

# LOVE COUNTY

## DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS<sup>1</sup> (2018-2022)

### NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE\*

12

total number of unintentional drug overdose deaths

8

Methamphetamine

<5

Benzodiazepines

<5

Cocaine

<5

Other Opioids (excluding fentanyl)

0

Alcohol

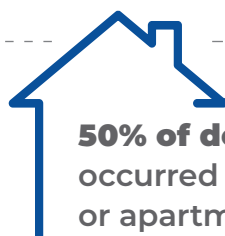
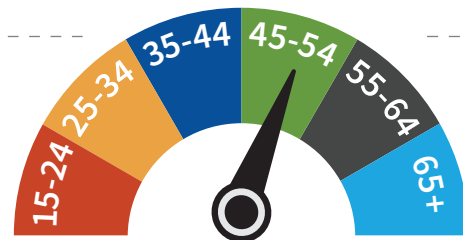
0

Fentanyl

\* Categories are not mutually exclusive. Deaths may involve more than one substance.

From 2018-2022, **Love County** had the **21<sup>st</sup> highest** drug overdose death rate in the state.

**Adults aged 45-54 years** had the highest rate of death.



**50% of deaths** occurred at a home or apartment.

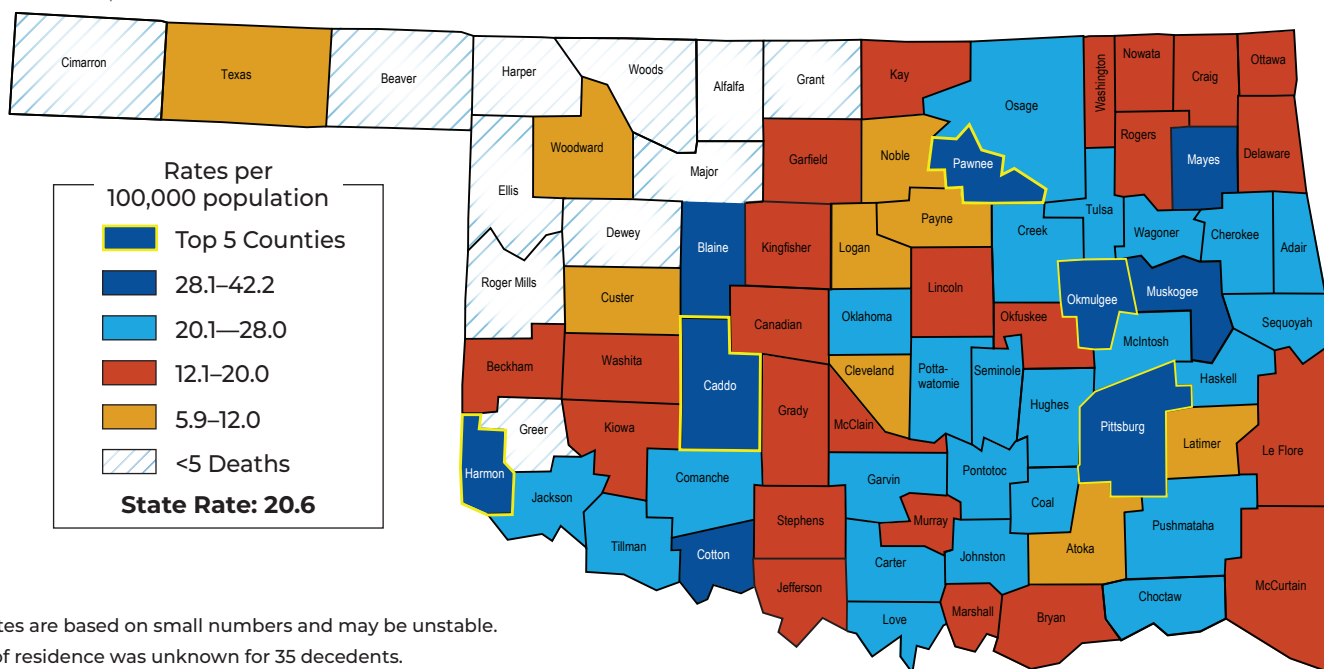
**NON-HISPANIC WHITE** Love County residents had the **highest** rate of death.

- Drug overdose **death rates increased 16%** from 20.3 per 100,000 (2013-2017) to 23.6 per 100,000 (2018-2022).
- **75%** of people who died had a history of substance use.

## UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES<sup>1</sup>

### BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE<sup>2</sup>

► OKLAHOMA, 2018-2022



<sup>1</sup> Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

<sup>2</sup> County of residence was unknown for 35 decedents.

Data Source: Fatal Unintentional Poisoning Surveillance System, OSDH Injury Prevention Service

# LOVE COUNTY

## DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS<sup>†</sup> (2020-2022)

Love County had the **33<sup>rd</sup>** highest nonfatal drug overdose hospitalization rate in the state.



There were

# 24

Love County Residents

hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2020-2022.

The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:

► Opioids

■ **54%** of hospitalizations were unintentional and **42%** due to self harm.

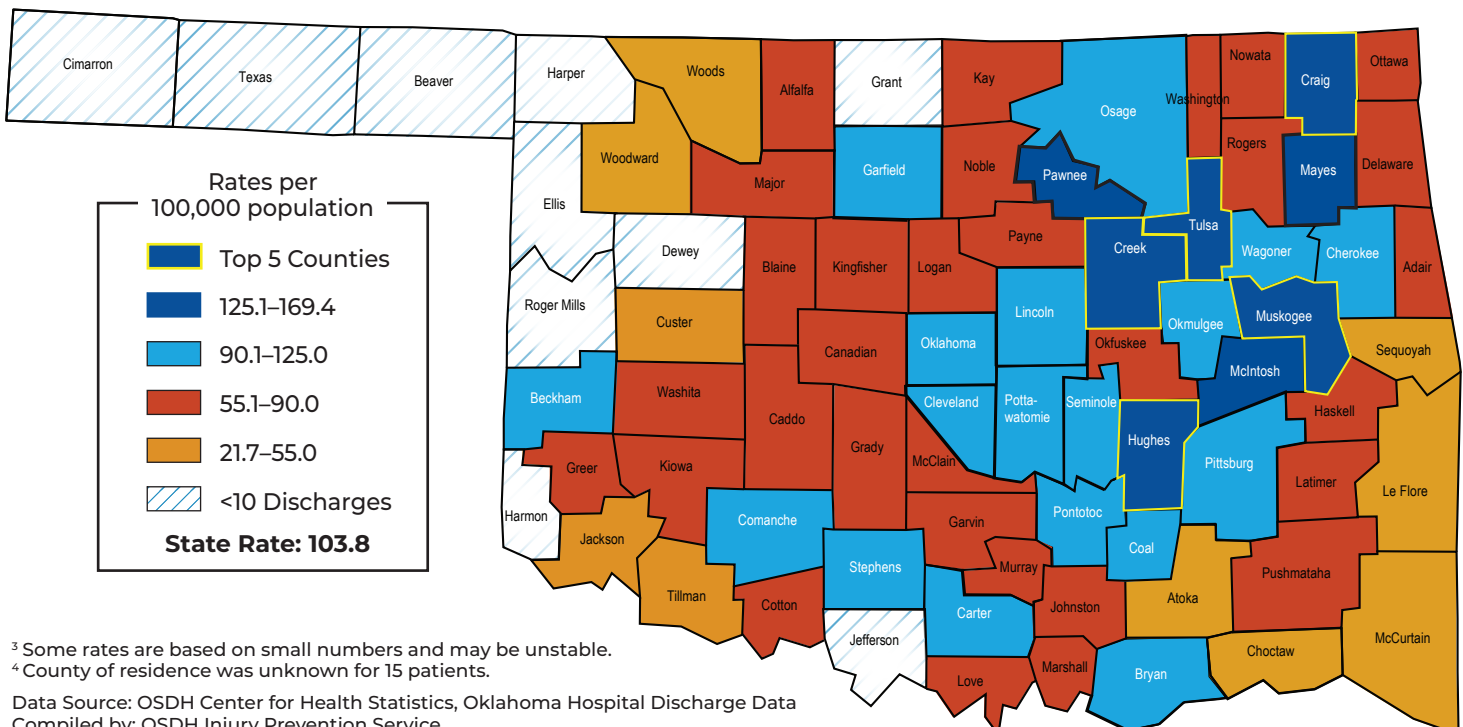
■ Drug overdose **hospitalization rates decreased 30%** from 111.5 per 100,000 (2017-2019) to 78.3 per 100,000 (2020-2022).

■ Non-Hispanic White Love County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

<sup>†</sup>Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault.

## NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES<sup>3</sup> BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE<sup>4</sup>

► OKLAHOMA, 2020-2022



<sup>3</sup> Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

<sup>4</sup> County of residence was unknown for 15 patients.

Data Source: OSDH Center for Health Statistics, Oklahoma Hospital Discharge Data  
Compiled by: OSDH Injury Prevention Service

