

# Instructions for Practical Nurse Equivalency Candidates Applying for Single-State Licensure by Examination

## Fee for Equivalency Evaluation = \$40.00

The Oklahoma Board of Nursing has the authority to determine practical nurse (PN) equivalency according to the Oklahoma law, as established in the *Oklahoma Board* of Nursing Rules [O.A.C. 485:10-7-1(b)(4)]. Please be aware that, even if you are approved for licensure through PN equivalency in Oklahoma, it is possible that you will not be eligible for licensure in other states, due to different licensure laws.

# **Eligibility**

To qualify for writing the NCLEX-PN via the equivalency provision, you **must have successfully completed a minimum of one academic year** of a Registered Nurse (RN) nursing education program approved by the Oklahoma Board of Nursing or a similar board in another state, with a minimum 2.0 GPA and a grade of "C" or higher in all nursing courses. Equivalent coursework must have been completed within two years of submission of the completed application for licensure, transcript and fee to the Board and submission of the completed registration form to the testing service. The application for licensure and test registration should not be submitted until after the equivalency evaluation has been completed.

You must provide evidence to verify classroom instruction and clinical practice in nursing care of adults, nursing care of children, and maternal-infant nursing. In addition, course content in anatomy and physiology, growth and development, mental health, pharmacology, and nutrition must have been successfully completed.

If you obtained course credits from an external degree program (such as Excelsior College), you are not eligible for practical nurse licensure through equivalency.

To qualify for writing the NCLEX-PN, **nurses educated in foreign countries** must have graduated from a government-approved school of registered nursing and meet all requirements for licensure, as described in the *Application for Licensure by Endorsement as a Foreign-Educated Nurse*. Instructions for this application may be found on the Board's website:

https://oklahoma.gov/content/dam/ok/en/nursing/documents/endorforeign07.pdf

RN candidates who are not successful on the NCLEX-RN examination may apply for the NCLEX-PN examination as an equivalency candidate. The equivalency evaluation fee of \$40.00 will not apply.

# <u>Procedures for Equivalency Evaluation</u>

1. Review the attached Request for Practical Nurse Equivalency Evaluation information and reference during the submission of this application via your Nurse Portal account.

Form X-19 1 7/10/23; 8/1/25

- 2. **Submit the \$40.00 fee with your request.** All PN equivalency candidates must pay this fee, with the exception of graduates of RN programs who did not pass the NCLEX-RN examination. This fee is in addition to the licensure fee and NCLEX examination fee. The fee will not be refunded, even if it is determined that you are ineligible. In accordance with Oklahoma law (59 O.S. §567.7 (F)), the Executive Director shall suspend the license or certificate of a person who submits a check, money draft, or similar instrument for payment of a fee which is not honored by the financial institution named. The suspension becomes effective ten (10) days following delivery by certified mail of written notice of the dishonor and the impending suspension to the person's address on file. Upon notification of suspension, the person may reinstate the authorization to practice upon payment of the fees and any and all costs associated with notice and collection. The suspension shall be exempt from the Administrative Procedures Act.
- 3. Request that the college registrar send an **official transcript directly to the Board office.** Official transcripts must be obtained from <u>all</u> colleges you attended if you completed nursing or pre-requisite courses at that college. Transcripts indicating "Issued to Student" will not be accepted.
- 4. Out-of-state candidates and those who are not currently enrolled in a nursing program must upload a degree plan and course descriptions for nursing and related courses in order to determine equivalency. The degree plan and course descriptions must be from the time of enrollment in the program. Course syllabi may be required to determine whether curricular requirements have been met. Course descriptions for currently-enrolled students in Oklahoma RN nursing education programs are on file; therefore, course descriptions are not usually required for these individuals.
- 5. Read the attached *Learning Packet on Legal Rights and Responsibilities of the Practical Nurse*, then complete the post-test during the submission of your application.
- 6. After the equivalency evaluation has been submitted and the information is reviewed, you will receive a message in the Message Center of your Nurse Portal account from the Board office notifying you of the determination of your eligibility to apply. After you receive a message confirming approval, you may submit the application for practical nurse licensure for <u>single state</u> licensure and register with the testing service. The *Application for Practical Nurse Licensure by Examination* may be found in your Nurse Portal account.
- 7. You may obtain information regarding registering for the NCLEX examination from the testing service website: <a href="https://www.nclex.com/">https://www.nclex.com/</a>
  - When completing the NCLEX registration, please use the following program codes:
  - a. If you have partially completed an RN nursing education program, please use the program code US24909700 when registering.
  - b. If you have successfully completed an RN nursing education program in Oklahoma but did not pass the NCLEX-RN, please use the program code US24909900 when registering.



# Learning Packet for Practical Nurse Equivalency Candidates: Legal Rights and Responsibilities of Licensed Practical Nurses

### Introduction

The Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act (ONPA) and Rules include provisions for students in state-approved registered nursing education programs to write the NCLEX-PN licensure examination after completion of courses that have been identified as equivalent. The following unit is an introduction to the legal rights and responsibilities of the Licensed Practical Nurse. This unit must be completed and the post-test submitted to the Oklahoma Board of Nursing with the request for equivalency evaluation.

# Objectives

- 1. Describe the purpose and components of the Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act.
- 2. Identify functions of the Oklahoma Board of Nursing.
- 3. List qualifications for licensure as a practical nurse, according to the ONPA.
- 4. Identify legal implications regarding licensure of nurses.
- 5. List violations to the ONPA that may lead to disciplinary action.
- 6. Compare the scope of practice of the Licensed Practical Nurse and the Registered Nurse.
- 7. Describe limits of practice for the Licensed Practical Nurse.

## The Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act and Rules

The Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act (ONPA) was initially passed in 1953 and has been periodically amended since that time to ensure that it is current. The act places the regulation of education, certification and licensure of Advanced Practice Registered Nurses APRNs), Registered Nurses (RNs) and Licensed Practical Nurses (LPNs) or Advanced Unlicensed Assistive Persons (AUAs), and the practice of nursing or Advanced Unlicensed Assistant practice under the control of the Oklahoma Board of Nursing. It requires that only those persons who are qualified shall be authorized to practice nursing or practice as an Advanced Unlicensed Assistant.

The Board is authorized to promulgate rules to carry out the provisions of the ONPA. These rules are periodically revised through the administrative rule-making process. These rules are published and have the same effect as the law. Advanced Practice Registered Nurses, Registered Nurses, Licensed Practical Nurses, and Advanced Unlicensed Assistants are required to practice in accordance with the *Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act and Rules*.

The Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act describes qualifications for licensure as a Registered Nurse or Licensed Practical Nurse, certification as an Advanced Unlicensed Assistant, provides a mechanism for licensure for Advanced Practice Registered Nurses and for recognition of prescriptive authority, establishes grounds for disciplinary action, identifies exceptions to the act, provides the mechanism for approval and survey of related education programs, and establishes a peer assistance program.

Form X-19 3 7/10/23; 8/1/25

### Oklahoma Board of Nursing

The Oklahoma Board of Nursing was established in the ONPA to carry out the provisions of the Act and the *Rules*. According to the *Rules*, the Board has the following functions:

- 1. Adopt and revise such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the *Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act;*
- Prescribe standards for education programs preparing persons for licensure to practice practical nursing, registered nursing, or advanced practice registered nursing; or for certification as an Advanced Unlicensed Assistant;
- Provide for surveys of such education programs;
- 4. Approve such education programs for the preparation for licensure to practice practical nursing, registered nursing, or advanced practice registered nursing; or for certification as an Advanced Unlicensed Assistant; as shall meet the requirements of this statute and of the Board;
- 5. Deny, or withdraw approval of education programs for failure to meet or maintain prescribed standards required by this statute and by the Board;
- 6. Examine applicants for licensure, certification, and/or recognition; and issue, renew, and reinstate the licenses, certificates, and recognitions of duly qualified applicants;
- 7. Establish requirements for licensure to practice practical nursing, registered nursing, or advanced practice registered nursing, and requirements for certification to practice as an Advanced Unlicensed Assistant;
- 8. Conduct hearings upon charges calling for disciplinary action;
- 9. Provide consultation, conduct conferences, forums, studies and research on nursing education and practice; and
- 10. Approve the agency's budget and authorize disbursement of the funds by the Executive Director.

The Oklahoma Board of Nursing consists of eleven members who are appointed by the Governor and who represent specified areas of practice and education. Two of the members represent the public and are not nurses. The Board meets every other month to conduct business and disciplinary hearings. These meetings are open to the public. The Board employs an Executive Director and other staff as needed to carry out the day-to-day operations of the Board. The Board receives no state-appropriated funding. All activities of the Board are funded through nursing licensure and other related fees.

#### Qualifications for Licensure as a Practical Nurse

In order to apply for licensure as a practical nurse, an applicant must be at least 18 years of age, must have successfully completed a state Board-approved program of practical nursing or equivalent courses as designated in the *Rules*, have submitted a criminal history records search, and must have met such other reasonable preliminary qualification requirements as the Board may prescribe.

Criminal offenses of applicants may be used as a basis for denial of licensure or certification. Detailed information regarding which offenses the Board shall consider may be found in the Oklahoma Board of Nursing Rules (OAC 485:10-11-4) which are available on the Board's website at this link: <a href="https://oklahoma.gov/nursing/criminal-history.html">https://oklahoma.gov/nursing/criminal-history.html</a>. You have the right to request a determination of eligibility for licensure or certification prior to applying for licensure. To do so, submit the *Petition for Determination of Eligibility for Licensure or Certification* form.

### Legal Implications

All nurses and AUAs\_should be thoroughly familiar with the *Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act* and the *Rules*. These documents are the legal basis for their practice. Each nurse/AUA should read these documents carefully and use them for future reference. All nurses/AUAs are individually responsible for ensuring that they are practicing within the scope of practice as identified in the *Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act* and the *Rules*. In addition, all nurses/AUAs must have the knowledge and skills needed to perform the functions required in their positions.

Licenses/certificates/recognitions are renewed every two years: Registered Nurses and Advanced Practice Registered Nurses renew during even-numbered years and Licensed Practical Nurses and Advanced Unlicensed Assistants renew during odd-numbered years. The license/certificate/recognition will expire on the last day of the licensee or certificate holder's birth month during the renewal year. Depending on the approval date of the initial license/certificate/recognition in Oklahoma, the initial license/certificate/recognition in Oklahoma, the initial license/certificate/recognition is renewed in a timely manner. All Registered Nurses, Licensed Practical Nurses, Advanced Unlicensed Assistants and Advanced Practice Registered Nurses are required by law to notify the Board of a name change and/or a change of address within 30 days of the change.

In accordance with 59 O.S. §567.14B, "Any person licensed or certified by the Oklahoma Board of Nursing who provides direct care to patients shall, while on duty, wear an insignia or badge identifying the license or certification issued to such person by the Board."

#### Violations of the ONPA

The Oklahoma Board of Nursing has the power to deny, revoke, or suspend any license to practice registered nursing or licensed practical nursing, to assess administrative penalties, or to otherwise discipline a licensee or advanced unlicensed assistive person. Nurse investigators employed by the Board investigate all reported violations to the act. The Board will conduct a hearing and will take disciplinary action if there is evidence to support such a violation. The following actions are included as violations of the act and are grounds for disciplinary action:

- 1. Is guilty of deceit or material misrepresentation in procuring or attempting to procure:
  - a. A license to practice registered nursing, licensed practical nursing, or recognition to practice advanced practice nursing, or
  - b. Certification as an Advanced Unlicensed Assistant;
- 2. Is guilty of a felony, or any offense reasonably related to the qualifications, functions or duties of any licensee or Advanced Unlicensed Assistant, or any offense an essential element of which is fraud, dishonesty, or an act of violence, whether or not sentence is imposed, or any conduct resulting in the revocation of a deferred or suspended sentence or probation imposed pursuant to such a conviction. For the purposes of this paragraph, "substantially related" means the nature of criminal conduct for which the person was convicted has a direct bearing on the fitness or ability to perform one of more of the duties responsibilities necessarily related to the occupation.

- 3. Fails to adequately care for patients or to conform to the minimum standards of acceptable nursing or Advanced Unlicensed Assistant practice that, in the opinion of the Board, unnecessarily exposes a patient or other person to risk of harm;
- 4. Is intemperate in the use of alcohol or drugs, which use the Board determines endangers or could endanger patients;
- 5. Exhibits through a pattern of practice or other behavior actual or potential inability to practice nursing with sufficient knowledge or reasonable skills and safety due to impairment caused by illness, use of alcohol, drugs, chemicals or any other substance, or as a result of any mental or physical condition, including deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills, mental illness, or disability that results in inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety; provided, however, the provisions of this paragraph shall not be utilized in a manner that conflicts with the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act;
- 6. Has been adjudicated as mentally incompetent, mentally ill, chemically dependent or dangerous to the public or has been committed by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or without this state;
- 7. Is guilty of unprofessional conduct as defined in the rules of the Board;
- 8. Is guilty of any act that jeopardizes a patient's life, health or safety as defined in the rules of the Board;
- 9. Violated a rule promulgated by the Board, an order of the Board, or a state or federal law relating to the practice of registered, practical or advanced practice nursing or advanced unlicensed assisting, or a state or federal narcotics or controlled substance law including, but not limited to prescribing, dispensing or administering opioid drugs in excess of the maximum limits authorized in Section 2-309I of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 10. Has had disciplinary actions taken against the individual's registered or practical nursing license, advanced unlicensed assistive certification, or any professional or occupational license, registration or certification in this or any state, territory or country:
- 11. Has defaulted from the peer assistance program for any reason;
- 12. Fails to maintain professional boundaries with patients, as defined in the Board rules; or
- 13. Engages in sexual misconduct, as defined in Board rules, with a current or former patient or key party, inside or outside the health care setting.

#### Scope of Practice for the LPN and RN

The practice of nursing is defined in the ONPA as "the performance of services provided for purposes of nursing diagnosis and treatment of human responses to actual or potential health problems consistent with education preparation. Knowledge and skill are the basis for assessment, analysis, planning, intervention, and evaluation used in the promotion and maintenance of health and nursing management of illness, injury, infirmity, restoration or optimal function, or death with dignity. Practice is based on understanding the human condition across the human lifespan and understanding the relationship of the individual within the environment. This practice includes execution of the medical regime including the administration of medications and treatments prescribed by any person authorized by state law to so prescribe".

Registered Nurses are prepared in nursing education programs offered in colleges and universities. Registered Nurses have completed general education courses in social and behavioral sciences, biological and physical sciences, and the humanities. In addition, Registered Nurses have successfully completed nursing courses that prepare them for the full scope of nursing practice, including the following roles:

- Assessing the health status of individuals, families and groups
- Analyzing assessment data to determine nursing care needs
- Establishing goals to meet identified health care needs
- Planning a strategy of care
- Establishing priorities of nursing intervention
- Implementing the strategy of care
- Delegating tasks that may safely be performed by others, consistent with educational preparation and the Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act
- Providing safe and effective nursing care
- Evaluating responses to interventions
- Teaching the principles and practice of nursing
- Managing and supervising the practice of nursing
- Collaborating with other health professionals in the management of health care
- Performing additional nursing functions in accordance with knowledge and skills acquired beyond basic nursing preparation
- Delegating tasks that can be performed by the Advanced Unlicensed Assistant

Licensed Practical Nurses are prepared in technical programs that include basic principles of body structure and function, nutrition, attainment of health, and the care of patients in all age groups to meet relatively stable nursing requirements. LPNs must work under the supervision or direction of a Registered Nurse, licensed physician or dentist. Their directed scope of practice includes:

- Contributing to the assessment of the health status of individuals and groups
- Participating in the development and modification of the plan of care
- Implementing the appropriate aspects of the plan of care
- Delegating tasks that may safely be performed by others, consistent with educational preparation and the Oklahoma Nursing Practice Act
- Providing safe and effective nursing care
- Participating in the evaluation of responses to interventions
- Teaching basic nursing skills and related principles
- Performing additional nursing procedures in accordance with knowledge and skills acquired through education beyond nursing preparation
- Delegating tasks that can be performed by the Advanced Unlicensed Assistant

All licensed nurses are responsible for ensuring that they work within their scope of practice, and that they are adequately prepared to carry out the functions of their positions. Maintaining the competency necessary for the position is a professional responsibility of the licensed nurse.