

LOGAN COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS¹ (2018-2022)

NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE*

19

total number of unintentional drug overdose deaths

12

Methamphetamine

7

Fentanyl

<5

Benzodiazepines

<5

Cocaine

<5

Other Opioids (excluding fentanyl)

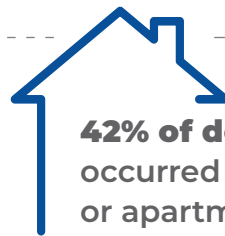
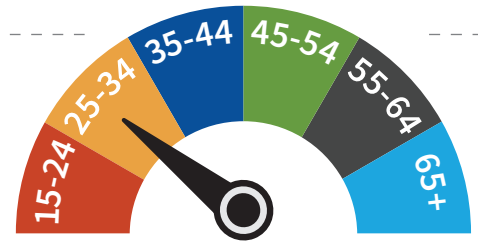
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Alcohol

* Categories are not mutually exclusive. Deaths may involve more than one substance.

From 2018-2022, **Logan County** had the **64th highest** drug overdose death rate in the state.

Adults aged 25-34 years had the highest rate of death.



42% of deaths occurred at a home or apartment.

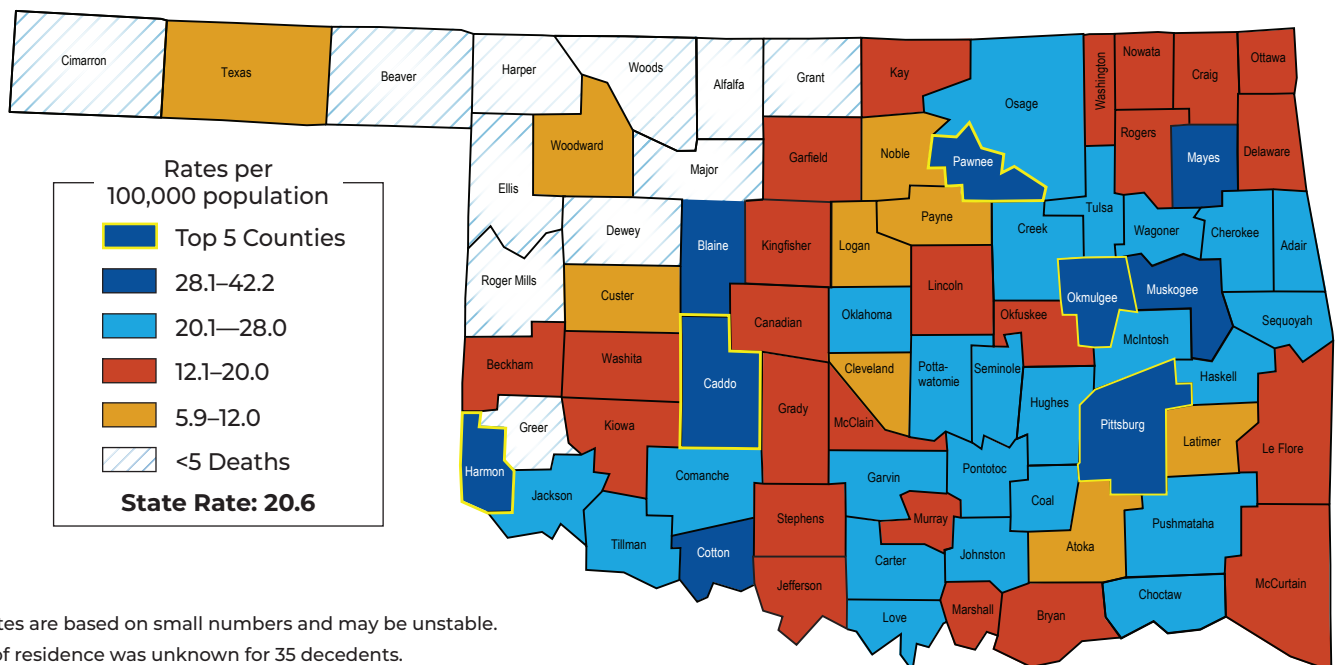
NON-HISPANIC BLACK Logan County residents had the **highest** rate of death.

- Males were **2.8 times more likely** to die than females.
- Drug overdose **death rates decreased 27%** from 10.6 per 100,000 (2013-2017) to 7.7 per 100,000 (2018-2022).
- **74%** of people who died had a history of substance use.
- **26%** of people who died had a history of mental health problems.

UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES¹

BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE²

► OKLAHOMA, 2018-2022



¹ Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

² County of residence was unknown for 35 decedents.

Data Source: Fatal Unintentional Poisoning Surveillance System, OSDH Injury Prevention Service

LOGAN COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS[†] (2020-2022)

Logan County had the **52nd** highest nonfatal drug overdose hospitalization rate in the state.



TEENS AND ADULTS AGED **15-24** had the highest hospitalization rate.



There were

92

Logan County Residents

hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2020-2022.

- **52%** of hospitalizations were unintentional and **43%** due to self harm.
- Females were **2.1 times more likely** to be hospitalized than males.
- Drug overdose **hospitalization rates decreased 20%** from 76 per 100,000 (2017-2019) to 60.7 per 100,000 (2020-2022).
- Non-Hispanic White Logan County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

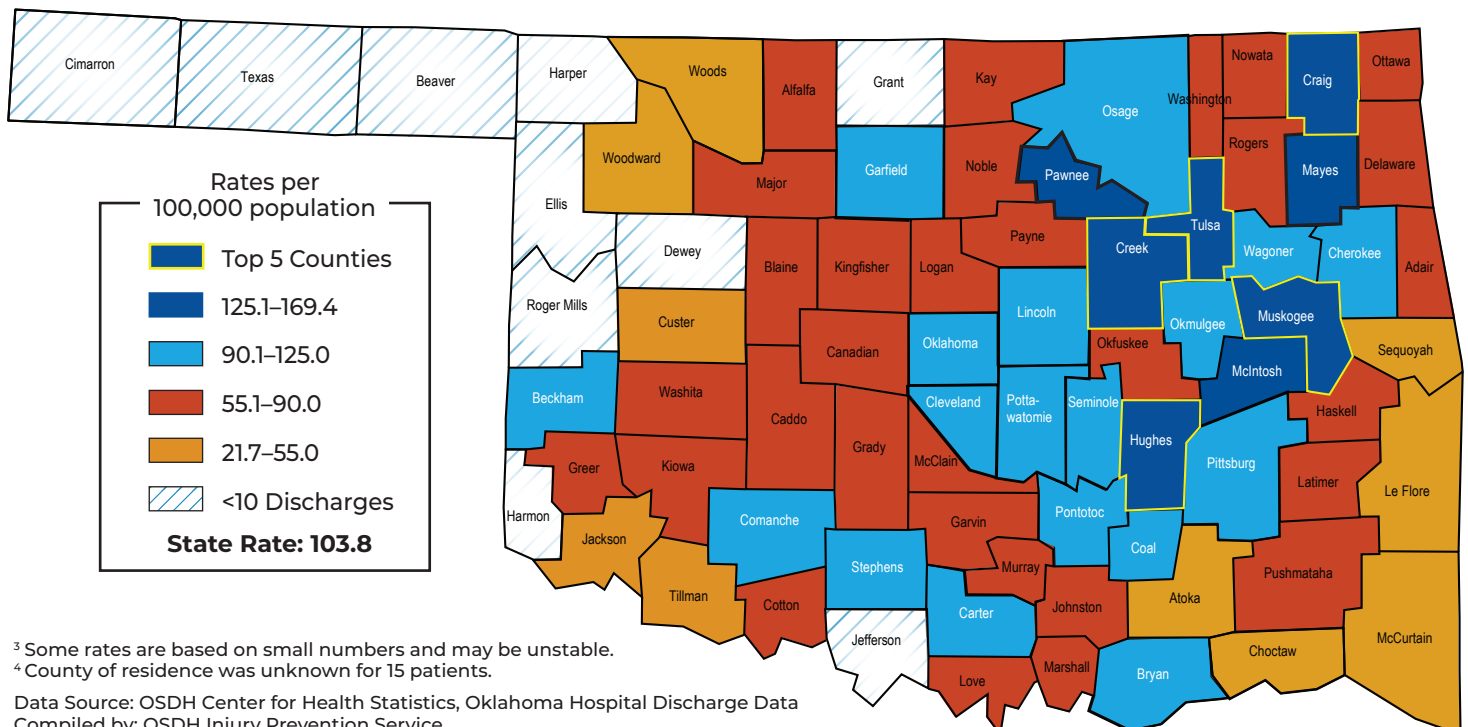
[†] Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault.

The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:

- ▶ Non-opioid pain medications
- ▶ Opioids
- ▶ Antidepressants
- ▶ Benzodiazepines
- ▶ Muscle relaxants

NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES³ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE⁴

▶ OKLAHOMA, 2020-2022



³ Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

⁴ County of residence was unknown for 15 patients.

Data Source: OSDH Center for Health Statistics, Oklahoma Hospital Discharge Data
Compiled by: OSDH Injury Prevention Service

