CRAIG COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS1 (2018-2022)

NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE*

From 2018-2022, **Craig County** had the **35**th **highest** drug overdose death rate in the state.



may involve more than one substance.

Adults aged 45-64 years** had the highest rate of death.

**Age groups combined because of smaller number of deaths.



50% of deaths occurred at a home or apartment.

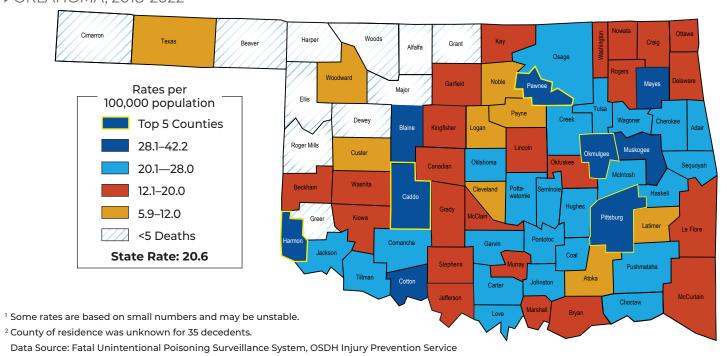
NON-HISPANIC WHITE

Craig County residents had the **highest** rate of death.

- Drug overdose **death rates increased 11%** from 17.8 per 100,000 (2013-2017) to 19.8 per 100,000 (2018-2022).
- 71% of people who died had a history of substance use.

UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES¹ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE²

▶OKLAHOMA, 2018-2022



CRAIG COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS† (2020-2022)

Craig County had the 2nd **highest** nonfatal drug overdose hospitalization rate in the state.



25-34
had the highest hospitalization

rate.



There were

Craig County Residents

hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2020-2022.

- **46**% of hospitalizations were unintentional and **46**% due to self harm.
- Females were **3.5 times more likely** to be hospitalized than males.
- Drug overdose **hospitalization rates decreased 11%** from 184.7 per 100,000 (2017-2019) to 165 per 100,000 (2020-2022).
- Non-Hispanic White Craig County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:

- ▶ Opioids
- Non-opioid pain medications
- **▶** Antipsychotics
- Benzodiazepines
- ▶ Stimulants

 † Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault.

NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES³ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE⁴

▶OKLAHOMA, 2020-2022

