

# HUGHES COUNTY

## DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS<sup>1</sup> (2018-2022)

### NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE\*

14

total number of unintentional drug overdose deaths

13

Methamphetamine

<5

Fentanyl

<5

Benzodiazepines

<5

Other Opioids (excluding fentanyl)

0

Alcohol

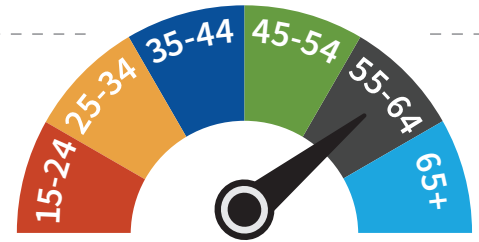
0

Cocaine

\* Categories are not mutually exclusive. Deaths may involve more than one substance.

From 2018-2022, **Hughes County** had the **28<sup>th</sup> highest** drug overdose death rate in the state.

**Adults aged 55-64 years** had the highest rate of death.



**50% of deaths** occurred at a home or apartment.

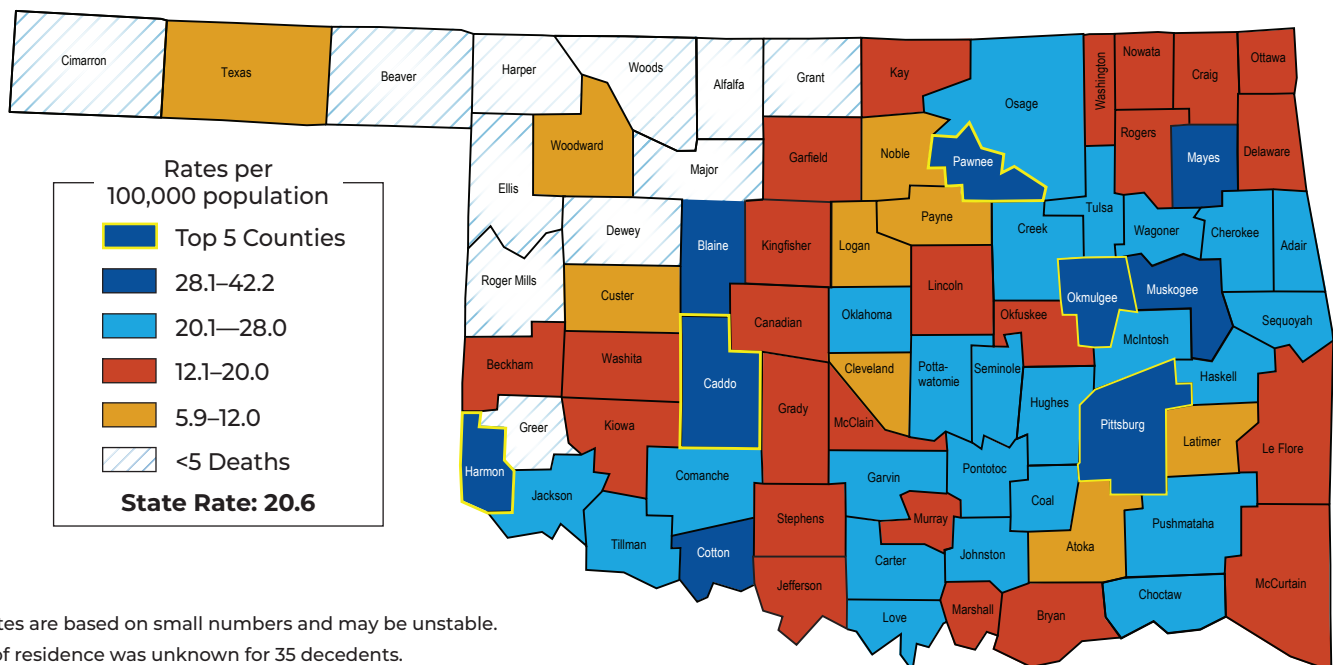
**NON-HISPANIC WHITE** Hughes County residents had the **highest** rate of death.

- Females were **60% more likely** to die than males.
- Drug overdose **death rates increased 59%** from 13.3 per 100,000 (2013-2017) to 21.1 per 100,000 (2018-2022).
- **50%** of people who died had a history of substance use.

## UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES<sup>1</sup>

### BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE<sup>2</sup>

► OKLAHOMA, 2018-2022



<sup>1</sup> Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

<sup>2</sup> County of residence was unknown for 35 decedents.

Data Source: Fatal Unintentional Poisoning Surveillance System, OSDH Injury Prevention Service

## DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS† (2020-2022)

**Hughes County**  
**had the 5<sup>th</sup>**  
**highest** nonfatal  
drug overdose  
hospitalization  
rate in the state.



**ADULTS AGED**  
**45-54**  
had the highest  
hospitalization  
rate.



There were **53** **Hughes County Residents** hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2020-2022.

- **64%** of hospitalizations were unintentional and **36%** due to self harm.
- Females were **twice as likely** to be hospitalized as males.
- Drug overdose **hospitalization rates decreased 2%** from 135.5 per 100,000 (2017-2019) to 132.7 per 100,000 (2020-2022).
- Non-Hispanic White Hughes County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

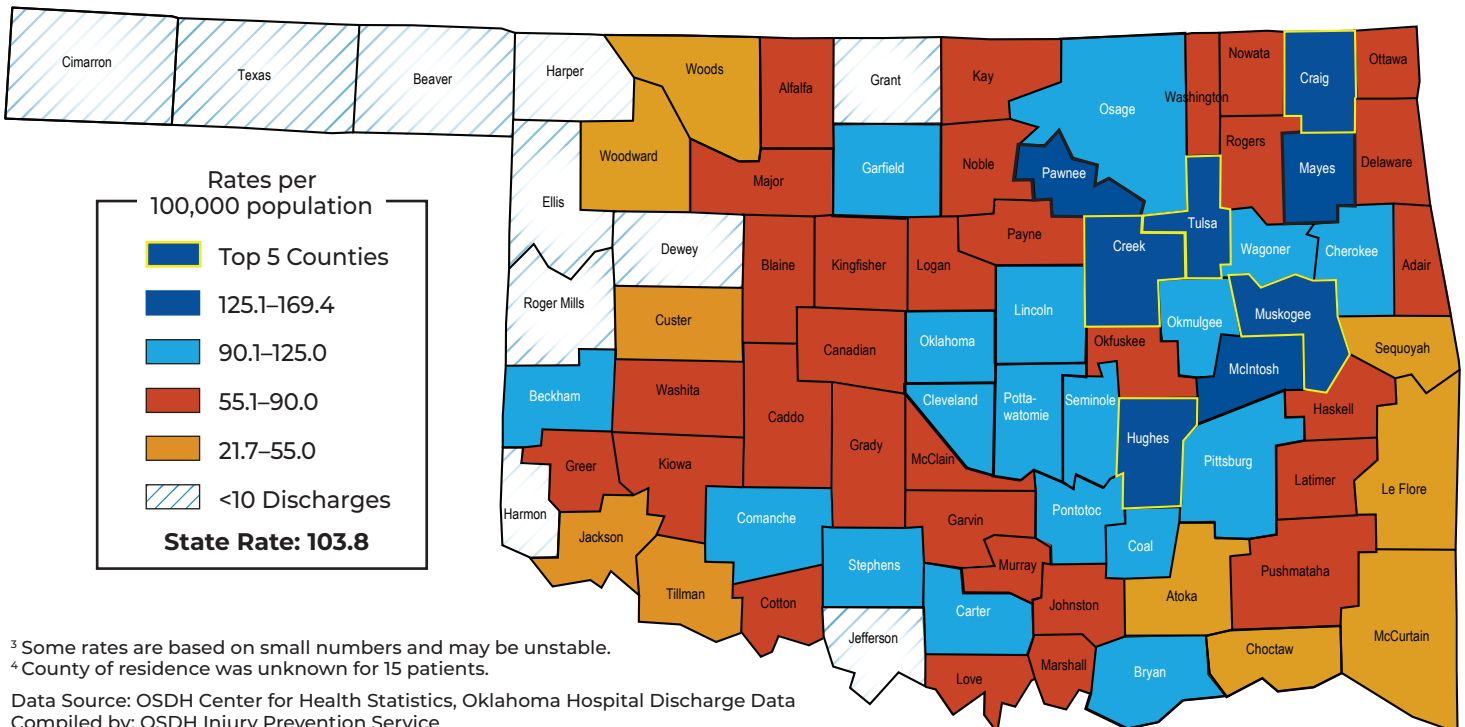
**The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:**

- ▶ Stimulants
- ▶ Opioids
- ▶ Non-opioid pain medications
- ▶ Antidepressants
- ▶ Benzodiazepines

<sup>†</sup> Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault.

## NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES<sup>3</sup> BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE<sup>4</sup>

► OKLAHOMA, 2020-2022



<sup>3</sup> Some rates are based on small numbers and may be unstable.

<sup>4</sup> County of residence was unknown for 15 patients.

Data Source: OSDH Center for Health Statistics, Oklahoma Hospital Discharge Data  
Compiled by: OSDH Injury Prevention Service

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**OKLAHOMA**  
State Department  
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