

Introduce solid foods when your baby has good head and neck control, sits with minimal support and no longer pushes food out of their mouth. This is usually around 6 months of age. Solids should always be given under close supervision.



- 1. Always breastfeed before offering solids at meals. Offer solids about one hour after breastfeeding.
- 2. Breastfeed as frequently as you did before offering solids. Add solids as your baby's appetite increases.
- 3. Food before 1 year of age should complement breast milk feeds and should not be your baby's main source of nutrition.
- 4. Add breast milk to solid foods offered to your baby by trying the following: mixing breast milk into infant cereal, mashed potatoes, or pureed foods. Try mixing with pureed fruit and freezing for a healthy treat!



- Offer solids once a day after a breast milk feeding.
- Offer sips of water from a cup with meals.
- Offer only 1 new food every 3-5 days to ensure your baby does not have an allergic reaction.
- Offer meals up to 2 times a day.
- Continue to give breast milk feeds prior to offering solids.
- Consider offering soft finger foods that have been diced into small pieces to allow for self-feeding.
- Juice is not necessary, but if offered, limit amount to less than 4 ounces a day, diluted with water. Always put juice in a cup and never a bottle.



Months

- Offer solids at meals while continuing to give breast milk feeds before all meals.
- Encourage baby self-feeding. Follow baby's cues to increase or decrease the amount of solids offered.
- Baby should get no more than an average of 25% of their calories from solid foods until 12 months of age. Slowly increase this amount as weaning occurs.
- Continued breastfeeding is recommended for at least the first 2 years of life.*

*The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends breastfeeding for at least the first 2 years of life, as well as slowly increasing solids to meet the child's growing needs.

