All strengths other than 360mg:

CD = controlled-delivery; ER, XR, XL = extended-release; LA = long-acting; SR = sustained-release

Antihypertensive Medications Tier-3 Approval Criteria:

- ~~1. A documented inadequate response to 2 Tier-1 medications and documented inadequate response to all available Tier-2 medication(s); or~~
- ~~2. An adverse drug reaction to all Tier-1 and Tier-2 classes of medications; or~~
- ~~3. Previous stabilization on the Tier-3 medication; or~~
- ~~4. A unique indication which the lower tiered antihypertensive medications lack.~~

Antihypertensive Medications Special Prior Authorization (PA) Approval Criteria:

1. Angiotensin I Converting Enzyme Inhibitors (ACEIs):

a. Epaned® (Enalapril Solution) Approval Criteria:

- ~~i. An age restriction of 7 years or older will apply with the following criteria:
 - ~~1. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the oral tablet formulation in place of the oral solution formulation, even when the tablets are crushed or used to prepare an oral suspension, must be provided (e.g., dose was stabilized inpatient, clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved by splitting available tablet formulations); and~~
 - ~~2. Clinical exceptions for the age restriction (younger than the FDA approved age) may be considered; and~~~~
- ~~ii. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request.~~

b. Epaned® (Enalapril Solution) and Qbrelis® (Lisinopril Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

- i. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use ~~the lisinopril~~ oral tablets in place of the oral solution formulation, even when the tablets are crushed, must be provided (e.g., dose was stabilized inpatient, clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved by splitting available tablet formulations); and
- ii. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request; ~~and~~
- iii. A quantity limit of 300mL per 60 days will apply. For members who require doses exceeding this quantity limit, a quantity limit override may be approved with the submission of supporting clinical documentation.

2. Angiotensin II Receptor Blockers (ARBs) and ARB Combination Products:

a. Arbli™ (Losartan Oral Suspension) Approval Criteria:

- i. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason (beyond convenience) why the member cannot use the oral tablet formulation in place of the oral suspension, even when the tablets are split or crushed, must be provided (e.g., dose stabilized inpatient, clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved with available tablet formulations); and
- ii. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request.
- iii. A quantity limit of 330mL per 33 days will apply.

b. Valsartan 4mg/mL Oral Solution Approval Criteria:

- ~~i. An FDA approved diagnosis of 1 of the following:~~
 - ~~1. Hypertension in adults and pediatric members 6 years of age and older; or~~
 - ~~2. Heart failure; or~~
 - ~~3. Post-myocardial infarction; and~~
- ii. A patient specific, clinically significant, reason why the member cannot use valsartan tablets or the oral suspension prepared from the tablets must be provided (i.e., dose was stabilized inpatient); and
- iii. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request; and
- iv. A quantity limit of 360mL per 36 days will apply.

3. ACEI/Hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) Combination Products:

a. Monopril HCT® (Fosinopril/HCTZ) Approval Criteria:

- ~~i. A patient specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the individual components separately must be provided.~~

4. Calcium Channel Blockers (CCBs):

a. Cardizem® CD (Diltiazem CD 360mg Capsules) Approval Criteria:

- ~~i. A patient specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use (2) 180mg Cardizem® CD (diltiazem CD) capsules must be provided.~~

b. Conjupri® (Levamlodipine Tablets) Approval Criteria:

- i. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use amlodipine oral tablets, which are available without prior authorization, must be provided.

c. Katerzia® (Amlodipine Oral Suspension) and Norliqva® (Amlodipine Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

- ~~i. An FDA approved diagnosis of 1 of the following:~~

- ~~1. Hypertension in adults and pediatric members 6 years of age and older; or~~
- ~~2. Coronary artery disease; or~~
- ~~3. Chronic stable angina; or~~
- ~~4. Vasospastic angina; and~~
- ii. A patient specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use amlodipine oral tablets, even when the tablets are split or crushed, must be provided (i.e., dose was stabilized inpatient or dose cannot be achieved with available tablet formulations); and
- ~~iii. Clinical exceptions for age restrictions may be considered for doses stabilized inpatient or for clinically indicated doses that cannot be achieved by splitting available tablet formulations; and~~
- iv. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request; and
- v. A quantity limit of 300mL per 30 days will apply.

Next, the College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of bisoprolol fumarate 2.5mg tablet, Hemiclor™ (chlorthalidone 12.5mg tablet), Inzirqo™ (hydrochlorothiazide oral suspension), and Lopressor® (metoprolol tartrate oral solution) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Bisoprolol Fumarate 2.5mg Tablet Approval Criteria:

1. A patient-specific, clinically specific reason (beyond convenience) why the member cannot split the 5mg tablet, which is available without prior authorization, to achieve the 2.5mg dose must be provided; and
2. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply.

Hemiclor™ (Chlorthalidone 12.5mg Tablet) Approval Criteria:

1. A patient-specific, clinically specific reason (beyond convenience) why the member cannot split a generic chlorthalidone 25mg tablet, which is available without prior authorization, to achieve a 12.5mg dose must be provided; and
2. A quantity limit of 240 tablets per 30 days will apply.

Inzirqo™ (Hydrochlorothiazide Oral Suspension) Approval Criteria:

1. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason (beyond convenience) why the member cannot use the oral tablet formulation available without prior authorization, even when the tablets are crushed or split, must be provided (e.g., dose was stabilized inpatient, clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved with available tablet formulations); and
2. For members who require weight-based dosing, the member's recent weight must be provided on the prior authorization request; and

3. A quantity limit of 240mL per 30 days will apply. For members who require doses that exceed this quantity limit, a quantity limit override may be approved with the submission of supporting clinical documentation.

Lopressor® (Metoprolol Tartrate Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

1. A patient-specific, clinically specific reason (beyond convenience) why the member cannot use oral tablet formulation available without prior authorization, even when the tablets are crushed or split, must be provided (e.g., dose was stabilized inpatient, clinically indicated dose cannot be achieved with available tablet formulations); and
2. A quantity limit of 1,200mL per 30 days will apply. For members who require doses that exceed this quantity limit, a quantity limit override may be approved with the submission of supporting clinical documentation.

The College of Pharmacy also recommends the prior authorization of Javadin™ (clonidine oral solution) with criteria similar to Nexiclon™ XR (clonidine ER tablet) (changes shown in red):

Nexiclon™ XR [Clonidine Extended-release (ER) Tablet] and Javadin™ (Clonidine Oral Solution) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of hypertension; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot utilize clonidine immediate-release tablet and clonidine transdermal patch, which are available without a prior authorization, must be provided; and
3. For Nexiclon™ XR, the Request must be for an FDA-approved once-daily dosing regimen, according to package labeling; and
4. For Javadin™, the following will apply:
 - a. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
 - b. A quantity limit of 1,000mL per 30 days will apply. For members who require doses greater than this quantity limit, a quantity limit override may be approved with the submission of supporting clinical documentation.

Lastly, the College of Pharmacy recommends updating the Tryvio™ (aprocitentan) approval criteria based on changes to the FDA package labeling and the discontinuation of the REMS program (changes shown in red):

Tryvio™ (Aprocitentan) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of hypertension; and
2. Member has a reported systolic blood pressure of ≥ 140 mmHg confirmed on at least 2 separate blood pressure readings on 2 separate

occasions within the last month (documentation of blood pressure readings with dates must be submitted); and

3. Prescriber must rule out other causes of elevated blood pressure including:
 - a. Inaccurate readings due to faulty or inappropriate equipment (i.e., cuff size) or improper technique; and
 - b. White coat hypertension; and
 - c. Prescription non-adherence. Compliance with antihypertensive medications will be evaluated prior to initiation of Tryvio™; and
4. Member must be currently on at least 3 antihypertensive medications at optimal (or maximally tolerated) doses for at least 4 weeks prior to systolic blood pressure reading of ≥ 140 mmHg; and
5. Member must have tried at least 6 different classes of medications, including a diuretic, in the past 12 months that did not yield adequate blood pressure control. Medications can include, but are not limited to, angiotensin I converting enzyme inhibitors (ACEIs), angiotensin II receptor blockers (ARBs), calcium channel blockers (CCBs), direct renin inhibitors (DRIs), beta blockers, alpha blockers, alpha agonists, or diuretics; and
6. Female members of reproductive potential must not be pregnant or breastfeeding during treatment with Tryvio™ and must be willing to use an effective method of contraception during treatment and for 1 month after discontinuing Tryvio™; and
7. Female members of reproductive potential must have a negative pregnancy test prior to initiation of Tryvio™ and ~~must agree to take pregnancy tests monthly during treatment and for 1 month after discontinuing Tryvio™~~ if pregnancy occurs during therapy, Tryvio™ must be discontinued immediately; and
- ~~8. Member, pharmacy, and provider must be registered under the Tryvio™ Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) program; and~~
9. Member must not have elevated aminotransferases >3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) or moderate to severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh class B or C); and
10. Prescriber must attest that they will monitor liver transaminase levels during treatment and discontinue Tryvio™ if a sustained, unexplained, clinically relevant elevation occurs or if elevations occur with an increase in bilirubin that is >2 times the ULN; and
11. Member must not have severe anemia prior to initiation of aprocitan; and
12. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply; and
13. Initial approvals will be for the duration of 3 months. After 3 months, compliance with all antihypertensive medications, including aprocitan, will be evaluated and the provider must provide documentation that the member has had a positive response to

treatment, including a decrease in blood pressure. Inadequate compliance or a lack of positive response will result in denial of continuation. Subsequent approvals will be for 1 year.

Utilization Details of Antihypertensive Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|---|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| CLONIDINE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| CLONIDINE TAB 0.1MG | 53,898 | 13,991 | \$584,873.78 | \$10.85 | 3.85 | 8.69% |
| CLONIDINE TAB 0.2MG | 23,225 | 4,529 | \$263,746.33 | \$11.36 | 5.13 | 3.92% |
| CLONIDINE TAB 0.3MG | 7,305 | 1,285 | \$84,216.71 | \$11.53 | 5.68 | 1.25% |
| CLONIDINE PATCH 0.1MG/24HR | 523 | 172 | \$19,544.87 | \$37.37 | 3.04 | 0.29% |
| CLONIDINE PATCH 0.2MG/24HR | 492 | 155 | \$27,709.18 | \$56.32 | 3.17 | 0.41% |
| CLONIDINE PATCH 0.3MG/24HR | 456 | 110 | \$32,734.61 | \$71.79 | 4.15 | 0.49% |
| CLONIDINE POW | 4 | 4 | \$56.48 | \$14.12 | 1 | 0.00% |
| NO PA SUBTOTAL | 85,903 | 20,246 | \$1,012,881.96 | \$11.79 | 4.24 | 15.05% |
| SPECIAL PA UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| CLONIDINE ER TAB 0.17MG | 3 | 2 | \$1,196.73 | \$398.91 | 1.5 | 0.02% |
| SPECIAL PA SUBTOTAL | 3 | 2 | \$1,196.73 | \$398.91 | 1.5 | 0.02% |
| CLONIDINE TOTAL | 85,906 | 20,248 | \$1,014,078.69 | \$11.80 | 4.24 | 15.07% |
| ANGIOTENSIN I CONVERTING ENZYME INHIBITORS (ACEIs) | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| LISINOPRIL TAB 20MG | 22,853 | 8,851 | \$275,916.69 | \$12.07 | 2.58 | 4.10% |
| LISINOPRIL TAB 10MG | 22,851 | 9,118 | \$257,450.79 | \$11.27 | 2.51 | 3.83% |
| LISINOPRIL TAB 40MG | 13,487 | 4,824 | \$193,699.34 | \$14.36 | 2.8 | 2.88% |
| LISINOPRIL TAB 5MG | 9,728 | 3,783 | \$106,479.19 | \$10.95 | 2.57 | 1.58% |
| LISINOPRIL TAB 2.5MG | 4,350 | 1,661 | \$46,777.15 | \$10.75 | 2.62 | 0.70% |
| LISINOPRIL TAB 30MG | 2,035 | 736 | \$25,674.74 | \$12.62 | 2.76 | 0.38% |
| ENALAPRIL TAB 20MG | 650 | 213 | \$13,225.26 | \$20.35 | 3.05 | 0.20% |
| ENALAPRIL TAB 5MG | 569 | 143 | \$8,648.03 | \$15.20 | 3.98 | 0.13% |
| ENALAPRIL TAB 10MG | 548 | 159 | \$8,834.91 | \$16.12 | 3.45 | 0.13% |
| ENALAPRIL TAB 2.5MG | 507 | 120 | \$7,897.64 | \$15.58 | 4.23 | 0.12% |
| BENAZEPRIL TAB 40MG | 284 | 88 | \$3,836.93 | \$13.51 | 3.23 | 0.06% |
| BENAZEPRIL TAB 20MG | 262 | 99 | \$3,926.73 | \$14.99 | 2.65 | 0.06% |
| RAMIPRIL CAP 10MG | 245 | 91 | \$3,566.60 | \$14.56 | 2.69 | 0.05% |
| BENAZEPRIL TAB 10MG | 169 | 58 | \$2,513.43 | \$14.87 | 2.91 | 0.04% |
| RAMIPRIL CAP 5MG | 85 | 40 | \$1,033.09 | \$12.15 | 2.13 | 0.02% |
| RAMIPRIL CAP 2.5MG | 61 | 23 | \$777.47 | \$12.75 | 2.65 | 0.01% |
| BENAZEPRIL TAB 5MG | 30 | 14 | \$433.59 | \$14.45 | 2.14 | 0.01% |
| RAMIPRIL CAP 1.25MG | 27 | 12 | \$467.37 | \$17.31 | 2.25 | 0.01% |
| FOSINOPRIL TAB 10MG | 27 | 9 | \$613.94 | \$22.74 | 3 | 0.01% |
| FOSINOPRIL TAB 20MG | 17 | 3 | \$348.60 | \$20.51 | 5.67 | 0.01% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|--|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| FOSINOPRIL TAB 40MG | 15 | 5 | \$350.41 | \$23.36 | 3 | 0.01% |
| PERINDOPRIL TAB 4MG | 5 | 2 | \$251.75 | \$50.35 | 2.5 | 0.00% |
| PERINDOPRIL TAB 8MG | 3 | 2 | \$142.33 | \$47.44 | 1.5 | 0.00% |
| TRANDOLAPRIL TAB 4MG | 2 | 1 | \$55.01 | \$27.51 | 2 | 0.00% |
| MOEXIPRIL TAB 15MG | 1 | 1 | \$25.89 | \$25.89 | 1 | 0.00% |
| TIER-1 SUBTOTAL | 78,811 | 30,056 | \$962,946.88 | \$12.22 | 2.62 | 14.31% |
| TIER-2 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| CAPTOPRIL TAB 25MG | 45 | 11 | \$1,295.76 | \$28.79 | 4.09 | 0.02% |
| CAPTOPRIL TAB 50MG | 36 | 6 | \$1,214.06 | \$33.72 | 6 | 0.02% |
| CAPTOPRIL TAB 100MG | 8 | 2 | \$445.30 | \$55.66 | 4 | 0.01% |
| CAPTOPRIL TAB 12.5MG | 3 | 2 | \$175.82 | \$58.61 | 1.5 | 0.00% |
| TIER-2 SUBTOTAL | 92 | 21 | \$3,130.94 | \$34.03 | 4.38 | 0.05% |
| SPECIAL PA UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| ENALAPRIL SOL 1MG/ML | 1,236 | 232 | \$154,368.75 | \$124.89 | 5.33 | 2.29% |
| QBRILIS SOL 1MG/ML | 142 | 24 | \$74,223.71 | \$522.70 | 5.92 | 1.10% |
| EPANED SOL 1MG/ML | 98 | 17 | \$44,326.73 | \$452.31 | 5.76 | 0.66% |
| SPECIAL PA SUBTOTAL | 1,476 | 273 | \$272,919.19 | \$184.90 | 5.41 | 4.06% |
| ACEI TOTAL | 80,379 | 30,350 | \$1,238,997.01 | \$15.41 | 2.65 | 18.41% |
| CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS (CCBs) | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| AMLODIPINE TAB 10MG | 29,974 | 10,994 | \$342,385.16 | \$11.42 | 2.73 | 5.09% |
| AMLODIPINE TAB 5MG | 25,376 | 10,008 | \$292,983.53 | \$11.55 | 2.54 | 4.35% |
| AMLODIPINE TAB 2.5MG | 4,289 | 1,698 | \$49,890.33 | \$11.63 | 2.53 | 0.74% |
| NIFEDIPINE TAB 30MG ER | 2,564 | 1,321 | \$44,924.89 | \$17.52 | 1.94 | 0.67% |
| NIFEDIPINE TAB 30MG ER | 1,445 | 724 | \$23,463.82 | \$16.24 | 2 | 0.35% |
| NIFEDIPINE TAB 60MG ER | 1,337 | 579 | \$24,623.97 | \$18.42 | 2.31 | 0.37% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 120MG ER | 1,012 | 422 | \$19,785.55 | \$19.55 | 2.4 | 0.29% |
| NIFEDIPINE TAB 60MG ER | 900 | 401 | \$16,638.62 | \$18.49 | 2.24 | 0.25% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 180MG ER | 667 | 257 | \$15,170.55 | \$22.74 | 2.6 | 0.23% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 240MG ER | 592 | 205 | \$13,479.63 | \$22.77 | 2.89 | 0.20% |
| NIFEDIPINE TAB 90MG ER | 501 | 207 | \$12,273.87 | \$24.50 | 2.42 | 0.18% |
| VERAPAMIL TAB 240MG ER | 397 | 92 | \$6,972.72 | \$17.56 | 4.32 | 0.10% |
| VERAPAMIL TAB 120MG ER | 375 | 142 | \$8,472.96 | \$22.59 | 2.64 | 0.13% |
| NIFEDIPINE TAB 90MG ER | 373 | 138 | \$8,250.02 | \$22.12 | 2.7 | 0.12% |
| NIFEDIPINE CAP 10MG | 322 | 215 | \$10,271.73 | \$31.90 | 1.5 | 0.15% |
| DILTIAZEM TAB 30MG | 322 | 116 | \$5,185.19 | \$16.10 | 2.78 | 0.08% |
| VERAPAMIL TAB 180MG ER | 217 | 82 | \$4,786.39 | \$22.06 | 2.65 | 0.07% |
| DILTIAZEM TAB 120MG | 216 | 75 | \$3,935.50 | \$18.22 | 2.88 | 0.06% |
| DILTIAZEM TAB 60MG | 160 | 70 | \$3,155.02 | \$19.72 | 2.29 | 0.05% |
| VERAPAMIL TAB 80MG | 158 | 52 | \$2,390.49 | \$15.13 | 3.04 | 0.04% |
| VERAPAMIL TAB 120MG | 141 | 52 | \$2,550.28 | \$18.09 | 2.71 | 0.04% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 120MG/24HR | 140 | 53 | \$3,185.81 | \$22.76 | 2.64 | 0.05% |
| CARTIA XT CAP 240MG/24HR | 119 | 56 | \$2,820.78 | \$23.70 | 2.13 | 0.04% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| VERAPAMIL TAB 40MG | 111 | 51 | \$2,375.27 | \$21.40 | 2.18 | 0.04% |
| CARTIA XT CAP 180MG/24HR | 91 | 49 | \$2,065.66 | \$22.70 | 1.86 | 0.03% |
| DILT-XR CAP 240MG | 91 | 35 | \$4,780.10 | \$52.53 | 2.6 | 0.07% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 300MG ER | 86 | 33 | \$2,383.85 | \$27.72 | 2.61 | 0.04% |
| DILT-XR CAP 120MG | 84 | 35 | \$2,126.90 | \$25.32 | 2.4 | 0.03% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 360MG ER | 82 | 27 | \$3,715.07 | \$45.31 | 3.04 | 0.06% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 240MG/24HR | 81 | 32 | \$2,259.49 | \$27.89 | 2.53 | 0.03% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 120MG ER | 79 | 21 | \$2,151.29 | \$27.23 | 3.76 | 0.03% |
| DILTIAZEM TAB 90MG | 77 | 22 | \$1,776.21 | \$23.07 | 3.5 | 0.03% |
| DILT-XR CAP 180MG | 76 | 29 | \$3,132.38 | \$41.22 | 2.62 | 0.05% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 120MG ER | 72 | 20 | \$11,031.17 | \$153.21 | 3.6 | 0.16% |
| CARTIA XT CAP 120MG/24HR | 70 | 47 | \$1,397.63 | \$19.97 | 1.49 | 0.02% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 60MG ER | 62 | 20 | \$6,556.10 | \$105.74 | 3.1 | 0.10% |
| NIFEDIPINE CAP 20MG | 51 | 27 | \$3,386.92 | \$66.41 | 1.89 | 0.05% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 180MG/24HR | 48 | 28 | \$1,269.85 | \$26.46 | 1.71 | 0.02% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 180MG ER | 43 | 21 | \$1,891.64 | \$43.99 | 2.05 | 0.03% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 300MG ER | 41 | 9 | \$1,344.96 | \$32.80 | 4.56 | 0.02% |
| FELODIPINE TAB 5MG ER | 38 | 13 | \$733.85 | \$19.31 | 2.92 | 0.01% |
| FELODIPINE TAB 10MG ER | 30 | 9 | \$677.40 | \$22.58 | 3.33 | 0.01% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 90MG ER | 29 | 10 | \$3,301.93 | \$113.86 | 2.9 | 0.05% |
| CARTIA XT CAP 300MG/24HR | 29 | 10 | \$739.10 | \$25.49 | 2.9 | 0.01% |
| TIADYLT CAP 120MG/24HR | 22 | 7 | \$421.13 | \$19.14 | 3.14 | 0.01% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 240MG ER | 20 | 11 | \$1,031.06 | \$51.55 | 1.82 | 0.02% |
| TIADYLT CAP 360MG/24HR | 15 | 4 | \$866.40 | \$57.76 | 3.75 | 0.01% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 420MG/24HR | 12 | 3 | \$852.36 | \$71.03 | 4 | 0.01% |
| NIMODIPINE CAP 30MG | 11 | 9 | \$1,368.99 | \$124.45 | 1.22 | 0.02% |
| FELODIPINE TAB 2.5MG ER | 11 | 4 | \$229.43 | \$20.86 | 2.75 | 0.00% |
| TIADYLT CAP 240MG/24HR | 6 | 5 | \$204.77 | \$34.13 | 1.2 | 0.00% |
| TIADYLT CAP 180MG/24HR | 3 | 1 | \$158.43 | \$52.81 | 3 | 0.00% |
| CARDIZEM CD CAP 240MG/24HR | 2 | 1 | \$8,594.96 | \$4,297.48 | 2 | 0.13% |
| NORVASC TAB 10MG | 1 | 1 | \$1,031.95 | \$1,031.95 | 1 | 0.02% |
| TAZTIA XT CAP 360MG/24HR | 1 | 1 | \$26.90 | \$26.90 | 1 | 0.00% |
| VERAPAMIL POW | 1 | 1 | \$11.41 | \$11.41 | 1 | 0.00% |
| TIER-1 SUBTOTAL | 73,073 | 28,555 | \$991,491.37 | \$13.57 | 2.56 | 14.73% |
| TIER-2 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 240MG SR | 61 | 22 | \$4,722.59 | \$77.42 | 2.77 | 0.07% |
| AMLOD/ATORVA TAB 10-40MG | 44 | 12 | \$3,174.65 | \$72.15 | 3.67 | 0.05% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 120MG SR | 43 | 13 | \$2,906.59 | \$67.60 | 3.31 | 0.04% |
| DILTIAZEM ER TAB 180MG | 43 | 13 | \$3,045.28 | \$70.82 | 3.31 | 0.05% |
| DILTIAZEM TAB 360MG ER | 41 | 7 | \$4,539.10 | \$110.71 | 5.86 | 0.07% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 180MG SR | 40 | 11 | \$2,018.32 | \$50.46 | 3.64 | 0.03% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 240MG ER | 38 | 9 | \$1,759.89 | \$46.31 | 4.22 | 0.03% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 360MG SR | 37 | 10 | \$8,910.49 | \$240.82 | 3.7 | 0.13% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|---|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| DILTIAZEM TAB 240MG ER | 28 | 10 | \$2,128.80 | \$76.03 | 2.8 | 0.03% |
| DILTIAZEM TAB 120MG ER | 26 | 7 | \$1,971.37 | \$75.82 | 3.71 | 0.03% |
| AMLOD/ATORVA TAB 5-20MG | 25 | 5 | \$1,276.05 | \$51.04 | 5 | 0.02% |
| DILTIAZEM ER TAB 360MG | 22 | 5 | \$2,976.74 | \$135.31 | 4.4 | 0.04% |
| AMLOD/ATORVA TAB 10-20MG | 21 | 6 | \$1,295.62 | \$61.70 | 3.5 | 0.02% |
| AMLOD/ATORVA TAB 10-10MG | 18 | 7 | \$1,113.32 | \$61.85 | 2.57 | 0.02% |
| MATZIM LA TAB 180MG/24HR | 15 | 4 | \$952.05 | \$63.47 | 3.75 | 0.01% |
| AMLOD/ATORVA TAB 10-80MG | 15 | 5 | \$1,651.05 | \$110.07 | 3 | 0.02% |
| DILTIAZEM ER TAB 420MG | 12 | 4 | \$1,395.46 | \$116.29 | 3 | 0.02% |
| ISRADIPINE CAP 2.5MG | 12 | 9 | \$917.98 | \$76.50 | 1.33 | 0.01% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 300MG ER | 10 | 2 | \$1,835.40 | \$183.54 | 5 | 0.03% |
| DILTIAZEM ER TAB 240MG | 10 | 5 | \$780.81 | \$78.08 | 2 | 0.01% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 120MG ER | 9 | 5 | \$638.92 | \$70.99 | 1.8 | 0.01% |
| MATZIM LA TAB 300MG/24HR | 7 | 2 | \$819.29 | \$117.04 | 3.5 | 0.01% |
| AMLOD/ATORVA TAB 5-10MG | 6 | 2 | \$483.40 | \$80.57 | 3 | 0.01% |
| DILTIAZEM TAB 300MG ER | 6 | 2 | \$469.68 | \$78.28 | 3 | 0.01% |
| ISRADIPINE CAP 5MG | 5 | 3 | \$205.13 | \$41.03 | 1.67 | 0.00% |
| MATZIM LA TAB 240MG/24HR | 5 | 3 | \$327.45 | \$65.49 | 1.67 | 0.00% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 180MG ER | 5 | 3 | \$357.92 | \$71.58 | 1.67 | 0.01% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 100MG ER | 4 | 1 | \$1,454.90 | \$363.73 | 4 | 0.02% |
| CARDIZEM LA TAB 120MG | 3 | 1 | \$363.87 | \$121.29 | 3 | 0.01% |
| MATZIM LA TAB 360MG/24HR | 2 | 2 | \$314.05 | \$157.03 | 1 | 0.00% |
| CADUET TAB 10-10MG | 1 | 1 | \$561.09 | \$561.09 | 1 | 0.01% |
| NICARDIPINE CAP 20MG | 1 | 1 | \$231.91 | \$231.91 | 1 | 0.00% |
| VERAPAMIL CAP 200MG ER | 1 | 1 | \$138.68 | \$138.68 | 1 | 0.00% |
| TIER-2 SUBTOTAL | 616 | 193 | \$55,737.85 | \$90.48 | 3.19 | 0.83% |
| SPECIAL PA UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| KATERZIA SUS 1MG/ML | 228 | 32 | \$96,356.37 | \$422.62 | 7.13 | 1.43% |
| NORLIQVA SOL 1MG/ML | 178 | 30 | \$70,008.29 | \$393.31 | 5.93 | 1.04% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 360MG ER | 30 | 11 | \$582.30 | \$19.41 | 2.73 | 0.01% |
| DILTIAZEM CAP 360MG CD | 1 | 1 | \$18.91 | \$18.91 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SPECIAL PA SUBTOTAL | 437 | 74 | \$166,965.87 | \$382.07 | 5.91 | 2.48% |
| CCB TOTAL | 74,126 | 28,822 | \$1,214,195.09 | \$16.38 | 2.57 | 18.04% |
| ANGIOTENSIN II RECEPTOR BLOCKERS (ARBs) AND ARB COMBINATION PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| LOSARTAN TAB 50MG | 15,963 | 6,351 | \$217,273.12 | \$13.61 | 2.51 | 3.23% |
| LOSARTAN TAB 25MG | 13,214 | 5,461 | \$167,835.17 | \$12.70 | 2.42 | 2.49% |
| LOSARTAN TAB 100MG | 12,422 | 4,565 | \$168,341.09 | \$13.55 | 2.72 | 2.50% |
| LOSARTAN/HCTZ TAB 100-25MG | 3,190 | 1,215 | \$54,178.80 | \$16.98 | 2.63 | 0.80% |
| LOSARTAN/HCTZ TAB 50-12.5MG | 2,866 | 1,209 | \$39,081.33 | \$13.64 | 2.37 | 0.58% |
| LOSARTAN/HCTZ TAB 100-12.5MG | 1,796 | 655 | \$30,606.99 | \$17.04 | 2.74 | 0.45% |
| OLMESARTAN TAB 20MG | 1,789 | 774 | \$31,843.68 | \$17.80 | 2.31 | 0.47% |
| OLMESARTAN TAB 40MG | 1,468 | 508 | \$31,242.26 | \$21.28 | 2.89 | 0.46% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| VALSARTAN TAB 160MG | 1,420 | 553 | \$32,233.98 | \$22.70 | 2.57 | 0.48% |
| VALSARTAN TAB 80MG | 1,399 | 547 | \$26,885.14 | \$19.22 | 2.56 | 0.40% |
| VALSARTAN TAB 320MG | 780 | 314 | \$20,045.17 | \$25.70 | 2.48 | 0.30% |
| VALSARTAN TAB 40MG | 739 | 294 | \$14,081.94 | \$19.06 | 2.51 | 0.21% |
| TELMISARTAN TAB 40MG | 707 | 292 | \$16,961.46 | \$23.99 | 2.42 | 0.25% |
| TELMISARTAN TAB 80MG | 705 | 244 | \$17,241.46 | \$24.46 | 2.89 | 0.26% |
| CANDESARTAN TAB 8MG | 576 | 180 | \$22,361.86 | \$38.82 | 3.2 | 0.33% |
| CANDESARTAN TAB 16MG | 499 | 134 | \$17,328.16 | \$34.73 | 3.72 | 0.26% |
| TELMISARTAN TAB 20MG | 463 | 210 | \$10,161.62 | \$21.95 | 2.2 | 0.15% |
| VALSAR/HCTZ TAB 160-12.5 | 460 | 168 | \$8,937.67 | \$19.43 | 2.74 | 0.13% |
| VALSAR/HCTZ TAB 320-25MG | 442 | 176 | \$12,096.55 | \$27.37 | 2.51 | 0.18% |
| OLM/HCTZ TAB 40-25MG | 421 | 155 | \$10,614.81 | \$25.21 | 2.72 | 0.16% |
| IRBESARTAN TAB 300MG | 403 | 124 | \$8,206.93 | \$20.36 | 3.25 | 0.12% |
| IRBESARTAN TAB 150MG | 393 | 160 | \$7,637.87 | \$19.43 | 2.46 | 0.11% |
| OLMESARTAN TAB 5MG | 370 | 150 | \$5,834.81 | \$15.77 | 2.47 | 0.09% |
| AMLOD/VALSAR TAB 10-320MG | 336 | 111 | \$16,246.41 | \$48.35 | 3.03 | 0.24% |
| CANDESARTAN TAB 4MG | 330 | 129 | \$12,323.43 | \$37.34 | 2.56 | 0.18% |
| OLM/HCTZ TAB 20-12.5MG | 327 | 136 | \$14,232.95 | \$43.53 | 2.4 | 0.21% |
| VALSAR/HCTZ TAB 160-25MG | 305 | 108 | \$6,043.80 | \$19.82 | 2.82 | 0.09% |
| AMLOD/VALSAR TAB 5-160MG | 270 | 113 | \$9,776.99 | \$36.21 | 2.39 | 0.15% |
| AMLOD/OLM TAB 10-40MG | 234 | 76 | \$6,380.04 | \$27.27 | 3.08 | 0.09% |
| IRBESARTAN TAB 75MG | 225 | 78 | \$3,935.24 | \$17.49 | 2.88 | 0.06% |
| VALSAR/HCTZ TAB 80-12.5MG | 213 | 71 | \$3,940.72 | \$18.50 | 3 | 0.06% |
| CANDESARTAN TAB 32MG | 201 | 50 | \$8,489.42 | \$42.24 | 4.02 | 0.13% |
| AMLOD/VALSAR TAB 10-160MG | 167 | 66 | \$7,076.82 | \$42.38 | 2.53 | 0.11% |
| AMLOD/OLM TAB 5-20MG | 159 | 59 | \$4,085.34 | \$25.69 | 2.69 | 0.06% |
| VALSAR/HCTZ TAB 320-12.5MG | 158 | 60 | \$3,758.37 | \$23.79 | 2.63 | 0.06% |
| OLM/HCTZ TAB 40-12.5MG | 156 | 72 | \$5,889.98 | \$37.76 | 2.17 | 0.09% |
| AMLOD/OLM TAB 10-20MG | 151 | 47 | \$3,496.28 | \$23.15 | 3.21 | 0.05% |
| AMLOD/VAL/HCTZ TAB 10-325-25MG | 115 | 37 | \$45,019.17 | \$391.47 | 3.11 | 0.67% |
| AMLOD/OLM TAB 5-40MG | 106 | 35 | \$2,822.36 | \$26.63 | 3.03 | 0.04% |
| IRBESAR/HCTZ TAB 300-12.5MG | 92 | 33 | \$2,228.54 | \$24.22 | 2.79 | 0.03% |
| IRBESAR/HCTZ TAB 150-12.5MG | 92 | 33 | \$1,923.24 | \$20.90 | 2.79 | 0.03% |
| AMLOD/VAL/HCTZ TAB 5-160-12.5MG | 59 | 15 | \$13,783.27 | \$233.61 | 3.93 | 0.20% |
| AMLOD/VALSAR TAB 5-320MG | 58 | 24 | \$2,635.13 | \$45.43 | 2.42 | 0.04% |
| AMLOD/VAL/HCTZ TAB 10-160-25MG | 53 | 17 | \$15,363.03 | \$289.87 | 3.12 | 0.23% |
| AMLOD/VAL/HCTZ TAB 10-160-12.5MG | 31 | 13 | \$9,223.94 | \$297.55 | 2.38 | 0.14% |
| AMLOD/VAL/HCTZ TAB 5-160-25MG | 15 | 7 | \$1,153.95 | \$76.93 | 2.14 | 0.02% |
| COZAAR TAB 50MG | 2 | 1 | \$752.27 | \$376.14 | 2 | 0.01% |
| EXFORGE TAB 10-320MG | 1 | 1 | \$1,321.34 | \$1,321.34 | 1 | 0.02% |
| BENICAR TAB 20MG | 1 | 1 | \$847.07 | \$847.07 | 1 | 0.01% |
| FOSINOPRIL/HCTZ TAB 10/12.5MG | 1 | 1 | \$21.14 | \$21.14 | 1 | 0.00% |
| TIER-1 SUBTOTAL | 66,343 | 25,833 | \$1,173,802.11 | \$17.69 | 2.57 | 17.44% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|--------|
| TIER-2 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| TELMISAR/HCTZ TAB 80-25MG | 61 | 20 | \$2,130.77 | \$34.93 | 3.05 | 0.03% |
| TELMISAR/HCTZ TAB 40-12.5MG | 59 | 20 | \$1,499.37 | \$25.41 | 2.95 | 0.02% |
| TELMISAR/HCTZ TAB 80-12.5MG | 56 | 18 | \$1,727.14 | \$30.84 | 3.11 | 0.03% |
| OLM/AMLOD/HCTZ TAB 40-10-25MG | 52 | 19 | \$3,925.67 | \$75.49 | 2.74 | 0.06% |
| OLM/AMLOD/HCTZ TAB 20-5-12.5MG | 23 | 8 | \$1,412.94 | \$61.43 | 2.88 | 0.02% |
| OLM/AMLOD/HCTZ TAB 40-5-12.5MG | 20 | 4 | \$933.14 | \$46.66 | 5 | 0.01% |
| OLM/AMLOD/HCTZ TAB 40-5-25MG | 17 | 5 | \$1,229.34 | \$72.31 | 3.4 | 0.02% |
| OLM/AMLOD/HCTZ TAB 40-10-12.5MG | 6 | 3 | \$535.11 | \$89.19 | 2 | 0.01% |
| TIER-2 SUBTOTAL | 294 | 97 | \$13,393.48 | \$45.56 | 3.03 | 0.20% |
| TIER-3 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| EDARBYCLOR TAB 40-25MG | 31 | 6 | \$8,005.61 | \$258.25 | 5.17 | 0.12% |
| CANDESAR/HCTZ TAB 32-12.5MG | 17 | 2 | \$909.05 | \$53.47 | 8.5 | 0.01% |
| EDARBYCLOR TAB 40-12.5MG | 16 | 5 | \$7,389.80 | \$461.86 | 3.2 | 0.11% |
| CANDESAR/HCTZ TAB 16-12.5MG | 12 | 1 | \$405.82 | \$33.82 | 12 | 0.01% |
| TELMISAR/AMLOD TAB 80-5MG | 9 | 1 | \$1,323.29 | \$147.03 | 9 | 0.02% |
| EDARBI TAB 40MG | 5 | 1 | \$1,300.99 | \$260.20 | 5 | 0.02% |
| CANDESAR/HCTZ TAB 32-25MG | 5 | 2 | \$418.46 | \$83.69 | 2.5 | 0.01% |
| TELMISAR/AMLOD TAB 40-10MG | 4 | 3 | \$267.13 | \$66.78 | 1.33 | 0.00% |
| TELMISAR/AMLOD TAB 40-5MG | 3 | 1 | \$254.16 | \$84.72 | 3 | 0.00% |
| SPECIAL PA SUBTOTAL | 102 | 22 | \$20,274.31 | \$198.77 | 4.64 | 0.30% |
| ARB TOTAL | 66,739 | 25,952 | \$1,207,469.90 | \$18.09 | 2.57 | 17.94% |
| METOPROLOL PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| METOPROLOL SUC TAB 25MG ER | 16,749 | 6,454 | \$234,747.07 | \$14.02 | 2.6 | 3.49% |
| METOPROLOL TAR TAB 25MG | 12,309 | 4,569 | \$136,512.07 | \$11.09 | 2.69 | 2.03% |
| METOPROLOL SUC TAB 50MG ER | 11,960 | 4,395 | \$177,682.79 | \$14.86 | 2.72 | 2.64% |
| METOPROLOL TAR TAB 50MG | 6,979 | 2,493 | \$85,500.96 | \$12.25 | 2.8 | 1.27% |
| METOPROLOL SUC TAB 100MG ER | 5,588 | 2,049 | \$100,839.58 | \$18.05 | 2.73 | 1.50% |
| METOPROLOL TAR TAB 100MG | 2,516 | 848 | \$29,963.19 | \$11.91 | 2.97 | 0.45% |
| METOPROLOL SUC TAB 200MG ER | 949 | 314 | \$24,538.83 | \$25.86 | 3.02 | 0.36% |
| METOPROLOL TAR TAB 75MG | 198 | 76 | \$4,652.18 | \$23.50 | 2.61 | 0.07% |
| METOPROLOL TAR TAB 37.5MG | 58 | 28 | \$1,061.06 | \$18.29 | 2.07 | 0.02% |
| TOPROL XL TAB 50MG | 3 | 1 | \$153.35 | \$51.12 | 3 | 0.00% |
| TOPROL XL TAB 25MG | 2 | 1 | \$139.14 | \$69.57 | 2 | 0.00% |
| NO PA SUBTOTAL | 57,311 | 21,228 | \$795,790.22 | \$13.89 | 2.7 | 11.82% |
| PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| KAPSPARGO CAP 25MG | 4 | 4 | \$259.62 | \$64.91 | 1 | 0.00% |
| KAPSPARGO CAP 50MG | 2 | 2 | \$129.61 | \$64.81 | 1 | 0.00% |
| PA SUBTOTAL | 6 | 6 | \$389.23 | \$64.87 | 1 | 0.01% |
| METOPROLOL TOTAL | 57,317 | 21,234 | \$796,179.45 | \$13.89 | 2.7 | 11.83% |
| SPIRONOLACTONE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|--------|
| SPIRONOLACTONE TAB 25MG | 12,611 | 4,656 | \$159,033.54 | \$12.61 | 2.71 | 2.36% |
| SPIRONOLACTONE TAB 50MG | 7,646 | 2,903 | \$128,882.42 | \$16.86 | 2.63 | 1.91% |
| SPIRONOLACTONE TAB 100MG | 4,854 | 1,773 | \$105,131.25 | \$21.66 | 2.74 | 1.56% |
| SPIRONOLACTONE POW | 13 | 1 | \$348.92 | \$26.84 | 13 | 0.01% |
| ALDACTONE TAB 50MG | 3 | 1 | \$899.01 | \$299.67 | 3 | 0.01% |
| NO PA SUBTOTAL | 25,127 | 9334 | \$394,295.14 | \$15.69 | 2.69 | 5.86% |
| PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| SPIRONOLACTONE SUS 25MG/5ML | 175 | 54 | \$42,200.67 | \$241.15 | 3.24 | 0.63% |
| CAROSPIR SUS 25MG/5ML | 40 | 7 | \$20,990.01 | \$524.75 | 5.71 | 0.31% |
| PA SUBTOTAL | 215 | 61 | \$63,190.68 | \$293.91 | 3.52 | 0.94% |
| SPIRONOLACTONE TOTAL | 25,342 | 9,395 | \$457,485.82 | \$18.05 | 2.7 | 6.80% |
| ACEI/HCTZ COMBINATION PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| LISINOP/HCTZ TAB 20-12.5MG | 5,460 | 2,075 | \$76,903.31 | \$14.08 | 2.63 | 1.14% |
| LISINOP/HCTZ TAB 20-25MG | 4,755 | 1,772 | \$57,486.39 | \$12.09 | 2.68 | 0.85% |
| LISINOP/HCTZ TAB 10-12.5MG | 3,415 | 1,339 | \$42,224.39 | \$12.36 | 2.55 | 0.63% |
| BENAZEP/HCTZ TAB 20-12.5 | 75 | 26 | \$2,113.07 | \$28.17 | 2.88 | 0.03% |
| ENALAP/HCTZ TAB 10-25MG | 50 | 19 | \$1,070.71 | \$21.41 | 2.63 | 0.02% |
| BENAZEP/HCTZ TAB 10-12.5 | 48 | 15 | \$1,071.76 | \$22.33 | 3.2 | 0.02% |
| BENAZEP/HCTZ TAB 20-25MG | 22 | 8 | \$558.77 | \$25.40 | 2.75 | 0.01% |
| ENALAP/HCTZ TAB 5-12.5MG | 15 | 10 | \$375.52 | \$25.03 | 1.5 | 0.01% |
| BENAZEP/HCTZ TAB 5-6.25MG | 4 | 1 | \$188.16 | \$47.04 | 4 | 0.00% |
| ACEI/HCTZ TOTAL | 13,844 | 5,265 | \$181,992.08 | \$13.15 | 2.63 | 2.70% |
| PROPRANOLOL SOL PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| PROPRANOLOL SOL 20MG/5ML | 986 | 242 | \$24,057.84 | \$24.40 | 4.07 | 0.36% |
| PROPRANOLOL SOL 40MG/5ML | 51 | 11 | \$852.01 | \$16.71 | 4.64 | 0.01% |
| NO PA SUBTOTAL | 1,037 | 253 | \$24,909.85 | \$24.02 | 4.1 | 0.37% |
| PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| HEMANGEOL SOL 4.28/ML | 108 | 32 | \$83,157.06 | \$769.97 | 3.38 | 1.24% |
| PA SUBTOTAL | 108 | 32 | \$83,157.06 | \$769.97 | 3.38 | 1.24% |
| PROPRANOLOL SOL TOTAL | 1,145 | 285 | \$108,066.91 | \$94.38 | 4.02 | 1.61% |
| ACEI/CCB COMBINATION PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| AMLOD/BENAZEP CAP 10-40MG | 358 | 107 | \$6,838.81 | \$19.10 | 3.35 | 0.10% |
| AMLOD/BENAZEP CAP 10-20MG | 240 | 95 | \$4,686.39 | \$19.53 | 2.53 | 0.07% |
| AMLOD/BENAZEP CAP 5-10MG | 193 | 73 | \$3,225.61 | \$16.71 | 2.64 | 0.05% |
| AMLOD/BENAZEP CAP 5-20MG | 157 | 65 | \$2,996.59 | \$19.09 | 2.42 | 0.04% |
| AMLOD/BENAZEP CAP 5-40MG | 37 | 20 | \$823.22 | \$22.25 | 1.85 | 0.01% |
| AMLOD/BENAZEP CAP 2.5-10MG | 12 | 8 | \$247.31 | \$20.61 | 1.5 | 0.00% |
| ACEI/CCB TOTAL | 997 | 368 | \$18,817.93 | \$18.87 | 2.71 | 0.28% |
| MISCELLANEOUS (MISC) COMBINATION PRODUCTS | | | | | | |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| BISOPROLOL/HCTZ TAB 5-6.25MG | 233 | 68 | \$5,423.34 | \$23.28 | 3.43 | 0.08% |
| ATENOLOL/CHLOR TAB 50-25MG | 153 | 51 | \$4,157.32 | \$27.17 | 3 | 0.06% |
| BISOPROLOL/HCTZ TAB 10/6.25MG | 140 | 53 | \$3,765.96 | \$26.90 | 2.64 | 0.06% |
| METOPROLOL/HCTZ TAB 50-25MG | 78 | 23 | \$4,192.34 | \$53.75 | 3.39 | 0.06% |
| BISOPROLOL/HCTZ TAB 2.5/6.25MG | 72 | 25 | \$1,637.82 | \$22.75 | 2.88 | 0.02% |
| ATENOLOL/CHLOR TAB 100-25MG | 62 | 22 | \$2,276.79 | \$36.72 | 2.82 | 0.03% |
| METOPROLOL/HCTZ TAB 100-25MG | 32 | 12 | \$3,087.64 | \$96.49 | 2.67 | 0.05% |
| METOPROLOL/HCTZ TAB 100-50MG | 1 | 1 | \$59.32 | \$59.32 | 1 | 0.00% |
| MISC TOTAL | 771 | 255 | \$24,600.53 | \$31.91 | 3.02 | 0.37% |
| SOTALOL PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| SOTALOL HCL TAB 80MG | 255 | 74 | \$4,388.09 | \$17.21 | 3.45 | 0.07% |
| SOTALOL HCL TAB 120MG | 112 | 29 | \$1,882.28 | \$16.81 | 3.86 | 0.03% |
| SOTALOL HCL TAB 160MG | 25 | 6 | \$626.56 | \$25.06 | 4.17 | 0.01% |
| SOTALOL AF TAB 80MG | 24 | 6 | \$522.11 | \$21.75 | 4 | 0.01% |
| SOTALOL AF TAB 120MG | 2 | 1 | \$50.91 | \$25.46 | 2 | 0.00% |
| NO PA SUBTOTAL | 418 | 116 | \$7,469.95 | \$17.87 | 3.6 | 0.11% |
| PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| SOTYLIZE SOL 5MG/ML | 104 | 18 | \$61,710.06 | \$593.37 | 5.78 | 0.92% |
| PA SUBTOTAL | 104 | 18 | \$61,710.06 | \$593.37 | 5.78 | 0.92% |
| SOTALOL TOTAL | 522 | 134 | \$69,180.01 | \$132.53 | 3.9 | 1.03% |
| HCTZ PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| HCTZ TAB 25MG | 15,568 | 6,155 | \$160,078.80 | \$10.28 | 2.53 | 2.38% |
| HCTZ TAB 12.5MG | 7,643 | 2,635 | \$78,486.69 | \$10.27 | 2.9 | 1.17% |
| HCTZ CAP 12.5MG | 3,736 | 1,560 | \$43,650.19 | \$11.68 | 2.39 | 0.65% |
| HCTZ TAB 50MG | 1,234 | 476 | \$13,526.35 | \$10.96 | 2.59 | 0.20% |
| HCTZ TOTAL | 28,181 | 10,826 | \$295,742.03 | \$10.49 | 2.60 | 4.39% |
| CHLORTHALIDONE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| CHLORTHALIDONE TAB 25MG | 4,275 | 1,303 | \$61,789.65 | \$14.45 | 3.28 | 0.92% |
| THALITONE TAB 15MG | 21 | 12 | \$3,365.71 | \$160.27 | 1.75 | 0.05% |
| CHLORTHALIDONE TAB 50MG | 587 | 178 | \$8,986.69 | \$15.31 | 3.3 | 0.13% |
| CHLORTHALIDONE TOTAL | 4,883 | 1,493 | \$74,142.05 | \$15.18 | 3.27 | 1.10% |
| BISOPROLOL PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NO PA REQUIRED | | | | | | |
| BISOPROLOL TAB 5MG | 884 | 333 | \$18,357.65 | \$20.77 | 2.65 | 0.27% |
| BISOPROLOL TAB 10MG | 404 | 135 | \$11,057.26 | \$27.37 | 2.99 | 0.16% |
| BISOPROLOL TOTAL | 1,288 | 468 | \$29,414.91 | \$22.84 | 2.75 | 0.44% |
| TOTAL | 441,440 | 96,163* | \$6,730,362.41 | \$15.25 | 2.85 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

AF = atrial fibrillation; AMLOD = amlodipine; ATORVA = atorvastatin; BENAZEP = benazepril; CANDESAR = candesartan; CAP = capsule; CD = controlled-delivery; CHLOR = chlorthalidone; ENALEP = enalapril; ER = extended-release; HCL = hydrochloride; HCTZ = hydrochlorothiazide; HR = hour; IRBESAR = irbesartan; LA = long-acting; LISINOP = lisinopril; OLM = olmesartan; PA = prior authorization; POW = powder; SOL = solution; SR = sustained-release; SUC = succinate; SUS = suspension; TAB = tablet; TAR = tartrate; TELMISAR = telmisartan; VAL = valsartan; VALSAR = valsartan; XR = extra-release; XT = extra-time

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/>. Last revised 12/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

² Inzirco™ (Hydrochlorothiazide), For Oral Suspension Prescribing Information. ANI Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/219141s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 01/28/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

³ Arbli™ (Losartan Potassium) Oral Suspension Prescribing Information. Scienture, LLC. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/218772s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 03/13/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

⁴ Bisoprolol Fumarate Tablet, Film Coated Prescribing Information. U.S. National Library of Medicine: DailyMed. <https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/drugInfo.cfm?setid=0ef9e45c-21ee-4e00-a9b8-280e2035b4d3>. Last revised 04/17/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

⁵ Tryvio™ (Aprocitentan) Tablets, for Oral Use Prescribing Information. Indorsia Pharmaceuticals US, Inc. Available online: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/217686s004lbl.pdf. Last revised 04/02/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

⁶ Idorsia. US FDA Removes REMS Requirement for Tryvio™ (Aprocitentan) – Minimizing the Burden on the Healthcare Delivery Systems and Patients. *GlobeNewswire*. Available online at: <https://ml-eu.globenewswire.com/Resource/Download/418da9f3-6062-4c60-949b-bee1519970a4>. Issued 03/17/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

⁷ Lopressor® (Metoprolol Tartrate) Oral Solution Prescribing Information. Validus Pharmaceuticals, LLC. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/219373s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 04/10/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

⁸ Hemiclor™ (Chlorthalidone) Tablets Prescribing Information. Ingenus Pharmaceuticals, LLC. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/218647s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 03/17/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

⁹ Azurity Pharmaceuticals. Azurity Pharmaceuticals Announces FDA Approval of Javadin™ (Clonidine Hydrochloride) Oral Solution. Available online at: <https://azurity.com/azurity-pharmaceuticals-announces-fda-approval-of-javadin-clonidine-hydrochloride-oral-solution/>. Issued 10/24/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

¹⁰ American Heart Association (AHA)/American College of Cardiology (ACC). Guideline for the Prevention, Detection, Evaluation, and Management of High Blood Pressure in Adults: A Report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Joint Committee on Clinical Practice Guidelines. *Hypertension*. 2025; 82(10):e212-e316. doi: 10.1161/HYP0000000000000249.

¹¹ AstraZeneca. Baxdrostat New Drug Application Accepted Under FDA Priority Review in the US for Patients with Hard-to-Control Hypertension. Available online at: <https://www.astrazeneca.com/media-centre/press-releases/2025/baxdrostat-new-drug-application-accepted-under-fda-priority-review-in-the-us-for-patients-with-hard-to-control-hypertension.html>. Issued 12/02/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.



Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Bowel Preparation Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Moviprep® [Polyethylene Glycol 3350 (PEG 3350)/Sodium Sulfate/Sodium Chloride/Potassium Chloride/Sodium Ascorbate/Ascorbic Acid for Oral Solution]

Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

Clenpiq®, Suflave™, Suprep®, and Sutab® Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication for use in cleansing of the colon as a preparation for colonoscopy; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason, other than convenience, why the member cannot use other bowel preparation medications available without prior authorization must be provided; and
3. If the member requires a low volume polyethylene glycol electrolyte lavage solution, Moviprep® is available without prior authorization. Other medications currently available without a prior authorization include: Gavilyte® and Golytely®.

Utilization of Bowel Preparation Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------------|----------|-------------|------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 6,780 | 7,302 | \$216,014.07 | \$29.58 | \$16.75 | 26,858,882 | 12,893 |
| Aetna | 428 | 438 | \$21,387.74 | \$48.83 | \$46.70 | 1,316,794 | 458 |
| Humana | 649 | 675 | \$35,316.60 | \$52.32 | \$23.33 | 1,992,567 | 1,514 |
| OCH | 421 | 431 | \$22,693.07 | \$52.65 | \$38.08 | 1,200,683 | 596 |
| 2024 Total | 8,205 | 8,846 | \$295,411.48 | \$33.39 | \$19.11 | 31,368,926 | 15,461 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 2,725 | 2,954 | \$81,972.59 | \$27.75 | \$16.51 | 10,976,214 | 4,966 |
| Aetna | 1,664 | 1,792 | \$58,518.95 | \$32.66 | \$27.73 | 6,272,760 | 2,110 |
| Humana | 2,258 | 2,413 | \$85,422.70 | \$35.40 | \$18.05 | 8,303,726 | 4,732 |
| OCH | 1,692 | 1,797 | \$64,233.92 | \$35.75 | \$26.41 | 6,141,664 | 2,432 |
| 2025 Total | 8,298 | 8,956 | \$290,148.16 | \$32.40 | \$20.38 | 31,694,364 | 14,240 |
| % Change | 1.10% | 1.20% | -1.80% | -3.00% | 6.60% | 1.00% | -7.90% |
| Change | 93 | 110 | -\$5,263.32 | -\$0.99 | \$1.27 | 325,438 | -1,221 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

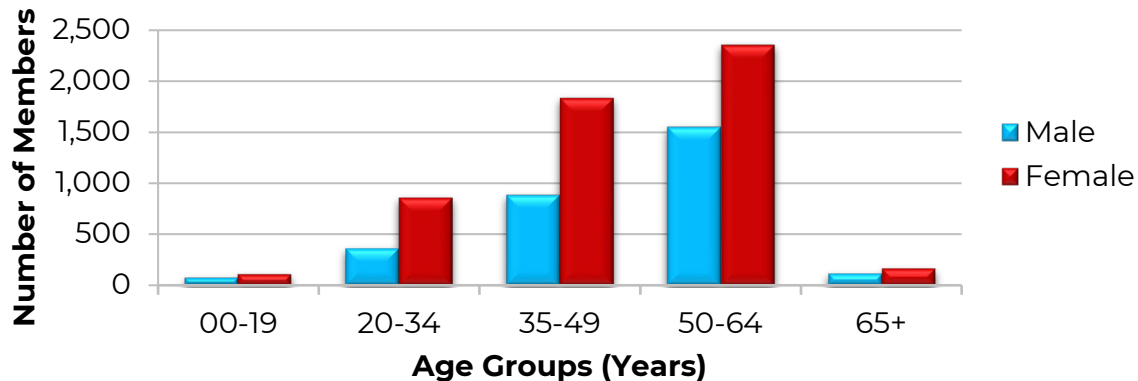
FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

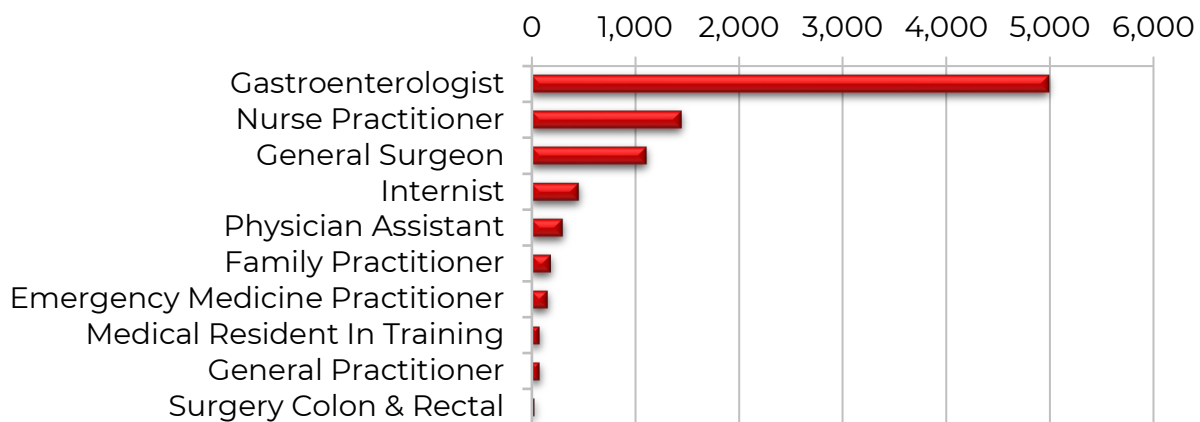
Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

- Aggregate drug rebates collected during fiscal year 2025 for bowel preparation medications totaled \$65,843.50.^Δ Rebates are collected after reimbursement for the medication and are not reflected in this report. The costs included in this report do not reflect net costs.

Demographics of Members Utilizing Bowel Preparation Medications (All Plans)



Top Prescriber Specialties of Bowel Preparation Medications by Number of Claims (All Plans)

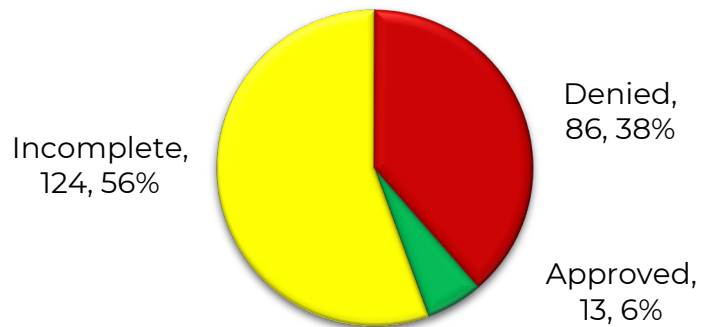


Prior Authorization of Bowel Preparation Medications

There were 223 prior authorization requests submitted for bowel preparation medications during fiscal year 2025. The following charts show the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

^Δ Important considerations: Aggregate drug rebates are based on the date the claim is paid rather than the date dispensed. Claims data are based on the date dispensed.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 2 | 2% | 84 | 79% | 20 | 19% | 106 |
| Aetna | 4 | 7% | 31 | 53% | 24 | 41% | 59 |
| Humana | 3 | 14% | 0 | 0% | 19 | 86% | 22 |
| OCH | 4 | 11% | 9 | 25% | 23 | 64% | 36 |
| Total | 13 | 6% | 124 | 56% | 86 | 38% | 223 |

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = OK Complete Health

Market News and Updates¹

Anticipated Patent Expiration(s):

- Sutab® (sodium sulfate/magnesium sulfate/potassium chloride): August 2037
- Clenpiq® (sodium picosulfate/magnesium oxide/anhydrous citric acid): January 2038
- Suflave™ (PEG 3350/sodium sulfate/potassium chloride/magnesium sulfate/sodium chloride): August 2044

News:

- **October 2025:** Salix Pharmaceuticals, the manufacturer of MoviPrep® (PEG 3350/sodium sulfate/sodium chloride/potassium chloride/sodium ascorbate/ascorbic acid), voluntarily ended their Federal Drug Rebate Agreement with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). As a result, SoonerCare no longer covers brand name MoviPrep®. A generic formulation is available and is covered by SoonerCare; however, the net cost is significantly higher.

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of generic MoviPrep® (PEG 3350/sodium sulfate/sodium chloride/potassium chloride/sodium ascorbate/ascorbic acid) and recommends removing the prior authorization requirement for brand name Suprep® (sodium sulfate/potassium sulfate/magnesium sulfate) based on net cost with the following criteria changes (shown in red):

Clenpiq®, Generic MoviPrep®, Suflave™, Generic Suprep®, and Sutab® **Approval Criteria:**

1. An FDA approved indication for use in cleansing of the colon as a preparation for colonoscopy; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason, other than convenience, why the member cannot use other bowel preparation medications available without prior authorization must be provided; and
3. If the member requires a low volume ~~polyethylene glycol-electrolyte lavage solution~~ product, ~~MoviPrep®~~ brand name ~~Suprep®~~ is available without prior authorization. Other medications currently available without a prior authorization include: Gavilyte® and Golytely®; and
 - a. ~~Suprep® is brand preferred. Requests for the generic will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the brand name product.~~

Utilization Details of Bowel Preparation Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| GAVILYTE-G SOL | 3,375 | 3,167 | \$86,059.52 | \$25.50 | 1.07 | 29.66% |
| PEG-3350 SOL ELECT 236GM | 3,063 | 2,884 | \$67,024.62 | \$21.88 | 1.06 | 23.10% |
| GAVILYTE-C SOL | 832 | 797 | \$16,512.02 | \$19.85 | 1.04 | 5.69% |
| PEG/KCL/NACL/NASUL/NAAS SOL | 574 | 545 | \$45,174.59 | \$78.70 | 1.05 | 15.57% |
| PEG-3350/KCL/NABI/NACL SOL | 391 | 374 | \$12,605.00 | \$32.24 | 1.05 | 4.34% |
| NASUL/KSUL/MGSUL SOL | 255 | 251 | \$17,908.15 | \$70.23 | 1.02 | 6.17% |
| GAVILYTE-N SOL FLAV PK | 176 | 170 | \$5,178.59 | \$29.42 | 1.04 | 1.78% |
| SUTAB TAB | 114 | 114 | \$19,483.42 | \$170.91 | 1 | 6.71% |
| GOLYTELY SOL | 53 | 52 | \$1,626.42 | \$30.69 | 1.02 | 0.56% |
| CLENPIQ SOL | 45 | 42 | \$8,075.31 | \$179.45 | 1.07 | 2.78% |
| PLENVU SOL | 40 | 40 | \$5,726.00 | \$143.15 | 1 | 1.97% |
| MOVIPREP SOL | 16 | 16 | \$2,091.78 | \$130.74 | 1 | 0.72% |
| SUFLAVE SOL | 12 | 12 | \$1,601.11 | \$133.43 | 1 | 0.55% |
| SUPREP BOWEL SOL PREP KIT | 9 | 9 | \$1,061.06 | \$117.90 | 1 | 0.37% |
| PEG-3350 SOL ELECT 240GM | 1 | 1 | \$20.57 | \$20.57 | 1 | 0.01% |
| TOTAL | 8,956 | 8,298* | \$290,148.16 | \$32.40 | 1.08 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

ELECT = electrolytes; FLAV PK = flavor pack; KCL = potassium chloride; KSUL= potassium sulfate; MGSUL = magnesium sulfate; NAAS = sodium ascorbate; NABI = sodium bicarbonate; NACL = sodium chloride; NASUL = sodium sulfate; PEG = polyethylene glycol; SOL = solution; TAB = tablet

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/default.cfm>. Last revised 12/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.



Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Gastrointestinal (GI) Cancer Medications

Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

Utilization data for Enhertu® (fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki), Herceptin® (trastuzumab), Hercessi™ (trastuzumab-strf), Herzuma® (trastuzumab-pkrb), Kanjinti® (trastuzumab-anns), Ogivri® (trastuzumab-dkst), Ontruzant® (trastuzumab-dttb), and Trazimera® (trastuzumab-qyyp) and approval criteria for indications other than GI cancer can be found in the September 2025 Drug Utilization Review (DUR) Board packet. These medications and criteria are reviewed annually with the breast cancer medications. Utilization data for Imfinzi® (durvalumab) and approval criteria for indications other than GI cancer can be found in the May 2025 DUR Board packet. This medication and criteria are reviewed annually with the lung cancer medications. Utilization data for Keytruda® (pembrolizumab), Opdivo® (nivolumab), and Yervoy® (ipilimumab) and approval criteria for indications other than GI cancer can be found in the December 2025 DUR Board packet. These medications and criteria are reviewed annually with the skin cancer medications. Utilization data for Lonsurf® (trifluridine/tipiracil) and Stivarga® (regorafenib) and approval criteria for indications other than GI cancer can be found in the July 2025 DUR Board packet. These medications and criteria are reviewed annually with the colorectal cancer medications. Utilization data for Sprycel® (dasatinib) and Tassigna® (nilotinib) and approval criteria for indications other than GI cancer can be found in the March 2025 DUR Board packet. These medications and criteria are reviewed annually with the leukemia and lymphoma medications.

Ayvakit® (Avapritinib) Approval Criteria [Advanced Systemic Mastocytosis (AdvSM) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of AdvSM, including members with aggressive systemic mastocytosis, systemic mastocytosis with an associated hematologic neoplasm, or mast cell leukemia; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Platelet count $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$.

Ayvakit® (Avapritinib) Approval Criteria [Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor (GIST) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of unresectable or metastatic GIST; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and

3. Member has a PDGFRA exon 18 mutation (including PDGFRA D842V mutations).

Ayvakit® (Avapritinib) Approval Criteria [Indolent Systemic Mastocytosis (ISM) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of ISM; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Platelet count $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$.

Cyramza® (Ramucirumab) Approval Criteria [Colorectal Cancer (CRC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of CRC; and
2. Subsequent therapy for metastatic disease after progression on or after prior therapy with bevacizumab, oxaliplatin, and a fluoropyrimidine; and
3. In combination with an irinotecan-based regimen.

Cyramza® (Ramucirumab) Approval Criteria [Esophageal Cancer Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of esophageal or esophagogastric junction adenocarcinoma; and
2. Member is not a surgical candidate or has unresectable, locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic disease; and
3. Karnofsky performance score $\geq 60\%$ or ECOG performance score ≤ 2 ; and
4. Used as second-line or subsequent therapy; and
5. As a single agent or in combination with paclitaxel.

Cyramza® (Ramucirumab) Approval Criteria [Gastric Cancer Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of gastric cancer; and
2. Member is not a surgical candidate or has unresectable, locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic disease; and
3. Karnofsky performance score $\geq 60\%$ or ECOG performance score ≤ 2 ; and
4. Used as second-line or subsequent therapy; and
5. As a single agent or in combination with paclitaxel.

Cyramza® (Ramucirumab) Approval Criteria [Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of HCC; and
2. Second-line or greater therapy; and
3. Previously failed sorafenib; and
4. Alpha-fetoprotein concentration $\geq 400\text{ng/mL}$; and
5. As a single agent.

Cyramza® (Ramucirumab) Approval Criteria [Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of metastatic NSCLC; and

2. First-line in combination with erlotinib; and
 - a. Epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletion or exon 21 L858R mutation; or
3. Subsequent therapy for metastatic disease; and
 - a. In combination with docetaxel.

Enhertu® (Fam-Trastuzumab Deruxtecan-nxki) Approval Criteria [Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ) Adenocarcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of locally advanced or metastatic gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma; and
2. Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive disease; and
3. Member has received at least 1 prior trastuzumab-based regimen.

Herceptin® (Trastuzumab), Hercessi™ (Trastuzumab-strf), Herzuma® (Trastuzumab-pkrb), Kanjinti® (Trastuzumab-anns), Ogivri® (Trastuzumab-dkst), Ontruzant® (Trastuzumab-dttb), and Trazimera® (Trastuzumab-qyyp) Approval Criteria [Metastatic Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction Adenocarcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive metastatic gastric or gastroesophageal junction adenocarcinoma; and
2. Preferred trastuzumab products include Kanjinti®, Ontruzant®, and Trazimera®. Authorization of non-preferred trastuzumab products (Herceptin®, Hercessi™, Herzuma®, or Ogivri®) will also require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use the preferred trastuzumab products (Kanjinti®, Ontruzant®, or Trazimera®). Biosimilars and/or reference products are preferred based on the lowest net cost product(s) and may be moved to either preferred or non-preferred if the net cost changes in comparison to the reference product and/or other available biosimilar products.

Imfinzi® (Durvalumab) Approval Criteria [Biliary Tract Cancer (BTC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of locally advanced or metastatic BTC; and
2. Used in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin.

Keytruda® (Pembrolizumab) Approval Criteria [Biliary Tract Cancer (BTC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of locally advanced unresectable or metastatic BTC; and
2. Used in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin.

Keytruda® (Pembrolizumab) Approval Criteria [Esophageal or Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ) Carcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic esophageal or GEJ carcinoma; and

2. Member has not previously failed other programmed death 1 (PD-1) inhibitors [e.g., Opdivo® (nivolumab)]; and
3. For first-line therapy:
 - a. In combination with platinum- and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy; or
4. For second-line or greater therapy:
 - a. Following disease progression after 1 or more prior lines of systemic therapy; and
 - b. Tumor must be squamous cell histology; and
 - c. Used as a single agent; and
 - d. Tumor expresses programmed death ligand 1 (PD-L1) [combined positive score (CPS) ≥ 10].

Keytruda® (Pembrolizumab) Approval Criteria [Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ) Adenocarcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of locally advanced, unresectable, or metastatic gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma; and
2. Member has not previously failed other programmed death 1 (PD-1) inhibitors [e.g., Opdivo® (nivolumab)]; and
3. For first-line therapy:
 - a. Human epidermal receptor 2 (HER2)-positive disease; and
 - i. Used in combination with trastuzumab, fluoropyrimidine- and platinum-containing chemotherapy; and
 - ii. Tumor is positive for expression of programmed death ligand 1 (PD-L1) with a combined positive score (CPS) ≥ 1 ; or
 - b. HER2-negative disease; and
 - i. Used in combination with fluoropyrimidine- and platinum-containing chemotherapy.

Lonsurf® (Trifluridine/Tipiracil) Approval Criteria [Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ) Adenocarcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of metastatic gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma; and
2. Previously treated with at least 2 prior lines of chemotherapy that included a fluoropyrimidine, a platinum, paclitaxel, docetaxel, or irinotecan; and
3. If human epidermal receptor type 2 (HER2)-positive disease, prior treatment should have included HER2 targeted therapy.

Lytgobi® (Futibatinib) Approval Criteria [Intrahepatic Cholangiocarcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of unresectable, locally advanced, or metastatic intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma; and
2. Member was previously treated with at least 1 prior therapy; and
3. Tumor is positive for fibroblast growth factor receptor 2 (FGFR2) gene fusion or rearrangement.

Opdivo® (Nivolumab) Approval Criteria [Esophageal Squamous Cell Carcinoma (ESCC) or Esophageal or Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ) Cancer Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of unresectable advanced or metastatic ESCC; and
 - a. Used in the first-line setting; and
 - b. Used in combination with 1 of the following:
 - i. Fluoropyrimidine- and platinum-based chemotherapy; or
 - ii. Ipilimumab; or
2. Diagnosis of esophageal or GEJ cancer; and
 - a. Member has received preoperative chemoradiation; and
 - b. Member underwent R0 (complete) resection and has residual disease; and
 - c. As a single agent; or
3. Palliative therapy for members who are not surgical candidates or have unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic disease; and
 - a. Human epidermal receptor 2 (HER2)-negative disease; and
 - i. Used in first-line setting; and
 1. Used in combination with oxaliplatin and fluorouracil or capecitabine; and
 2. Adenocarcinoma pathology; or
 - ii. Used in the second-line or greater setting; and
 1. As a single agent; and
 2. Squamous cell pathology.

Opdivo® (Nivolumab) Approval Criteria [Gastric Cancer Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of advanced or metastatic disease; and
2. Used in combination with fluoropyrimidine- and platinum-containing chemotherapy.

Pemazyre® (Pemigatinib) Approval Criteria [Cholangiocarcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of unresectable locally advanced or metastatic cholangiocarcinoma; and
2. Must have failed 1 or more prior therapies; and
3. Disease is positive for a fibroblast growth factor receptor 2 (FGFR2) gene fusion or other FGFR rearrangement.

Pemazyre® (Pemigatinib) Approval Criteria [Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasms (MLNs) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of relapsed or refractory MLNs; and
2. Disease is positive for a fibroblast growth factor receptor 1 (FGFR1) rearrangement.

Qinlock® (Ripretinib) Approval Criteria [Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor (GIST) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of advanced GIST; and
2. Previously received ≥ 3 kinase inhibitors, including imatinib; and
3. As a single agent.

Sprycel® (Dasatinib) Approval Criteria [Soft Tissue Sarcoma – Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumors (GIST) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of soft tissue sarcoma – GIST; and
2. Used for gross residual disease (R2 resection), unresectable primary disease, tumor rupture, or recurrent/metastatic disease; and
3. Used as second-line therapy as single agent; and
4. Member has progressive disease after treatment with avapritinib; and
5. PDGFRA exon 18 mutations that are insensitive to imatinib (including D842V).

Stivarga® (Regorafenib) Approval Criteria [Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumor (GIST) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of locally advanced unresectable or metastatic GIST; and
2. Previously treated with imatinib and sunitinib.

Tasigna® (Nilotinib) Approval Criteria [Soft Tissue Sarcoma – Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumors (GIST) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of soft tissue sarcoma – GIST; and
2. Used as single agent for gross residual disease (R2 resection), unresectable primary disease, tumor rupture, or recurrent/metastatic disease; and
3. Member must have progressive disease and failed imatinib, sunitinib, regorafenib, and standard dose ripretinib.

Tevimbra® (Tislelizumab-jsgr) Approval Criteria [Esophageal Squamous Cell Carcinoma (ESCC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of unresectable or metastatic ESCC; and
2. Used in 1 of the following settings:
 - a. Used after disease progression on prior systemic chemotherapy; and
 - i. Member has not previously failed other programmed death 1 (PD-1) or programmed death ligand 1 (PD-L1) inhibitors; and
 - ii. Used as a single agent; or
 - b. Used as first-line treatment; and
 - i. Tumor expresses PD-L1 $\geq 1\%$; and
 - ii. Used in combination with platinum-containing chemotherapy.

Tevimbra® (Tislelizumab-jsgr) Approval Criteria [Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ) Adenocarcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of unresectable or metastatic gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma; and
2. Used in the first-line setting in combination with platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy; and
3. Human epidermal receptor 2 (HER2)-negative disease; and
4. Tumor expresses programmed death ligand 1 (PD-L1) $\geq 1\%$.

Vyloy® (Zolbetuximab-clzb) Approval Criteria [Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction (GEJ) Adenocarcinoma Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of locally advanced unresectable or metastatic gastric or GEJ adenocarcinoma; and
2. Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-negative; and
3. Claudin (CLDN) 18.2 positive (defined as $\geq 75\%$ of tumor cells demonstrating moderate to strong membranous CLDN18 immunohistochemical staining); and
4. Used for first-line treatment; and
5. Used in combination with fluoropyrimidine- and platinum-containing chemotherapy; and
6. Member's recent body surface area (BSA) must be provided in order to authorize the appropriate amount of drug required according to package labeling.

Yervoy® (Ipilimumab) Approval Criteria [Esophageal Squamous Cell Carcinoma (ESCC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of unresectable advanced or metastatic ESCC; and
 - a. Used in the first-line setting; and
 - b. Used in combination with nivolumab.

Ziihera® (Zanidatamab-hrii) Approval Criteria [Biliary Tract Cancer (BTC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of unresectable or metastatic BTC; and
2. Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive immunohistochemistry (IHC) 3+; and
3. Used for subsequent-line therapy; and
4. As a single agent.

Oncology Medications Additional Criteria:

1. Approvals for oncology medications will be for the duration of 6 months unless otherwise specified in a particular medication's approval criteria; and
 - a. Unless otherwise specified in a medication's approval criteria, continuation requests will be approved for the duration of 6

- months if there is no evidence of disease progression or adverse drug reactions; and
2. The following situations require the request to be reviewed by a board-certified oncology pharmacist (BCOP) or plan-contracted oncologist or other oncology physician:
 - a. Any request for an oncology medication which does not meet approval criteria; or
 - b. Any continuation request if the member has evidence of disease progression or adverse drug reactions while on the requested medication; or
 - c. Any level-1 appeal request for an oncology medication; or
 - d. Any peer-to-peer request for an oncology medication.

Utilization of GI Cancer Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

The following utilization data includes medications indicated for GI cancer; however, the data does not differentiate between GI cancer diagnoses and other diagnoses, for which use may be appropriate.

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 | 0 |
| Aetna | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 | 0 |
| Humana | 1 | 2 | \$48,686.74 | \$24,343.37 | \$869.41 | 280 | 56 |
| OCH | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 | 0 |
| 2024 Total | 1 | 2 | \$48,686.74 | \$24,343.37 | \$869.41 | 280 | 56 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 2 | 7 | \$223,291.87 | \$31,898.84 | \$1,220.17 | 162 | 183 |
| Aetna | 1 | 1 | \$38,940.41 | \$38,940.41 | \$1,298.01 | 30 | 30 |
| Humana | 1 | 10 | \$246,353.54 | \$24,635.35 | \$879.83 | 1,400 | 280 |
| OCH | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 | 0 |
| 2025 Total | 4 | 18 | \$508,585.82 | \$28,254.77 | \$1,031.61 | 1,592 | 493 |
| % Change | 300.00% | 800.00% | 944.60% | 16.10% | 18.70% | 468.60% | 780.40% |
| Change | 3 | 16 | \$459,899.08 | \$3,911.40 | \$162.20 | 1,312 | 437 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Medical Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Claims/Member |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | |
| FFS | 23 | 177 | \$864,286.95 | \$4,882.98 | 7.7 |
| Aetna | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 |
| Humana | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 |
| OCH | 1 | 3 | \$20,954.00 | \$6,984.67 | 3 |
| 2024 Total | 23 | 180 | \$885,240.95 | \$4,918.01 | 7.83 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | |
| FFS | 4 | 54 | \$188,780.20 | \$3,495.93 | 13.5 |
| Aetna | 3 | 18 | \$86,082.08 | \$4,782.34 | 6 |
| Humana | 2 | 3 | \$14,229.20 | \$4,743.07 | 1.5 |
| OCH | 2 | 4 | \$33,406.80 | \$8,351.70 | 2 |
| 2025 Total | 11 | 79 | \$322,498.28 | \$4,082.26 | 7.18 |
| % Change | -52.17% | -56.11% | -63.57% | -16.99% | -8.30% |
| Change | -12 | -101 | -\$562,742.67 | -\$835.75 | -0.65 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

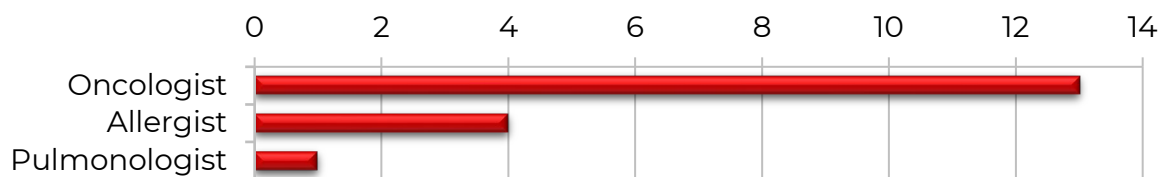
Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Demographics of Members Utilizing GI Cancer Medications: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

- Due to the limited number of members utilizing GI cancer medications during fiscal year 2025, detailed demographic information could not be provided.

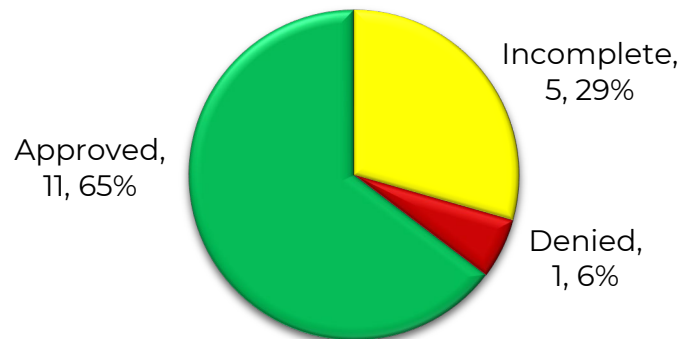
Top Prescriber Specialties of GI Cancer Medications by Number of Claims: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



Prior Authorization of GI Cancer Medications

There were 17 prior authorization requests submitted for GI cancer medications during fiscal year 2025. The following charts show the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 9 | 64% | 5 | 36% | 0 | 0% | 14 |
| Aetna | 0 | N/A | 0 | N/A | 0 | N/A | 0 |
| Humana | 2 | 100% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 2 |
| OCH | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 100% | 1 |
| Total | 11 | 65% | 5 | 29% | 1 | 6% | 17 |

FFS = fee-for-service; N/A = not applicable; OCH = OK Complete Health

Market News and Updates^{1,2}

Anticipated Patent or Exclusivity Expiration(s):

- Lytgobi® (futibatinib): November 2039
- Pemazyre® (pemigatinib): August 2040
- Ayvakit® (avapritinib): March 2042
- Qinlock® (ripretinib): October 2042

Guideline Update(s):

- The National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines for hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) allow for the use of tislelizumab-jsgr as first-line systemic therapy.

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends updating the Tevimbra® (tislelizumab-jsgr) approval criteria based on NCCN recommendations with the following criteria (shown in red):

Tevimbra® (Tislelizumab-jsgr) Approval Criteria [Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of HCC; and
2. Used in 1 of the following settings:
 - a. Disease is liver-confined, unresectable, and member is ineligible for transplant; or
 - b. Disease is extrahepatic/metastatic and member is ineligible for resection, transplant, or locoregional therapy; and
3. Used as first-line systemic therapy; and
4. As a single agent.

Utilization Details of GI Cancer Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|
| FUTIBATINIB PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| LYTGOBI TAB 4MG | 10 | 1 | \$246,353.54 | \$24,635.35 | 10 | 48.44% |
| AVAPRITINIB PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| AYVAKIT TAB 25MG | 5 | 2 | \$202,318.05 | \$40,463.61 | 2.5 | 39.78% |
| PEMIGATINIB PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| PEMAZYRE TAB 13.5MG | 3 | 1 | \$59,914.23 | \$19,971.41 | 3 | 11.78% |
| TOTAL | 18 | 4* | \$508,585.82 | \$28,254.77 | 4.5 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

TAB = tablet

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Medical Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS* | TOTAL MEMBERS* | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER |
|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| J9308 RAMUCIRUMAB INJ | 79 | 11 | \$322,498.28 | \$4,082.26 | 7.18 |
| TOTAL | 79 | 11 | \$322,498.28 | \$4,082.26 | 7.18 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated claims.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

INJ = injection

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/>. Last revised 12/2025. Last accessed 12/11/2025.

² National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN). Hepatocellular Carcinoma Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology. Available online at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/hcc.pdf. Last revised 10/22/2025. Last accessed 12/30/2025.



Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Gomekli® (Mirdametinib), Papzimeos™ (Zopapogene Imadenovec-drba), and Romvimza™ (Vimseltinib)

**Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026**

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

Hyftor® (Sirolimus Topical Gel) Approval Criteria [Facial Angiofibromas Associated with Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC) Diagnosis]:

1. Documented diagnosis of TSC; and
2. Member has facial angiofibromas that are at least 2mm in diameter with redness in each; and
3. Member must be 6 to 20 years of age; or
 - a. For members older than 20 years of age, a clinical exception may apply for medical issues caused by facial angiofibromas (specific documentation of clinically significant medical issues must be provided; Hyftor® is not covered for cosmetic use); and
4. Initial approvals will be for a duration of 12 weeks, as the need for continuing Hyftor® should be reevaluated if symptoms do not improve within 12 weeks of treatment. Reauthorization may be granted if the prescriber documents the member is responding well to treatment and documents the anticipated duration of treatment.

Koselugo® (Selumetinib) Approval Criteria [Neurofibromatosis Type 1 (NF1) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of NF1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas; and
2. Member must be 2 years of age or older.

Ogsiveo® (Nirogacestat) Approval Criteria [Desmoid Tumor Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of desmoid tumor; and
2. Tumor is progressing, requiring systemic treatment; and
3. As a single agent.

Turalio® (Pexidartinib) Approval Criteria [Soft Tissue Sarcoma – Pigmented Villonodular Synovitis (PVNS)/Tenosynovial Giant Cell Tumor (TGCT) Diagnosis]:

1. Member must not be a candidate for surgery; and
2. As a single agent.

Oncology Medications Additional Criteria:

1. Approvals for oncology medications will be for the duration of 6 months unless otherwise specified in a particular medication's approval criteria; and
 - a. Unless otherwise specified in a medication's approval criteria, continuation requests will be approved for the duration of 6 months if there is no evidence of disease progression or adverse drug reactions; and
2. The following situations require the request to be reviewed by a board-certified oncology pharmacist (BCOP) or plan-contracted oncologist or other oncology physician:
 - a. Any request for an oncology medication which does not meet approval criteria; or
 - b. Any continuation request if the member has evidence of disease progression or adverse drug reactions while on the requested medication; or
 - c. Any level-1 appeal request for an oncology medication; or
 - d. Any peer-to-peer request for an oncology medication.

Utilization of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 32 | 222 | \$2,445,873.88 | \$11,017.45 | \$383.37 | 20,012 | 6,380 |
| Aetna | 4 | 9 | \$119,945.84 | \$13,327.32 | \$487.58 | 1,138 | 246 |
| Humana | 1 | 2 | \$19,728.66 | \$9,864.33 | \$328.81 | 120 | 60 |
| OCH | 9 | 26 | \$322,199.98 | \$12,392.31 | \$453.80 | 2,570 | 710 |
| 2024 Total | 34 | 259 | \$2,907,748.36 | \$11,226.83 | \$393.15 | 23,840 | 7,396 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 18 | 113 | \$1,488,242.24 | \$13,170.29 | \$459.19 | 8,562 | 3,241 |
| Aetna | 6 | 39 | \$551,525.07 | \$14,141.67 | \$479.17 | 3,680 | 1,151 |
| Humana | 4 | 27 | \$268,147.94 | \$9,931.41 | \$331.87 | 1,842 | 808 |
| OCH | 11 | 88 | \$1,456,339.59 | \$16,549.31 | \$563.16 | 8,352 | 2,586 |
| 2025 Total | 33 | 267 | \$3,764,254.84 | \$14,098.33 | \$483.46 | 22,436 | 7,786 |
| % Change | -2.90% | 3.10% | 29.50% | 25.60% | 23.00% | -5.90% | 5.30% |
| Change | -1 | 8 | \$856,506.48 | \$2,871.50 | \$90.31 | -1,404 | 390 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

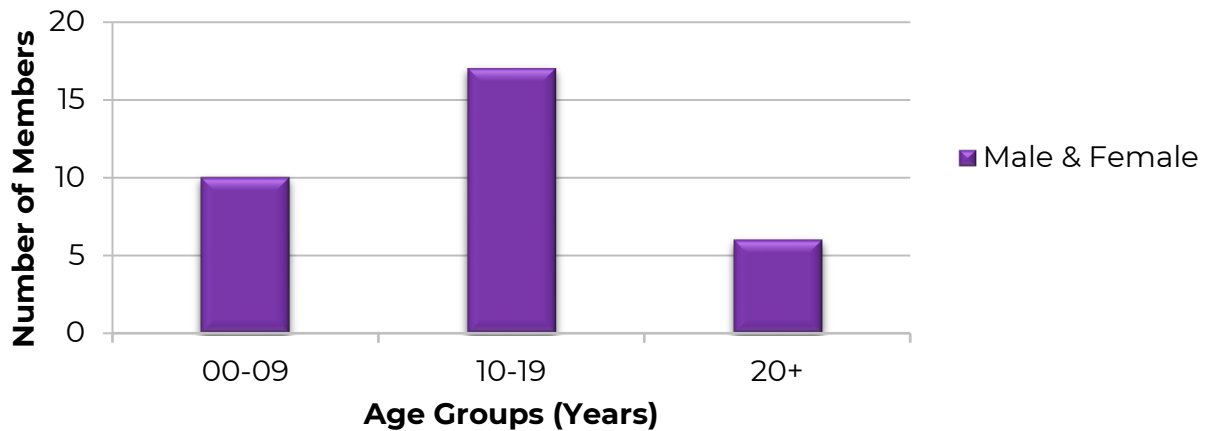
*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

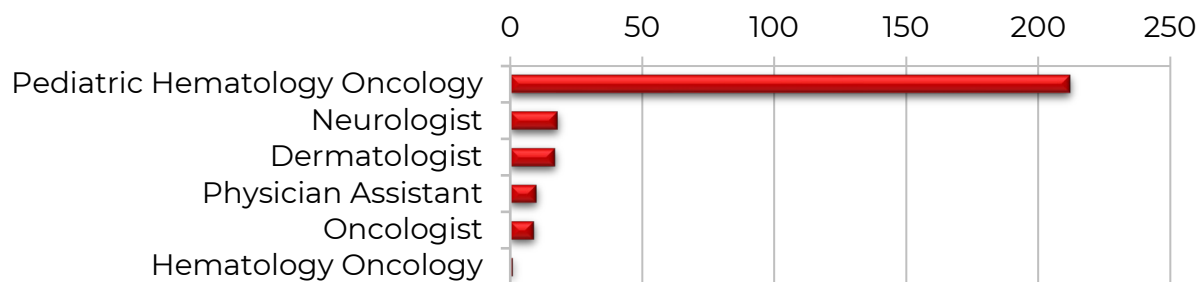
Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Demographics of Members Utilizing Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



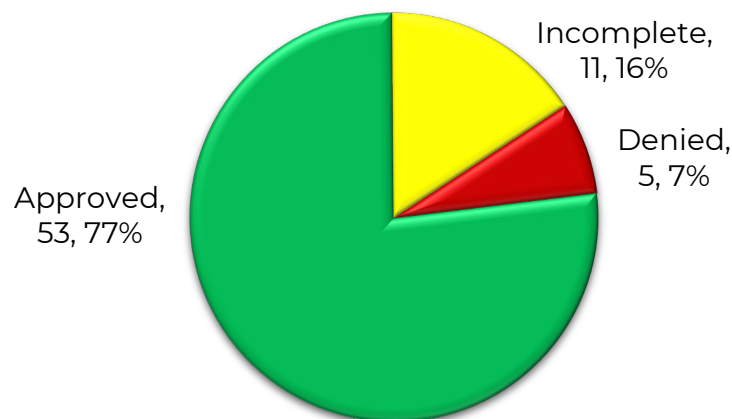
Top Prescriber Specialties of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications by Number of Claims: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



Prior Authorization of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications

There were 69 prior authorization requests submitted for non-malignant solid tumor medications during fiscal year 2025. The following charts show the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|---------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 37 | 74% | 10 | 20% | 3 | 6% | 50 |
| Aetna | 2 | 50% | 1 | 25% | 1 | 25% | 4 |
| Humana | 4 | 100% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 4 |
| OCH | 10 | 91% | 0 | 0% | 1 | 9% | 11 |
| Total | 53 | 77% | 11 | 16% | 5 | 7% | 69 |

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = OK Complete Health

Market News and Updates^{1,2,3,4,5,6}

Anticipated Patent or Exclusivity Expiration(s):

- Hyftor® (sirolimus gel): March 2029
- Koselugo® (selumetinib): March 2029
- Turalio® (pexidartinib): July 2038
- Ogsiveo® (nirogacestat): May 2043
- Gomekli® (mirdametinib): October 2044
- Romvimza™ (vimseltinib): December 2044

New U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Approval(s):

- **February 2025:** The FDA approved Gomekli® (mirdametinib) for the treatment of adult and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older with neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) who have symptomatic plexiform neurofibromas not amenable to complete resection.
- **February 2025:** The FDA approved Romvimza™ (vimseltinib) for the treatment of adult patients with symptomatic tenosynovial giant cell tumor (TGCT) for which surgical resection will potentially cause worsening functional limitation or severe morbidity.
- **August 2025:** The FDA approved Papzimeos™ (zopapogene imadenovec-drba) for the treatment of adults with recurrent respiratory papillomatosis.
- **September 2025:** The FDA approved Koselugo® (selumetinib) for an age expansion for the treatment of pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with NF1 who have symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas. Previously, Koselugo® was FDA approved for this indication in patients 2 years of age or older. Additionally, the FDA approved a new oral granule formulation of Koselugo® for use in patients who have difficulty swallowing whole capsules. The oral granules are available in 5mg and 7.5mg strengths and are contained within capsules that can be opened and mixed with a small amount of smooth yogurt or fruit puree containing apple, banana, pear, or strawberry prior to consuming.
- **November 2025:** The FDA approved Koselugo® (selumetinib) for a new indication for the treatment of adults with NF1 who have symptomatic,

inoperable plexiform neurofibromas. Previously, Koselugo® was only FDA approved for pediatric patients with this indication.

Gomekli® (Mirdametinib) Product Summary⁷

Therapeutic Class: Kinase inhibitor

Indication(s): Treatment of adult and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older with NF1 who have symptomatic plexiform neurofibromas not amenable to complete resection

How Supplied:

- Capsules: 1mg and 2mg
- Tablets for oral suspension: 1mg

Dosing and Administration:

- The recommended dose is 2mg/m² orally twice daily (approximately every 12 hours) with or without food for the first 21 days of each 28-day cycle.
- The maximum dose is 4mg twice daily.
- Treatment should be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.
- The capsules should be swallowed whole and should not be opened, broken, or chewed. The tablets can be swallowed whole or can be dispersed in drinking water and administered orally as a liquid.

Cost: The Wholesale Acquisition Cost (WAC) is \$206.25 for each 1mg capsule/tablet or \$412.50 for each 2mg capsule. For a member using the maximum recommended dose of 4mg twice daily for the first 21 days of each 28-day cycle, this would result in an estimated cost of \$34,650 per 28-day cycle or \$450,450 per year.

Papzimeos™ (Zopapogene Imadenovec-drba) Product Summary⁸

Therapeutic Class: Non-replicating adenoviral vector-based immunotherapy

Indication(s): Treatment of adults with recurrent respiratory papillomatosis

How Supplied: Single-dose vial (SDV) containing 5 x 10¹¹ particle units (PU) in an extractable volume of 1mL of suspension

Dosing and Administration:

- The recommended dose is 5 x 10¹¹ PU per injection administered by subcutaneous (sub-Q) injection 4 times over a 12-week interval.
- The second dose should be administered 2 weeks after dose 1, the 3rd dose should be administered 6 weeks after dose 1, and the 4th dose should be administered 12 weeks after dose 1.

- Prior to initial administration, a surgical debulking of visible papilloma should be performed to establish minimal residual disease.
- To maintain minimal residual disease during treatment with Papzimeos™, visible papilloma should be removed, if present, prior to the 3rd and 4th administration of Papzimeos™.

Cost: The WAC is \$115,000 per SDV, resulting in an estimated cost of \$460,000 for the recommended 4-dose treatment series.

Romvimza™ (Vimseltinib) Product Summary⁹

Therapeutic Class: Kinase inhibitor

Indication(s): Treatment of adult patients with symptomatic TGCT for which surgical resection will potentially cause worsening functional limitation or severe morbidity

How Supplied: 14mg, 20mg, and 30mg oral capsules

Dosing and Administration:

- The recommended dose is 30mg orally taken twice weekly, with or without food, with a minimum of 72 hours between doses; doses should be taken on the same days each week.
- Dose reductions to 20mg twice weekly or 14mg twice weekly may be needed due to adverse reactions.

Cost: The WAC is \$3,266 for each 30mg capsule. For a member using the recommended dose of 30mg twice weekly, this would result in an estimated cost of \$26,128 per 28 days or \$339,664 per year.

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Gomekli® (mirdametinib), Papzimeos™ (zopapogene imadenovec-drba), and Romvimza™ (vimseltinib) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Gomekli® (Mirdametinib) Approval Criteria [Neurofibromatosis Type 1 (NF1) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of NF1; and
2. Member must be 2 years of age or older; and
3. Member has symptomatic plexiform neurofibromas not amenable to complete resection; and
4. Member's recent body surface area (BSA) must be provided in order to authorize the appropriate amount of drug required according to package labeling.

Papzimeos™ (Zopapogene Imadenovec-drba) Approval Criteria [Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of recurrent respiratory papillomatosis; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Initial administration will follow surgical debulking of visible papilloma to maintain minimal residual disease; and
4. Visible papilloma will be removed, if present, prior to the third and fourth administration; and
5. Approvals will be for no more than 4 doses per member per lifetime.

Romvimza™ (Vimseltinib) Approval Criteria [Tenosynovial Giant Cell Tumor (TGCT) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of TGCT; and
2. Member is 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member is not a candidate for surgical resection.

Additionally, the College of Pharmacy recommends updating the Koselugo® (selumetinib) approval criteria based on recent FDA approvals with the following changes (shown in red):

Koselugo® (Selumetinib) Approval Criteria [Neurofibromatosis Type 1 (NF1) Diagnosis]:

1. Diagnosis of NF1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas; and
2. Member must be ~~2~~years ~~1~~ year of age or older; and
3. Member's recent body surface area (BSA) must be provided in order to authorize the appropriate amount of drug required according to package labeling; and
4. For the 5mg and 7.5mg oral granule formulation, the request must indicate that the member is unable to swallow whole capsules.

Utilization Details of Non-Malignant Solid Tumor Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

| Pharmacy Claims (All Plans) | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
| SELUMETINIB PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| KOSELUGO CAP 10MG | 110 | 16 | \$1,226,939.42 | \$11,153.99 | 6.88 | 32.59% |
| KOSELUGO CAP 25MG | 91 | 10 | \$1,360,150.35 | \$14,946.71 | 9.1 | 36.13% |
| SUBTOTAL | 201 | 26 | \$2,587,089.77 | \$12,871.09 | 7.73 | 68.73% |
| MIRDAMETINIB PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| GOMEKLI CAP 2MG | 14 | 5 | \$346,659.74 | \$24,761.41 | 2.8 | 9.21% |
| GOMEKLI CAP 1MG | 7 | 2 | \$60,717.37 | \$8,673.91 | 3.5 | 1.61% |
| GOMEKLI TAB 1MG | 4 | 1 | \$138,645.64 | \$34,661.41 | 4 | 3.68% |
| SUBTOTAL | 25 | 8 | \$546,022.75 | \$21,840.91 | 3.13 | 14.51% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
| SIROLIMUS PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| HYFTOR GEL 0.2% | 22 | 7 | \$76,440.13 | \$3,474.55 | 3.14 | 2.03% |
| SUBTOTAL | 22 | 7 | \$76,440.13 | \$3,474.55 | 3.14 | 2.03% |
| NIROGACESTAT PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| OGSIVEO TAB 150MG | 15 | 4 | \$438,656.55 | \$29,243.77 | 3.75 | 11.65% |
| OGSIVEO TAB 50MG | 4 | 1 | \$116,045.64 | \$29,011.41 | 4 | 3.08% |
| SUBTOTAL | 19 | 5 | \$554,702.19 | \$29,194.85 | 3.8 | 14.74% |
| TOTAL | 267 | 33* | \$3,764,254.84 | \$14,098.33 | 8.09 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

CAP = capsule; TAB = tablet

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/>. Last revised 12/2025. Last accessed 12/16/2025.

² U.S. FDA. FDA Approves Mirdametinib for Adult and Pediatric Patients with Neurofibromatosis Type 1 Who Have Symptomatic Plexiform Neurofibromas Not Amenable to Complete Resection. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/drugs/resources-information-approved-drugs/fda-approves-mirdametinib-adult-and-pediatric-patients-neurofibromatosis-type-1-who-have-symptomatic-plexiform-neurofibromas-not-amenable-to-complete-resection>. Issued 02/11/2025. Last accessed 12/16/2025.

³ U.S. FDA. FDA Approves Vimseltinib for Symptomatic Tenosynovial Giant Cell Tumor. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/drugs/resources-information-approved-drugs/fda-approves-vimseltinib-symptomatic-tenosynovial-giant-cell-tumor>. Issued 02/14/2025. Last accessed 12/16/2025.

⁴ U.S. FDA. FDA Approves First Immunotherapy for Recurrent Respiratory Papillomatosis. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/fda-approves-first-immunotherapy-recurrent-respiratory-papillomatosis>. Issued 08/14/2025. Last accessed 12/16/2025.

⁵ U.S. FDA. FDA Approves Selumetinib for Pediatric Patients 1 Year of Age and Older with Neurofibromatosis Type 1 with Symptomatic, Inoperable Plexiform Neurofibromas. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/drugs/resources-information-approved-drugs/fda-approves-selumetinib-pediatric-patients-1-year-age-and-older-neurofibromatosis-type-1>. Issued 09/10/2025. Last accessed 12/16/2025.

⁶ U.S. FDA. FDA Approves Selumetinib for Adults with Neurofibromatosis Type 1 with Symptomatic, Inoperable Plexiform Neurofibromas. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/drugs/resources-information-approved-drugs/fda-approves-selumetinib-adults-neurofibromatosis-type-1-symptomatic-inoperable-plexiform>. Issued 11/19/2025. Last accessed 12/16/2025.

⁷ Gomekli® (Mirdametinib) Prescribing Information. SpringWorks Therapeutics, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/219379Orig1s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 02/2025. Last accessed 12/11/2025.

⁸ Papzimeos™ (Zopapogene Imadenovec-drba) Prescribing Information. Precigen, Inc. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/media/188264/download?attachment>. Last revised 08/2025. Last accessed 12/16/2025.

⁹ Romvimza™ (Vimseltinib) Prescribing Information. Deciphera Pharmaceuticals, LLC. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/219304s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 02/2025. Last accessed 12/16/2025.



Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Systemic Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs) and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Coxanto® (Oxaprozin 300mg Capsule), Ibuprofen 300mg Tablet, Vyscoxa™ (Celecoxib Oral Suspension), and Xifyrm™ (Meloxicam Injection)

Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

| Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs) | | |
|--|---|---|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| celecoxib (Celebrex®) caps | diclofenac ER (Voltaren® XR) | celecoxib (Elyxyb®) oral solution |
| diclofenac potassium (Cataflam®) | diclofenac sodium/misoprostol (Arthrotec®) | diclofenac epolamine (generic Flector® Patch) |
| diclofenac sodium (Voltaren®) 50mg & 75mg tabs | diclofenac sodium (Voltaren®) 25mg tabs | diclofenac potassium (Cambia®) powder pack |
| diclofenac sodium 1% (Voltaren® Gel) | diflunisal 500mg tabs | diclofenac potassium (Lofena™) tabs |
| etodolac (Lodine®) tabs | etodolac ER (Lodine® XL) | diclofenac potassium (Zipsor®) caps |
| ibuprofen (Motrin®) | flurbiprofen (Ansaid®) | diclofenac sodium (Pennsaid®) topical drops |
| indomethacin (Indocin®) caps | indomethacin (Indocin® SR) ER caps | diflunisal (Dolobid™) 250mg and 375mg tabs |
| meloxicam (Mobic®) | mefenamic acid (Ponstel®) | fenoprofen (Nalfon®) |
| nabumetone (Relafen®) | naproxen DR (EC-Naprosyn®) 500mg tab | ibuprofen (Caldolor®) inj |
| naproxen* (Naprosyn®) | naproxen sodium (Anaprox®) 275mg & 550mg tabs | ibuprofen/acetaminophen (Combogesic® IV) inj ⁺ |
| naproxen DR (EC-Naprosyn®) 375mg tab | oxaprozin (Daypro®) | ibuprofen/famotidine (Duexis®) |
| sulindac (Clinoril®) | piroxicam (Feldene®) | indomethacin (Indocin®) supp & susp |
| | | ketoprofen (Orudis®) caps |
| | | ketoprofen ER (Oruvail®) |
| | | ketorolac tromethamine (Sprix®) nasal spray |

| Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs) | | |
|---|--------|---|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| | | meclofenamate (Meclomen [®]) |
| | | meloxicam (Vivlodex [®]) caps |
| | | nabumetone 1,000mg (Relafen DS [®]) |
| | | naproxen sodium ER (Naprelan [®]) |
| | | naproxen/esomeprazole (Vimovo [®]) |
| | | tolmetin (Tolectin [®]) |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), or Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC) if NADAC unavailable.

*Naproxen oral suspension is available without prior authorization for members 12 years of age and younger. Members older than 12 years of age require a reason why a special formulation product is needed in place of the regular tablet formulation.

*Unique criteria applies.

caps = capsules; DR = delayed-release; ER = extended-release; EC = enteric-coated; inj = injection; ODT = orally disintegrating tablet; PA = prior authorization; supp = suppository; susp = suspension; tabs = tablets

NSAIDs Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. Previous use of at least 2 Tier-1 NSAID products (from different product lines) plus a proton pump inhibitor (PPI) within the last 120 days.

NSAIDs Special Prior Authorization (PA) Approval Criteria:

1. A unique indication for which a Tier-1 or Tier-2 medication is not appropriate; or
2. Previous use of at least 2 Tier-1 NSAID products (from different product lines); and
3. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why a special formulation is needed over a Tier-1 product; and
4. Additionally, use of Dolobid[™] (diflunisal) 250mg or 375mg tablet will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use generic diflunisal 500mg tablets; and
5. Additionally, use of Elyxyb[®] (celecoxib oral solution) will require a diagnosis of acute migraine treatment in adults 18 years of age and older and a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Cambia[®] (diclofenac potassium powder); and
6. Additionally, use of Lofena[™] (diclofenac potassium) will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use all other available generic diclofenac products.

Combogesic[®] IV (Ibuprofen/Acetaminophen Injection) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication in members where an intravenous (IV) route of administration is considered clinically necessary for 1 of the following:
 - a. Relief of mild-to-moderate pain; or

- b. Management of moderate-to-severe pain as an adjunct to opioid analgesics; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member requires IV administration and cannot use Tier-1 oral and/or topical alternatives must be provided; and
4. A quantity limit of 2,000mL (20 vials) per 5 days will apply; and
5. A maximum approval duration of 5 days will apply, as Combogesic® IV is only indicated for short-term use of 5 days or less.

Utilization of NSAIDs: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 107,603 | 200,037 | \$2,673,478.00 | \$13.36 | \$0.54 | 9,908,676 | 4,935,605 |
| Aetna | 8,358 | 11,163 | \$161,847.13 | \$14.50 | \$0.68 | 485,574 | 236,283 |
| Humana | 9,860 | 14,045 | \$206,156.22 | \$14.68 | \$0.67 | 625,415 | 306,464 |
| OCH | 8,573 | 11,149 | \$159,526.85 | \$14.31 | \$0.69 | 486,560 | 232,499 |
| 2024 Total | 121,388 | 236,394 | \$3,201,008.20 | \$13.54 | \$0.56 | 11,506,225 | 5,710,851 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 40,241 | 76,758 | \$1,040,054.63 | \$13.55 | \$0.53 | 3,791,994 | 1,974,931 |
| Aetna | 24,948 | 44,980 | \$640,962.52 | \$14.25 | \$0.55 | 2,262,089 | 1,169,039 |
| Humana | 28,403 | 59,009 | \$852,499.96 | \$14.45 | \$0.58 | 2,863,400 | 1,481,304 |
| OCH | 27,161 | 52,061 | \$716,075.92 | \$13.75 | \$0.65 | 2,224,350 | 1,104,266 |
| 2025 Total | 114,368 | 232,808 | \$3,249,593.03 | \$13.96 | \$0.57 | 11,141,833 | 5,729,540 |
| % Change | -5.80% | -1.50% | 1.50% | 3.10% | 1.80% | -3.20% | 0.30% |
| Change | -7,020 | -3,586 | \$48,584.83 | \$0.42 | \$0.01 | -364,392 | 18,689 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Medical Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Claims/Member |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | |
| FFS | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 |
| Aetna | 2 | 2 | \$17.76 | \$8.88 | 1 |
| Humana | 1 | 1 | \$23.68 | \$23.68 | 1 |
| OCH | 3 | 5 | \$71.04 | \$14.21 | 1.67 |
| 2025 Total | 6 | 8 | \$112.48 | \$14.06 | 1.33 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

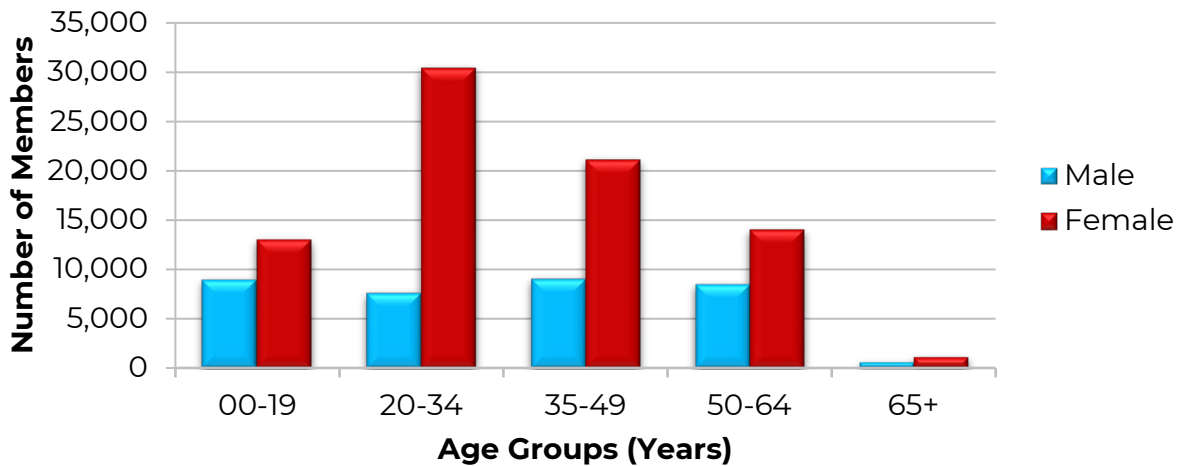
FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

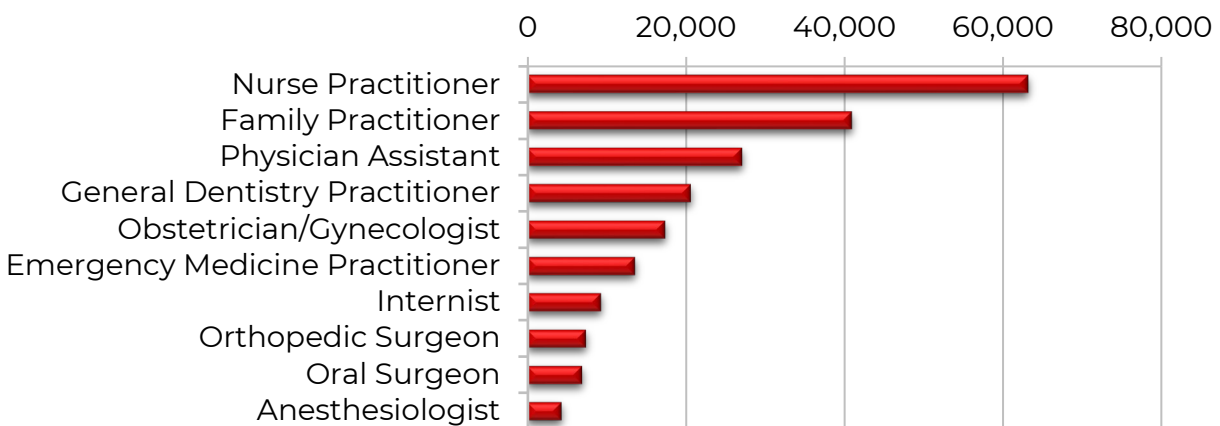
Please note: There were no paid medical claims during fiscal year 2024 to allow for a fiscal year comparison.

- Aggregate drug rebates collected during fiscal year 2025 for NSAIDs totaled \$74,612.82.^Δ Rebates are collected after reimbursement for the medication and are not reflected in this report. The costs included in this report do not reflect net costs.

Demographics of Members Utilizing NSAIDs (All Plans)



Top Prescriber Specialties of NSAIDs by Number of Claims (All Plans)

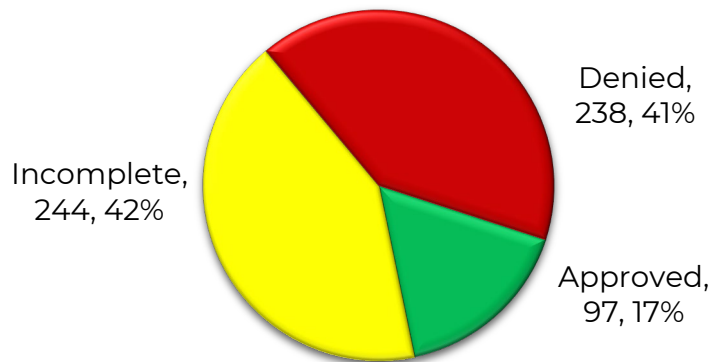


Prior Authorization of NSAIDs

There were 579 prior authorization requests submitted for NSAIDs during fiscal year 2025. The following charts show the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

^Δ Important considerations: Aggregate drug rebates are based on the date the claim is paid rather than the date dispensed. Claims data are based on the date dispensed.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 58 | 18% | 176 | 55% | 88 | 27% | 322 |
| Aetna | 11 | 9% | 55 | 44% | 59 | 47% | 125 |
| Humana | 3 | 9% | 0 | 0% | 32 | 91% | 35 |
| OCH | 25 | 26% | 13 | 13% | 59 | 61% | 97 |
| Total | 97 | 17% | 244 | 42% | 238 | 41% | 579 |

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = OK Complete Health

Market News and Updates^{1,2,3,4,5}

Anticipated Patent Expiration(s):

- Caldolor® (ibuprofen injection): March 2032
- Combogesic® IV (ibuprofen/acetaminophen injection): January 2036
- Elyxyb® (celecoxib oral solution): May 2036
- Xifyrm™ (meloxicam injection): July 2041

New U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Approval(s):

- **October 2023:** The FDA approved Coxanto® (oxaprozin 300mg capsule) for the relief of signs and symptoms of osteoarthritis (OA), rheumatoid arthritis (RA), or juvenile rheumatoid arthritis (JRA). Coxanto® has not previously been a covered product through SoonerCare because the manufacturer was not participating with the Medicaid Drug Rebate Program (MDRP) with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS); however, a new manufacturer began marketing Coxanto® in November 2025, and this manufacturer is participating with the MDRP.
- **June 2025:** The FDA approved Xifyrm™ (meloxicam injection) for use in adults for the management of moderate-to-severe pain, alone or in combination with non-NSAID analgesics.
- **July 2025:** The FDA approved Vyscoxa™ (celecoxib oral suspension) for adults with OA, RA, or ankylosing spondylitis (AS) or for pediatric patients 2 years of age and older with JRA.

News:

- **February 2025:** According to the FDA's National Drug Code (NDC) Directory, a new formulation of ibuprofen, available as a 300mg oral tablet, began being marketed in February 2025.

Coxanto® (Oxaprozin 300mg Capsule) Product Summary⁶

Therapeutic Class: NSAID**Indication(s):** Relief of signs and symptoms of OA, RA, or JRA**How Supplied:** 300mg oral capsule**Dosing and Administration:**

- OA: 1,200mg [(4) 300mg capsules] orally once daily
- RA: 1,200mg [(4) 300mg capsules] orally once daily
- JRA: Recommended dose is based on body weight as follows:
 - 22-31kg: 600mg [(2) 300mg capsules] orally once daily
 - 32-54kg: 900mg [(3) 300mg capsules] orally once daily
 - ≥55kg: 1,200mg [(4) 300mg capsules] orally once daily
- The lowest effective dosage should be used for the shortest duration consistent with individual patient treatment goals.

Cost Comparison:

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per 30 Days* | Cost Per Year |
|---|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Coxanto® (oxaprozin) 300mg capsule | \$42.88 | \$5,145.60 | \$61,747.20 |
| oxaprozin 600mg tablet (generic) | \$0.40 | \$24.00 | \$288.00 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

*Cost per 30 days based on use of 1,200mg daily

Unit = Each capsule or tablet

Ibuprofen 300mg Tablet Product Summary⁷

Therapeutic Class: NSAID**Indication(s):** Relief of the signs and symptoms of RA and OA, for relief of mild to moderate pain, and for the treatment of primary dysmenorrhea**How Supplied:** 300mg oral tablets**Dosing and Administration:**

- RA and OA: Suggested dosage is 1,200-3,200mg per day (in divided doses, 3-4 times daily)
- Mild to moderate pain or dysmenorrhea: 400mg every 4-6 hours as necessary

Cost Comparison:

| Product | Cost Per Tablet | Cost Per 30 Days* | Cost Per Year |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| ibuprofen 300mg tablet (generic) | \$13.19 | \$3,957.00 | \$47,484.00 |
| ibuprofen 400mg tablet (generic) | \$0.04 | \$9.60 | \$115.20 |
| ibuprofen 600mg tablet (generic) | \$0.05 | \$7.50 | \$90.00 |
| ibuprofen 800mg tablet (generic) | \$0.06 | \$7.20 | \$86.40 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

*Cost per 30 days based on use of up to 3,200mg daily

Vyscoxa™ (Celecoxib Oral Suspension) Product Summary⁸

Therapeutic Class: NSAID

Indication(s): Treatment of adults with OA, RA, or AS or for the treatment of JRA in pediatric patients 2 years of age and older

- **Limitation(s) of Use:** Vyscoxa™ must be administered on an empty stomach at least 2 hours before or 1 hour after food. Taking Vyscoxa™ with food results in plasma exposures of celecoxib up to 50% higher than intended. If patients cannot tolerate Vyscoxa™ in the fasted state, discontinue use of Vyscoxa™.

How Supplied: 10mg/mL unflavored oral suspension in a 473mL bottle

Dosing and Administration:

- OA: 200mg (20mL) once daily or 100mg (10mL) twice daily
- RA: 100mg (10mL) to 200mg (20mL) twice daily
- AS: 200mg (20mL) once daily single dose or 100mg (10mL) twice daily; if no effect is observed after 6 weeks, a trial of 200mg (20mL) twice daily may be of benefit
- JRA: 50mg (5mL) twice daily in patients 10kg to 25kg; 100mg (10mL) twice daily in patients >25kg
- Vyscoxa™ is not recommended at a single dose greater than 200mg (20mL). Single doses of the suspension greater than 200mg may result in celecoxib concentrations higher than intended. For patients who require a single dose over 200mg, a different celecoxib formulation should be used.

Cost Comparison:

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per 30 Days* | Cost Per Year |
|--|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Vyscoxa™ (celecoxib) 10mg/mL suspension | \$6.12 | \$7,344.00 | \$88,128.00 |
| celecoxib 200mg capsule (generic) | \$0.07 | \$4.20 | \$50.40 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

*Cost per 30 days based on use of 200mg twice daily

Unit = Each capsule or mL

Xifyrm™ (Meloxicam Injection) Product Summary⁹

Therapeutic Class: NSAID

Indication(s): For use in adults for the management of moderate-to-severe pain, alone or in combination with non-NSAID analgesics

- **Limitation(s) of Use:** Because of delayed onset of analgesia, Xifyrm™ alone is not recommended for use when rapid onset of analgesia is required.

How Supplied: 30mg/mL single-dose vial (SDV)

Dosing and Administration:

- The recommended dose is 30mg once daily, administered by intravenous (IV) bolus injection over 15 seconds.
- Xifyrm™ should be used for the shortest duration consistent with individual patient treatment goals (clinical studies were for a maximum of 3 doses).
- The patient's analgesic response should be monitored and a short-acting, non-NSAID, immediate-release analgesic should be administered if analgesic response is inadequate.
- Patients must be well hydrated before Xifyrm™ administration to reduce the risk of renal toxicity.

Cost Comparison:

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per Day* |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Xifyrm™ (meloxicam) 30mg/mL vial | \$30.00 | \$30.00 |
| meloxicam 15mg tablet (generic) | \$0.01 | \$0.01 |
| meloxicam 7.5mg tablet (generic) | \$0.01 | \$0.01 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

*Cost per day based on 30mg daily for Xifyrm™ and 1 tablet daily for meloxicam tablets.

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the following changes to the NSAIDs Product Based Prior Authorization (PBPA) category based on net costs (changes noted in red in the following PBPA Tier chart and approval criteria):

1. Prior authorization and placement of Coxanto® (oxaprozin 300mg capsule), ibuprofen 300mg tablet, Vyscoxa™ (celecoxib oral suspension), and Xifyrm™ (meloxicam injection) into the Special PA Tier with the additional criteria listed below; and
2. Moving EC-Naprosyn® (naproxen) 375mg tablet from Tier-1 to Tier-2; and
3. Moving Feldene® (piroxicam) from Tier-2 to Tier-1 based on net cost.

| Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs) | | |
|--|---|---|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| celecoxib (Celebrex®) caps | diclofenac ER (Voltaren® XR) | celecoxib (Elyxyb®) oral solution |
| diclofenac potassium (Cataflam®) | diclofenac sodium/misoprostol (Arthrotec®) | celecoxib (Vyscoxa™) susp |
| diclofenac sodium (Voltaren®) 50mg & 75mg tabs | diclofenac sodium (Voltaren®) 25mg tabs | diclofenac epolamine (generic Flector® Patch) |
| diclofenac sodium 1% (Voltaren® Gel) | diflunisal 500mg tabs | diclofenac potassium (Cambia®) powder pack |
| etodolac (Lodine®) tabs | etodolac ER (Lodine® XL) | diclofenac potassium (Lofena™) tabs |
| ibuprofen (Motrin®) 400mg, 600mg, & 800mg tabs | flurbiprofen (Ansaid®) | diclofenac potassium (Zipsor®) caps |
| indomethacin (Indocin®) caps | indomethacin (Indocin® SR) ER caps | diclofenac sodium (Pennsaid®) topical drops |
| meloxicam (Mobic®) | mefenamic acid (Ponstel®) | diflunisal (Dolobid™) 250mg and 375mg tabs |
| nabumetone (Relafen®) | naproxen DR (EC-Naprosyn®) 500mg-tab | fenoprofen (Nalfon®) |
| naproxen* (Naprosyn®) | naproxen sodium (Anaprox®) 275mg & 550mg tabs | ibuprofen (Caldolor®) inj |
| naproxen-DR (EC-Naprosyn®)-375mg-tab | oxaprozin (Daypro®) 600mg tabs | ibuprofen (Motrin®) 300mg tabs |
| piroxicam (Feldene®) | piroxicam (Feldene®) | ibuprofen/acetaminophen (Combogesic® IV) inj ⁺ |
| sulindac (Clinoril®) | | ibuprofen/famotidine (Duexis®) |
| | | indomethacin (Indocin®) supp & susp |
| | | ketoprofen (Orudis®) caps |
| | | ketoprofen ER (Oruvail®) |
| | | ketorolac tromethamine (Sprix®) nasal spray |
| | | meclofenamate (Meclomen®) |
| | | meloxicam (Vivlodex®) caps |
| | | meloxicam (Xifyrm™) inj⁺ |
| | | nabumetone 1,000mg (Relafen DS®) |
| | | naproxen sodium ER (Naprelan®) |
| | | naproxen/esomeprazole (Vimovo®) |

| Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs) | | |
|---|--------|--|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Special PA |
| | | oxaprozin (Coxanto®) 300mg caps |
| | | tolmetin (Tolectin®) |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), or Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC) if NADAC unavailable.

*Naproxen oral suspension is available without prior authorization for members 12 years of age and younger. Members older than 12 years of age require a reason why a special formulation product is needed in place of the regular tablet formulation.

*Unique criteria applies.

caps = capsules; DR = delayed-release; ER = extended-release; EC = enteric-coated; inj = injection; ODT = orally disintegrating tablet; PA = prior authorization; supp = suppository; susp = suspension; tabs = tablets

NSAIDs Special Prior Authorization (PA) Approval Criteria:

1. A unique indication for which a Tier-1 or Tier-2 medication is not appropriate; or
2. Previous use of at least 2 Tier-1 NSAID products (from different product lines); and
3. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why a special formulation is needed over a Tier-1 product; and
4. Additionally, use of Coxanto® (oxaprozin) 300mg capsule will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use generic oxaprozin 600mg tablets, which can be split to achieve the requested dose, must be provided; and
5. Additionally, use of Dolobid™ (diflunisal) 250mg or 375mg tablet will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use generic diflunisal 500mg tablets; and
6. Additionally, use of Elyxyb® (celecoxib oral solution) will require a diagnosis of acute migraine treatment in adults 18 years of age and older and a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Cambia® (diclofenac potassium powder); and
7. Additionally, use of ibuprofen 300mg tablets will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use all Tier-1 strengths of ibuprofen tablets and all other lower-tiered NSAIDs; and
8. Additionally, use of Lofena™ (diclofenac potassium) will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use all other available generic diclofenac products; and
9. Additionally, use of Vyscoxa™ (celecoxib oral suspension) will require a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use Tier-1 celecoxib capsules, which can be opened and sprinkled on applesauce for members with difficulties swallowing, must be provided.

Xifyrm™ (Meloxicam Injection) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of management of moderate-to-severe pain, alone or in combination with non-NSAID analgesics; and
2. Member must be 18 years of age or older; and
3. Member must be well hydrated before administration to reduce the risk of renal toxicity; and
4. Should be used for the shortest duration consistent with individual patient treatment goals; and
5. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason the member cannot use oral meloxicam tablets or other Tier-1 NSAID products must be provided; and
6. A quantity limit of 3 vials per 3 days will apply; and
7. For consideration of a longer duration of use, a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot transition to an oral Tier-1 NSAID product must be provided, along with the anticipated duration of treatment.

Utilization Details of NSAIDs: Fiscal Year 2025

Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| TIER-1 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| IBUPROFEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| IBUPROFEN TAB 800MG | 79,455 | 52,741 | \$1,065,393.69 | \$13.41 | 1.51 | 32.79% |
| IBUPROFEN TAB 600MG | 17,030 | 14,747 | \$204,398.73 | \$12.00 | 1.15 | 6.29% |
| IBUPROFEN TAB 400MG | 2,212 | 1,704 | \$31,379.62 | \$14.19 | 1.3 | 0.97% |
| IBU TAB 800MG | 355 | 255 | \$5,284.49 | \$14.89 | 1.39 | 0.16% |
| IBU TAB 600MG | 187 | 160 | \$2,398.18 | \$12.82 | 1.17 | 0.07% |
| IBU TAB 400MG | 11 | 11 | \$130.95 | \$11.90 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SUBTOTAL | 99,250 | 69,618 | \$1,308,985.66 | \$13.19 | 1.43 | 40.28% |
| MELOXICAM PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| MELOXICAM TAB 15MG | 40,477 | 17,460 | \$463,483.36 | \$11.45 | 2.32 | 14.26% |
| MELOXICAM TAB 7.5MG | 15,292 | 7,606 | \$173,167.65 | \$11.32 | 2.01 | 5.33% |
| SUBTOTAL | 55,769 | 25,066 | \$636,651.01 | \$11.42 | 2.22 | 19.59% |
| NAPROXEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NAPROXEN TAB 500MG | 24,803 | 16,432 | \$309,389.94 | \$12.47 | 1.51 | 9.52% |
| NAPROXEN TAB 375MG | 1,810 | 1,280 | \$23,434.06 | \$12.95 | 1.41 | 0.72% |
| NAPROXEN TAB 250MG | 1,566 | 1,046 | \$20,231.78 | \$12.92 | 1.5 | 0.62% |
| NAPROXEN SUS 125MG/5ML | 431 | 247 | \$34,164.33 | \$79.27 | 1.74 | 1.05% |
| NAPROXEN DR TAB 375MG | 71 | 51 | \$1,318.69 | \$18.57 | 1.39 | 0.04% |
| SUBTOTAL | 28,681 | 19,056 | \$388,538.80 | \$13.55 | 1.51 | 11.96% |
| CELECOXIB PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| CELECOXIB CAP 200MG | 16,280 | 5,738 | \$263,032.41 | \$16.16 | 2.84 | 8.09% |
| CELECOXIB CAP 100MG | 7,241 | 2,881 | \$111,487.43 | \$15.40 | 2.51 | 3.43% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| CELECOXIB CAP 50MG | 292 | 119 | \$4,527.96 | \$15.51 | 2.45 | 0.14% |
| CELECOXIB CAP 400MG | 35 | 25 | \$866.12 | \$24.75 | 1.4 | 0.03% |
| CELEBREX CAP 100MG | 2 | 2 | \$1,170.74 | \$585.37 | 1 | 0.04% |
| CELEBREX CAP 200MG | 2 | 2 | \$965.65 | \$482.83 | 1 | 0.03% |
| SUBTOTAL | 23,852 | 8,767 | \$382,050.31 | \$16.02 | 2.72 | 11.76% |
| DICLOFENAC PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| DICLOFENAC TAB 75MG DR | 10,704 | 4,490 | \$168,495.89 | \$15.74 | 2.38 | 5.19% |
| DICLOFENAC TAB 50MG DR | 3,388 | 1,676 | \$52,771.68 | \$15.58 | 2.02 | 1.62% |
| DICLOFENAC GEL 1% | 2,067 | 1,337 | \$43,764.86 | \$21.17 | 1.55 | 1.35% |
| DICLOFENAC POT TAB 50MG | 517 | 279 | \$9,879.26 | \$19.11 | 1.85 | 0.30% |
| GNP DICLOFENAC GEL 1% | 26 | 12 | \$636.65 | \$24.49 | 2.17 | 0.02% |
| GOODSENSE GEL ART PAIN 1% | 3 | 2 | \$59.53 | \$19.84 | 1.5 | 0.00% |
| ART PAIN GEL 1% | 2 | 2 | \$38.86 | \$19.43 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SUBTOTAL | 16,707 | 7,798 | \$275,646.73 | \$16.50 | 2.14 | 8.48% |
| ETODOLAC PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| ETODOLAC TAB 400MG | 1,589 | 860 | \$36,646.98 | \$23.06 | 1.85 | 1.13% |
| ETODOLAC TAB 500MG | 762 | 418 | \$18,385.26 | \$24.13 | 1.82 | 0.57% |
| ETODOLAC CAP 300MG | 342 | 310 | \$5,827.70 | \$17.04 | 1.1 | 0.18% |
| ETODOLAC CAP 200MG | 153 | 112 | \$3,663.23 | \$23.94 | 1.37 | 0.11% |
| SUBTOTAL | 2,846 | 1,700 | \$64,523.17 | \$22.67 | 1.67 | 1.99% |
| NABUMETONE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NABUMETONE TAB 750MG | 1,595 | 521 | \$29,085.37 | \$18.24 | 3.06 | 0.90% |
| NABUMETONE TAB 500MG | 1,164 | 418 | \$20,559.09 | \$17.66 | 2.78 | 0.63% |
| SUBTOTAL | 2,759 | 939 | \$49,644.46 | \$17.99 | 2.94 | 1.53% |
| INDOMETHACIN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| INDOMETHACIN CAP 50MG | 869 | 474 | \$13,327.27 | \$15.34 | 1.83 | 0.41% |
| INDOMETHACIN CAP 25MG | 450 | 282 | \$6,784.66 | \$15.08 | 1.6 | 0.21% |
| SUBTOTAL | 1,319 | 756 | \$20,111.93 | \$15.25 | 1.74 | 0.62% |
| SULINDAC PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| SULINDAC TAB 200MG | 204 | 76 | \$4,700.43 | \$23.04 | 2.68 | 0.14% |
| SULINDAC TAB 150MG | 94 | 27 | \$1,835.55 | \$19.53 | 3.48 | 0.06% |
| SUBTOTAL | 298 | 103 | \$6,535.98 | \$21.93 | 2.89 | 0.20% |
| TIER-1 SUBTOTAL | 231,481 | 113,933* | \$3,132,688.05 | \$13.53 | 2.03 | 96.40% |
| TIER-2 UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| NAPROXEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NAPROXEN DR TAB 500MG | 671 | 464 | \$62,700.78 | \$93.44 | 1.45 | 1.93% |
| NAPROXEN SOD TAB 550MG | 118 | 69 | \$2,351.08 | \$19.92 | 1.71 | 0.07% |
| EC-NAPROXEN TAB 500MG | 75 | 60 | \$5,725.51 | \$76.34 | 1.25 | 0.18% |
| NAPROXEN SOD TAB 275MG | 2 | 2 | \$66.22 | \$33.11 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SUBTOTAL | 866 | 595 | \$70,843.59 | \$81.81 | 1.46 | 2.18% |
| DICLOFENAC PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| DICLOFENAC TAB 100MG ER | 128 | 48 | \$5,249.75 | \$41.01 | 2.67 | 0.16% |
| DICLOFENAC TAB 25MG DR | 49 | 20 | \$3,096.68 | \$63.20 | 2.45 | 0.10% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| SUBTOTAL | 177 | 68 | \$8,346.43 | \$47.15 | 2.6 | 0.26% |
| DICLOFENAC/MISOPROSTOL PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| DICLO/MISOPR TAB 75/0.2MG | 55 | 17 | \$4,207.01 | \$76.49 | 3.24 | 0.13% |
| DICLO/MISOPR TAB 50/0.2MG | 13 | 7 | \$949.18 | \$73.01 | 1.86 | 0.03% |
| SUBTOTAL | 68 | 24 | \$5,156.19 | \$75.83 | 2.83 | 0.16% |
| FLURBIPROFEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| FLURBIPROFEN TAB 100MG | 34 | 9 | \$1,041.04 | \$30.62 | 3.78 | 0.03% |
| SUBTOTAL | 34 | 9 | \$1,041.04 | \$30.62 | 3.78 | 0.03% |
| INDOMETHACIN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| INDOMETHACIN CAP 75MG ER | 27 | 13 | \$536.71 | \$19.88 | 2.08 | 0.02% |
| SUBTOTAL | 27 | 13 | \$536.71 | \$19.88 | 2.08 | 0.02% |
| PIROXICAM PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| PIROXICAM CAP 20MG | 16 | 7 | \$301.38 | \$18.84 | 2.29 | 0.01% |
| PIROXICAM CAP 10MG | 1 | 1 | \$21.29 | \$21.29 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SUBTOTAL | 17 | 8 | \$322.67 | \$18.98 | 2.13 | 0.01% |
| ETODOLAC PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| ETODOLAC ER TAB 400MG | 11 | 7 | \$431.70 | \$39.25 | 1.57 | 0.01% |
| ETODOLAC ER TAB 600MG | 4 | 3 | \$173.72 | \$43.43 | 1.33 | 0.01% |
| ETODOLAC ER TAB 500MG | 1 | 1 | \$28.60 | \$28.60 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SUBTOTAL | 16 | 11 | \$634.02 | \$39.63 | 1.45 | 0.02% |
| DIFLUNISAL PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| DIFLUNISAL TAB 500MG | 15 | 8 | \$883.71 | \$58.91 | 1.88 | 0.03% |
| SUBTOTAL | 15 | 8 | \$883.71 | \$58.91 | 1.88 | 0.03% |
| OXAPROZIN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| OXAPROZIN TAB 600MG | 15 | 6 | \$682.28 | \$45.49 | 2.5 | 0.02% |
| SUBTOTAL | 15 | 6 | \$682.28 | \$45.49 | 2.5 | 0.02% |
| MEFENAMIC ACID PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| MEFENAMIC ACID CAP 250MG | 6 | 5 | \$259.42 | \$43.24 | 1.2 | 0.01% |
| SUBTOTAL | 6 | 5 | \$259.42 | \$43.24 | 1.2 | 0.01% |
| TIER-2 SUBTOTAL | 1,241 | 734* | \$88,706.06 | \$71.48 | 1.69 | 2.73% |
| SPECIAL PRIOR AUTHORIZATION (PA) UTILIZATION | | | | | | |
| DICLOFENAC PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| FLECTOR DIS 1.3% | 30 | 17 | \$10,359.40 | \$345.31 | 1.76 | 0.32% |
| DICLOFENAC DIS 1.3% | 9 | 7 | \$2,146.99 | \$238.55 | 1.29 | 0.07% |
| DICLOFENAC POW 50MG | 6 | 2 | \$1,544.35 | \$257.39 | 3 | 0.05% |
| DICLOFENAC TAB 25MG | 4 | 3 | \$2,064.88 | \$516.22 | 1.33 | 0.06% |
| DICLOFENAC SOL 2% | 4 | 3 | \$696.86 | \$174.22 | 1.33 | 0.02% |
| DICLOFENAC SOL 1.5% | 2 | 1 | \$54.04 | \$27.02 | 2 | 0.00% |
| DICLOFENAC CAP 25MG | 1 | 1 | \$124.34 | \$124.34 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SUBTOTAL | 56 | 34 | \$16,990.86 | \$303.41 | 1.65 | 0.52% |
| NAPROXEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NAPROXEN SOD TAB 500MG ER | 5 | 4 | \$2,363.50 | \$472.70 | 1.25 | 0.07% |
| NAPROXEN SOD TAB 750MG ER | 2 | 1 | \$1,053.82 | \$526.91 | 2 | 0.03% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| NAPROXEN SOD TAB 375MG CR | 1 | 1 | \$341.41 | \$341.41 | 1 | 0.01% |
| NAPROXEN SOD TAB 375MG ER | 1 | 1 | \$77.41 | \$77.41 | 1 | 0.00% |
| SUBTOTAL | 9 | 7 | \$3,836.14 | \$426.24 | 1.29 | 0.12% |
| MELOXICAM PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| MELOXICAM CAP 10MG | 8 | 8 | \$2,476.76 | \$309.60 | 1 | 0.08% |
| MELOXICAM CAP 5MG | 1 | 1 | \$273.67 | \$273.67 | 1 | 0.01% |
| SUBTOTAL | 9 | 9 | \$2,750.43 | \$305.60 | 1 | 0.08% |
| IBUPROFEN/FAMOTIDINE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| IBU/FAMOT TAB 800/26.6MG | 7 | 2 | \$761.40 | \$108.77 | 3.5 | 0.02% |
| SUBTOTAL | 7 | 2 | \$761.40 | \$108.77 | 3.5 | 0.02% |
| CELECOXIB PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| ELYXYB SOL 120MG/4.8ML | 4 | 2 | \$3,398.68 | \$849.67 | 2 | 0.10% |
| SUBTOTAL | 4 | 2 | \$3,398.68 | \$849.67 | 2 | 0.10% |
| FENOPROFEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| FENOPROFEN CAP 400MG | 1 | 1 | \$461.41 | \$461.41 | 1 | 0.01% |
| SUBTOTAL | 1 | 1 | \$461.41 | \$461.41 | 1 | 0.01% |
| SPECIAL PA SUBTOTAL | 86 | 51* | \$28,198.92 | \$327.89 | 1.69 | 0.87% |
| TOTAL | 232,808 | 114,368* | \$3,249,593.03 | \$13.96 | 2.04 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

ART = arthritis; CAP = capsule; CR = controlled-release; DICLO/MISOPR = diclofenac/misoprostol; DIS = patch; DR = delayed-release; EC = enteric-coated; ER = extended-release; IBU/FAMOT = ibuprofen/famotidine; POT = potassium; POW = powder; SOD = sodium; SOL = solution; SUS = suspension; TAB = tablet

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Medical Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS* | TOTAL MEMBERS* | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| J1741 IBUPROFEN INJ (CALDOLOR) | 8 | 6 | \$112.48 | \$14.06 | 1.33 |
| TOTAL | 8 | 6 | \$112.48 | \$14.06 | 1.33 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated claims.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

INJ = injection

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/index.cfm>. Last revised 12/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

² U.S. FDA. Coxanto® (Oxaprozin) NDA Approval Letter. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/appletter/2023/217927Orig1s000ltr.pdf. Issued 10/20/2023. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

³ U.S. FDA. National Drug Code Directory. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ndc/index.cfm>. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

⁴ Azurity Pharmaceutical, Inc. Azurity Pharmaceuticals Announces the FDA Approval of Xifyrm™ (Meloxicam Injection) for the Management of Moderate-to-Severe Pain in Adults. Available online at: <https://azurity.com/azurity-pharmaceuticals-announces-the-fda-approval-of-xifyrm-meloxicam-injection-for-the-management-of-moderate-to-severe-pain-in-adults/>. Issued 06/10/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

⁵ Vyscoxa™ (Celecoxib) – New Drug Approval. *OptumRx*®. Available online at: <https://business.optum.com/content/dam/noindex-resources/business/support-documents/drug-approvals/drugapproval-vyscoxa-080125.pdf>. Issued 07/29/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

⁶ Coxanto® (Oxaprozin 300mg Capsule) Prescribing Information. SOLA Pharmaceuticals. Available online at: <https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/drugInfo.cfm?setid=918127f0-9f2a-4edf-a2f7-07c01aa52bb5>. Last revised 10/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

⁷ Ibuprofen 300mg Tablet Prescribing Information. SOLA Pharmaceuticals. Available online at: <https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/drugInfo.cfm?setid=44fb0842-c34e-477e-96df-350cd5d6800e>. Last revised 07/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

⁸ Vyscoxa™ (Celecoxib Oral Suspension) Prescribing Information. Carwin Pharmaceutical Associates, LLC. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/211759s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 07/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.

⁹ Xifyrm™ (Meloxicam Injection) Prescribing Information. Azurity Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2025/218395s000lbl.pdf. Last revised 06/2025. Last accessed 12/19/2025.



Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications and 30-day Notice to Prior Authorize Levofloxacin Ophthalmic Solution

Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

| Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications: Liquids | | |
|---|---|--------|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Tier-3 |
| azithromycin (Azasite®) | gatifloxacin (Zymaxid®) | |
| besifloxacin (Besivance®) | neomycin/polymyxin B/ gramicidin (Neosporin®) | |
| ciprofloxacin (Ciloxan®) | sulfacetamide sodium (Bleph-10®) | |
| gentamicin (Gentak®) | | |
| moxifloxacin (Vigamox®) | | |
| ofloxacin (Ocuflax®) | | |
| polymyxin B/ trimethoprim (Polytrim®) | | |
| tobramycin (Tobrex®) | | |
| Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications: Ointments | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | |
| bacitracin/polymyxin B (AK-Poly-Bac®, Polycin®) | bacitracin (AK-Tracin®) | |
| ciprofloxacin (Ciloxan®) | sodium sulfacetamide (Bleph-10®) | |
| erythromycin (Ilotycin™, Romycin®) | | |
| neomycin/polymyxin B/bacitracin (Neosporin®) | | |
| tobramycin (Tobrex®) | | |
| Ophthalmic Antibiotic/Steroid Combination Products | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | |
| bacitracin/polymyxin B/neomycin/hydrocortisone (Neo-Polycin® HC) oint | neomycin/polymyxin B/hydrocortisone (Cortisporin®) susp | |
| neomycin/polymyxin B/ dexamethasone (Maxitrol®) oint & susp | | |
| sulfacetamide/prednisolone 10%/0.23% solution | | |
| tobramycin/dexamethasone 0.3%/0.1% (Tobradex®) oint & susp | | |

| | |
|--|--|
| tobramycin/dexamethasone 0.3%/0.05% (Tobradex® ST) susp | |
| tobramycin/loteprednol (Zylet®) susp | |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).
HC= hydrocortisone; oint= ointment; susp= suspension

Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication/suspected infection by an organism not known to be covered by Tier-1 products, or failure of a Tier-1 product; or
2. Known contraindication to all indicated Tier-1 medications; or
3. Prescription written by an optometrist or ophthalmologist; or
4. When requested medication is being used for pre/post-operative prophylaxis.

Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications Tier-3 Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication/suspected infection by an organism not known to be covered by Tier-2 products, or failure of a Tier-2 product; or
2. Known contraindication to all indicated Tier-2 medications; or
3. Prescription written by an optometrist or ophthalmologist; or
4. When requested medication is being used for pre/post-operative prophylaxis.

Ophthalmic Antibiotic/Steroid Combination Products Tier-2 Approval Criteria:

1. Prescription written by an optometrist or ophthalmologist; or
2. When requested medication is being used for pre/post-operative prophylaxis.

Utilization of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Fiscal Year 2023 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 41,654 | 48,680 | \$936,148.26 | \$19.23 | \$1.41 | 302,903 | 662,181 |
| Aetna | 2,700 | 2,924 | \$58,119.10 | \$19.88 | \$2.20 | 18,331 | 26,449 |
| Humana | 2,805 | 3,105 | \$64,395.25 | \$20.74 | \$1.55 | 19,409 | 41,633 |
| OCH | 2,731 | 2,949 | \$58,689.47 | \$19.90 | \$1.52 | 18,376 | 38,692 |
| 2024 Total | 48,734 | 57,658 | \$1,117,352.08 | \$19.38 | \$1.45 | 359,019 | 768,955 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 13,684 | 17,162 | \$328,501.54 | \$19.14 | \$1.45 | 100,823 | 226,432 |
| Aetna | 9,786 | 11,712 | \$227,216.77 | \$19.40 | \$1.65 | 71,525 | 137,656 |
| Humana | 9,872 | 12,001 | \$231,173.27 | \$19.26 | \$1.47 | 74,180 | 157,455 |
| OCH | 12,027 | 14,743 | \$284,041.76 | \$19.27 | \$1.53 | 90,604 | 185,218 |
| 2025 Total | 44,903 | 55,618 | \$1,070,933.34 | \$19.26 | \$1.52 | 337,131 | 706,761 |
| % Change | -7.90% | -3.50% | -4.20% | -0.60% | 4.80% | -6.10% | -8.10% |
| Change | -3,831 | -2,040 | -\$46,418.74 | -\$0.12 | \$0.07 | -21,888 | -62,194 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

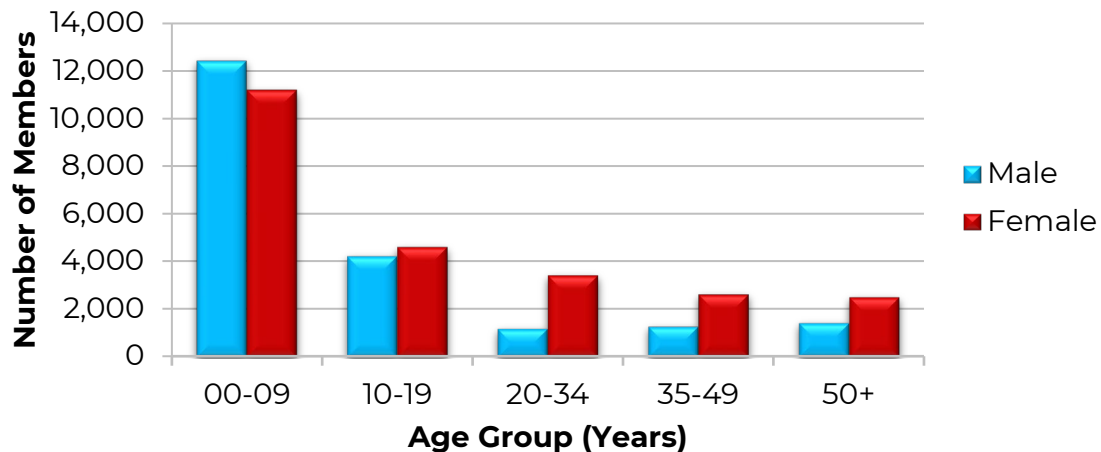
*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Demographics of Members Utilizing Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications (All Plans)



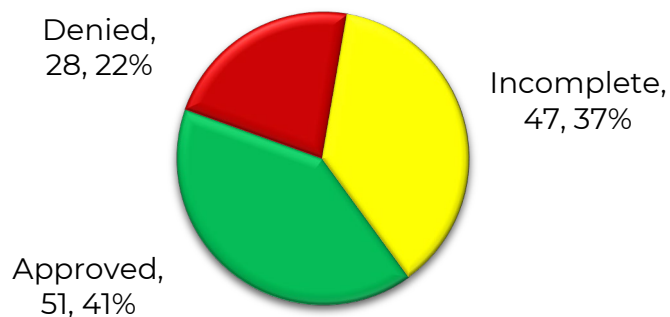
Top Prescriber Specialties of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications by Number of Claims (All Plans)



Prior Authorization of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications

There were 126 prior authorization requests submitted for ophthalmic antibiotic medications during fiscal year 2025. The following charts show the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|---------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 23 | 43% | 28 | 52% | 3 | 6% | 54 |
| Aetna | 1 | 5% | 8 | 38% | 12 | 57% | 21 |
| Humana | 21 | 70% | 0 | 0% | 9 | 30% | 30 |
| OCH | 6 | 29% | 11 | 52% | 4 | 19% | 21 |
| Total | 51 | 41% | 47 | 37% | 28 | 22% | 126 |

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = OK Complete Health

Market News and Updates^{1,2}

Anticipated Patent Expiration(s):

- Tobradex® ST (tobramycin/dexamethasone ophthalmic suspension): August 2028
- Besivance® (besifloxacin ophthalmic suspension): January 2031

News:

- **February 2022:** Levofloxacin ophthalmic solution is an approved generic of the brand name product, Quixin® (levofloxacin ophthalmic solution), which is now a discontinued product per the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. The most recent marketing start date for the generic product was February 2022.

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of levofloxacin ophthalmic solution with placement into Tier-2 of the Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications Product Based Prior Authorization (PBPA) category based on net cost (changes shown in red):

| Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications: Liquids | | |
|---|--|--------|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | Tier-3 |
| azithromycin (Azasite®) | gatifloxacin (Zymaxid®) | |
| besifloxacin (Besivance®) | levofloxacin (Quixin®) | |
| ciprofloxacin (Ciloxan®) | neomycin/polymyxin B/ gramicidin (Neosporin®) | |
| gentamicin (Gentak®) | sulfacetamide sodium (Bleph-10®) | |
| moxifloxacin (Vigamox®) | | |
| ofloxacin (Ocuflox®) | | |
| polymyxin B/ trimethoprim (Polytrim®) | | |
| tobramycin (Tobrex®) | | |
| Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications: Ointments | | |
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 | |
| bacitracin/polymyxin B (AK-Poly-Bac®, Polycin®) | bacitracin (AK-Tracin®) | |
| ciprofloxacin (Ciloxan®) | sodium sulfacetamide (Bleph-10®) | |
| erythromycin (Ilotycin™, Romycin®) | | |
| neomycin/polymyxin B/bacitracin (Neosporin®) | | |
| tobramycin (Tobrex®) | | |

| Ophthalmic Antibiotic/Steroid Combination Products | |
|---|---|
| Tier-1 | Tier-2 |
| bacitracin/polymyxin B/neomycin/hydrocortisone (Neo-Polycin® HC) oint | neomycin/polymyxin B/hydrocortisone (Cortisporin®) susp |
| neomycin/polymyxin B/dexamethasone (Maxitrol®) oint & susp | |
| sulfacetamide/prednisolone 10%/0.23% solution | |
| tobramycin/dexamethasone 0.3%/0.1% (Tobradex®) oint & susp | |
| tobramycin/dexamethasone 0.3%/0.05% (Tobradex® ST) susp | |
| tobramycin/loteprednol (Zylet®) susp | |

Tier structure based on supplemental rebate participation and/or National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).
HC= hydrocortisone; oint= ointment; susp= suspension

Utilization Details of Ophthalmic Antibiotic Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| OPHTHALMIC ANTIBIOTIC LIQUIDS | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| OFLOXACIN DRO 0.3% OP | 17,623 | 15,057 | \$356,571.06 | \$20.23 | 1.17 | 33.30% |
| POLY B/TRIMETH SOL | 9,593 | 9,221 | \$126,992.05 | \$13.24 | 1.04 | 11.86% |
| CIPROFLOXACIN SOL 0.3% OP | 4,602 | 4,046 | \$84,448.20 | \$18.35 | 1.14 | 7.89% |
| TOBRAMYCIN SOL 0.3% OP | 2,477 | 2,330 | \$32,324.13 | \$13.05 | 1.06 | 3.02% |
| GENTAMICIN SOL 0.3% OP | 1,503 | 1,411 | \$22,880.29 | \$15.22 | 1.07 | 2.14% |
| MOXIFLOXACIN SOL HCL 0.5% | 1,254 | 918 | \$21,333.04 | \$17.01 | 1.37 | 1.99% |
| MOXIFLOXACIN SOL 0.5% | 69 | 49 | \$1,188.11 | \$17.22 | 1.41 | 0.11% |
| BESIVANCE SUS 0.6% | 64 | 54 | \$15,376.49 | \$240.26 | 1.19 | 1.44% |
| AZASITE SOL 1% | 9 | 9 | \$2,319.46 | \$257.72 | 1 | 0.22% |
| OCUFLOX DRO 0.3% OP | 2 | 2 | \$270.94 | \$135.47 | 1 | 0.03% |
| TIER-1 SUBTOTAL | 37,196 | 33,097 | \$663,703.77 | \$17.84 | 1.12 | 61.97% |
| TIER-2 PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| SULFACET SOD SOL 10% OP | 280 | 268 | \$10,826.09 | \$38.66 | 1.04 | 1.01% |
| GATIFLOXACIN SOL 0.5% | 31 | 23 | \$1,211.12 | \$39.07 | 1.35 | 0.11% |
| NEO/POLY/GRAM SOL OP | 21 | 21 | \$963.15 | \$45.86 | 1 | 0.09% |
| TIER-2 SUBTOTAL | 332 | 312 | \$13,000.36 | \$39.16 | 1.06 | 1.21% |
| LIQUID SUBTOTAL | 37,528 | 33,409 | \$676,704.13 | \$18.03 | 1.12 | 63.19% |
| OPHTHALMIC ANTIBIOTIC OINTMENTS | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| ERYTHROMYCIN OIN 5MG/GM | 11,152 | 10,086 | \$201,644.63 | \$18.08 | 1.11 | 18.83% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|---|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| BAC/POLY OIN OP | 105 | 90 | \$2,128.81 | \$20.27 | 1.17 | 0.20% |
| TOBREX OIN 0.3% OP | 40 | 31 | \$10,495.41 | \$262.39 | 1.29 | 0.98% |
| NEO/BAC/POLY OIN OP | 28 | 27 | \$855.22 | \$30.54 | 1.04 | 0.08% |
| CILOXAN OIN 0.3% OP | 6 | 6 | \$1,658.31 | \$276.39 | 1 | 0.15% |
| TIER-1 SUBTOTAL | 11,331 | 10,240 | \$216,782.38 | \$19.13 | 1.11 | 20.24% |
| TIER-2 PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| BACITRACIN OIN 500U/GM OP | 3 | 3 | \$331.90 | \$110.63 | 1 | 0.03% |
| TIER-2 SUBTOTAL | 3 | 3 | \$331.90 | \$110.63 | 1 | 0.03% |
| OINTMENT SUBTOTAL | 11,334 | 10,243 | \$217,114.28 | \$19.16 | 1.11 | 20.27% |
| OPHTHALMIC ANTIBIOTIC/STEROID COMBINATION PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| TIER-1 PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NEO/POLY/DEX SUS 0.1% OP | 4,480 | 4,084 | \$89,845.34 | \$20.05 | 1.1 | 8.39% |
| TOBRA/DEX SUS 0.3-0.1% OP | 1,115 | 1,014 | \$32,019.00 | \$28.72 | 1.1 | 2.99% |
| NEO/POLY/DEX OIN 0.1% OP | 1,006 | 861 | \$20,268.73 | \$20.15 | 1.17 | 1.89% |
| TOBRADEX ST SUS 0.3-0.05% | 61 | 55 | \$15,115.73 | \$247.80 | 1.11 | 1.41% |
| TOBRADEX OIN 0.3-0.1% OP | 30 | 26 | \$8,260.30 | \$275.34 | 1.15 | 0.77% |
| SULFACET/PRED NA SOL 0.25% OP | 19 | 16 | \$450.73 | \$23.72 | 1.19 | 0.04% |
| ZYLET SUS 0.5-0.3% | 17 | 14 | \$6,605.87 | \$388.58 | 1.21 | 0.62% |
| TOBRADEX SUS 0.3-0.1% | 8 | 8 | \$1,921.66 | \$240.21 | 1 | 0.18% |
| MAXITROL OIN 0.1% OP | 3 | 3 | \$708.90 | \$236.30 | 1 | 0.07% |
| NEO/POLY/BAC OIN/HC 1% OP | 3 | 3 | \$97.78 | \$32.59 | 1 | 0.01% |
| MAXITROL SUS 0.1% OP | 1 | 1 | \$127.27 | \$127.27 | 1 | 0.01% |
| TIER-1 SUBTOTAL | 6,743 | 6,085 | \$175,421.31 | \$26.02 | 1.11 | 16.38% |
| TIER-2 PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| NEO/POLY/HC SUS OP | 13 | 13 | \$1,693.62 | \$130.28 | 1 | 0.16% |
| SUBTOTAL | 13 | 13 | \$1,693.62 | \$130.28 | 1 | 0.16% |
| COMBINATION SUBTOTAL | 6,756 | 6,098 | \$177,114.93 | \$26.22 | 1.11 | 16.54% |
| TOTAL | 55,618 | 44,903* | \$1,070,933.34 | \$19.26 | 1.24 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

BAC = bacitracin; DEX = dexamethasone; DRO = drops; GRAM = gramicidin; HC = hydrocortisone; HCL = hydrochloride; NA = sodium; NEO = neomycin; OIN = ointment; OP = ophthalmic; POLY = polymyxin; PRED = prednisolone; SOD = sodium; SOL = solution; ST = suspension technology; SULFACET = sulfacetamide; SUS = suspension; TOBRA = tobramycin; TRIMETH = trimethoprim; U = unit
Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/index.cfm>. Last revised 12/2025. Last Accessed 12/29/2025.

² U.S. FDA. National Drug Code Directory. Available online at: <https://dps.fda.gov/ndc>. Last revised 12/17/2025. Last accessed 12/29/2025.



Fiscal Year 2025 Annual Review of Vasomotor Symptom (VMS) Medications and 30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize EstroGel® (Estradiol 0.06% Gel) and Lynkuet™ (Elinzanetant)

**Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026**

Current Prior Authorization Criteria

Bijuva® (Estradiol/Progesterone Capsule) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication for the treatment of moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms due to menopause in women with an intact uterus; and
2. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use all other available estrogen/progestin products indicated for vasomotor symptoms of menopause must be provided; and
3. A quantity limit of 30 capsules (1 pack) per 30 days will apply.

Brisdelle® (Paroxetine Mesylate 7.5mg) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication for the treatment of moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms associated with menopause; and
2. Approvals for Brisdelle® will not be granted for psychiatric indications; and
3. Members must not have any of the contraindications for use of Brisdelle®; and
4. Two previous trials with either a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) or a selective serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI) or both, or a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why a SSRI or SNRI is not appropriate for the member must be provided; and
5. Authorization requires a patient-specific, clinically significant reason why paroxetine 10mg is not appropriate for the member; and
6. A quantity limit of 30 capsules per 30 days will apply.

Duavee® (Conjugated Estrogens/Bazedoxifene) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication for the treatment of moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms associated with menopause or for prevention of postmenopausal osteoporosis; and
2. Member must be a female with an intact uterus; and
3. For the treatment of moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms associated with menopause:
 - a. Member must have at least 7 moderate-to-severe hot flushes per day or at least 50 per week prior to treatment; and

4. For the prevention of postmenopausal osteoporosis:
 - a. A trial of Fosamax® (alendronate), Actonel® (risedronate), Boniva® (ibandronate), or Reclast® (zoledronic acid) used compliantly for at least 6 months concomitantly with calcium and vitamin D, that failed to prevent fracture or improve bone mineral density (BMD) scores; or
 - b. Contraindication to, hypersensitivity to, or intolerable adverse effects with all bisphosphonates indicated for prevention of postmenopausal osteoporosis; and
5. Member must not have any of the contraindications for use of Duavee®; and
6. Members older than 65 years of age will generally not be approved without supporting information; and
7. Approvals will be for the duration of 6 months to ensure the need for continued therapy is reassessed periodically and the medication is being used for the shortest duration possible; and
8. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply.

Veozah® (Fezolinetant) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved diagnosis of moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms (VMS) due to menopause; and
2. Member must not use CYP1A2 inhibitors (e.g., cimetidine, ciprofloxacin, ethinyl estradiol, fluvoxamine, mexiletine) concomitantly with Veozah®; and
3. Member must not have a history of severe renal impairment, end-stage renal disease, or cirrhosis; and
4. Prescriber must verify baseline renal function and member must have an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) $\geq 30 \text{ mL/min/1.73m}^2$; and
5. Prescriber must verify liver function tests (LFTs) (e.g., ALT, AST, bilirubin) will be monitored prior to the initiation of Veozah®, every 3 months for the first 9 months of treatment, and as clinically indicated thereafter; and
6. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use menopausal hormone therapy must be provided; and
7. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use other guideline supported non-hormonal therapy for VMS (e.g., gabapentin, paroxetine, venlafaxine) must be provided; and
8. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply.

Utilization of VMS Medications: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 4,749 | 15,952 | \$1,223,238.66 | \$76.68 | \$1.69 | 705,964 | 723,405 |
| Aetna | 601 | 1,139 | \$74,054.45 | \$65.02 | \$2.23 | 32,785 | 33,193 |
| Humana | 782 | 1,595 | \$99,999.90 | \$62.70 | \$2.03 | 44,806 | 49,198 |
| OCH | 615 | 1,089 | \$69,960.00 | \$64.24 | \$2.20 | 30,563 | 31,804 |
| 2024 Total | 5,226 | 19,775 | \$1,467,253.01 | \$74.20 | \$1.75 | 814,118 | 837,600 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 2,095 | 5,781 | \$524,786.19 | \$90.78 | \$1.97 | 244,623 | 266,189 |
| Aetna | 1,300 | 4,835 | \$357,711.82 | \$73.98 | \$1.78 | 183,378 | 200,407 |
| Humana | 1,598 | 7,330 | \$502,185.29 | \$68.51 | \$1.84 | 264,807 | 273,261 |
| OCH | 1,249 | 5,581 | \$317,362.55 | \$56.86 | \$1.94 | 156,309 | 163,997 |
| 2025 Total | 5,423 | 23,527 | \$1,702,045.85 | \$72.34 | \$1.88 | 849,117 | 903,854 |
| % Change | 3.80% | 19.00% | 16.00% | -2.50% | 7.40% | 4.30% | 7.90% |
| Change | 197 | 3,752 | \$234,792.84 | -\$1.86 | \$0.13 | 34,999 | 66,254 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

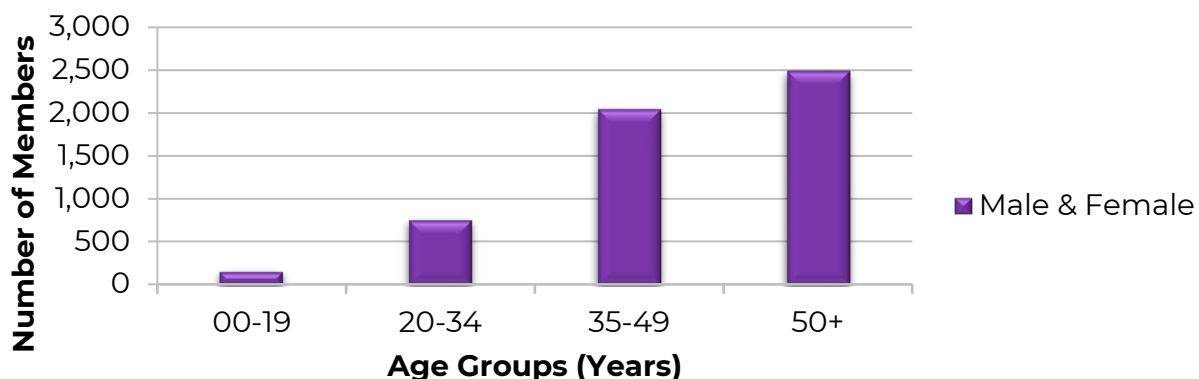
FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

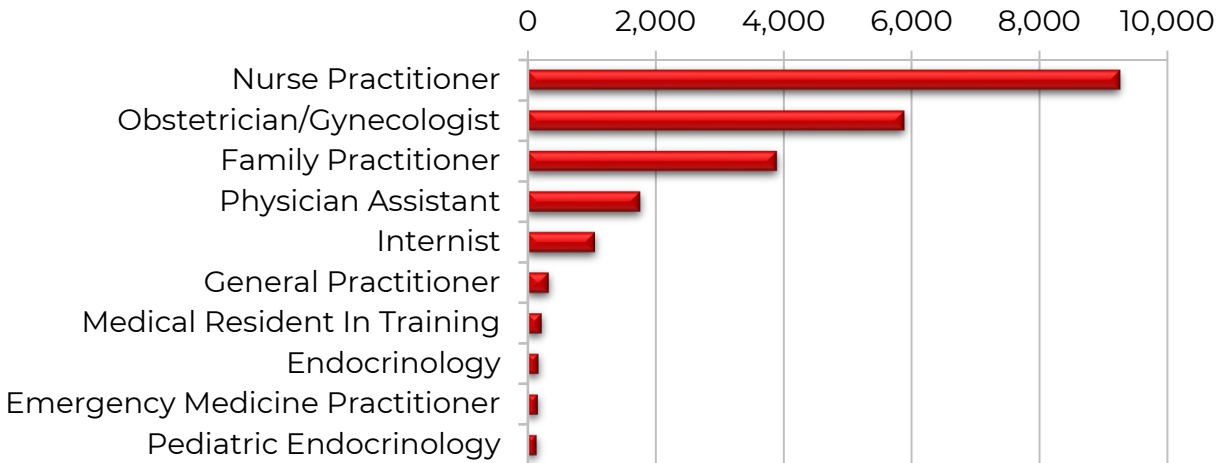
- Aggregate drug rebates collected during fiscal year 2025 for VMS medications totaled \$1,195,335.72.^Δ Rebates are collected after reimbursement for the medication and are not reflected in this report. The costs included in this report do not reflect net costs.

Demographics of Members Utilizing VMS Medications (All Plans)



^Δ Important considerations: Aggregate drug rebates are based on the date the claim is paid rather than the date dispensed. Claims data are based on the date dispensed.

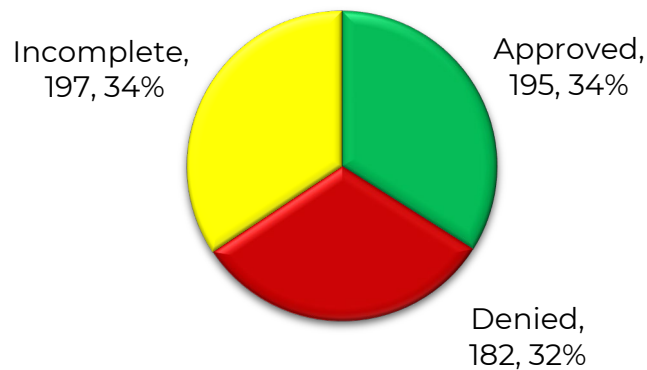
Top Prescriber Specialties of VMS Medications by Number of Claims (All Plans)



Prior Authorization of VMS Medications

There were 574 prior authorization requests submitted for VMS medications during fiscal year 2025. The following chart shows the status of the submitted petitions for fiscal year 2025.

Status of Petitions (All Plans)



Status of Petitions by Plan Type

| Plan Type | Approved | | Incomplete | | Denied | | Total |
|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| FFS | 120 | 35% | 156 | 46% | 63 | 19% | 339 |
| Aetna | 40 | 41% | 35 | 36% | 23 | 23% | 98 |
| Humana | 19 | 31% | 0 | 0% | 43 | 69% | 62 |
| OCH | 16 | 21% | 6 | 8% | 53 | 71% | 75 |
| Total | 195 | 34% | 197 | 34% | 182 | 32% | 574 |

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = OK Complete Health

Market News and Updates^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7}

Anticipated Patent Expiration(s):

- Duavee® (conjugated estrogens/bazedoxifene tablet): March 2027
- Brisdelle® (paroxetine capsule): April 2029
- Minivelle® (estradiol transdermal system): July 2030
- Angeliq® (drospirenone/estradiol tablet): October 2031
- Bijuva® (estradiol/progesterone capsule): November 2032
- Veozah® (fezolinetant): March 2034
- Lynkuet® (elinzanetant): March 2039

New U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Approval(s):

- **April 2024:** Solaris Pharma Corporation received FDA approval for an Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA) for estradiol 0.06% gel, a generic version of EstroGel® which was first approved in 2004. Currently, the manufacturer of the brand name product does not have a federal drug rebate agreement; therefore, it is not covered by SoonerCare.
- **October 2024:** Novitium Pharma received FDA approval for an Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA) for estradiol 0.06% gel, a generic version of EstroGel® which was first approved in 2004. Currently, the brand name does not have a federal drug rebate; therefore, it is not covered by SoonerCare.
- **December 2024:** The FDA added a *Boxed Warning* to Veozah® (elinzanetant) to highlight the risk of a rare, but serious liver injury associated with Veozah®. The warning included updates to the timing of hepatic monitoring, counseling for signs/symptoms of hepatic injury, and when to discontinue therapy.
- **October 2025:** The FDA approved Lynkuet® (elinzanetant) for the treatment of moderate to severe VMS due to menopause.
- **November 2025:** The FDA initiated the removal of the *Boxed Warning* from menopausal hormone replacement therapy products following a comprehensive review of scientific literature, an expert panel that met in July, and a public comment period. The FDA specifically recommended updating the labeling to remove references to risks of cardiovascular disease, breast cancer, and probable dementia. However, the FDA is not seeking to remove the *Boxed Warning* for endometrial cancer for systemic estrogen-alone products.

EstroGel® (Estradiol 0.06% Gel) Product Summary⁸

Therapeutic Class: Estrogen

Indication(s):

- Treatment of moderate to severe VMS due to menopause

- Treatment of moderate to severe symptoms of vulvar and vaginal atrophy due to menopause
 - Limitation of Use: When prescribing solely for the treatment of moderate to severe symptoms of vulvar and vaginal atrophy due to menopause, consideration should be given to the use of topical vaginal products first.

How Supplied: Transdermal gel with 1 pump depression of delivering 1.25g of gel containing 0.75mg of estradiol

Dosing and Administration:

- The recommended dose is 1 pump (1.25g) per day for both indications.
- The recommended area of application is the arm, and the gel should be applied in a thin layer over the entire arm on the inside and outside from wrist to shoulder.

Efficacy:

- The efficacy of EstroGel® on VMS in postmenopausal women was studied in a placebo-controlled trial in 145 postmenopausal women who were randomly assigned to receive 1.25g of EstroGel® or placebo for 12 weeks. The results showed a statistically significant reduction in the frequency and severity of moderate to severe hot flushes per day (treatment difference versus placebo of 1.71, P=0.043).

Lynkuet™ (Elinzanetant) Product Summary^{9,10}

Therapeutic Class: Neurokinin 1 (NK1) and Neurokinin 3 (NK3) receptor antagonist

Indication(s): Treatment of moderate to severe VMS due to menopause

How Supplied: 60mg capsule

Dosing and Administration:

- The recommended dose is 120mg (two 60mg capsules) orally once daily at bedtime with or without food.
- Capsules should be swallowed whole. The capsules should not be cut, crushed, or chewed.
- See full *Prescribing Information* for dosage modifications due to drug interactions.

Efficacy: The efficacy of Lynkuet® was evaluated in 2 randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, multicenter clinical trials (OASIS 1 & OASIS 2).

- Key Inclusion Criteria:
 - Postmenopausal women 40 to 65 years of age
 - Experiencing ≥50 moderate to severe VMS over 7 days during the screening

- Intervention: Randomized 1:1 to receive Lynkuet® or placebo.
 - After 12 weeks, women on placebo were switched over to Lynkuet® for a 14-week extension for up to 26 weeks total exposure.
- Primary Outcome: Mean change in frequency and severity of moderate to severe VMS from baseline to weeks 4 and 12, including day and night hot flashes measured using the Hot Flash Daily Diary (HFDD)
- Results:
 - OASIS 1:
 - Change from baseline to week 4:
 - Least squared (LS)-Means [Standard Error (SE)] in Lynkuet® treated group: -7.60 (0.43) versus -4.31 (0.43) in the placebo group
 - Treatment difference of -3.29 versus placebo [95% confidence interval (CI): -4.47, -2.10, P<0.0001]
 - Change from baseline to week 12:
 - LS-Means (SE) in Lynkuet® treated group: -8.66 (0.58) versus -5.44 (0.59) in the placebo group
 - Treatment difference of -3.22 versus placebo (95% CI: -4.81, -1.63, P<0.0001)
 - OASIS 2:
 - Change from baseline to week 4:
 - LS-Means (SE) in Lynkuet® treated group: -8.58 (0.49) versus -5.54 (0.49) in the placebo group
 - Treatment difference of -3.04 versus placebo (95% CI: -4.40, -1.68, P<0.0001)
 - Change from baseline to week 12:
 - LS-Means (SE) in Lynkuet® treated group: -9.72 (0.50) versus -6.48 (0.49) in the placebo group
 - Treatment difference of -3.24 versus placebo (95% CI: -4.60, -1.88, P<0.0001)

Cost Comparison: Menopausal Hormone Therapy

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per Month | Cost Per Year |
|---|---------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| estradiol 0.06% gel pump (generic EstroGel®) | \$3.49 | \$130.88^λ | \$1,570.50 |
| estradiol 0.1% gel packet (generic Divigel®) | \$1.91 | \$57.30 ^Δ | \$687.60 |
| estradiol-norethindrone 0.5-0.1mg tablet (generic) | \$0.44 | \$13.20* | \$158.40 |
| estradiol 1mg tablet (generic) | \$0.06 | \$1.26 ^α | \$16.38 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

Unit = gram, packet, or tablet

^λCost per month is based on the FDA approved dose of 1 pump (1.25g) per day or 37.5g per month.

^ΔCost per month is based on 1 packet per day.

*Cost per month is based on the FDA approved dose of 1 tablet once daily.

^αCost per month is based on the FDA approved dosing of 1mg once daily in a cyclical pattern (3 weeks on, 1 week off)

Cost Comparison: Non-Hormonal Therapy¹¹

| Product | Cost Per Unit | Cost Per Month | Cost Per Year |
|---|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Lynkuet™ (elinzanetant) 60mg capsule | \$10.42 | \$625.20^α | \$7,502.40 |
| Veozah® (fezolinetant) 45mg tablet | \$18.08 | \$542.40* | \$6,508.80 |
| venlafaxine 75mg ER capsule (generic) | \$0.09 | \$2.70 ⁺ | \$32.40 |
| gabapentin 300mg capsule (generic) | \$0.03 | \$2.70 ^β | \$32.40 |
| paroxetine 10mg tablet (generic) | \$0.06 | \$1.80 ⁺ | \$21.60 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs. Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), or State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC).

ER = extended-release; Unit = capsule or tablet

^αCost per month is based on the FDA approved 120mg once daily dose.

*Cost per month is based on the FDA approved 45mg daily dose.

⁺Cost per month is based on the North American Menopause Society (NAMS) Nonhormone Therapy Position Statement 2023 recommended dosing for each product administered once daily.

^βCost per month is based on the NAMS guideline recommended dosing of 300mg three times daily.

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Lynkuet® (elinzanetant) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Lynkuet® (Elinzanetant) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication for the treatment of moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms (VMS) due to menopause; and
2. Prescriber must verify the following:
 - a. Member will not use strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g., clarithromycin, grapefruit juice, itraconazole, ketoconazole) or moderate/strong CYP3A4 inducers (e.g., rifampin, carbamazepine, phenytoin, St. John's wort) concomitantly with Lynkuet®; and
 - b. Liver function tests (LFTs) (e.g., ALT, AST, bilirubin) will be assessed prior to the initiation of Lynkuet®, and member will not start treatment with Lynkuet® if labs are ≥2 times the upper limit of normal; and
 - c. Follow-up evaluations of LFTs will be done 3 months after initiation of therapy; and
3. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use menopausal hormone therapy must be provided; and
4. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use other guideline supported non-hormonal therapy for VMS (e.g., gabapentin, paroxetine, venlafaxine) must be provided; and
5. A quantity limit of 60 capsules per 30 days will apply.

The College of Pharmacy also recommends updating the approval criteria for Veozah® (fezolinetant) based on the FDA approved label updates (changes shown in red):

Veozah® (Fezolinetant) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved ~~diagnosis~~ **indication for the treatment** of moderate-to-severe vasomotor symptoms (VMS) due to menopause; and
2. **Prescriber must verify the following:**
 - a. Member ~~must~~ **will** not use CYP1A2 inhibitors (e.g., cimetidine, ciprofloxacin, ethinyl estradiol, fluvoxamine, mexiletine) concomitantly with Veozah®; and
 - b. Member ~~must~~ **does** not have a history of severe renal impairment, end-stage renal disease, or cirrhosis; and
 - c. ~~Prescriber must verify b~~ **Baseline renal function has been assessed** and member ~~must have~~ **has** an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) $\geq 30 \text{ mL/min/1.73m}^2$; and
 - ~~d. Prescriber must verify liver function tests (LFTs) (e.g., ALT, AST, bilirubin) will be monitored prior to the initiation of Veozah®, every 3 months for the first 9 months of treatment, and as clinically indicated thereafter; and~~
 - e. Liver function tests (LFTs) (e.g., ALT, AST, bilirubin) will be assessed prior to the initiation of Veozah®, and member will not start treatment with Veozah® if labs are ≥ 2 times the upper limit of normal; and
 - f. Follow up evaluations of LFTs will be done monthly for the first 3 months of treatment, then at 6 months, and 9 months of treatment, and as clinically indicated thereafter; and
 - g. Member will be counseled to discontinue Veozah® immediately and seek medical attention if they experience signs or symptoms that may suggest liver injury (i.e., new onset fatigue, nausea, vomiting, pruritus, jaundice, pale feces, dark urine, or right upper quadrant pain); and
3. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use menopausal hormone therapy must be provided; and
4. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use other guideline supported non-hormonal therapy for VMS (e.g., gabapentin, paroxetine, venlafaxine) must be provided; and
5. A quantity limit of 30 tablets per 30 days will apply.

Finally, the College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of EstroGel® (estradiol 0.06% gel) with the following criteria based on net cost (shown in red):

EstroGel® (Estradiol 0.06% Gel) Approval Criteria:

1. An FDA approved indication of 1 of the following:
 - a. Treatment of moderate to severe vasomotor symptoms due to menopause; or
 - b. Treatment of moderate to severe symptoms of vulvar and vaginal atrophy due to menopause; and
2. Member must not have any contraindications for use of EstroGel®; and
3. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why other topical estradiol formulations (e.g., Divigel®) are not appropriate for the member must be provided; and
4. Members older than 65 years of age will generally not be approved without supporting information; and
5. Approvals will be for the duration of 6 months to ensure the need for continued therapy is reassessed periodically and the medication is being used for the shortest duration possible; and
6. A quantity limit of 37.5 grams per 30 days will apply.

Utilization Details of VMS Medications: Fiscal Year 2025**Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)**

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| ORAL ESTROGEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| ESTRADIOL TAB 1MG | 5,894 | 1,630 | \$72,186.66 | \$12.25 | 3.62 | 4.24% |
| ESTRADIOL TAB 2MG | 4,591 | 1,126 | \$76,223.72 | \$16.60 | 4.08 | 4.48% |
| ESTRADIOL TAB 0.5MG | 2,416 | 786 | \$30,676.20 | \$12.70 | 3.07 | 1.80% |
| PREMARIN TAB 0.625MG | 531 | 127 | \$167,012.26 | \$314.52 | 4.18 | 9.81% |
| PREMARIN TAB 1.25MG | 328 | 82 | \$107,748.34 | \$328.50 | 4 | 6.33% |
| PREMARIN TAB 0.3MG | 292 | 78 | \$83,384.66 | \$285.56 | 3.74 | 4.90% |
| PREMARIN TAB 0.9MG | 89 | 18 | \$25,980.64 | \$291.92 | 4.94 | 1.53% |
| PREMARIN TAB 0.45MG | 50 | 18 | \$12,638.49 | \$252.77 | 2.78 | 0.74% |
| MENEST TAB 0.625MG | 12 | 3 | \$1,088.80 | \$90.73 | 4 | 0.06% |
| MENEST TAB 0.3MG | 10 | 3 | \$853.08 | \$85.31 | 3.33 | 0.05% |
| MENEST TAB 1.25MG | 1 | 1 | \$230.08 | \$230.08 | 1 | 0.01% |
| SUBTOTAL | 14,214 | 3,872 | \$578,022.93 | \$40.67 | 3.67 | 33.96% |
| TOPICAL ESTROGEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| DOTTI DIS 0.1MG | 777 | 179 | \$51,905.39 | \$66.80 | 4.34 | 3.05% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.1MG BIWEEKLY | 641 | 160 | \$41,118.09 | \$64.15 | 4.01 | 2.42% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.1MG WEEKLY | 588 | 148 | \$32,169.62 | \$54.71 | 3.97 | 1.89% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.05MG WEEKLY | 553 | 146 | \$34,823.97 | \$62.97 | 3.79 | 2.05% |
| DOTTI DIS 0.05MG | 514 | 139 | \$32,306.14 | \$62.85 | 3.7 | 1.90% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.05MG BIWEEKLY | 480 | 150 | \$29,139.24 | \$60.71 | 3.2 | 1.71% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.025MG WEEKLY | 469 | 135 | \$24,245.91 | \$51.70 | 3.47 | 1.42% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.025MG BIWEEKLY | 249 | 82 | \$14,691.75 | \$59.00 | 3.04 | 0.86% |
| DOTTI DIS 0.025MG | 225 | 68 | \$13,274.42 | \$59.00 | 3.31 | 0.78% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| DOTTI DIS 0.075MG | 225 | 61 | \$13,089.41 | \$58.18 | 3.69 | 0.77% |
| DOTTI DIS 0.0375MG | 223 | 66 | \$13,941.99 | \$62.52 | 3.38 | 0.82% |
| ESTRADIOL GEL 1MG/GM | 204 | 56 | \$16,378.78 | \$80.29 | 3.64 | 0.96% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.0375MG BIWEEKLY | 201 | 66 | \$12,304.88 | \$61.22 | 3.05 | 0.72% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.075MG BIWEEKLY | 178 | 47 | \$10,682.83 | \$60.02 | 3.79 | 0.63% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.0375MG WEEKLY | 155 | 46 | \$8,519.04 | \$54.96 | 3.37 | 0.50% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.075MG WEEKLY | 138 | 42 | \$7,828.53 | \$56.73 | 3.29 | 0.46% |
| ESTRADIOL GEL 0.5MG | 116 | 42 | \$8,222.00 | \$70.88 | 2.76 | 0.48% |
| ESTRADIOL GEL 0.75MG | 94 | 25 | \$6,824.59 | \$72.60 | 3.76 | 0.40% |
| LYLLANA DIS 0.05MG | 92 | 36 | \$5,202.00 | \$56.54 | 2.56 | 0.31% |
| ESTRADIOL GEL 0.06% | 72 | 25 | \$10,038.98 | \$139.43 | 2.88 | 0.59% |
| ESTRADIOL DIS 0.06MG WEEKLY | 66 | 16 | \$3,267.44 | \$49.51 | 4.13 | 0.19% |
| ESTRADIOL GEL 1.25MG | 64 | 19 | \$5,064.68 | \$79.14 | 3.37 | 0.30% |
| ESTRADIOL GEL 0.25MG | 48 | 20 | \$3,766.57 | \$78.47 | 2.4 | 0.22% |
| LYLLANA DIS 0.075MG | 47 | 14 | \$2,822.41 | \$60.05 | 3.36 | 0.17% |
| EVAMIST SPR 1.53MG | 34 | 9 | \$5,111.06 | \$150.33 | 3.78 | 0.30% |
| LYLLANA DIS 0.0375MG | 23 | 11 | \$1,455.98 | \$63.30 | 2.09 | 0.09% |
| LYLLANA DIS 0.025MG | 20 | 10 | \$1,197.14 | \$59.86 | 2 | 0.07% |
| LYLLANA DIS 0.1MG | 17 | 10 | \$1,049.71 | \$61.75 | 1.7 | 0.06% |
| MINIVELLE DIS 0.1MG | 15 | 1 | \$2,894.17 | \$192.94 | 15 | 0.17% |
| VIVELLE-DOT DIS 0.025MG | 11 | 1 | \$1,802.61 | \$163.87 | 11 | 0.11% |
| MENOSTAR DIS 14MCG | 10 | 2 | \$1,674.32 | \$167.43 | 5 | 0.10% |
| CLIMARA DIS 0.06MG | 7 | 1 | \$561.88 | \$80.27 | 7 | 0.03% |
| VIVELLE-DOT DIS 0.1MG | 7 | 4 | \$1,116.59 | \$159.51 | 1.75 | 0.07% |
| DIVIGEL GEL 0.5MG | 6 | 2 | \$1,038.91 | \$173.15 | 3 | 0.06% |
| DIVIGEL GEL 1.25MG | 4 | 2 | \$609.41 | \$152.35 | 2 | 0.04% |
| DIVIGEL GEL 1MG/GM | 3 | 3 | \$518.53 | \$172.84 | 1 | 0.03% |
| ELESTRIN GEL 0.06% | 3 | 2 | \$400.30 | \$133.43 | 1.5 | 0.02% |
| CLIMARA DIS 0.025MG | 2 | 1 | \$99.28 | \$49.64 | 2 | 0.01% |
| MINIVELLE DIS 0.05MG | 1 | 1 | \$233.67 | \$233.67 | 1 | 0.01% |
| DIVIGEL GEL 0.25MG | 1 | 1 | \$168.93 | \$168.93 | 1 | 0.01% |
| VIVELLE-DOT DIS 0.0375MG | 1 | 1 | \$165.17 | \$165.17 | 1 | 0.01% |
| SUBTOTAL | 6,584 | 1,850 | \$421,726.32 | \$64.05 | 3.56 | 24.78% |
| ORAL ESTROGEN/PROGESTIN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| PREMPRO TAB 0.3-1.5MG | 310 | 81 | \$89,520.28 | \$288.78 | 3.83 | 5.26% |
| PREMPRO TAB 0.625-2.5MG | 227 | 49 | \$74,456.38 | \$328.00 | 4.63 | 4.37% |
| ESTRA/NORETH TAB 1-0.5MG | 173 | 41 | \$5,663.23 | \$32.74 | 4.22 | 0.33% |
| PREMPRO TAB 0.45-1.5MG | 93 | 26 | \$30,718.89 | \$330.31 | 3.58 | 1.80% |
| ESTRA/NORETH TAB 0.5-0.1MG | 81 | 22 | \$2,544.21 | \$31.41 | 3.68 | 0.15% |
| PREMPRO TAB 0.625-5MG | 50 | 15 | \$16,994.91 | \$339.90 | 3.33 | 1.00% |
| FYAVOLV TAB 0.5-2.5MCG | 47 | 12 | \$2,370.13 | \$50.43 | 3.92 | 0.14% |
| MIMVEY TAB 1-0.5MG | 39 | 16 | \$1,532.56 | \$39.30 | 2.44 | 0.09% |
| NORETH/ETHIN TAB 1MG-5MCG | 37 | 20 | \$2,272.76 | \$61.43 | 1.85 | 0.13% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|--|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| ANGELIQ TAB 0.5-1MG | 33 | 6 | \$9,638.44 | \$292.07 | 5.5 | 0.57% |
| ANGELIQ TAB 0.25-0.5MG | 31 | 9 | \$7,732.33 | \$249.43 | 3.44 | 0.45% |
| NORETH/ETHIN TAB 0.5-2.5MCG | 27 | 13 | \$1,447.71 | \$53.62 | 2.08 | 0.09% |
| PREMPHASE TAB 0.625-5MG | 10 | 1 | \$2,459.01 | \$245.90 | 10 | 0.14% |
| BIJUVA CAP 0.5-100MG | 7 | 3 | \$1,850.93 | \$264.42 | 2.33 | 0.11% |
| BIJUVA CAP 1-100MG | 7 | 6 | \$2,273.60 | \$324.80 | 1.17 | 0.13% |
| FYAVOLV TAB 1MG-5MCG | 6 | 4 | \$309.75 | \$51.63 | 1.5 | 0.02% |
| JINTELI TAB 1MG-5MCG | 3 | 3 | \$118.24 | \$39.41 | 1 | 0.01% |
| SUBTOTAL | 1,181 | 327 | \$251,903 | \$213.30 | 3.61 | 14.80% |
| INJECTABLE ESTROGEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| ESTRADIOL VAL INJ 20MG/ML | 432 | 182 | \$44,471.73 | \$102.94 | 2.37 | 2.61% |
| DEPO-ESTRADIOL INJ 5MG/ML | 114 | 56 | \$24,356.08 | \$213.65 | 2.04 | 1.43% |
| ESTRADIOL VAL INJ 40MG/ML | 56 | 21 | \$9,147.93 | \$163.36 | 2.67 | 0.54% |
| ESTRADIOL VAL INJ 10MG/ML | 48 | 16 | \$4,472.70 | \$93.18 | 3 | 0.26% |
| DELESTROGEN INJ 10MG/ML | 9 | 3 | \$1,220.47 | \$135.61 | 3 | 0.07% |
| SUBTOTAL | 659 | 278 | \$83,668.91 | \$126.96 | 2.37 | 4.92% |
| TOPICAL ESTROGEN/PROGESTIN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| COMBIPATCH DIS 0.05-0.14MG/DAY | 200 | 60 | \$51,181.08 | \$255.91 | 3.33 | 3.01% |
| CLIMARA PRO DIS 0.045-0.015MG/DAY | 193 | 60 | \$48,370.14 | \$250.62 | 3.22 | 2.84% |
| COMBIPATCH DIS 0.05-0.25MG/DAY | 49 | 16 | \$12,196.38 | \$248.91 | 3.06 | 0.72% |
| SUBTOTAL | 442 | 136 | \$111,747.60 | \$252.82 | 3.25 | 6.57% |
| FEZOLINETANT PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| VEOZAH TAB 45MG | 387 | 110 | \$211,781.31 | \$547.24 | 3.52 | 12.44% |
| SUBTOTAL | 387 | 110 | \$211,781.31 | \$547.24 | 3.52 | 12.44% |
| VAGINAL ESTROGEN PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| FEMRING MIS 0.1MG/24H | 35 | 12 | \$28,668.99 | \$819.11 | 2.92 | 1.68% |
| FEMRING MIS 0.05MG/24H | 18 | 7 | \$13,695.33 | \$760.85 | 2.57 | 0.80% |
| SUBTOTAL | 53 | 19 | \$42,364.32 | \$799.33 | 2.79 | 2.49% |
| PAROXETINE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| PAROXETINE CAP 7.5MG | 5 | 5 | \$430.75 | \$86.15 | 1 | 0.03% |
| SUBTOTAL | 5 | 5 | \$430.75 | \$86.15 | 1 | 0.03% |
| ORAL ESTROGEN/BAZEDOXIFENE PRODUCTS | | | | | | |
| DUAVEE TAB 0.45-20MG | 2 | 1 | \$400.35 | \$200.18 | 2 | 0.02% |
| SUBTOTAL | 2 | 1 | \$400.35 | \$200.18 | 2 | 0.02% |
| TOTAL | 23,527 | 5,423 | \$1,702,045.85 | \$72.34 | 4.34 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

CAP=capsule; DIS = patch; ESTRA/NORETH = estradiol/norethindrone; INJ = injection; MIS = insert;

NORETH/ETHIN = norethindrone/ethinyl estradiol; SPR = spray; TAB = tablet; VAL = valerate

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations. Available online at: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/ob/default.cfm>. Last revised 12/2025. Last accessed 12/08/2025.

² U.S. FDA. Drugs@FDA: FDA-Approved Drugs Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA): 216160. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/daf/index.cfm?event=BasicSearch.process&ApplNo=216160>. Last revised 04/2024. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

³ U.S. FDA. Drugs@FDA: FDA-Approved Drugs Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA): 217882. Available online at: <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/daf/index.cfm?event=BasicSearch.process&ApplNo=217882>. Last revised 10/2024. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

⁴ U.S. FDA. FDA Adds Warning About Rare Occurrence of Serious Liver Injury with Use of Veozah® (Fezolinetant) for Hot Flashes Due to Menopause. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/drugs/drug-safety-and-availability/fda-adds-warning-about-rare-occurrence-serious-liver-injury-use-veozah-fezolinetant-hot-flashes-due>. Last revised 12/20/2024. Last accessed 12/08/2025.

⁵ Veozah® (Fezolinetant) Prescribing Information. Astellas Pharma US, Inc. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2024/216578s004lbl.pdf. Last revised 12/2024. Last accessed 12/08/2025.

⁶ Bayer. Bayer's Lynkuet® (Elinzanetant), the First and Only Neurokinin 1 and Neurokinin 3 Receptor Antagonist, Receives FDA Approval for Moderate to Severe Hot Flashes Due to Menopause. Available online at: <https://www.bayer.com/en/us/news-stories/lynkuet>. Issued 10/24/2025. Last accessed 12/09/2025.

⁷ U.S. FDA. HHS Advances Women's Health, Removes Misleading FDA Warnings on Hormone Replacement Therapy. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/hhs-advances-womens-health-removes-misleading-fda-warnings-hormone-replacement-therapy>. Issued 11/10/2025. Last accessed 12/15/2025.

⁸ EstroGel® 0.06% (Estradiol Gel) Prescribing Information. Ascend Therapeutics US, LLC. Available online at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2024/021166s019lbl.pdf. Last revised 12/2023. Last accessed 12/30/2025.

⁹ Lynkuet® (Elinzanetant) Prescribing Information. Bayer. Available online at: https://labeling.bayerhealthcare.com/html/products/pi/Lynkuet_PI.pdf. Last revised 10/2025. Last accessed 12/09/2025.

¹⁰ Pinkerton J, Simon J, Joffe H, et al. Elinzanetant for the Treatment of Vasomotor Symptoms Associated with Menopause: OASIS 1 and 2 Randomized Clinical Trials. *JAMA* 2024; 332(16): 1343-1354. doi:10.1001/jama.2024.14618.

¹¹ Shufelt C, Brown V, Carpenter J, et al. The 2023 Nonhormone Therapy Position Statement of The North American Menopause Society. *Menopause* 2023; 30(6):573-590. doi: 10.1097/GME.0000000000002200.



30-Day Notice to Prior Authorize Alyglo™ [Immune Globulin (IG) Intravenous (IV), Human-stwk], Asceniv™ (IGIV, Human-slra), Bivigam® (IGIV, Human), Cuvitru® (IG Subcutaneous (SC), Human), Gammaplex® (IGIV, Human), Hizentra® (IGSC, Human), Octagam® (IGIV, Human), Panzyga® (IGIV, Human-ifas), and Xembify® (IGSC, human)

**Oklahoma Health Care Authority
January 2026**

Introduction^{1,2,3}

Immune globulin (IG) products intended for intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous (SC) use are immunoglobulins pooled from healthy donors and supplied as concentrated injectable formulations. IGIV and IGSC products provide the recipient with passive immunity against a broad spectrum of antigens, which can be beneficial in the treatment of a plethora of conditions, including immunodeficiencies, auto-immune, and inflammatory disorders.

There are numerous IGIV and IGSC products currently marketed in the United States, that vary regarding inactive ingredients, concentration, osmolality, and other characteristics. While all currently available IGIV and IGSC products in the United States are FDA-approved for primary humoral immunodeficiency (PI), the breadth of FDA-approved indications for each product and concentration differs, and the products are not considered equivalent. However, IGIV and IGSC products are often used off label with the support of clinical literature and clinical practice guidelines recommending product selection based on the preferred route of administration, patient tolerability, excipients, and costs.

Utilization of IGIV and IGSC Products: Fiscal Year 2025

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Cost/Day | Total Units | Total Days |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 109 | 1,156 | \$4,546,241.86 | \$3,932.74 | \$158.12 | 369,018 | 28,751 |
| Aetna | 10 | 32 | \$141,617.43 | \$4,425.54 | \$157.35 | 10,630 | 900 |
| Humana | 6 | 32 | \$102,339.43 | \$3,198.11 | \$117.90 | 6,260 | 868 |
| OCH | 18 | 71 | \$253,049.44 | \$3,564.08 | \$170.40 | 19,444 | 1,485 |
| 2024 Total | 112 | 1,291 | \$5,043,248.16 | \$3,906.47 | \$157.58 | 405,352 | 32,004 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | | | |
| FFS | 80 | 729 | \$3,540,371.10 | \$4,856.48 | \$194.43 | 269,277 | 18,209 |
| Aetna | 17 | 151 | \$765,170.37 | \$5,067.35 | \$191.68 | 57,110 | 3,992 |
| Humana | 14 | 132 | \$667,435.41 | \$5,056.33 | \$190.10 | 47,670 | 3,511 |
| OCH | 28 | 397 | \$1,211,826.11 | \$3,052.46 | \$138.05 | 91,187 | 8,778 |
| 2025 Total | 128 | 1,409 | \$6,184,802.99 | \$4,389.50 | \$179.32 | 465,244 | 34,490 |
| % Change | 14.30% | 9.10% | 22.60% | 12.40% | 13.80% | 14.80% | 7.80% |
| Change | 16 | 118 | \$1,141,554.83 | \$483.03 | \$21.74 | 59,892 | 2,486 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Comparison of Fiscal Years: Medical Claims (All Plans)

| Plan Type | *Total Members | *Total Claims | Total Cost | Cost/Claim | Claims/Member |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Fiscal Year 2024 | | | | | |
| FFS | 140 | 1520 | \$3,430,327.86 | \$2,256.79 | 10.86 |
| Aetna | 0 | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 0 |
| Humana | 3 | 5 | \$16,011.04 | \$3,202.21 | 1.67 |
| OCH | 14 | 38 | \$110,645.56 | \$2,911.73 | 2.71 |
| 2024 Total | 143 | 1,563 | \$3,556,984.46 | \$2,275.74 | 10.93 |
| Fiscal Year 2025 | | | | | |
| FFS | 102 | 869 | \$2,162,254.98 | \$2,488.21 | 8.52 |
| Aetna | 27 | 185 | \$460,157.32 | \$2,487.34 | 6.85 |
| Humana | 19 | 175 | \$439,932.63 | \$2,513.90 | 9.21 |
| OCH | 39 | 391 | \$711,706.88 | \$1,820.22 | 10.03 |
| 2025 Total | 161 | 1,620 | \$3,774,051.81 | \$2,329.66 | 10.06 |
| % Change | 18 | 57 | \$217,067.35 | \$53.92 | -\$0.87 |
| Change | 12.59% | 3.65% | 6.10% | 2.37% | -7.94% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

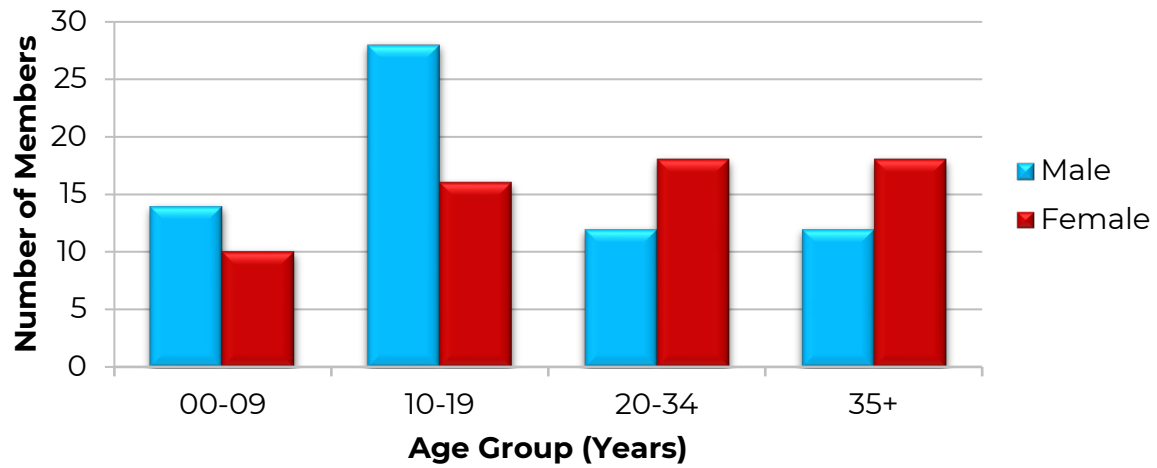
*Total number of unduplicated claims.

FFS = fee-for-service; OCH = Oklahoma Complete Health

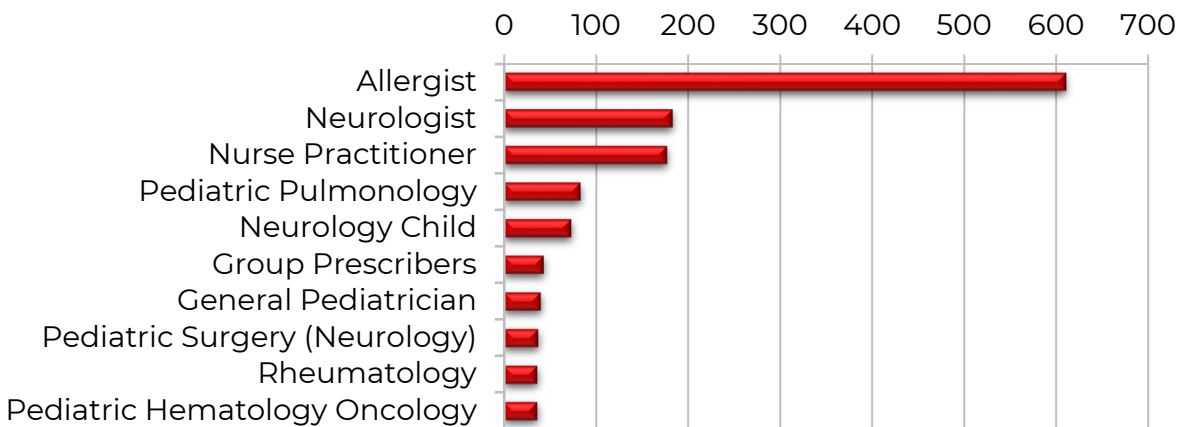
Fiscal Year 2024 = 07/01/2023 to 06/30/2024; Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Please note: SoonerSelect managed care plans became effective on 04/01/2024.

Demographics of Members Utilizing IGIV and IGSC Products: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



Top Prescriber Specialties of IGIV and IGSC Products by Number of Claims: Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)



Cost Comparison: IGIV Products

| Product | Cost Per Gram | Cost Per Dose* | Cost Per Year† |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Asceniv™ (IGIV, human-slra) 10% | \$965.40 | \$38,616.00 | \$695,088.00 |
| Alyglo™ (IGIV, human-stwk) 10% | \$312.90 | \$12,516.00 | \$225,288.00 |
| Bivigam® (IGIV, human) 10% | \$154.78 | \$6,191.20 | \$111,441.60 |
| Panzyga® (IGIV, human-ifas) 10% | \$145.99 | \$5,839.60 | \$105,112.80 |
| Gammaplex® (IGIV, human) 10% | \$127.37 | \$5,094.80 | \$91,706.40 |
| Octagam® (IGIV, human) 5% | \$95.05 | \$3,802.00 | \$68,436.00 |
| Gammagard S/D® (IGIV, human) 10g vial | \$157.59 | \$6,303.60 | \$113,464.80 |
| Privigen® (IGIV, human) 10% | \$101.47 | \$4,058.80 | \$73,058.40 |
| Gammaked™ (IG inj, human) 10g/100mL | \$97.93 | \$3,917.20 | \$70,509.60 |
| Gamunex®-C (IG inj, human) 1g/10mL | \$97.93 | \$3,917.20 | \$70,509.60 |
| Gammagard Liquid® (IG inf, human) 10% | \$90.63 | \$3,625.20 | \$65,253.60 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC), or Specialty Pharmaceutical Allowable Costs (SPAC).

*Cost per dose is based on 500mg/kg, which is the midpoint of the FDA-approved dosing range of 400-600mg/kg for primary immunodeficiency (PI), rounded to the nearest 5 gram for a 75kg patient.

†Cost per year is based on IV administration every 3 weeks, which is the shortest interval recommended by the FDA for PI; the cost per year calculation assumes a stable dose (e.g., no titration based on individual patient response or IgG levels).

IGIV = immunoglobulin intravenous; inf = infusion; inj = injection

Cost Comparison: IGSC Products

| Product | Cost Per Gram | Cost Per Dose* | Cost Per Year† |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Xembify® (IGSC, human) 20% | \$197.40 | \$1,974.00 | \$102,648.00 |
| Cuvitru® (IGSC, human) 20% | \$168.42 | \$1,684.20 | \$87,578.40 |
| Hizentra® (IGSC, human) 20% | \$143.35 | \$1,433.50 | \$74,542.00 |
| Cutaquig® (IGSC, human) 16.5% | \$127.20 | \$1,272.00 | \$66,144.00 |
| Gammaked™ (IG inj, human) 10g/100mL | \$97.93 | \$979.30 | \$50,923.60 |
| Gamunex®-C (IG inj, human) 1g/10mL | \$97.93 | \$979.30 | \$50,923.60 |
| Gammagard Liquid® (IG inf, human) 10% | \$90.63 | \$906.30 | \$47,127.60 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

Costs based on National Average Drug Acquisition Costs (NADAC), Wholesale Acquisition Costs (WAC), State Maximum Allowable Costs (SMAC), or Specialty Pharmaceutical Allowable Costs (SPAC).

*Cost per dose is based on the FDA-approved starting dose of 150mg/kg for PI, rounded to the nearest 5 gram, for a 75kg patient.

†Cost per year excludes loading doses and is based on SC administration weekly, which is a recommended initiating interval per the FDA; assumes a stable dose (e.g., no titration based on individual patient response or IgG levels).

IGSC = immunoglobulin subcutaneous; inf = infusion; inj = injection

Recommendations

The College of Pharmacy recommends the prior authorization of Alyglo™ (IGIV, human-stwk), Asceniv™ (IGIV, human-slra), Bivigam® (IGIV, human), Cuvitru® (IGSC, human), Gammaplex® (IGIV, human), Hizentra® (IGSC, human), Octagam® (IGIV, human), Panzyga® (IGIV, human-ifas), and Xembify® (IGSC, human) with the following criteria (shown in red):

Alyglo™ [Immune Globulin (IG) Intravenous (IV), Human-stwk], Asceniv™ (IGIV, Human-slra), Bivigam® (IGIV, Human), Cuvitru® [IG Subcutaneous (SC), Human], Gammaplex® (IGIV, Human), Hizentra® (IGSC, Human), Octagam (IGIV, Human), Panzyga® (IGIV, Human-ifas) and Xembify® (IGSC, Human) Approval Criteria:

1. Documentation of prior stabilization on the requested product with documented benefit from therapy (i.e., recent office notes) must be submitted with the request; or
2. For Alyglo™ and Asceniv™, a patient-specific clinically significant reason why the member cannot use all other available immunoglobulin therapy products must be provided; or
3. A patient-specific, clinically significant reason why the member cannot use all of the following, which are available without prior authorization, as appropriate for the requested route of administration:
 - a. For intravenous (IV) administration:
 - i. Gammagard Liquid® (IG infusion, human); and
 - ii. Gammagard S/D® (IGIV, human); and
 - iii. Gammaked™ (IG injection, human); and
 - iv. Gamunex®-C (IG injection, human); and
 - v. Privigen® (IGIV, human); and
 - b. For subcutaneous (SC) administration:
 - i. Cutaquig® (IGSC, human); and
 - ii. Gammagard Liquid® (IG infusion, human); and
 - iii. Gammaked™ (IG injection, human); and
 - iv. Gamunex®-C (IG injection, human); and
4. Member's recent weight (taken within the last 3 months) utilized for dosing calculations (e.g., actual body weight, ideal body weight, adjusted body weight) and intended dosing frequency must be provided on the prior authorization request in order to authorize the appropriate amount of product; and
5. Initial approvals will be for up to 6 months. Subsequent approval will be for the duration of up to 1 year if there is documentation of clinical effectiveness.

Utilization Details of IGIV and IGSC Products: Fiscal Year 2025

Pharmacy Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|--------|
| GAMUNEX-C INJ 5GM/50ML | 112 | 13 | \$112,012.36 | \$1,000.11 | 8.62 | 1.81% |
| GAMUNEX-C INJ 10GM/100ML | 100 | 14 | \$364,385.76 | \$3,643.86 | 7.14 | 5.89% |
| GAMMAGARD INJ 30GM/300ML | 97 | 14 | \$311,397.01 | \$3,210.28 | 6.93 | 5.03% |
| HIZENTRA SOL 20% | 93 | 13 | \$227,742.33 | \$2,448.84 | 7.15 | 3.68% |
| GAMUNEX-C INJ 1GM/10ML | 86 | 8 | \$31,507.56 | \$366.37 | 10.75 | 0.51% |
| GAMUNEX-C INJ 20GM/200ML | 84 | 11 | \$326,220.67 | \$3,883.58 | 7.64 | 5.27% |
| HIZENTRA INJ 2GM/10ML | 69 | 10 | \$60,879.21 | \$882.31 | 6.9 | 0.98% |
| GAMMAGARD INJ 20GM/200ML | 65 | 11 | \$523,546.13 | \$8,054.56 | 5.91 | 8.47% |
| GAMMAGARD INJ 10GM/100ML | 59 | 11 | \$243,910.13 | \$4,134.07 | 5.36 | 3.94% |
| GAMMAGARD INJ 5GM/50ML | 55 | 12 | \$77,683.92 | \$1,412.43 | 4.58 | 1.26% |
| HIZENTRA INJ 10GM/50ML | 52 | 10 | \$402,984.12 | \$7,749.69 | 5.2 | 6.52% |
| OCTAGAM INJ 10GM/100ML | 40 | 7 | \$317,477.86 | \$7,936.95 | 5.71 | 5.13% |
| XEMBIFY INJ 4GM/20ML | 34 | 8 | \$140,499.96 | \$4,132.35 | 4.25 | 2.27% |
| HIZENTRA INJ 4GM/20ML | 34 | 7 | \$42,467.38 | \$1,249.04 | 4.86 | 0.69% |
| OCTAGAM INJ 30/300ML | 32 | 5 | \$261,782.43 | \$8,180.70 | 6.4 | 4.23% |
| HIZENTRA INJ 1GM/5ML | 32 | 5 | \$12,188.92 | \$380.90 | 6.4 | 0.20% |
| XEMBIFY INJ 10GM/50ML | 31 | 8 | \$321,522.41 | \$10,371.69 | 3.88 | 5.20% |
| GAMUNEX-C INJ 40GM/400ML | 26 | 5 | \$897,106.66 | \$34,504.10 | 5.2 | 14.51% |
| HIZENTRA INJ 2GM/10ML | 21 | 6 | \$111,036.33 | \$5,287.44 | 3.5 | 1.80% |
| CUVITRU INJ 2GM/10ML | 19 | 3 | \$22,367.45 | \$1,177.23 | 6.33 | 0.36% |
| CUVITRU INJ 8GM/40ML | 18 | 3 | \$117,206.82 | \$6,511.49 | 6 | 1.90% |
| OCTAGAM INJ 5GM/50ML | 18 | 3 | \$60,636.18 | \$3,368.68 | 6 | 0.98% |
| OCTAGAM INJ 20GM/200ML | 16 | 5 | \$176,020.92 | \$11,001.31 | 3.2 | 2.85% |
| CUTAQUIG SOL 1GM | 15 | 2 | \$164,832.97 | \$10,988.86 | 7.5 | 2.67% |
| PANZYGA SOL 10GM/100ML | 14 | 2 | \$63,053.30 | \$4,503.81 | 7 | 1.02% |
| GAMMAKED INJ 20GM/200ML | 13 | 2 | \$29,556.93 | \$2,273.61 | 6.5 | 0.48% |
| GAMMAGARD INJ 2.5GM/25ML | 12 | 1 | \$11,334.70 | \$944.56 | 12 | 0.18% |
| HIZENTRA INJ 1GM/5ML | 11 | 3 | \$3,090.43 | \$280.95 | 3.67 | 0.05% |
| PANZYGA SOL 5GM/50ML | 11 | 2 | \$23,805.98 | \$2,164.18 | 5.5 | 0.38% |
| CUVITRU INJ 4GM/20ML | 11 | 2 | \$29,573.67 | \$2,688.52 | 5.5 | 0.48% |
| HIZENTRA INJ 10GM/50ML | 10 | 5 | \$87,077.90 | \$8,707.79 | 2 | 1.41% |
| CUTAQUIG SOL 4GM | 10 | 2 | \$16,736.20 | \$1,673.62 | 5 | 0.27% |
| XEMBIFY INJ 1GM/5ML | 10 | 4 | \$11,822.76 | \$1,182.28 | 2.5 | 0.19% |
| CUVITRU SOL 1GM/5ML | 10 | 2 | \$3,967.49 | \$396.75 | 5 | 0.06% |
| GAMMAKED INJ 10GM/100ML | 9 | 2 | \$19,612.37 | \$2,179.15 | 4.5 | 0.32% |
| GAMMAPLEX INJ 10% | 9 | 1 | \$91,676.25 | \$10,186.25 | 9 | 1.48% |
| GAMMAPLEX INJ 10% | 8 | 3 | \$91,649.44 | \$11,456.18 | 2.67 | 1.48% |
| XEMBIFY INJ 2GM/10ML | 8 | 3 | \$12,368.01 | \$1,546.00 | 2.67 | 0.20% |
| GAMMAGARD INJ 1GM/10ML | 8 | 3 | \$8,108.27 | \$1,013.53 | 2.67 | 0.13% |
| OCTAGAM INJ 2GM/20ML | 8 | 1 | \$6,337.12 | \$792.14 | 8 | 0.10% |

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | TOTAL CLAIMS | TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER | % COST |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| PRIVIGEN INJ 10GM | 7 | 3 | \$73,853.25 | \$10,550.46 | 2.33 | 1.19% |
| GAMMAKED INJ 5GM/50ML | 7 | 1 | \$3,519.47 | \$502.78 | 7 | 0.06% |
| GAMMAGARD S/D INJ 10GM | 7 | 1 | \$68,655.07 | \$9,807.87 | 7 | 1.11% |
| PANZYGA SOL 20GM/200ML | 5 | 2 | \$21,644.57 | \$4,328.91 | 2.5 | 0.35% |
| PANZYGA SOL 30GM/300ML | 4 | 3 | \$16,228.28 | \$4,057.07 | 1.33 | 0.26% |
| PRIVIGEN INJ 40GM | 4 | 1 | \$15,555.32 | \$3,888.83 | 4 | 0.25% |
| GAMMAPLEX INJ 10% | 2 | 1 | \$20,667.20 | \$10,333.60 | 2 | 0.33% |
| ASCENIV INJ 10% | 1 | 1 | \$113,587.81 | \$113,587.81 | 1 | 1.84% |
| PRIVIGEN INJ 20GM | 1 | 1 | \$11,497.33 | \$11,497.33 | 1 | 0.19% |
| GAMMAGARD S/D INJ 5GM | 1 | 1 | \$2,408.38 | \$2,408.38 | 1 | 0.04% |
| TOTAL | 1,409 | 128* | \$6,184,802.99 | \$4,389.50 | 11.01 | 100% |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

INJ = injection; SOL = solution

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

Medical Claims (All Plans)

| PRODUCT UTILIZED | *TOTAL CLAIMS | *TOTAL MEMBERS | TOTAL COST | COST/ CLAIM | CLAIMS/ MEMBER |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| GAMMGARD LIQUID (J1569) | 818 | 63 | \$2,041,938.84 | \$2,496.26 | 12.98 |
| PRIVIGEN (J1459) | 458 | 68 | \$974,333.05 | \$2,127.36 | 6.74 |
| GAMUNEX-C/GAMMAKED (J1561) | 302 | 33 | \$650,425.49 | \$2,153.73 | 9.15 |
| OCTAGAM (J1568) | 35 | 3 | \$81,631.03 | \$2,332.32 | 11.67 |
| XEMBIFY (J1558) | 4 | 1 | \$1,142.40 | \$285.60 | 4 |
| GAMMAGARD S/D (J1566) | 3 | 1 | \$24,581.00 | \$8,193.67 | 3 |
| TOTAL | 1,620 | 161 | \$3,774,051.81 | \$2,329.66 | 10.06 |

Costs do not reflect rebated prices or net costs.

*Total number of unduplicated claims.

*Total number of unduplicated utilizing members.

Fiscal Year 2025 = 07/01/2024 to 06/30/2025

¹ Arumugham VB, Rayi A. Intravenous Immunoglobulin (IVIG). *StatPearls* [Internet]. Available online at: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK554446/>. Last revised 07/03/2023. Last accessed 12/29/2025.

² U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Immune Globulins. Available online at: <https://www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/approved-blood-products/immune-globulins>. Last revised 03/08/2023. Last accessed 12/29/2025.

³ American Academy of Allergy, Asthma, & Immunology (AAAAI). Eight Guiding Principles for Effective Use of IVIG for Patients with Primary Immunodeficiency. Available online at: <https://www.aaaai.org/Aaaai/media/Media-Library-PDFs/Practice%20Management/Practice%20Tools/IVIG-guiding-principles.pdf>. Issued 12/2011. Last accessed 12/29/2025.



U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Updates*

*Additional information, including the full news release, on the following FDA and DEA updates can be found on the FDA website at: <https://www.fda.gov/news-events/fda-newsroom/press-announcements>.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 19, 2025

FDA Grants Two National Priority Vouchers

The FDA awarded national priority vouchers under the Commissioner's National Priority Voucher (CNPV) pilot program to 2 investigational products for their potential to increase access through affordability for American patients. The products are:

- Enlicitide decanoate: an oral proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9) inhibitor for lowering low-density lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol; and
- Sacituzumab tirumotecan: a trophoblast cell-surface antigen 2 (TROP2)-directed antibody-drug conjugate

With these awards, 18 products have now received a voucher under the CNPV pilot program since it was established in June 2025. On December 9, the FDA announced its first review decision under the program, achieving significant time savings compared to a typical review timeline.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 15, 2025

FDA Eliminates Major Barrier to Using Real-World Evidence in Drug and Device Application Reviews

The FDA removed a key limitation on the use of real-world evidence (RWE) used in drug and device applications reviews. In new guidance for certain types of medical device submissions, the FDA states it will accept RWE without requiring that identifiable individual patient data collected from real-world data sources always be submitted in a marketing submission. The FDA similarly intends to consider updating its guidance for drugs and biologics.

While RWE has been promoted as an advance in regulatory policy, past agency expectations have meant that most RWE could not be considered in product applications. Since 2016, 35 drugs, biologics, or vaccines have included RWE in their applications. The integration of RWE into device approvals has been more extensive, with over 250 premarket authorizations including RWE for the same period, although even for devices the rate of RWE-based authorizations has plateaued in recent years.

Historically, the FDA has insisted that any RWE submitted to the agency include private, confidential information at the individual patient

level. This approach makes it impractical to use most large databases with valuable macro-level data.

The FDA is responding to the position of many sponsors and data scientists that meaningful information can be extracted from some big data sources without private, individual information. FDA reviewers will now consider the strength of submitted RWE on an application-by-application basis.

This policy change opens the door to using de-identified databases containing millions of patient records — including national cancer registries like the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, hospital systems databases, insurance claims databases, and electronic health record networks — resources that have grown exponentially but remained limited for use under previous FDA policy. These comprehensive datasets track patient outcomes across diverse populations and real-world treatment settings, offering insights that traditional clinical trials cannot capture.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 15, 2025

FDA Proactively Awards National Priority Voucher Based on Strong Phase 3 Study Results

The FDA awarded a national priority voucher to teclistamab in combination with daratumumab (Tec-Dara) for relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. This brings the total number of products receiving an award under the CNPV pilot program to 16.

In Phase 3 clinical trial data released November 24, Tec-Dara showed significant improvements over the standard of care in both progression-free survival and overall survival among patients previously treated with 1 to 3 prior lines of therapy. At 3 years, more than 80% of Tec-Dara recipients remained free of progression. These results were also published in the *New England Journal of Medicine* on December 9th.

The CNPV pilot program is designed to accelerate the review of products with the potential to address 1 or more of the following key national priorities: addressing a United States public health crisis, delivering more innovative cures for the American people, addressing a large unmet medical need, promoting domestic drug development and manufacturing to advance the health interests of Americans and strengthen United States supply chain resiliency, and increasing affordability. Voucher recipients receive enhanced communications with review staff throughout the development process, and review decisions are targeted for completion within 1-2 months following submission of an application.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 12, 2025

FDA Approves Two Oral Therapies to Treat Gonorrhea

The FDA recently approved 2 new oral medicines to treat a common sexually transmitted infection called gonorrhea.

The FDA approved Nuzolvence® (zoliflodacin) granules to treat uncomplicated urogenital gonorrhea in adults and children 12 years of age and older who weigh at least 77 pounds. The FDA approved Blujepa (gepotidacin) oral tablets for the same condition in patients 12 years of age and older who weigh at least 99 pounds who have few or no other treatment choices because of limited clinical safety data. Blujepa was first approved in March 2025 to treat urinary tract infections.

Gonorrhea is caused by the bacterium *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* (*N. gonorrhoeae*). Uncomplicated urogenital gonorrhea refers to a localized infection of the urethra or cervix that has not spread to other areas of the body. It can cause painful urination, genital discharge and swelling. If left untreated, it could result in a more widespread infection of the reproductive organs and infertility. In the past, doctors treated this infection with a combination of a ceftriaxone injection and oral azithromycin. More recently, treatment guidelines recommend just a single injection of ceftriaxone.

Researchers tested Nuzolvence® in a study with 930 patients who had uncomplicated urogenital gonorrhea. Two-thirds of patients received a single 3-gram dose of Nuzolvence® dissolved in water. The other third received the standard treatment of a ceftriaxone injection plus oral azithromycin. The study measured how well the medicines cleared the bacteria 4 to 8 days after treatment. The study showed 91% of patients who took Nuzolvence® were cured and 96% of patients who received the standard treatment were cured. This showed that Nuzolvence®'s effectiveness was comparable to the standard treatment.

Researchers tested Blujepa in a study with 628 patients. Half received (2) 3,000mg doses of Blujepa taken 10 to 12 hours apart. The other half received the standard treatment. The study measured bacterial clearance 4 to 10 days after treatment. The study showed 93% of patients who took Blujepa were cured and 91% of patients who received standard treatment were cured. This showed that Blujepa's effectiveness was comparable to the standard treatment.

The most common side effects shown in the Nuzolvence® pivotal study were low white blood cell counts, headache, dizziness, nausea, and diarrhea. Animal studies showed this medicine might cause birth defects, pregnancy loss, or male fertility problems, so there are important safety precautions to follow that are included in labeling. Patients shouldn't take this medicine if they're allergic to it or taking certain other medications that might interact with it.

The most common side effects shown in Blujepa pivotal study were diarrhea, nausea, stomach pain, vomiting, gas, dizziness, soft stools, headache, tiredness, and excessive sweating. This medicine can affect heart rhythm and certain brain chemicals, and it may cause allergic reactions in some people. Blujepa comes with certain warnings and precautions, such as for QTc prolongation, acetylcholinesterase inhibition, and allergic reactions. The FDA granted both Nuzolvence® and Blujepa Fast Track, Qualified Infectious Disease Product, and Priority Review designations for the uncomplicated urogenital gonorrhea indication. FDA approval for Nuzolvence® was granted to Entasis Therapeutics and approval for Blujepa was granted to GSK.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 9, 2025

FDA Approves First Gene Therapy Treatment for Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome (WAS)

The FDA approved Waskyra™ (etuvetidigene autotemcel), the first cell-based gene therapy for the treatment of WAS. Waskyra™ is indicated for pediatric patients 6 months of age and older and adults with WAS who have a mutation in the WAS gene and for whom hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT) is appropriate and no suitable human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-matched related stem cell donor is available.

WAS is a rare, life-threatening genetic disease caused by mutations in the WAS gene. The condition is characterized by bleeding, eczema, recurrent infections, and increased susceptibility to autoimmunity and lymphoreticular malignancies. Until today, treatment options for patients with WAS have been limited to symptomatic management and allogeneic HSCT, with the latter being most effective when performed early in life and feasible only when matched donors are available.

Waskyra™ consists of the patient's own hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs), which have been genetically modified to include functional copies of the WAS gene. Following reduced-intensity conditioning, the gene-corrected cells are infused intravenously to restore blood cell production. Waskyra™ restores functional WAS protein expression in affected cells, addressing the underlying cause of the disease.

The safety and effectiveness of Waskyra™ was assessed based on 2 open-label, single-arm, multinational clinical studies and an expanded access program totaling 27 patients with severe WAS, which demonstrate substantial and sustained clinical benefit for patients with severe WAS, with significant reductions in the primary disease manifestations that drive morbidity and mortality. The rate of severe infections decreased by 93% in the 6 to 18 months post-treatment period compared to the rate 12 months before treatment. Similarly, moderate and severe bleeding events were reduced by 60% in the first 12 months post-treatment compared to the year prior to

treatment. Most patients did not report moderate to severe bleeding after 4 years post treatment.

The most common side effects associated with Waskyra™ include rash, respiratory tract infection, febrile neutropenia, catheter related infection, vomiting, diarrhea, liver injury, and petechiae.

During the review of Waskyra™, the FDA exercised appropriate regulatory flexibility across 4 critical areas: rare disease considerations, clinical trial design, mechanism of action, and chemistry, manufacturing, and controls (CMC). This enabled approval and timely access to the product for this serious, life-threatening disease while carefully balancing pre-approval data requirements with post-market commitments. The FDA permitted the use of relevant manufacturing and quality data submitted to this Biologics License Application (BLA) from a similar, approved product that was justified to be adequately representative of Waskyra™ for these purposes.

The application was granted Orphan Drug, Rare Pediatric Disease, and Regenerative Medicine Advanced Therapy designations. The FDA granted approval of Waskyra™ to Fondazione Telethon ETS. This is the first approved cell and gene therapy product from a non-profit applicant.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 9, 2025

First Approval in CNPV Pilot Program Strengthens Domestic Antibiotic Manufacturing Capacity

The FDA approved Augmentin XR® (amoxicillin/clavulanate potassium) under the CNPV pilot program, marking the first approval achieved through this review pathway. The approval was completed in just 2 months, representing a major reduction of the review timeline for this type of application.

The Augmentin XR® application demonstrated clear alignment with the CNPV program's national health priorities by strengthening the United States drug supply chain through enhanced domestic manufacturing capacity at a United States facility. This approval will also help address antibiotic shortages in the United States that have plagued the healthcare system over the past 2 decades. This approval was granted to USAntibiotics.

Increasing antibiotic shortages over the past 2 decades have been primarily driven by global supply chain vulnerabilities for active pharmaceutical ingredients and unexpected spikes in clinical demand. These shortages have resulted in significant clinical consequences, including treatment delays and increased reliance on broader-spectrum antibiotics when preferred first-line therapies become unavailable.

Essential medicines like amoxicillin and Augmentin XR® have experienced documented shortages, with 7 shortage reports for amoxicillin and 2 for Augmentin XR®, highlighting the critical need for stable domestic manufacturing capacity to protect public health.

The review of Augmentin XR was conducted by a multidisciplinary team featuring experts in drug substance, drug product, manufacturing, facilities, and biopharmaceutics. The integrated quality assessment and enhanced communications between the FDA and the sponsor throughout the process enabled the accelerated timeline from application receipt to approval within the target 2-month CNPV review window.

The CNPV pilot program seeks to expedite approval of applications that address critical national health priorities, such as bringing innovative therapies to the American people, addressing large unmet medical needs, promoting domestic manufacturing, and increasing affordability.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 8, 2025

FDA Approves First Cellular Therapy to Treat Patients with Severe Aplastic Anemia (SAA)

The FDA announced it has approved Omisirge® (omidubicel-only), the first HSCT therapy to treat patients with SAA. Omisirge® is indicated for adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older with hematologic malignancies and now is approved for adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with SAA following reduced intensity conditioning and for whom a compatible donor is not available.

SAA is a rare, life-threatening blood disorder where the bone marrow fails to produce enough red blood cells, white blood cells, and platelets. Treatment for SAA depends on age and usually consists of either immunosuppressive therapy and/or HSCT, preferably from a matched sibling or matched related donor. If a donor is not available, providers may seek the use of umbilical cord transplant to treat SAA. Umbilical cord transplant typically has limitations of use including delayed hematopoietic recovery and increased risks of infections. Omisirge® is a stem cell therapy where donated cord blood stem cells have been chemically enhanced with nicotinamide and then given to a patient to help restore their blood and immune system. Omisirge® addresses the limitations of umbilical cord blood (UCB) as a source including delayed hematopoietic recovery and increased infections and provides additional graft options for patients with SAA who need HSCT.

The safety and effectiveness of Omisirge® were assessed based on an ongoing, open-label, prospective, single arm study evaluating use of Omisirge® in patients 6 years of age and older with SAA. Omisirge® provided early and sustained neutrophil engraftment in 12 of 14 patients in the efficacy population with a median time to neutrophil recovery of 11 days (range 7-20 days).

The most common side effects associated with Omisirge® include febrile neutropenia, viral and bacterial infections, hyperglycemia, immune thrombocytopenia, and pneumonia. Autoimmune cytopenias have occurred in 25% of patients.

The application was granted Orphan Drug and Priority Review designations. The FDA granted approval of Omisirge® to Gamida Cell Ltd.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 4, 2025

FDA Approves First Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) T-Cell Therapy for Marginal Zone Lymphoma (MZL) In the United States

The FDA approved a new indication for Breyanzi® (lisocabtagene maraleucel) as the first CAR T-cell therapy in the United States for treatment of adults with MZL who have failed treatment with or relapsed after 2 or more prior lines of therapy. Breyanzi® is a CAR T-cell therapy that genetically engineers a patient's own T-cells to target and kill cancer cells.

MZL is a rare slow-growing cancer of the lymphatic system. It presents about 7% of all B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma, with approximately 7,460 new cases occurring every year in the United States population. Patients with MZL who failed treatment or relapsed following treatment with upfront therapy have decreased survival.

The safety and effectiveness of Breyanzi® were evaluated in an open-label, multicenter, single-arm trial in adults with relapsed or refractory MZL who had received at least 2 or more lines of systemic therapy or who relapsed after HSCT. Study participants underwent leukapheresis to manufacture Breyanzi®. Patients received a single dose of Breyanzi® 2-7 days following the completion of preparatory chemotherapy to deplete recipient's lymphocytes. Among the 77 patients who underwent leukapheresis, 66 patients received the study specified single infusion of Breyanzi®, of which 95.5% of patients experienced a response to treatment and 62.1% of patients had complete response without signs of MZL on imaging scans. The responses were durable after a median follow-up of 21.6 months.

The most common adverse reactions were cytokine release syndrome (CRS), diarrhea, fatigue, musculoskeletal pain, and headache.

The FDA granted Breyanzi® Priority Review and Orphan Drug designation for this application. The FDA granted traditional approval of Breyanzi® to Juno Therapeutics, Inc.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 3, 2025

FDA Approves Nerve Scaffold for the Treatment of Sensory Nerve Discontinuity

The FDA granted approval for Avance® (acellular nerve allograft-arwx) in surgical implantation. Avance® is a peripheral nerve scaffold approved for sensory nerve discontinuities ($\leq 25\text{mm}$) (breaks in the pathway of sensory nerves) in adults and pediatric patients 1 month of age and older. Under the Accelerated Approval pathway, Avance® is also approved for larger sensory nerve discontinuities ($>25\text{mm}$), motor, and mixed nerve discontinuities.

Avance® was studied in patients with sensory nerve discontinuities and additional investigations of mixed and motor nerve discontinuities.

Unlike some current treatments that require surgeons to remove healthy nerve tissue from another part of the patient's body (creating a second surgical site), Avance® is made using nerve tissue from deceased donors that has been specially processed to remove cells while preserving the natural structure that helps nerves regrow.

The study of Avance®'s efficacy compared implantation of Avance® to collagen nerve cuffs. The study met its primary endpoint for the return of sensory function, showing Avance®'s statistical non-inferiority to comparator nerve cuff.

The most common adverse reactions reported in clinical trials were procedural pain and increased sensitivity to sensory stimuli, such as touch, temperature, and pain (hyperesthesia). Patients should be monitored for procedural complications including pain, hyperesthesia, infection, implant site swelling, adhesions, hypertrophic scar formation, impaired motor or sensory function, bleeding, and neuroma formation. Avance® is made from human cadaveric tissue so it may carry a risk of transmitting infectious agents. No cases of transmission of viral diseases have ever been identified for Avance®. All infections thought to be transmitted by Avance® should be reported to the manufacturer. FDA approval for Avance® was granted to Axogen Corporation.

FDA NEWS RELEASE

For Immediate Release: December 2, 2025

FDA Seizes 7-OH Opioids to Protect American Consumers

The FDA, in coordination with the U.S. Department of Justice, announced that the U.S. Marshals Service seized approximately 73,000 units of 7-hydroxymitragynine (7-OH) products, valued at roughly \$1 million, from 3 firms in Missouri.

The seizure focused on foods and dietary supplement products, including liquid shots and tablets, containing concentrated 7-OH as an added ingredient. Concentrated 7-OH is increasingly recognized as having potential for abuse because of its ability to bind to opioid receptors. It cannot be lawfully added to dietary supplements or conventional foods. These products are considered adulterated because 7-OH does not meet applicable safety standards. Also, the FDA has not approved 7-OH for medical use.

The FDA worked closely with the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services in this enforcement action, which builds on the FDA's comprehensive efforts to protect Americans from dangerous, illegal opioid substances. In July of this year, the FDA recommended the scheduling of certain 7-OH products under the Controlled Substances Act and issued warning letters to companies for illegally distributing products containing 7-OH, including tablets, gummies, drink mixes, and shots. The FDA also

notified health care professionals and informed consumers of the risks associated with concentrated 7-OH products.

These recent operations demonstrate coordinated federal enforcement efforts against concentrated 7-OH products. The FDA reminds all manufacturers and distributors that they must ensure their products comply with all applicable federal requirements.

Current Drug Shortages Index (as of December 31, 2025):

The information provided in this section is provided voluntarily to the FDA by manufacturers and is not specific to Oklahoma. Additional information regarding drug shortages can be found on the FDA website at:

<https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/drugshortages/default.cfm>.

| | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Albuterol Sulfate Solution | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Amino Acid Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Amphetamine Aspartate Monohydrate, Amphetamine Sulfate, Dextroamphetamine Saccharate, Dextroamphetamine Sulfate Tablet | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Atropine Sulfate Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Azacitidine Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Bacitracin Ophthalmic Ointment | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Bumetanide Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Bupivacaine Hydrochloride Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Bupivacaine Hydrochloride, Epinephrine Bitartrate Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Carboplatin Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Cefotaxime Sodium Powder, for Solution | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Clindamycin Phosphate Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Clonazepam Tablet | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Conivaptan Hydrochloride Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Cromolyn Sodium Concentrate | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Desmopressin Acetate Spray | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Dexamethasone Sodium Phosphate Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Dexmedetomidine Hydrochloride Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Dextrose Monohydrate 10% Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Dextrose Monohydrate 5% Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Dextrose Monohydrate 50% Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Dextrose Monohydrate 70% Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Dobutamine Hydrochloride Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Dopamine Hydrochloride Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Echothiophate Iodide Ophthalmic Solution | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |
| Epinephrine Bitartrate, Lidocaine Hydrochloride Injection | <i>Currently in Shortage</i> |

[Etomidate Injection](#)
[Fentanyl Citrate Injection](#)
[Flurazepam Hydrochloride Capsule](#)
[Furosemide Injection](#)
[Heparin Sodium Injection](#)
[Hydrocortisone Sodium Succinate Injection](#)
[Hydromorphone Hydrochloride Injection](#)
[Hydroxocobalamin Injection](#)
[Hydroxypropyl Cellulose \(1600000 Wamw\) Insert](#)
[Ketorolac Tromethamine Injection](#)
[Lidocaine Hydrochloride Injection](#)
[Liraglutide Injection](#)
[Lisdexamfetamine Dimesylate Capsule](#)
[Lisdexamfetamine Dimesylate Tablet, Chewable](#)
[Lorazepam Injection](#)
[Meperidine Hydrochloride Injection](#)
[Methamphetamine Hydrochloride Tablet](#)
[Methotrexate Sodium Injection](#)
[Methylphenidate Film, Extended Release](#)
[Methylphenidate Hydrochloride Tablet, Extended Release](#)
[Methylprednisolone Acetate Injection](#)
[Metronidazole Injection](#)
[Midazolam Hydrochloride Injection](#)
[Morphine Sulfate Injection](#)
[Naltrexone Hydrochloride Tablet](#)
[Parathyroid Hormone Injection](#)
[Peginterferon alfa-2a Injection](#)
[Penicillin G Benzathine Injection](#)
[Promethazine Hydrochloride Injection](#)
[Propranolol Hydrochloride Injection](#)
[Quinapril Hydrochloride Tablet](#)
[Quinapril/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablet](#)
[Remifentanyl Hydrochloride Injection](#)
[Rifampin Capsule](#)
[Rifampin Injection](#)
[Rifapentine Tablet, Film Coated](#)
[Riluzole Oral Suspension](#)
[Rocuronium Bromide Injection](#)
[Ropivacaine Hydrochloride Injection](#)

Currently in Shortage

[Sodium Acetate Injection](#)

[Sodium Bicarbonate Injection](#)

[Sterile Water Injection](#)

[Sterile Water Irrigant](#)

[Streptozocin Powder, For Solution](#)

[Sufentanil Citrate Injection](#)

[Technetium TC-99M Pyrophosphate Kit Injection](#)

[Triamcinolone Acetonide Injection](#)

[Triamcinolone Hexacetonide Injection](#)

[Valproate Sodium Injection](#)

Currently in Shortage

Currently in Shortage

Currently in Shortage

Currently in Shortage

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