COMANCHE COUNTY DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS1 (2018-2022)

NUMBER OF UNINTENTIONAL **DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS** BY TYPE OF SUBSTANCE*

From 2018-2022, Comanche County had the 31st highest drug overdose death rate in the state.



Adults aged 55-64 years had the highest rate of death.



42% of deaths occurred at a home or apartment.

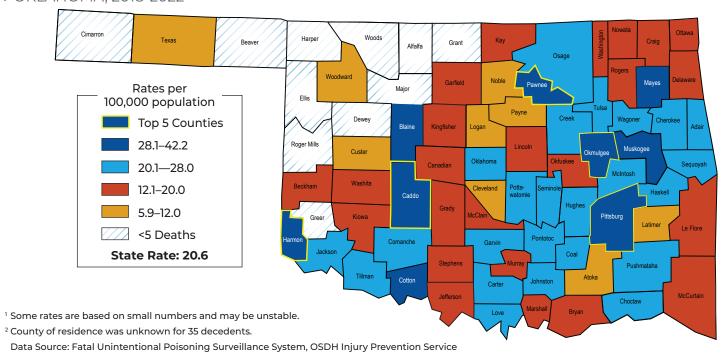
NON-HISPANIC AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKA NATIVE

Comanche County residents had the **highest** rate of death.

- Males were **49% more likely** to die than females.
- Drug overdose **death rates increased 52%** from 13.5 per 100,000 (2013-2017) to 20.5 per 100,000 (2018-2022).
- 66% of people who died had a history of substance use.
- 22% of people who died had a history of mental health problems.

UNINTENTIONAL DRUG OVERDOSE DEATH RATES BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE²

▶OKLAHOMA, 2018-2022



COMANCHE COUNTY

DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATIONS† (2020-2022)

Comanche
County had
the 11th highest
nonfatal drug
overdose
hospitalization
rate in the state.



TEENS AND ADULTS AGED

15-24
had the highest hospitalization rate.



There were

Comanche County Residents

hospitalized for a nonfatal drug overdose from 2020-2022.

- **39**% of hospitalizations were unintentional and **61**% due to self harm.
- Females were **twice as likely** to be hospitalized than males.
- Drug overdose **hospitalization rates increased 30%** from 93.6 per 100,000 (2017-2019) to 121.5 per 100,000 (2020-2022).
- Non-Hispanic American Indian/Alaska Native Comanche County residents had the **highest rate** of hospitalizations.

The most common substances involved in hospitalizations were:

- ▶ Non-opioid pain medications
- ▶ Opioids
- ▶ Benzodiazepines
- **▶** Antidepressants
- Antipsychotics

 † Includes all intents of nonfatal drug overdose – unintentional, self harm, undetermined, and assault.

NONFATAL DRUG OVERDOSE HOSPITALIZATION RATES³ BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE⁴

▶OKLAHOMA, 2020-2022

