

OPM 99-40

June 18, 1999

TO: All Appointing Authorities

FROM: Oscar B. Jackson, Jr. Administrator
and Cabinet Secretary of Human Resources

RE: Proposed Emergency Amendments to Merit System of Personnel Administration
Rules

I have scheduled two public hearings for comments on proposed emergency amendments to the Merit System of Personnel Administration Rules. The proposed amendments are necessary to implement Senate Bill 464 (the Classification and Compensation Reform Act of 1999).

I hope you or your representative(s) will attend one of the public hearings—

9:30 a.m. or 1:30 p.m., Monday, June 21, 1999
Department of Transportation, Commission Room
200 Northeast 21st Street
Oklahoma City

The afternoon hearing will duplicate the morning hearing. It is not necessary to attend both hearings on June 21st.

If you would like to make comments on the proposed amendments but are unable to attend either of the public hearings on June 21st, I will consider written comments received in the Office of Personnel Management by 5:00 p.m. on Thursday, July 8, 1999. Written comments on rule proposals should be addressed to the attention of Kimberlee Williams, Office of Personnel Management, 2101 North Lincoln Boulevard, Room G-80, Oklahoma City, OK 73105, or may be faxed to (405) 524-6942.

At this time I plan to circulate a revised draft of the proposed emergency rules following the June 21st meetings, and hold two additional rules hearings on the revised draft. Those hearings will be held Tuesday, July 20, 1999 at 9:30 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. at the Department of Transportation Commission Room. Please contact Kimberlee Williams at (405) 521-2160 if you have any questions.

Copies of the proposals are attached.

TITLE 530. OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

CHAPTER 10. MERIT SYSTEM OF PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION RULES

SUBCHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

530:10-1-2. Definitions

In addition to terms defined in OAC 455:10-1-2, the following words and terms, when used in the Merit Rules, shall have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

"Absence without leave" and **"unauthorized absence"** means any absence of an employee from duty without specific approval.

"Absolute preference veteran" means a veteran eligible for placement at the top of registers for appointment to the classified service because of a service-connected disability of **30%** or more.

"Act" means the Oklahoma Personnel Act.

"Administrator" means the appointing authority of the Oklahoma Office of Personnel Management [74:840-1.3]. As the term is used in the Merit Rules, the term includes employees of the Office of Personnel Management to whom the Administrator has lawfully delegated authority to act on his or her behalf. The term, as used in the Merit Rules, may also include Appointing Authorities to whom the Administrator has delegated authority under a duly executed delegation agreement.

"Adverse impact" or **"disparate impact"** means a substantially different rate of selection in hiring, promotion, or other employment decision which works to the disadvantage of members of a race, sex, or ethnic group. A common yardstick for determining adverse impact is the **"4/5ths rule"** which indicates adverse impact if the selection rate for any protected group is less than 4/5ths (80%) of the selection rate of the group with the highest selection rate.

"Agency" means any office, department, board, commission or institution of the executive branch of state government [74:840-1.3].

"Allocation" or **"Position allocation"** means the process of designating to by which the Office of Personnel Management designates a position to an established class job family ~~a position is assigned~~. A position is assigned allocated on the basis of duties, authority, responsibilities, classification guides, and other appropriate factors.

"Appointing authority" means the chief administrative officer of an agency [74:840-1.3]. As the term is used in the Merit Rules, the term includes employees of an agency to whom the Appointing Authority has lawfully delegated authority to act on his or her behalf.

"Assignment" or **"Position assignment"** in the context of position allocation means the process by which an Appointing Authority designates a position to an established job family level.

"Balanced and representative work force" means a work force whose composition at all levels approximates the composition of the relevant civilian labor force in terms of race, sex, and ethnicity.

"Base pay", **"base rate"**, or **"base salary"** means the hourly rate or salary established for a job performed. It does not include shift differentials, benefits, overtime, incentives, longevity, or any other pay elements.

"Career progression" means a type of promotion in which an employee is advanced from one level of a job family to a higher level in the same job family. Career progression shall not require promotional posting, and trial periods shall not be assigned.

"Certification", in the context of initial classified appointments, means the submission of available names of eligibles from the appropriate register to an Appointing Authority. Such a list is called a **"certificate"**. Individuals whose names appear on the certificate are said to be **"certified"**. In the context of all other types of appointments, certification means the determination by the Office, or by an Appointing Authority to whom the Administrator has delegated authority, that a candidate possesses permanent classified status or is eligible for reinstatement to permanent classified status, and meets requirements for appointment to a specified class job in the classified service.

~~**"Class"** or **"class of positions"** [except as provided in 530:10-13-31], means positions that are sufficiently similar in duties, levels of responsibility, and requirements of the work to warrant similar treatment as to title, pay grade, and minimum qualifications [74:840-1.3].~~

~~**"Class specification"** means a written document that describes a class [74:840-1.3].~~

~~**"Classification"** means the process of placing an employee into a class.~~

~~**"Classification" means:**~~

~~(A) the process of placing an employee into an appropriate job family and level within the job family, consistent with the allocation of the position to which the employee is assigned, or~~

~~(B) an employee's job family and the level at which work is assigned [74:840-1.3].~~

~~**"Classification plan"** means the orderly arrangement of positions within an agency into separate and distinct classes job families so that each class job family will contain those positions which involve similar or comparable skills, duties and responsibilities [74:840-1.3].~~

"Classified employee" means an employee in the classified service, or an employee currently on leave from the classified service in accordance with established Merit Rules governing leave.

"Classified service" means state employees and positions under the jurisdiction of the Oklahoma Merit System of Personnel Administration [74: 840-1.3].

"Commission" means the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission [74:840-1.3].

"Compensation plan" means a schedule of salaries or hourly wages established for the classes jobs recognized in the agency classification plan so that all positions of a given class job within an agency may be paid the same salary range established for the class job.

"Consider" means a reasonable judgment based on job related criteria and on an individual's fitness for duties for initial or internal appointment.

"Demotion" means the reclassification of a classified employee ~~from a position in a given class to a position in a lower class. The lower class shall have a lower grade assigned to a different job with a lower pay band assignment or to a lower level within the same job family.~~ Demotion may be voluntary or involuntary.

"Direct reclassification" means a change made in a classified employee's classification by an Appointing Authority as a result of the adoption of a new and more appropriate ~~class specification job family descriptor.~~

"Discharge" is defined in 455:10-11-3.

"Displacement" or **"displace"** means the process of an employee accepting an offer of employment to an occupied or funded vacant position [74:840-2.27B].

"EEO Job Categories", as used in the context of affirmative action/equal employment opportunity, means the following occupational categories:

(A) **Officials and Administrators:** Occupations in which employees set broad policies, exercise overall responsibility for execution of these policies, or direct individual

departments or special phases of the agency's operations, or provide specialized consultation on a regional, district, or area basis.

(B) **Professionals:** Occupations which require specialized and theoretical knowledge which is usually acquired through college training or through work experience and other training which provides comparable knowledge.

(C) **Technicians:** Occupations which require a combination of basic scientific or technical knowledge and manual skill which can be obtained through specialized post-secondary school education or through equivalent on-the-job training.

(D) **Protective Service Workers:** Occupations in which workers are entrusted with public safety, security and protection from destructive forces.

(E) **Paraprofessionals:** Occupations in which workers perform some of the duties of a professional or technician in a supportive role, which usually require less formal training and/or experience normally required for professional or technical status.

(F) **Administrative Support (Including Clerical and Sales):** Occupations in which workers are responsible for internal and external communication, recording and retrieval of data and/or information and other paperwork required in an office.

(G) **Skilled Craft Workers:** Occupations in which workers perform jobs which require special manual skill and a thorough and comprehensive knowledge of the processes involved in the work which is acquired through on-the-job training and experience or through apprenticeship or other formal training programs.

(H) **Service-Maintenance:** Occupations in which workers perform duties which result in or contribute to the comfort, convenience, hygiene or safety of the general public or which contribute to the upkeep and care of buildings, facilities or grounds of public property.

"**Eligible**" means a person who has met all requirements for appointment to a given class job.

"**Employee**" or "**state employee**" means an elected or appointed officer or employee of an agency unless otherwise indicated [74:840-1.3].

"**Entrance examination**" means any employment test used by the Office of Personnel Management to rank the names of applicants who possess the minimum requirements of education, experience, or licensure for a class job or group of similar jobs on a register of eligibles established by the Office of Personnel Management [74:840-1.3].

"**Executive Director**" means the appointing authority of the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission [74:840-1.3].

"**FEPA**" means the Oklahoma Fair Employment Practices Act, Section 840-4.12 (I) of the Oklahoma Personnel Act.

"**FLSA**" means the federal Fair Labor Standards Act.

"**FLSA exempt**" means employees performing work which is considered to be exempt from the overtime payment provisions of the FLSA.

"**FLSA non-exempt**" means employees performing work which is considered to be under the overtime payment provisions of the FLSA.

~~"**Grade**" means the pay range assigned to a class.~~

"**Hiring rule**" refers to the names of the top **10** available eligibles certified to an Appointing Authority by the Administrator.

"**Hiring rate**" means the initial rate of pay for a given job within the pay band assigned to the allocated job family level.

~~"**In-class transfer**" means a reassignment of a classified employee from one position to another position in the same class in the classified service.~~

"**Initial appointment**" or "**original appointment**" means the act of an Appointing Authority hiring a person, usually from a certificate, for a probationary period. Contrast

the meaning of these terms with "internal action" and "internal appointment" which are also defined in this Section.

"Interagency transfer" means an action in which an employee leaves employment with one agency and enters employment with another agency while continuously employed with the state [74:840-1.3].

"Internal action" or **"Internal appointment"** means the reclassification or ~~in-class transfer~~ of a current employee or the reinstatement, recall or reemployment from a Priority Reemployment Consideration Roster of a former employee.

"Intra-agency transfer" means moving an employee from one position to another position with the same agency either with or without reclassification [74:840-1.3].

"Job" means a position or job family level in a job family [74:840-1.3].

"Job family" means:

(A) jobs which require similar core skills and involve similar work, and

(B) a logical progression of roles in a specific type of occupation in which the difference between roles are related to the depth and breadth of experience at various levels within the job family and which are sufficiently similar in duties and requirements of the work to warrant similar treatment as to title, typical functions, knowledge, skills and abilities required, and education and experience requirements [74:840-1.3].

"Job family descriptor" means a written document that:

(A) describes a job family, including, but not limited to, the basic purpose, typical functions performed, various levels within the job family, and the knowledge, skills, abilities, education, and experience required for each level, and

(B) identifies the pay band assigned for each level [74:840-1.3].

"Job family level" or "level" means a role in a job family having distinguishable characteristics such as knowledge, skills, abilities, education, and experience [74:840-1.3].

"Job-related organization" means a membership association which collects annual dues, conducts annual meetings and provides job-related education for its members and which includes state employees, including any association for which payroll deductions for membership dues are authorized pursuant to paragraph 5 of subsection B of Section 7.10 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes [74:840-1.3].

"Lateral transfer" means the reclassification of an employee to another class state job with the same salary grade pay band assignment as the job family level in which the employee had been classified prior to the lateral transfer [74:840-1.3].

"Leave of absence without pay" means leave or time off from duty granted by the Appointing Authority, for which period the employee receives no pay.

"Manifest imbalance" means representation of females, Blacks, Hispanics, Asian/Pacific Islanders and American Indians/Alaskan natives in specific job groups or EEO job categories within the agency's work force that is substantially below its representation in the appropriate civilian labor force.

"Merit Rules" or "Merit Rules for Employment" or "Merit System of Personnel Administration Rules" means rules adopted by the Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management or the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission pursuant to the Oklahoma Personnel Act [74:840-1.3]. Merit Rules adopted by the Administrator are in OAC 530:10, and Merit Rules adopted by the Commission are in OAC 455:10.

"Merit System" means the Oklahoma Merit System of Personnel Administration [74:840-1.3].

"Minimum qualifications" means the requirements of education, training, experience and other basic qualifications for a class job.

"Minority" means a person who appears to belong, identify with, or is regarded in the community as belonging to one of the following racial or ethnic groups:

(A) "**Black**", meaning all persons having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa;

(B) "**Hispanic**", meaning all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race;

(C) "**Asian or Pacific Islander**", meaning all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands. This area includes, for example, China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, and Samoa.

(D) "**American Indian or Alaskan Native**", meaning all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America, and who maintain cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition. For affirmative action purposes, persons who are reported as American Indian shall verify tribal affiliation by providing a certificate of Degree of Indian Blood from the U.S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, or by providing the name and address of tribal officials who can verify tribal affiliation [74:840-2.1(E)].

"**New position**" means a position not previously existing.

"**Noncompetitive appointment**" means the appointment of a person to a noncompetitive class job level within a job family [74:840-1.3].

"**Noncompetitive class job**" means a class of positions of an unskilled or semiskilled labor or a similar class job designated by the Office of Personnel Management as noncompetitive. Noncompetitive jobs do not require written examinations for placement on registers of eligibles [74:840-1.3].

"**Office**" means the Office of Personnel Management [74:840-1.3].

"**Oklahoma Personnel Act**" means Sections 840-1.1 et seq. of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, creating the Merit System of Personnel Administration and any amendments or supplements.

"**Part-time employee**" means an employee who works less than full time.

"**Payline**" means the relationship between the rate of pay of a particular classification job family level and the assigned job evaluation points for the same classification job family level.

"**Permanent employee**" means a classified employee who has acquired permanent status in the classified service according to the Act and the Merit Rules.

"**Position**" means a group of specific duties, tasks and responsibilities assigned by the Appointing Authority to be performed by one person; a position may be part time or full time, temporary or permanent, occupied or vacant.

"**Priority reemployment consideration**" means the requirement that Appointing Authorities consider eligible former state employees who were separated as a result of a reduction-in-force whose names appear on Priority Reemployment Consideration Rosters before any vacant position is filled by any eligible initially appointed from an employment register.

"**Probationary employee**" means a classified employee who has not acquired permanent status in the classified service in accordance with the Act and the Merit Rules.

"**Probationary period**" means a working test period during which a classified employee is required to demonstrate fitness for the class job to which appointed by the satisfactory performance of the duties and responsibilities of the class job.

"**Promotion**" means the reclassification of a classified employee ~~from a position in a lower class to a position in a higher class in the classified service. The higher class shall have a higher grade assigned to a different state job with a higher pay band assignment or to a higher level within the same job family.~~

"**Promotional examination**" means any employment test designated by the Office of Personnel Management to determine further the qualifications of a permanent classified

employee of a state agency for employment in a different class job for which the employee possesses the minimum qualifications of education, experience, or licensure within that agency [74:840-1.3].

"**Reallocation**" or "**Position reallocation**" means the process of reassigning an established position, occupied or vacant, from one class job family to another.

"**Recall right**" means the entitlement of an eligible person to be offered reappointment to the class job family level from which removed by a reduction-in-force before any other person may be appointed, except by recall.

~~_____ "**Reclassification**" means the process of changing a classified employee from one class to another class in the classified service.~~

"**Reclassification**" means the process of changing a classified employee from one job family to another job family or from one job family level to another job family level in the same job family, resulting in a change in the employee's assigned job code [74:840-1.3].

"**Register**" means a list of eligibles for original probationary appointment to a class job.

"**Register life**" means the length of time during which a person's name may be continuously or intermittently on a register as a result of an entrance examination.

"**Regular and consistent**" means, in connection with an employee's work assignments, the employee's usual and normal work assignments, excluding incidental, casual, occasional tasks, and activities the employee assumes without direction to do so. Temporary work assignments of less than **60** days in any **12** month period are not considered regular and consistent.

~~_____ "**Regular unclassified employee**" means an unclassified service employee who is not on a temporary or other time-limited appointment [74:840-1.3].~~

"**Regular unclassified service employee**" means an unclassified service employee who is not on a temporary or other time-limited appointment [74:840-1.3].

"**Reinstatement**" means the reappointment of a former permanent classified employee as provided in the Merit Rules or the replacing of an eligible's name on a register.

"**Resignation**" means an employee's voluntary termination of his or her employment with the state. In the case of a classified employee, it includes the forfeiture of status in the classified service.

"**Salary administration plan**" means the plan adopted by an Appointing Authority which establishes hiring ranges for positions. Optional components of a salary administration plan may include but are not limited to conditions for hiring above the midpoint of a pay range, skill-based pay programs, and other pay movement mechanisms authorized by 74:840-2.17.

"**Senior EEO Investigator**" means a person who has been designated by the Administrator to provide advice and support to persons completing the training requirements for discrimination complaints investigators as described in 530:10-3-22.

~~_____ "**Series**" means a group of classes identified by the Administrator that are in the same job family and involve the same type of work, as represented on the job description, but which are different in level of difficulty, supervision received, responsibility, and grade. Classes in a series often have the same title distinguished by roman numerals or other modifiers, such as, senior, supervisor, trainee, etc.~~

~~_____ "**Specification**", also called "**Class specification**", means the written document that describes a class.~~

~~_____ "**Successor class**" means a class that takes the place of another class either in whole or in part.~~

"**Supervisor**" means a classified or unclassified employee [within the executive branch, excluding employees within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education

74:840-3.1(A)] ~~who has been assigned authority and responsibility for all of the following functions on a continuous and uninterrupted basis with respect to subordinates:~~

- ~~—(A) Assigning work to subordinates and making sure work is performed correctly and in a timely manner;~~
- ~~—(B) Training subordinates in the performance of their assigned duties or planning and directing such training through subordinates;~~
- ~~—(C) Reviewing work performance of subordinates; and~~
- ~~—(D) Participating in [sharing responsibility for] determining appropriate personnel actions regarding subordinates such as performance appraisal, discipline, and corrective action evaluating the performance of subordinates [74:840-3.1(C)].~~

"Trial period" means a working test period after promotion or voluntary demotion during which a classified employee is required to demonstrate satisfactory performance in the ~~class job~~ to which promoted or voluntarily demoted before acquiring permanent status in the ~~class job~~.

"Unclassified service" or **"exempt service"** means employees and positions excluded from coverage of the Oklahoma Merit System of Personnel Administration [74:840-1.3]. Such employees and positions are subject to various provisions of the Oklahoma Personnel Act and the Merit Rules.

"Veteran" means a person who has been honorably discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States and who has been a resident of Oklahoma for at least 1 year before the date of examination [74:840-1.3].

530:10-1-11. Employee roster

The Office of Personnel Management shall establish and maintain a roster of all employees in the classified service, showing for each employee the ~~class~~ title, salary, date of employment and such other employment data as is deemed pertinent. Also, for the purpose of identifying employees and positions, for payroll certification, the Office of Personnel Management shall maintain a list of unclassified personnel.

SUBCHAPTER 3. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION AND EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

PART. 3 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION

530:10-3-33.5. Job group analysis

Affirmative action plans for agencies authorized 15 or more full-time-equivalent employees shall include an analysis of the racial or ethnic and sexual composition of the present workforce by job groups. Job groups shall be based on similar work content, advancement opportunities, and rate of pay. Appointing Authorities shall:

- (1) Use the EEO job categories as a basis for job group analysis; however an Appointing Authority may subdivide an EEO job category into several job groups;
- (2) Assign all ~~job classes~~ jobs to job categories using the EEO job category listing published by the Administrator unless the level of assigned responsibility for the ~~class~~ job family within the agency matches the description for another category better than the category listed in the Administrator's publication;
- (3) List the number of employees and the total number of male, female, total minority and individual employees in each job group; and
- (4) Complete a form prescribed or approved by the Administrator to record job group analysis data. The form shall provide spaces for job group information, including but not limited to: EEO job category and job group, salary or grade pay band, class job titles, numbers of employees by job class title, group, and category.

530:10-3-33.8. Personnel transaction report

All affirmative action plans shall include a report of personnel transactions. The report shall be an agency-wide summary of personnel transactions showing the progress made toward achieving any affirmative action goals for the preceding year. An Appointing Authority shall:

- (1) List the total number of employees and the total number of male, female, individual minority, and total minority employees present at the beginning of the preceding plan period and the corresponding numbers at the end of the period. If the numbers for the beginning of the period are inconsistent with the numbers submitted in the preceding plan, the Appointing Authority shall include an explanation for the differences;
- (2) List the number of male, female, individual minority, and total minority employees affected by the following types of personnel transactions during the period;
 - (A) **New hires.** This type includes new full-time appointments, transfers in, reinstatements, and recalls, but does not include temporary, part-time, or time-limited appointments;
 - (B) **Promotions.** In addition to promotions, this type includes direct reclassifications ~~to resulting in a higher grade rate of pay,~~ and any other transactions resulting in an employee being ~~assigned a higher grade~~ reclassified to a different state job with a higher pay band assignment or to a higher level within the same job family;
 - (C) **Demotions.** This group includes both voluntary and involuntary demotions, direct reclassifications to a job with a lower grade pay band, and any other transactions resulting in an employee being assigned to a lower grade pay band;
 - (D) **Separations.** This group includes discharges, resignations, transfers out, retirements, reduction-in-force, or other voluntary or involuntary separation from full-time employment with the agency, but not including the separation of persons on temporary, part-time, or time-limited appointments;
- (3) List summary information on a form prescribed or approved by the Administrator, including but not limited to: staffing numbers at the beginning and end of the period, gains and losses during the period, personnel transaction goals for hiring and promotions goals for the preceding period, and the actual numbers of new hires, promotions, demotions, and separations. If the agency is authorized 15 or more full-time-equivalent employees, the Appointing Authority shall include the hiring goals and any optional promotional goals for the preceding period on the form.

PART 7. AFFIRMATIVE ACTION AND CIVIL RIGHTS PERSONNEL**530:10-3-75. Qualifications of civil rights and affirmative action personnel**

- (a) Personnel selected by Appointing Authorities to fill full-time Civil Rights Administrator I, ~~II, or III~~ positions in the classified service shall meet the minimum requirements contained in the ~~class specifications~~ job family descriptor for this job series ~~these jobs.~~
- (b) Personnel selected by Appointing Authorities to fill full-time civil rights or affirmative action administrator, coordinator or officer positions in the unclassified service shall meet the requirements as provided in a job description approved by the Administrator.
- (c) Other classified and unclassified personnel designated by Appointing Authorities to perform civil rights/affirmative action duties on a part-time basis shall have knowledge of: federal and state civil rights laws; affirmative action and equal employment laws; and Oklahoma state government personnel practices and procedures.

**SUBCHAPTER 5. POSITION ALLOCATION AND
EMPLOYEE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM**

PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

530:10-5-2. Authority and responsibility of the Office of Personnel Management

(a) The Office of Personnel Management shall develop and maintain a classification system [74:840-2.12(4)] in which all positions allocated to a class job family and level are sufficiently similar in duties and responsibilities that:

- (1) the same descriptive title may be used to designate each position; and
- (2) essentially the same selection requirements and procedures may be used to select employees; and
- (3) under like working conditions, the same salary-grade pay band may be applied.

(b) The Office of Personnel Management shall be responsible for the adoption, revision and abolishment of ~~class specifications~~ job family descriptors; for the audit of positions to ~~ensure that positions are properly allocated~~ determine the proper job family to which a position is allocated [74:840-4.3(A)]; ~~and for the assignment of position identification codes; and for the allocation of positions to classes.~~

530:10-5-3. Authority and responsibility of Appointing Authorities

(a) Appointing Authorities have control of positions within their agency and have the authority to organize their agencies, to create positions, to abolish positions and to prescribe or change the duties and responsibilities assigned to any position or employee at any time [74:840-4.3(A)]. Appointing Authorities shall determine the level within a job family at which duties and responsibilities are assigned [74:840-4.3]. Appointing Authorities have the authority to reclassify employees in accordance with other provisions of the Merit Rules.

(b) Appointing Authorities are responsible for ensuring that:

- (1) ~~class specifications~~ job family descriptors are reviewed at least annually and the Office of Personnel Management is notified of any recommended changes in ~~class specifications~~ job family descriptors;
- (2) managers and supervisors assign work to employees on a regular and consistent basis that conforms with the employee's class classification;
- (3) employees are classified in accordance with the work they are assigned on a regular and consistent basis as an integral part of their normal job [74:840-4.3(B)];
- (4) managers and supervisors cooperate in position allocation audits and classification grievance audits by supplying timely and accurate information about positions being audited; ~~and~~
- (5) all records relied on by the agency in making changes to the job family level are maintained; and
- (5)(6) each employee is given a copy of the:
 - (A) ~~specification~~ job family descriptor for the class job family to which the position occupied by the employee is allocated if the employee requests a copy;
 - (B) ~~task list of~~ accountabilities to be used in evaluating the employee's performance, as required in 530:10-17-31; and
 - (C) Position Description Questionnaire for the position if one exists and the employee requests a copy.

530:10-5-4. Rights and responsibilities of employees

(a) Employees shall be familiar with the ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor, Position Description Questionnaire if one exists, and task list of accountabilities for the position they occupy.

(b) Employees shall participate in the processes and procedures pertaining to the allocation of positions and classification of employees. This is a duty of all employees. Employees shall supply timely and accurate information about duties and responsibilities of other employees and positions when requested to do so.

(c) An employee has the right and responsibility to file a classification grievance, as provided by law and rule, when duties performed on a regular and consistent basis do not conform to the ~~{employee's} class specification~~ employee's job family descriptor and level of assignment [74:840-4.3(B)].

(d) *Employees are entitled to the classification they are currently assigned* [74:840-4.3(C)(1)] and to perform work consistent with their classification. *An employee is entitled to the compensation assigned to the ~~class specification~~ job family level for which duties were performed on a regular and consistent basis as determined by the Office of Personnel Management. This provision does not entitle the employee to a higher classification job family level* [74:840-4.3(B)] and does not prohibit reclassification in accordance with other Merit Rules. Employees have no right to reclassification, to occupy a specific position, or to the continued assignment of specific duties and responsibilities.

(e) *An employee is not required to perform all of the work operations described in a ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor in order to be eligible for classification thereunder. An employee is not eligible or entitled to classification by reason of performing isolated or singular duties incidental to the job but which are described in another ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor. Employees are entitled to the classification they are currently assigned.* [74:840-4.3(C)(1)]

(f) *An employee normally performs some of the work of higher-rated jobs and some of the work of lower-rated jobs when required. The normal duties of an employee may include some of the work of related jobs in the same ~~salary grade~~ pay band when required. The normal duties of an employee may include assistance to [other employees].* [74:840-4.3(C)(2)] *An employee is required to perform the work operations and duties described or appraised as being covered by a ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor pursuant to that degree or amount of guidance or instruction which is considered usual and normal in order to qualify for the classification* [74:840-4.3(C)(3)].

(g) The fact that the task list of accountabilities used in the appraisal of the employee's work performance in accordance with 530:10-17-31 does not include all of the tasks assigned to the employee, does not exempt the employee from performance of such tasks.

530:10-5-6. Notice of creation of positions, changes in positions and abolishment of positions

(a) After a position is created, the Appointing Authority shall furnish the Office of Personnel Management with a completed Position Description Questionnaire form. OAC 530:10-5-54 describes this form.

(b) Appointing Authorities shall maintain a current position description for each position allocated by the Office of Personnel Management. The supervisor and the manager of a position shall review the Position Description Questionnaire each time the position becomes vacant to ensure that the duties assigned to the position are in substantial agreement with the ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor and that both continue to identify the work the Appointing Authority wants assigned to the position.

~~(c) At the time of an employee's annual service evaluation, the supervisor and employee shall review the class specification, the task list used to evaluate the employee's~~

performance in the position, and the Position Description Questionnaire for the position if one exists. The purpose of this review is to make sure these documents identify the work the Appointing Authority wants assigned to the position and the employee.

~~(d)~~(c) An Appointing Authority may change the duties and responsibilities of positions at any time. When there is a significant change in a position or if there is reason to believe the position is not properly allocated, the Appointing Authority shall request an audit of the position in accordance with 530:10-5-50.

~~(e)~~(d) An Appointing Authority shall promptly notify the Office of Personnel Management when a position is abolished.

530:10-5-8. Class specifications Job family descriptors

(a) **Purpose and use of class specifications job family descriptors.** ~~Class specifications~~ Job family descriptors shall be used to distinguish one job classification family from another as clearly and definitively as possible [74:840-4.3(G)]. ~~Class specifications~~ Job family descriptors shall also be used as a basis for:

- (1) allocating positions to ~~classes~~ job families and levels [74:840-4.3(G)];
- (2) selecting employees to fill positions;
- (3) ~~adopting salary grades~~ assigning jobs to pay bands; and
- (4) ensuring that employees are properly classified [74:840-4.3(G)].

(b) **Format and content of class specifications job family descriptors.** The Office of Personnel Management shall determine the format to be used in preparing ~~class specifications~~ job family descriptors.

(1) A ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor shall consist of:

- (A) a title and code, including a code for each level in the job family descriptor;
- (B) a ~~definition~~ basic purpose, in general terms, ~~of the supervision received and exercised, describing duties, authorities, or and responsibilities of employees in the job family~~;
- (C) ~~examples of work~~ typical functions performed;
- (D) ~~knowledges~~ knowledge and skills necessary to perform work at each level; and
- (E) the minimum qualifications, such as those for education and experience, that are required for initial or internal appointment to ~~the class~~ a job included in the job family.

(2) A ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor may also include identification information and other information, such as position allocation standards ~~and selective qualifications~~, which facilitates the allocation of positions to ~~classes~~ job families, the selection of qualified employees, and the ~~adoption~~ assignment of ~~salary grades~~ appropriate pay bands.

(c) **Adoption, revision and abolishment of class specifications job family descriptors.** Before the Administrator adopts a new ~~class~~ job family descriptor or revises a ~~specification~~ job family descriptor to the extent that the allocation of positions or the ~~salary grade pay band~~ for the ~~class~~ job family is affected, the Administrator shall have a public hearing so that interested persons will have an opportunity to express their views. However, the Administrator may make other revisions to ~~class specifications~~ job family descriptors and may abolish unused ~~classes~~ job families as the need to do so is identified.

(d) **Distribution of class specifications job family descriptors.**

(1) Before the effective date of the adoption or revision of a ~~specification~~ job family descriptor for a ~~class~~ to which positions in an agency have been allocated, the Office of Personnel Management shall provide the Appointing Authority with a copy of the ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor.

(2) The Office of Personnel Management shall provide all agencies with a summary of all ~~class specifications~~ job family descriptors adopted, revised, or abolished within 1 month after the action.

(3) Appointing Authorities shall give employees notice of new and revised ~~class specifications~~ job family descriptors and give copies of ~~specifications~~ job family descriptors to employees in the ~~class~~ job family and their supervisors upon request.

530:10-5-11. Detail to special duty

(a) When the services of a permanent classified employee are temporarily needed in a ~~class~~ job family or level other than the ~~class one~~ to which the incumbent is regularly assigned the employee may be detailed to special duty, at the discretion of the Appointing Authority, to perform the duties of the ~~class~~ job to which temporarily assigned.

(b) An employee may be detailed to special duty for 6 months or less without meeting the minimum qualifications for the ~~class~~ job family and level to which the employee is detailed. An employee may be detailed to special duty for a total of 12 months if:

(1) the employee meets the minimum qualifications of the ~~class~~ job to which the employee is detailed; and

(2) the position to which the employee is assigned while on detail is a filled position; that is, the position is temporarily vacant because the incumbent is absent.

(c) A detail to special duty in no way shall affect the status, title or ~~class~~ job family held before the detail.

(d) An employee shall not be placed on detail to special duty more than 12 months in any 36 month period.

(e) Pay upon detail to special duty is covered in 530:10-7-17.

(f) Detail to special duty is not required when an employee is temporarily assigned duties of another ~~class~~ job for a period of less than 60 days in any 12-month period. However, any temporarily assigned duties shall count toward the time limitations described in subsection (b).

530:10-5-13. Authority to underfill positions

(a) ~~The Office of Personnel Management may approve a request from an~~ An Appointing Authority ~~to~~ may underfill positions with employees in ~~specified lower classes~~ the same or another job family than ~~classes~~ the one to which positions are allocated. Purposes for underfilling positions are to serve the administrative needs of an agency to fill positions and to provide employees with training, career advancement opportunities or upward mobility within the ~~occupational series~~ job family.

(b) Any appointment to underfill a position shall be preceded by posting the position at the full performance level with the option to underfill the position ~~at the specified underfill class~~ with an employee in another specified job family. The Appointing Authority shall record the action as an underfill in the remarks on the personnel action form and shall include with the form a statement of the duties, responsibilities, and supervision exercised, or received, that the Appointing Authority has changed to ensure the employee is assigned work consistent with his or her classification.

(c) The underfilling of a position by an employee in a lower ~~class~~ job family level than that to which the position is allocated shall be accompanied by a corresponding modification in the duties and responsibilities of the position. The employee occupying the position shall be properly classified in accordance with the work performed and the provisions of 530:10-5-4.

(d) Employees who are underfilling positions cannot be reclassified or assigned to perform work at the full performance level of the position until they have:

(1) acquired the required minimum qualifications for full performance in the position as allocated and

(2) been ~~promoted~~ reclassified through promotion or career progression to that class level in accordance with the provisions of the Merit Rules governing promotions and career progression. Promotion to the full performance level does not require an additional promotional posting, if the position was posted at the full performance level at the time of the underfill in accordance with subsection (b).

~~(e) Appointing Authorities shall not appoint employees to underfill positions without approval from the Office of Personnel Management in accordance with the provisions of (a) of this Section.~~

PART 3. ALLOCATION OF POSITIONS

530:10-5-31. Authority for allocation and assignment of positions

(a) The Office of Personnel Management has the authority to allocate a position to the appropriate class job family. The Office of Personnel Management shall audit both vacant and occupied positions in accordance with Part 5 of this Subchapter, to determine if positions are properly allocated and shall reallocate positions if it is necessary.

(b) Appointing Authorities have the authority to assign a position to the appropriate job family level, consistent with the allocation made by the Office of Personnel Management and will be responsible for maintaining appropriate records to track and monitor the level assigned and any changes based on significant changes in duties and responsibilities.

530:10-5-34. Determination of appropriate class job family and level

(a) ~~Class specifications~~ Job family descriptors shall be used in the determination of the allocation of positions. In determining the class job family and level to which a position shall be allocated, a position description questionnaire and a ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor shall be interpreted and applied as a composite picture of positions the class job family includes [74:840-4.3(C)(4)].

(b) Relevant information about the position shall be considered. This may include, but is not limited to, individual position descriptions, supplemental information submitted by the Appointing Authority and employee, job audit reports, organizational charts, and ~~task lists~~ of accountabilities to be used in appraising performance in the position.

(c) Consideration shall be given to the specific tasks and duties, levels of authority and responsibility, supervision received and exercised, discretion and judgment required, management of work processes and programs, organizational relationships to other positions, and any other factors which assist in the proper allocation of the position.

(d) Although comparisons among positions are not the basis for the allocation of a position ~~to a class~~, the Office of Personnel Management may clarify the duties and responsibilities of a position being audited by considering the relationship of that position with other positions in the organization. The Office of Personnel Management may consider information about other positions to accurately determine the duties and responsibilities of a position being allocated.

(e) The fact that all of the tasks of a position do not appear in the ~~specifications of a class~~ job family descriptor to which the position has been allocated shall not be taken to mean that the position is necessarily excluded from the class job family or level, nor shall any one example of a typical task, taken without relation to the other parts of the ~~specification~~ job family descriptor, be construed as determining that a position should be allocated to the class job family or level.

(f) If a class job family descriptor which clearly encompasses the duties and responsibilities of a position does not already exist, the Office of Personnel Management shall allocate the

position to the most appropriate existing class job family, revise an existing class job family descriptor, or prepare a new class-specification job family descriptor to describe the position.

PART 5. AUDITS OF POSITIONS

530:10-5-51. Classification and position allocation disputes

(a) *An employee has the right and responsibility to file a classification grievance, as provided by law and rule, when duties performed on a regular and consistent basis do not conform to the ~~class-specification job family descriptor~~ [74:840-4.3(B)].* The Office of Personnel Management shall not accept classification grievances from employees. Classification grievances shall be filed with the employing agency according to the rules for filing classification grievances promulgated by the Merit Protection Commission. A classification grievance must be concluded before an employee may file a Classification or Allocation Dispute Review Request form with the Office of Personnel Management. ~~The Classification or Allocation Dispute Review classification or allocation dispute review of the Office of Personnel Management is a separate procedure which may follow a classification grievance.~~

(b) *An employee is entitled to the compensation assigned to the ~~class-specification job family level~~ for which duties were performed on a regular and consistent basis ~~as determined by the Office of Personnel Management~~ [74:840-4.3(B)].* The Office of Personnel Management shall determine the class-specification job family for which duties were performed after receipt of a Classification or Allocation Dispute Review Request form completed according to 530:10-5-54. The Appointing Authority shall then determine the appropriate level for the job based on the assigned duties and responsibilities.

(c) ~~If a classification or allocation dispute review conducted by the Office of Personnel Management indicates an employee has not received the compensation assigned to the ~~class-specification job family level~~ for which duties were performed on a regular and consistent basis, the Appointing Authority shall compensate an employee for the difference between the employee's actual rate of pay and the rate of pay the employee would have received on promotion to the ~~class job family level~~ that was consistent with the duties and responsibilities of the employee. Back pay shall be limited to the date the employee filed the classification grievance pursuant to Section 840-6.2 of the Oklahoma Personnel Act. ~~The compensation shall be made to the employee according to the following conditions:~~~~

- ~~— (1) No one shall receive back pay under subsection B of Section 840-4.3 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes for work performed before August 26, 1994.~~
- ~~— (2) If the employee and supervisor agreed on the duties of the position when they last compared the duties of the position with the ~~class-specification~~ according to 530:10-5-6(c), back pay shall be limited to the date the employee filed a classification grievance pursuant to Section 840-6.2 of the Oklahoma Personnel Act, but the date shall not be before August 26, 1994.~~
- ~~— (3) In the absence of agreement as described in (2) of this subsection, back pay shall be limited to two years as provided for administrative underpayments in Section 840-2.19 of the Oklahoma Personnel Act, but the date shall not be before August 26, 1994.~~

530:10-5-54. Collection and exchange of information about positions

(a) The basic document for the collection of information about positions is the Position Description Questionnaire (OPM 39), a form prescribed by the Office of Personnel Management. This form shall be completed by the Appointing Authority or a person designated by the Appointing Authority who is familiar with the duties and responsibilities the Appointing Authority has assigned or wishes to assign to the position to be audited. The completed form shall be submitted to the Office of Personnel Management according to this

Section. The purpose of the Position Description Questionnaire is to help the person completing the form supply the information about a position that is needed to properly allocate the position.

- (1) The form contains instructions for its completion and for it to be accompanied by an organization chart showing the relationship of the position to other positions.
- (2) The form contains spaces for the Appointing Authority or the Appointing Authority's designee to:
 - (A) identify himself or herself, the position described, any employee who occupies the position, and the agency where the position is located;
 - (B) indicate the reasons for completion of the form;
 - (C) describe the position, including but not limited to duties, supervision exercised and received, decision-making, work guidelines, equipment operated, personal contacts, fiscal impact of work, travel and other special requirements; and
 - (D) sign and date the form.
- (3) The form contains spaces for any employee occupying the position to indicate having read the completed form.
- (4) The form contains spaces for the Office of Personnel Management to record the:
 - (A) allocation of the position;
 - (B) staff member making the allocation; and
 - (C) date of the allocation.

(b) A completed Classification or Allocation Dispute Review Request form (OPM 70) shall be used as the basis for the allocation of a position instead of a Position Description Questionnaire if the audit is initiated as a result of a classification or position allocation dispute according to 530:10-5-51. This form shall be completed by the employee who occupies the position and is the only form authorized for use in completing an audit or review of a position as a result of a classification grievance. The completed form shall be submitted to the Office of Personnel Management according to this Section. The purposes of the Classification or Allocation Dispute Review Request form are to help the employee completing the form supply the information about his or her duties and responsibilities, to help the Appointing Authority in comparing what the employee does or has done with what the Appointing Authority wants done, and to help persons who are allocating the position or reviewing the classification of the employee to make the correct decision.

- (1) The form contains instructions for completing the form which require it to be accompanied by an organization chart showing the relationship of the position to other positions.
- (2) The form contains spaces for the incumbent employee to:
 - (A) identify himself or herself, the position occupied, and the agency where the position is located;
 - (B) indicate the reasons for completion of the form;
 - (C) describe his or her duties position, including but not limited to duties, supervision exercised and received, decision-making, work guidelines, equipment operated, personal contacts, fiscal impact of work, travel and other special requirements; and
 - (D) sign and date the form.
- (3) The form contains spaces for the Appointing Authority or a person designated by the Appointing Authority to respond to the employee's statements.
- (4) The form contains spaces for the Office of Personnel Management to record the:
 - (A) allocation of the position or the classification of the duties and responsibilities;
 - (B) staff member making the decision; and
 - (C) date of the decision.

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(c) The Office of Personnel Management may request other information from the Appointing Authority and the employee if the position is occupied. Additionally, the Office of Personnel Management may collect information through on-site job audits, meetings or other methods. Only the Office of Personnel Management shall have authority to determine when an on-site audit is appropriate.

(d) A ~~task~~ list of accountabilities to be used in the appraisal of an employee's work performance in the position in accordance with 530:10-17-31, does not by itself contain sufficient information to make a determination of appropriate allocation for the position.

(e) Upon completion of an audit and the ~~final~~ allocation of a position in accordance with 530:10-5-56, the Office of Personnel Management shall send one copy of the allocated Position Description Questionnaire (or the Classification Grievance Audit Request Form) to the Appointing Authority and one copy to the employee if the position is occupied. Other materials submitted to, or collected by, the Office of Personnel Management which were considered in the allocation of the position shall become the property of the Office of Personnel Management and shall not be returned. All such documents are open to the public.

(f) The Office of Personnel Management shall determine those records which are relevant to the proper allocation of a specific position and may refuse or return other records, such as, training manuals, operations manuals, evaluations of individual employee performance, work samples, magnetic tapes and disks, photographs, clippings, etc.

(g) Throughout the process that leads to the ~~final~~ allocation of a position, the Appointing Authority shall give the employee who occupies the position being audited copies of any completed Position Description Questionnaire (if the audit was initiated by the Appointing Authority, the Office of Personnel Management, or the Executive Director of the Commission) and any additional written material about the position or the audit before the agency submits the material to the Office of Personnel Management.

(h) Any employee who occupies the position being audited shall provide written comments through appropriate supervisory channels in the agency. The employee shall send a copy of any Classification or Allocation Dispute Review Request form (if the audit was initiated by a classification grievance) and any additional written material about the position or the audit through appropriate supervisory channels in the agency to the Office of Personnel Management. The Appointing Authority shall not alter the statements made by the employee and shall forward materials submitted by the employee to the Office of Personnel Management.

(i) Appointing Authorities shall ensure that employees occupying positions being audited are informed about appropriate supervisory channels in the agency, including when and where to submit information concerning the audit.

(j) An additional document for the collection of information about positions is the Supplemental Position Description Questionnaire (OPM 39A). This form is designed primarily for the collection of information concerning significant changes in the duties and responsibilities assigned to a position since it was last audited and may be used by agencies in conducting reviews related to the job family level to which a position is assigned to determine whether assignment to another level is appropriate. This form will be completed by the Appointing Authority or a person designated by the Appointing Authority who is familiar with the duties and responsibilities the Appointing Authority has assigned or wishes to be assigned to the position. Agencies may also use other forms or methods for collecting the information needed, if desired.

530:10-5-56. Conduct of position audits

(a) The conduct of an audit of a position begins when a properly completed Position Description Questionnaire (OPM 39) or a Classification or Allocation Dispute Review Request form (OPM 70) is received in the Office of Personnel Management. The Office of Personnel Management reserves the right to refuse to accept incomplete or improperly completed forms.

~~(b) The Office of Personnel Management shall send a written notice of preliminary allocation of the position to the Appointing Authority and to the employee if the position is occupied. If the Office of Personnel Management finds that a preliminary allocation shall not be made within 30 calendar days after the receipt of a properly completed form according to (a) of this Section, both the Appointing Authority and the employee shall be sent written notice of the expected date of preliminary allocation.~~

~~(c) Either the Appointing Authority or the employee if the position is occupied, may submit additional information if there is a disagreement with the preliminary allocation. The additional information shall be in writing and shall state specific reasons why the preliminary allocation of the position should not become final. Additional information submitted to the Office of Personnel Management shall be exchanged by the Appointing Authority and the employee in accordance with 530:10-5-54. Additional information shall be received in the Office of Personnel Management within 40 calendar days after the date of the notice of the preliminary allocation.~~

~~(d) The Office of Personnel Management shall consider any timely received additional information about a position and may review any information already available or collect further information that may be needed in order to make a final allocation. The Office of Personnel Management shall issue a final allocation within 15 calendar days after additional information is received.~~

~~(e) If no additional information is received or the additional information is not timely, the preliminary allocation shall automatically become final and effective 40 calendar days after the date of the notice of preliminary allocation unless the preliminary allocation is accepted and an earlier effective date is agreed to in writing by the Appointing Authority and the employee if the position is occupied.~~

~~(f)~~(b) The Office of Personnel Management shall send a written notice of the final allocation of the position and its effective date to the Appointing Authority and the employee if the position is occupied. If the Office of Personnel Management finds that an allocation shall not be made within 30 calendar days after the receipt of a properly completed form according to (a) of this Section, both the Appointing Authority and the employee shall be sent written notice of the expected date of allocation. If the audit is conducted at the request of the Executive Director of the Merit Protection Commission, a notice shall be sent to the Executive Director.

(c) After an allocation has been made by the Office of Personnel Management, the Appointing Authority shall assign an appropriate level to the position based on the duties and responsibilities assigned and consistent with the job family to which the position was allocated.

(d) After an allocation has been made and the Appointing Authority has assigned a level to the position as a result of a classification grievance, an incumbent employee may request a review by the Office of Personnel Management if there is still a disagreement as to the proper level of assignment. The request for review will be submitted through the agency personnel/human resources management office for attachment of all documentation concerning the audit or review of the position and must be received by the Office of Personnel Management within 15 calendar days after the date of the final decision by the agency on the job family descriptor level assigned to the position. The Office of Personnel

Management will then have **14** calendar days to review the information submitted and issue an opinion concerning the proper level of assignment. This opinion will be based solely on a review of the written documentation submitted. The date of the opinion by the Office of Personnel Management will be the new decision date on the level of assignment to be maintained in agency records concerning changes to the position.

530:10-5-57. Conduct of classification survey audits

(a) The Office of Personnel Management may conduct audits of positions within ~~classes~~ job families to resolve internal inequities in the allocation of positions and to determine the need to adopt, revise or abolish ~~classes~~ job family descriptors. While survey audits are being conducted, the timing and methods for collection of information and issuance of notices provided for individual audits shall not apply. The Office of Personnel Management shall notify Appointing Authorities and employees of the procedures to be followed during survey audits as survey audits are conducted.

(b) The allocation of positions may be delayed by the Office of Personnel Management until after the completion of the survey audit and the effective date of adoption, revision or abolishment of ~~classes~~ job family descriptors as appropriate. At such time, the provisions of 530:10-5-56 shall become applicable.

530:10-5-58. Reinitiation of audit after the allocation of a position becomes final

Once the allocation of a position to a ~~class~~ job family becomes final in accordance with the Merit Rules in this Subchapter, the Appointing Authority shall not reinitiate an audit unless the duties and responsibilities of the position are significantly changed, a new ~~class~~ job family descriptor is adopted, an existing ~~class~~ job family descriptor is revised, or a classification survey is conducted that results in a better understanding of the duties and responsibilities of the position.

PART 9. STATUS OF EMPLOYEES WHEN POSITIONS ARE REALLOCATED

530:10-5-90. Status of incumbent when ~~class~~ job family is adopted or revised

(a) Direct reclassification is the placement of an employee into a successor ~~class~~ job family to which the employee's position has been reallocated. Direct reclassification does not require individual position audit or promotional posting. In all cases where licensure, certification, or examination is required by law, the requirement shall be met by the employee within any time limits prescribed by law. Otherwise, the employee shall not be required to possess the minimum qualifications or be examined for the successor ~~class~~ job family.

(b) An Appointing Authority shall directly reclassify a probationary or permanent employee in a position which has been reallocated to the ~~class~~ job family to which the position was reallocated, if the:

(1) Office of Personnel Management determines that the duties and responsibilities corresponding with an employee's ~~class~~ job family are ~~reidentified~~ identified as part of a new or revised ~~class-specification~~ job family descriptor; and

(2) employee had status in the former ~~class~~ job family on a regular basis, that is, not on detail to special duty; however, direct reclassification shall not cancel or otherwise affect a probationary period with the agency or a trial period after promotion.

(c) Direct reclassification shall take place within **30** calendar days after the effective date of the adoption of the new or revised ~~class-specification~~ job family descriptor.

(d) If the employee is ineligible for direct reclassification and the Appointing Authority does not or cannot directly reclassify, promote, demote, or transfer the employee, or detail the

employee to special duty, the applicable provisions in the Merit Rules for reductions-in-force shall apply.

530:10-5-91. Other position reallocations

(a) If a position is reallocated under conditions other than those outlined in 530:10-5-90, and the ~~class~~ classification of an incumbent employee does not match the new allocation of the position, the Appointing Authority shall take action within **60** calendar days after the effective date of the ~~final~~ allocation to ensure that the employee is properly classified. The Appointing Authority may:

- (1) transfer a permanent employee ~~in-class~~ to another position in the agency allocated to the ~~class~~ job family matching the classification of the employee in accordance with the Merit Rules governing ~~in-class~~ transfers; or
- (2) change the duties of the position to the extent necessary to reflect the classification of the employee and initiate another audit of the position; or
- (3) reclassify a permanent employee to the ~~class~~ job family to which the position occupied by the employee was reallocated in accordance with the Merit Rules governing promotional posting, demotions and lateral transfers; or
- (4) the employee may be assigned to underfill the position as it was allocated, provided such action is authorized in accordance with and consistent with 530:10-5-13 and other provisions of the Merit Rules.

(b) If the employee is ineligible or is not selected to continue in the reallocated position, and if the Appointing Authority does not or cannot promote, demote or transfer the employee, detail the employee to special duty or change the duties of the position to match the ~~class~~ classification of the employee, or underfill the position as it was allocated, the applicable provisions in Merit Rules for reductions-in-force shall apply.

SUBCHAPTER 7. SALARY AND PAYROLL

PART 1. SALARY AND RATES OF PAY

530:10-7-1.1. Salary administration plan

An Appointing Authority shall adopt a salary administration plan and submit the plan for the approval of the Administrator. The salary administration plan shall establish hiring ranges for all positions within the agency's classification plan. Optional components of a salary administration plan include but are not limited to conditions under which the Appointing Authority may establish a hiring rate above the midpoint of the pay range, skill-based pay programs, and other pay movement mechanisms authorized by 74:840-2.17.

530:10-7-2. Salary schedule; calculation of rates of pay

(a) ~~The Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management shall develop a salary schedule . . . The schedule shall reflect the minimum and maximum salaries for each grade listed [74:840-4.6(B)].~~ The rate of pay of employees shall be maintained within the grade pay band for the ~~class~~ job family level and kept within the established minimum and maximum rates of pay, except as provided in the Merit Rules.

(b) ~~The basis for expressing base rates of pay shall be the annualized salary. Annualized salary shall be computed by multiplying the monthly rate of pay by 12 months or by multiplying the hourly rate of pay by 2,080 hours.~~

(c) ~~Before calculating any changes in monthly or hourly rates of pay, the base rate of pay shall be converted to an annualized salary.~~

(d) In making multiple calculations to arrive at a final figure, five decimal places shall be retained throughout all intermediate calculations; only the final figure shall be rounded.

(e) In mathematical calculations of rates of pay, calculations to convert remainders to cents shall be carried five decimal places and rounded to two decimal places (cents). Any number greater than or equal to 0.005 shall be rounded to the next higher cent.

Example 1: $\$22,718.00 \div 12 = 1,893.16666$ or $\$1,893.17$

Example 2: $\$25,432.00 \div 12 = 2119.33333$ or $\$2,119.33$

(f) The formula for converting an annualized salary to a monthly rate of pay shall be: $\text{Monthly Rate of Pay} = \text{Annualized Salary} \div 12$.

Example: $\text{Monthly Rate of Pay} = \$22,718.00 \div 12$

$\text{Monthly Rate of Pay} = 1,893.16666$

$\text{Monthly Rate of Pay} = \$1,893.17$

(g) The formula for converting an annualized salary to an hourly rate of pay shall be: $\text{Hourly Rate of Pay} = \text{Annualized Salary} \div 2080$.

Example: $\text{Hourly Rate of Pay} = \$23,241.00 \div 2080$

$\text{Hourly Rate of Pay} = 11.17355$

$\text{Hourly Rate of Pay} = \11.17

(b) The following table lists the minimum, midpoint, and maximum rates of pay for each established pay band, which shall be used by agencies in establishing hiring rates and making other decisions concerning rates of pay and individual pay adjustments.

PAY BAND	MINIMUM	MIDPOINT
MAXIMUM		
A		\$12,483
\$13,458	\$16,823	
B		\$12,483
\$14,104	\$17,630	
C		\$12,483
\$14,921	\$18,651	
D		\$12,483
\$16,087	\$20,109	
E		\$13,272
\$17,696	\$22,120	
F		\$14,599
\$19,465	\$24,331	
G		\$16,059
\$21,412	\$26,765	
H		\$17,665
\$23,553	\$29,441	
I		\$19,526
\$26,083	\$32,604	
J		\$21,506
\$28,675	\$35,844	
K		\$23,508
\$31,344	\$39,180	
L		\$25,859
\$34,478	\$43,098	
M		\$28,703
\$38,271	\$47,839	
N		\$31,861
\$42,481	\$53,101	

O		\$35,684
\$47,578	\$59,473	
P		\$40,322
\$53,763	\$67,204	
Q		\$45,565
\$60,753	\$75,941	
R		\$51,488
\$68,650	\$85,813	

530:10-7-2. Calculation of rates of pay

(a) The basis for expressing base rates of pay shall be the annualized salary. Annualized salary shall be computed by multiplying the monthly rate of pay by 12 months or by multiplying the hourly rate of pay by 2,080 hours.

(b) Before calculating any changes in monthly or hourly rates of pay, the base rate of pay shall be converted to an annualized salary.

(c) In making multiple calculations to arrive at a final figure, five decimal places shall be retained throughout all intermediate calculations: only the final figure shall be rounded.

(d) In mathematical calculations of rates of pay, calculations to convert remainders to cents shall be carried five decimal places and rounded to two decimal places (cents). Any number greater than or equal to 0.005 shall be rounded to the next higher cent.

Example 1: $\$22,718.00 \div 12 = 1,893.16666$ or $\$1,893.17$

Example 2: $\$25,432.00 \div 12 = 2119.33333$ or $\$2,119.33$

(e) The formula for converting an annualized salary to a monthly rate of pay shall be: Monthly Rate of Pay = Annualized Salary \div 12.

Example: Monthly Rate of Pay = $\$22,718.00 \div 12$

Monthly Rate of Pay = 1,893.16666

Monthly Rate of Pay = $\$1,893.17$

(f) The formula for converting an annualized salary to an hourly rate of pay shall be: Hourly Rate of Pay = Annualized Salary \div 2080.

Example: Hourly Rate of Pay = $\$23,241.00 \div 2080$

Hourly Rate of Pay = 11.17355

Hourly Rate of Pay = $\$11.17$

530:10-7-3. Entrance salary

~~(a) The entrance salary Appointing Authorities may establish the hiring rate for any classified position jobs shall be at any point between the minimum salary and midpoint for the class pay band for the job family level to which the employee is appointed, except as provided in the Merit Rules without prior approval of the Administrator. Appointing Authorities shall submit a salary administration plan to the Office of Personnel Management for setting hiring rates above the midpoint. The salary administration plan shall establish hiring ranges for positions. Upon approval of the salary administration plan by the Administrator, the Appointing Authority may establish hiring rates above the midpoint in accordance with the plan. Hiring rates shall not be established below the minimum or above the maximum rate of pay established for a pay band.~~

~~(b) Appointing Authorities may offer class or individual special entrance rates of pay above the minimum salaries of a grade according to paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection.~~

~~(1) **Class special entrance rate of pay.** When the Appointing Authority submits a written statement that economic or employment conditions make recruitment or retention of employees at the minimum rate for the class difficult, the Office of Personnel Management may authorize appointment of eligibles at a higher rate of pay within the~~

~~salary grade for the class in a limited geographical area or in positions in a class where employment conditions are unusual. Such higher rate of pay shall remain in effect until the Office of Personnel Management orders the rate of pay rescinded or the salary grade is adjusted. Such special entrance rates of pay shall not exceed 20% above the minimum rate of pay for the grade for that class. All employees in the same class under the same conditions who are earning less than the higher rate of pay shall be increased to the approved entrance rate of pay, and thereafter all new employees shall be appointed at the higher entrance rate of pay which shall be considered to be the minimum rate of pay.~~

~~(2) Individual special entrance rate of pay.~~

~~(A) An Appointing Authority may offer to appoint from a certificate or reinstate an applicant who exceeds the minimum qualifications for a class at a rate of pay which does not exceed 20% above the minimum rate of pay for the grade for that class or the minimum rate of pay for the next higher pay grade in the same series. Such offer shall be based upon the applicant's qualifications and the needs of the agency. Before any Appointing Authority authorizes or grants an individual special entrance rate of pay, the Appointing Authority shall articulate in writing an individual special entrance rate of pay policy statement for the agency. The policy statement shall be consistent with the Oklahoma Personnel Act and the federal Equal Pay Act. The policy statement shall be made available to requesting parties.~~

~~(B) The Appointing Authority's determination that an individual special entrance rate of pay is justified shall be in writing and shall describe how the applicant exceeds the minimum qualifications. The Appointing Authority shall take into consideration rates of pay paid to employees or previously offered to other applicants where the relationship between qualifications and needs of the Appointing Authority were essentially the same as in the current case. The written determination shall be preserved by the Appointing Authority. Individual special entrance rates of pay shall not be offered to applicants for classes which require neither education nor experience.~~

~~(C) Such individual special entrance rate of pay would affect that applicant only and would not affect salary for other incumbents.~~

(b) Appointing Authorities shall establish hiring rates for jobs included in a pay band based on the work performed, the duties and responsibilities assigned, and other relevant factors. This may include consideration of recruitment and retention issues, internal pay equity, market rates, previous hiring rates, and the training and qualifications of the employee being appointed.

530:10-7-4. Rate of pay upon reinstatement to the classified service

(a) When an Appointing Authority reinstates a person to the classified service in accordance with 530:10-9-102 after at least a 30 day break in service, the Appointing Authority may set the person's salary above the minimum salary for the class to which the person is reinstated in accordance with this Section at any point within the pay band for the job to which the person is reinstated which is consistent with the hiring range established for the job, salaries paid to other individuals performing similar work, or other relevant factors.

~~(1) The Appointing Authority may offer the person an individual special entrance rate of pay according to 530:10-7-3(b)(2) if:~~

- ~~(A) the reinstatement became effective after at least a 30-day break in service; or~~
- ~~(B) the Appointing Authority has:~~

- ~~(i) posted the position according to 530:10-11-51 or 530:10-11-53; and~~
- ~~(ii) selected the person while the person was not employed by the agency.~~

~~(2) The Appointing Authority may set the salary of a person who is reinstated to a class previously held at or below the greatest percent above the minimum salary the person was previously paid while in the class.~~

(b) When an Appointing Authority reinstates a person to the classified service in accordance with 530:10-9-102 to a job having the same pay band assignment as the employee's previous job after less than a 30 day break in service, the Appointing Authority shall set the employee's salary at any rate within the pay band that does not exceed the employee's previous salary.

530:10-7-6. Data processing pay incentive

(a) Appointing Authorities may implement a pay incentive for individuals not currently employed in state government and who are hired to fill ~~positions in~~ professional-level data processing ~~classes~~ jobs as determined by the Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management.

(b) Appointing Authorities who choose to implement the pay incentive shall file a plan with the Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management and the Director of the Office of State Finance which contains information related to the implementation of the pay incentive within the agency. The plan shall include a project description, a staffing plan, specific prerequisites that each employee shall meet in order to receive the pay incentive, and information concerning the funding of the incentive from the agency's existing budget.

(c) The pay incentive shall not exceed \$5,000.00 and is payable to eligible individuals as a lump sum payment during the week of the eligible individual's enter-on-duty date or in two equal payments during the first six months of state employment. Former state employees may be eligible for the pay incentive following a break-in-service of at least 180 days.

(d) To receive the pay incentive, an eligible individual shall be required to sign an agreement form acknowledging that the individual is obligated to repay the entire incentive, including tax withholdings on the incentive, if the individual leaves state employment or accepts employment with another state agency within 1 year after he or she receives the pay incentive. Appointing Authorities may use the agreement form developed by the Administrator or any other agreement form which is consistent with the provisions of this Section.

(e) An individual may receive only one pay incentive during his or her state employment.

530:10-7-7. Pay differential and special incentive pay

(a) The Office of Personnel Management may authorize a pay differential or special incentive pay for a position within a class job family because of special duty requirements related to the position. This may include shift pay, on-call pay, and other types of differentials based on special work requirements, as well as special pay incentives such as data processing mission critical pay, as approved by the Administrator. ~~This differential~~ These payments shall be over and above the employee's base pay within the salary grade and shall be paid only as long as the employee occupies the particular position under the circumstances which have necessitated the differential or special pay. The request for the differential or special pay incentive shall be submitted in writing by the requesting agency and shall adequately identify the need.

(b) An Appointing Authority shall determine whether pay differentials or special incentive pay will be paid while employees are in paid leave status or provided only for hours actually worked. Appointing Authorities shall apply such practices uniformly. Pay differentials and special incentive pay shall not be provided for hours that an employee is not in pay status.

530:10-7-8. Rate of pay upon recall to ~~class~~ job family level from which removed by reduction-in-force

The base rate of pay of an employee who has been recalled to the ~~class~~ job family level from which removed by a reduction-in-force in accordance with OAC 530:10-13, Part 5, shall be fixed at the rate of pay received immediately before the reduction-in-force. The employee's rate of pay shall be adjusted according to any across-the-board increases for agency employees in that ~~class~~ job family level made in the interim. If the ~~grade~~ rate of pay for the ~~class~~ job family level has been changed in the interim, the employee's rate of pay shall be adjusted in accordance with 530:10-7-13.

530:10-7-9. Rate of pay for positions that become classified

Whenever a position in an agency is brought under the classified service, the rate of pay of the continuing incumbent shall be placed in the ~~grade of the class~~ pay band for the job family and level to which the position is allocated, without adjustment, if such rate is equal to or greater than the minimum rate of pay established for that ~~class~~ job. If it is not, the rate of pay shall be increased to the minimum ~~authorized for the allocated class~~ rate established by the agency for that job. Unless otherwise provided by statute, pay adjustments and required classification actions for incumbent employees shall be retroactive to the effective date of the placement of the employee in the classified service. No employee's rate of pay shall be reduced as a direct result of becoming classified.

530:10-7-10. Rate of pay higher than maximum

Where the rate of pay of an employee is higher than the maximum rate of ~~the grade~~ pay for the ~~class~~ pay band to which the job is assigned, the rate will remain the same as long as the employee retains the present classification, but no further increases will be approved unless provided by statute.

530:10-7-13. Adjustments in rates of pay when pay grades bands are changed

When a pay ~~grade~~ band is changed for a ~~class~~ job family level, all employees in that ~~class~~ classification, including persons whose rate of pay exceeds the maximum of the old ~~grade for the class~~ pay band, shall receive an adjustment to the new ~~grade~~ pay band. No person's salary may be reduced as a result of such a change ~~in grade~~. All employees of an agency in that ~~class~~ job shall be given uniform treatment by adjustment to the minimum of the new ~~grade~~ pay band, rate to rate, or the percent increase given to each employee, which shall not exceed the percent of difference between the minimum of the old ~~grade~~ pay band and the minimum of the new ~~grade~~ pay band. OAC 530:10-7-10 does not apply to adjustments made in accordance with this Section.

530:10-7-14. Rate of pay upon reclassification, promotion, career progression, and demotion

(a) **Rate of pay when incumbent is reclassified directly.** When an employee is reclassified directly under 530:10-5-90, the rate of pay shall be fixed in accordance with 530:10-7-13.

(b) **Rate of pay upon promotion or career progression.**

(1) An Appointing Authority shall adopt objective written criteria for the amount of salary advancements on promotion or career progression. These criteria shall be a part of the agency promotional plan established under 530:10-9-35 and 530:10-11-51 and shall be consistent with state and federal statutes prohibiting discrimination.

(2) The Appointing Authority shall set an employee's salary on promotion or career progression within the new ~~salary grade~~ pay band, except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection.

(A) The Appointing Authority shall set an employee's salary on promotion or career progression at least ~~2-1/2%~~ 5% above the employee's salary before the promotion or career progression advancement, unless the increase would make the employee's salary after promotion or career progression greater than the maximum rate of pay for the new ~~salary grade pay band~~ (in which case the employee's salary shall be set at the maximum rate of pay for the new ~~salary grade pay band~~). However, if the employee's salary before promotion is more than 5% below the minimum of the new salary band, the Appointing Authority shall set the employee's salary on promotion or career progression to at least the minimum of the new pay band.

(B) The Appointing Authority ~~has the option to raise~~ may set an employee's salary on promotion or career progression up to 20% above the employee's salary before promotion or any rate within the hiring range established for the position in an approved salary administration plan ~~any one of the following limits:~~

- ~~(i) 20% above the employee's salary before promotion; or~~
- ~~(ii) 20% above the minimum salary for the new salary grade; or~~
- ~~(iii) If an employee is promoted to a class previously held, the greatest percent above the minimum salary the employee was previously paid while in the class.~~

(3) The Appointing Authority shall not lower the salary of an employee on promotion or career progression. If the employee's salary before promotion or career progression exceeds the maximum for the new ~~salary grade pay band~~, the employee's salary ~~on promotion~~ shall remain the same.

(c) **Rate of pay when demoted.** The rate of pay of an employee who is demoted shall be set by the Appointing Authority at any rate of pay within the range for the class job to which demoted, which does not exceed that employee's last rate of pay, ~~except as provided in 530:10-7-3(b)(1)~~. An Appointing Authority may delay setting the rate of pay upon demotion for up to 1 year when the demotion is due to an agency reorganization. For the purposes of this subsection, "agency reorganization" means the reclassification of employees in lieu of reduction-in-force.

(d) **Rate of pay when transferred interagency.** An Appointing Authority shall set the salary of an employee who receives an interagency transfer to the same class job or another ~~at the same grade with the same pay band assignment~~, at any the same rate of pay ~~which is at or below that received before transfer, except as provided in 530:10-7-3(b)(1)~~. An Appointing Authority shall not set an employee's rate of pay below the minimum grade for the class.

(e) **Rate of pay when transferred upon intra-agency lateral transfer.** An Appointing Authority shall ~~not change the base pay of~~ may provide up to a 5% increase in salary for an employee on intra-agency transfer to a position in the same class job family and level or another class job family and level at the same grade with the same pay band assignment, based on the needs of the agency, except as provided in 530:10-7-3(b)(1). [840-2.17]

530:10-7-17. Rate of pay upon detail to special duty

The pay of an employee who is detailed to special duty in accordance with 530:10-5-11 shall not be reduced, but must be increased to at least the minimum rate but not more than the maximum rate the employee could receive upon promotion to that class job family and level, provided:

- (1) any such temporary increase shall not affect eligibility for increase in the regular class job family and level which the Appointing Authority could grant if the employee had not been detailed.
- (2) at the conclusion of the detail, pay shall revert to the authorized rate of pay in the employee's regular class job family and level.

530:10-7-18. Discretionary performance pay increases [REVOKED]

~~This Section establishes a policy for discretionary performance pay increases granted to employees by Appointing Authorities. It is based on Section 840-2.17 of the Oklahoma Personnel Act. Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to authorize the granting of discretionary pay increases to employees in the absence of specific authorization by the Legislature:~~

- ~~(1) Unless otherwise provided by law, legislatively authorized discretionary pay increases for permanent classified employees are subject to this Section. Probationary employees are not eligible for discretionary pay increases. *The term "raise" includes, but is not limited to, increases in pay, wages and salaries, commonly known as "merit increases", "performance pay increases", "salary adjustments", and "step increases"* [74:840-2.17(A)]. The term "discretionary pay increase" does not include the following actions.~~
 - ~~(A) Salary advancements on promotion or direct reclassification to a job classification with a higher grade; [74:840-2.17(B)(1)]~~
 - ~~(B) Salary adjustments resulting from a grade change for a class adopted by the Office of Personnel Management; [74:840-2.17(B)(2)]~~
 - ~~(C) Increases in longevity payments; [74:840-2.17(B)(3)]~~
 - ~~(D) Payment of overtime, special entrance rates, pay differentials; or [74:840-2.17(B)(4)]~~
 - ~~(E) Increases in wages, salaries, or rates of pay established and mandated by law. [74:840-2.17(B)(5)]~~
- ~~(2) Discretionary performance pay increases shall be subject to the following conditions and provisions:~~
 - ~~(A) Discretionary pay increases shall not be automatic or retroactive.~~
 - ~~(B) A discretionary pay increase shall become part of an employee's base salary.~~
 - ~~(C) No employee shall be granted more than one discretionary pay increase in any 12 month period.~~
 - ~~(D) No employee shall be granted a discretionary pay increase above the maximum of the salary grade for the employee's class.~~
 - ~~(E) To be eligible for a discretionary pay increase:~~
 - ~~(i) a classified employee shall be permanent with the agency, and both classified and unclassified employees shall have had 1 year of continuous service as an employee of the state immediately preceding the effective date of the increase; and~~
 - ~~(ii) employees shall have received an overall rating of at least "satisfactory," or its equivalent, on an evaluation conducted in accordance with Section 840-4.17 of the Act within 1 year before the effective date of any discretionary pay increase.~~
 - ~~(F) The personnel transaction form effecting any discretionary pay increase shall include the statutory citation for the specific legislative authority to give a discretionary pay increase in accordance with Section 840-2.17 of the Oklahoma Personnel Act.~~

530:10-7-19. [RESERVED]**530:10-7-20. Market adjustments**

(a) A cost-of-living raise or any other type of raise that would be given to state employees on an across-the-board basis is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the Legislature. The Office of Personnel Management conducts annual compensation surveys of relevant markets to determine rates of pay for various jobs within the designated market areas. The Administrator shall make any recommendations concerning salary adjustments for state employees on an across-the-board basis in the Annual Compensation Report for consideration by the Legislature.

(b) At the discretion of the Administrator, market adjustments may be made for individual job families or job family levels upon the request of an Appointing Authority. An Appointing Authority making such a request shall provide the Administrator with information supporting the request, such as relevant market data, information on recruitment or retention problems, or other appropriate data. The Appointing Authority shall also certify that an adjustment can be made within the agency's budget for the current and subsequent fiscal year without the need for additional funding. All employees of an agency in jobs affected by a market adjustment shall be given uniform treatment.

530:10-7-21. [RESERVED]

530:10-7-22. Salary adjustments upon completion of initial probation or trial period

An Appointing Authority may provide salary adjustments not to exceed 5% to probationary classified employees achieving permanent status following the initial probationary period. An Appointing Authority may also provide this salary adjustment to employees reinstated to the classified service after a break in service upon completion of a probationary period, and to permanent classified employees successfully completing trial periods after promotion to a different job family. [74:840-2.17]

530:10-7-23. [RESERVED]

530:10-7-24. Skill-based pay adjustments

An Appointing Authority may develop skill-based pay programs upon the approval of the Administrator. Such programs shall be related to the acquisition of additional skills and abilities which can be applied to the work to be performed and which will increase the value of the employee to the agency. The skills or abilities must be verifiable through certification, licensure, diploma, or some other method and must be beyond the qualifications required in the job family descriptor for all employees in that job family level. Requests to establish skill-based pay programs shall include a complete description of the training or education required, how it will benefit the agency, the proposed salary adjustment, and any other information that will assist in evaluating the request. Such adjustments may be provided as an adjustment to base salary or as a lump-sum payment. Lump sum skill-based pay adjustments shall be limited to 5% of an employee's annual salary. Skill-based salary adjustments shall be limited to 5% of an employee's monthly salary for employees paid on a monthly basis, and 5% of an employee's biweekly salary for employees paid on a biweekly basis.

530:10-7-25. [RESERVED]

530:10-7-26. Equity-based pay adjustments

An Appointing Authority may provide equity-based pay adjustments when individual employees are significantly underpaid relative to other employees in the same job family

level. An Appointing Authority may make adjustments up to the midpoint for the pay band at his or her discretion. Adjustments above the midpoint require approval of the Administrator.

530:10-7-27. [RESERVED]

530:10-7-28. Funding and reporting requirements

(a) Use of pay movement mechanisms involving market adjustments, lateral transfers, skill-based pay adjustments, equity-based adjustments, career progression increases, probationary increases, and increases upon the completion of trial periods are limited to those possible using funds available in the agency's budget for the current and subsequent fiscal year without the need for additional funding. [74:840-2.17]

(b) An Appointing Authority using any of the pay movement mechanisms listed in subsection (a) shall annually report the pay movement mechanisms used to the Office of Personnel Management no later than January 1 of each year. The report shall include information for the twelve-month period ending on December 31 of each year and shall include the type of pay mechanisms used, frequency, amounts provided, and affected job families and classifications for both classified and unclassified employees. The report shall also include a projection of the pay movement mechanisms to be used and anticipated costs for the remainder of the fiscal year.

SUBCHAPTER 9. RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION

PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

530:10-9-3. Selection procedures

(a) Selection procedures may consist of written tests; ratings of training and experience; performance tests; physical, educational, and work experience requirements; interviews; oral examinations; application forms and any other type of examination.

(b) When a class job requires a written test, the Administrator shall administer tests to applicants or employees with disabilities that impair sensory, manual, or speaking skills in formats that do not require the use of the impaired skill, if the applicant or employee notifies the Administrator before the test is administered.

(c) Before appointment, applicants may be required to pass a physical examination specified by the Appointing Authority when requirements of the job demand specific physical condition or capabilities. Such physical examinations shall be uniform in nature and applied to all persons in that class job within the agency. The responsibility for administering the physical examinations lies with the Appointing Authority.

530:10-9-4. Announcements

The Administrator shall make public announcements of all entrance examinations at least 14 calendar days in advance of the issuance of certificates. An announcement may state the duties and salaries of positions in the classes jobs for which examinations are to be held; the qualifications required for admission to examinations; the time, place and manner of application; the proposed relative weights to be given the parts of the examination; and such other information as the Administrator may consider pertinent and useful.

530:10-9-6. Establishment of minimum qualifications

The minimum qualifications established for each class job family level shall constitute the entrance requirements for admission to examinations for classified positions. If an academic requirement will be met within 1 semester or term, an applicant may be

admitted to an examination and certified for employment with the condition that the applicant shall meet all requirements for the ~~class~~ job at the time he or she reports for duty with an agency.

530:10-9-9. Disqualifications

(a) Except as provided in 530:10-9-131, an Appointing Authority or the Administrator may permanently or temporarily refuse to certify, disqualify or remove a person's name from a register if:

- (1) the person lacks any of the requirements for the ~~class~~ job.
- (2) the person fails any part of an Appointing Authority's background investigation.
- (3) the person made a false statement of material fact in an application for employment or otherwise misrepresented himself or herself during the application process.
- (4) the person has used or attempted to use political pressure or bribery to secure an advantage in the examination or appointment process.
- (5) even with reasonable accommodation, the person is unable to perform the duties of the ~~class~~ job or position(s) or is unable to do so without risk to himself or herself, the agency, or others, beyond that risk normally associated with such duties.
- (6) the person uses or possesses any controlled dangerous substance not specifically and legally prescribed, or habitually uses alcoholic beverages to excess.
- (7) the person has obtained information regarding examinations to which an applicant is not entitled, or the person has taken part in the development, administration, or correction of the examinations.
- (8) the person has been convicted of any infamous crime or other crime involving moral turpitude.
- (9) the person has failed to submit an application correctly or within the prescribed time limits.
- (10) the person has failed to maintain a record of current address at the Office of Personnel Management as evidenced by the return of a letter by the U.S. Post Office, if properly addressed to the last address of record.
- (11) the person has, within 2 years prior to the date of certification, been discharged for delinquency, misconduct, absenteeism, inability to perform the same type job for which applying or other disciplinary reason or has resigned in lieu of such dismissal from any public or private employer. The Appointing Authority may extend the 2-year restriction for good cause.
- (12) the agency has exercised a selective qualification as established in 530:10-9-74.
- (13) an individual is ineligible for employment due to citizenship or residence requirements as prescribed in 530:10-9-75.

(b) Action initiated by an Appointing Authority under (a)(1), (a)(7), and (a)(10) of this Section shall be subject to the approval of the Administrator. Any person who is disqualified shall be notified in writing of this action and the reason for it. At the appropriate time, the Administrator shall notify an individual of the right to appeal. The party initiating the action, whether the Administrator or an Appointing Authority, shall be independently responsible for justifying the action, for both the nature and accuracy of the supporting information, and for the retention of that information pending appeal of the action.

530:10-9-10. Required certification of qualifications before promotions, demotions, transfers, and reinstatements

(a) The Administrator shall certify that a candidate meets the necessary job qualifications of a ~~classification~~ job family level in the classified service for the purpose of allowing the candidate to be appointed to such ~~classification~~. Subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this Section

describe exceptions to these requirements. The Appointing Authority shall use a form made available by, or accepted by, the Administrator to request certification of qualifications. The form solicits information about the candidate's qualifications.

(b) An employee who is demoted shall meet the minimum qualifications of the lower class job to which he or she is demoted unless the demotion is to a class job:

- (1) within the same ~~class series~~ job family, or
- (2) in which the employee previously has had permanent status, or
- (3) in the same ~~series~~ job family as and below a ~~class~~ one in which he or she previously has had permanent status.

(c) An Appointing Authority may exempt certain promotions from subsection (a) when promotion is out of an underfill class job into a full-performance (or intermediate level) class job according to 530:10-5-13. The exception shall apply only after an employee has been in an underfill class job for an amount of time equal to the difference in the lengths of the experience requirements of the two ~~classes~~ jobs. The Appointing Authority shall explain the exception in the promotional plan posted throughout the agency.

(d) The Administrator may delegate certification of qualifications to an Appointing Authority according to a written agreement made under Section 840-1.15 of the Act and the rules in Part 3 of Subchapter 1 regarding delegation of human resources functions.

PART 3. WRITTEN AND PERFORMANCE TESTS

530:10-9-32. Proficiency certificates

(a) The Administrator shall accept certificates of proficiency issued within the last **12** months by accredited private or public schools, colleges, or the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission in lieu of typing and shorthand tests [74:840-4.12(~~E~~)]. The proficiency certificate solicits information about the applicant, the typing and/or shorthand test upon which the applicant has demonstrated proficiency, and the name and address of the certifying official and agency or school.

(b) The proficiency certificate shall be based on the results of a performance test which is comparable to the Office of Personnel Management performance test for the same class job.

530:10-9-33. Licensure

If required to be ranked, applicants who have been previously tested and are currently licensed by the State of Oklahoma, shall be rated (ranked) according to training and experience when applying for ~~classes~~ jobs that require such testing and licensure [74:840-4.12(~~B~~)].

530:10-9-34. Degree requirements

No written test shall be required when the minimum qualifications for the class job require a bachelor's degree or its equivalent, plus **3** years of qualifying work experience. Applicants shall be rated according to training and experience for that class job [74:840-4.12(~~C~~)].

530:10-9-35. Testing for promotions, demotions, transfers and reinstatements

Examinations for promotion, demotion, transfer, and reinstatement within an agency shall not be required unless specified in the agency's promotional plan [74:840-4.12(~~D~~)]. ~~Examinations for demotion, transfer, or reinstatement shall not be required in those cases where the incumbent will occupy a previously held position or where the incumbent has previously held a higher position in the same series.~~ However, any incumbent who is promoted from a noncompetitive position, as described in 530:10-9-95, to a competitive

~~class of positions~~ job shall successfully pass any examination required by the Administrator for that ~~class~~ job [74:840-4.11].

PART 5. REGISTERS

530:10-9-52. Removal of names from registers

(a) In addition to the reasons set forth in 530:10-9-9, when a written request which states the reason for such action is received from an Appointing Authority or based upon an action of the Office of Personnel Management, the Office of Personnel Management may temporarily or permanently remove an eligible from a register for any of the following reasons:

- (1) Removal requested by eligible applicant.
- (2) Appointment through certification to fill a permanent position in the same ~~class~~ job.
- (3) Failure to respond within 7 calendar days exclusive of the date of mailing of a written inquiry by the Appointing Authority relative to availability for appointment. Such inquiry shall include the date and time by which the eligible must contact the Appointing Authority.
- (4) Failure to respond within 4 calendar days to a telegraphed inquiry from the Appointing Authority relative to availability for appointment. Such inquiry shall include the date and time by which the eligible must contact the Appointing Authority.
- (5) Failure to appear for a scheduled interview.
- (6) Declination of appointment.
- (7) Failure to report for duty within the time specified by the Appointing Authority. (See 530:10-9-9.)
- (8) Abolition of register by the Office of Personnel Management.

(b) Any person so affected shall be notified of this action and the reason for it. At the appropriate time, the Administrator shall notify an individual of the right to appeal.

PART 7. CERTIFICATION

530:10-9-70. Request for certification

When a new employee is needed to fill a vacancy in a classified position, the Appointing Authority may submit a request for certification to the Office of Personnel Management. The Appointing Authority may submit such a request only after the position has been allocated. The request shall include information necessary in order to issue a certificate, such as ~~class title~~ job family and code, type of job, any selective qualifications, location of work, and certification method requested by the Appointing Authority. With the approval of the Administrator, the Appointing Authority may request certification as provided in 530:10-9-71.

530:10-9-71. Certification methods

(a) **Availability.** The Administrator shall issue certificates which include the names of eligibles whose statements of availability and qualifications match the conditions of employment specified by the Appointing Authority on the request for certification. On certificates for noncompetitive ~~classes~~ jobs, the Administrator may certify only applicants who have been awarded veterans preference.

(b) **Work location.**

- (1) If the work location is in the central state offices of an agency, the Administrator shall certify available eligibles on the basis of register rank only.

(2) The Administrator may certify all eligibles on a register, regardless of availability, if the conditions of employment are the same for all positions in that ~~class~~ job family within the agency.

(3) When filling vacancies outside the agency's central state office, an Appointing Authority may request that the Administrator issue a local certificate. A "local certificate" is a subset of eligible applicants on a register who are residents of the locality, i.e., *the county where the local office is located or said county and adjacent counties or a group of contiguous counties comprising a service area of an agency* [74:840-4.13(B)], and whose conditions of availability for a ~~class~~ job correspond to those of the vacant position. On a local certificate, eligible applicants from the locality are ranked by examination score, including any awards of veterans preference, and are certified ahead of other available applicants who live outside the locality.

(c) **Number of names.** After receiving a request, the Administrator shall issue a certificate to the Appointing Authority. The certificate shall include the names of the top **10** available eligibles on the register for a ~~class~~ job, plus anyone who is tied with the lowest ranked eligible within the hiring rule [74:840-4.13(A)], ~~unless the certificate is issued as part of the pilot project authorized by Section 840-4.13(A) of the Act.~~ At the request of the Appointing Authority, the Administrator may also issue additional names to be considered in accordance with 530:10-9-92(2).

530:10-9-74. Selective qualifications

Selective qualifications are special education and experience requirements authorized by the Administrator for positions within a particular ~~class~~ job family which are consistent with the duties and responsibilities of that ~~class~~ job and of the particular position being filled. When requesting a certificate for a ~~class~~ job family ~~where special education and experience requirements for some positions are authorized~~, an Appointing Authority may, upon written request to and approval by the Administrator, use ~~the~~ any valid selective qualifications ~~established~~ for that ~~class~~ job for filling a particular position within that ~~class~~ job family. Selective qualifications approved by the Administrator for any ~~class~~ job or position shall not reduce or add to the quantity of experience or education in the minimum qualifications established for that ~~class as a whole~~ job family level.

PART 9. CLASSIFIED APPOINTMENTS

530:10-9-91. Filling vacancies

All vacancies in classified positions shall be filled as provided by the Oklahoma Personnel Act and the Merit Rules. All appointments shall be made at ~~the minimum salary a~~ hiring rate established for the ~~class~~ job as provided in the agency's ~~compensation~~ salary administration plan, ~~unless otherwise provided in the Merit Rules.~~ No appointment shall be made to any classified position nor shall the position be otherwise encumbered until the position has been allocated in accordance with the Act and the Merit Rules.

530:10-9-92. Appointments from certificates

After receipt of a certificate, the Appointing Authority may consider and select anyone whose name is within the hiring rule, i.e. the top **10** available eligibles, or anyone whose name is tied with the lowest ranked eligible within the hiring rule [74:840-4.13(B)]. The Appointing Authority may make an appointment from a certificate issued by the Administrator as part of the pilot project authorized by Section 840-4.13(A) of the Act as instructed by the Administrator at the time the certificate is issued. In selecting persons from among those

certified, the Appointing Authority shall have the right, and is encouraged to examine applications, reports of investigations and interview eligibles.

(1) The Appointing Authority shall not deny employment to, and pass over, an available Absolute Preference Veteran except as provided in the Act and this Section and in 530:10-9-131.

(2) The Appointing Authority may give preference in all cases to persons who have resided in Oklahoma for at least 1 year prior to the date of examination [74:840-4.13(B)].

(3) The Appointing Authority need not consider any eligible who already has probationary or permanent status with that agency ~~in the same or a higher class~~.

(4) The Appointing Authority may take action to remove eligibles from consideration only as permitted and provided in the statutes or Merit Rules.

(5) If the Administrator has certified the names of eligibles in addition to those within the hiring rule, and if 1 or more eligibles initially within the hiring rule are removed from consideration in accordance with the Merit Rules, then the next lower eligible(s) may be added to fill in the hiring rule and anyone tied with the lowest such eligible may be considered and selected.

(6) The Appointing Authority is responsible for making the final selection.

530:10-9-95. Appointments to noncompetitive classes

(a) An Appointing Authority of an agency having ~~positions in~~ unskilled, semi-skilled, or similar ~~classes~~ jobs designated by the Administrator as noncompetitive, may appoint qualified veterans or non-veterans to such ~~classes~~ jobs in accordance with 530:10-9-71 and 530:10-9-92.

(b) On certificates issued for noncompetitive ~~classes~~ jobs, an Appointing Authority may appoint persons not certified by the Office of Personnel Management if the scores of such persons would place them within the hiring rule among those certified. An Appointing Authority shall not deny employment to, and pass over, an Absolute Preference Veteran except as provided in the Act, 530:10-9-92, and 530:10-9-131.

(c) Applicants for such positions may apply directly to agencies having such positions. Records of applicants shall be maintained by the Appointing Authority in accordance with U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission's guidelines. The Appointing Authority shall notify the Office of Personnel Management of a noncompetitive appointment and enclose a completed application within 30 calendar days after the appointment.

530:10-9-100. Persons With Severe Disabilities Employment Program

(a) Appointing Authorities may employ persons with severe disabilities who are legal residents of Oklahoma through the Persons With Severe Disabilities Employment Program ("Program") [74:840-4.12(H)(2)]. Program participants shall meet all minimum qualifications of education and experience, but shall be exempt from entrance examinations and hiring procedures administered by the Office of Personnel Management [74:840-4.12(H)(2)]. Program participants shall be certified as having disabilities in accordance with the standards and procedures in subsection (b) of this Section [74:840-4.12(H)(1)]. Persons with severe disabilities are not required to participate in this Program, and they may elect to be considered for employment through regular selection procedures [74:840-4.12(H)].

(b) The Department of Rehabilitation Services shall certify an applicant as having disabilities according to the definition for "**individual with severe disability**" in OAC 612:10-1-2, which the Administrator has established as the standard for disability certification, and shall provide written verification to the applicant. An applicant shall ~~present a copy of this~~ the original written verification to the Office of Personnel Management at the time he or she applies for employment.

(c) The Administrator shall give each Program applicant submitting verification according to (b), a letter of notification of all ~~class titles~~ job family levels for which the applicant has applied and possesses the minimum qualifications of education and experience.

(d) Effective April 1, 1996, letters of notification as described in (c) shall be valid for an initial 6-month period. Applicants may renew the letters every 6 months by notifying the Office of Personnel Management in writing.

(e) An applicant for the Program may apply directly to employing agencies. In order to be eligible for appointment to fill a vacant position, an applicant shall be a legal resident of Oklahoma. The applicant shall submit to the Appointing Authority of the employing agency a current letter from the Administrator as described in subsections (c) and (d) indicating the applicant possesses the qualifications of education and experience for the vacancy.

(f) Persons with severe disabilities hired pursuant to this Program shall be subject to the Merit Rules [74:840-4.12(H)(4)].

PART 11. DIRECT HIRE AUTHORITY

530:10-9-111. Definitions

In addition to terms defined in 530:10-1-2, the following words and terms, when used in this Part, shall have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

“**Adequate applicant pool**” means **10** or more available qualified eligibles on open competition registers maintained by the Office of Personnel Management for the location of a vacancy under the conditions of employment required for the position. However, the presence of one Absolute Preference Veteran on open competitive registers maintained by the Office of Personnel Management for the location of a vacancy under the conditions of employment required for the position shall also constitute an adequate applicant pool, regardless of the presence or absence of other available qualified eligibles.

“**Conditions for employment**” means requirements for the position established by the agency and approved by the Office of Personnel Management such as willingness to travel, perform shift work, or work in a particular geographic location, or possession of any selective qualifications or special requirements for the position.

“**Direct hire authority**” means the authorization for an Appointing Authority to certify the qualifications of and appoint an eligible applicant to a position requiring professional practice licensure or to a position which has been identified by the Administrator as hard-to-fill.

“**Hard-to-fill positions**” means a vacant position or positions in a ~~class~~ job family for which a state agency has been unable to identify an adequate applicant pool within the past 2 months of open competitive recruitment.

“**Professional practice licensure positions**” means those positions within a ~~class~~ job family for which the Administrator has determined the minimum qualifications for the ~~class job~~ require professional licensure with the State of Oklahoma to legally practice in the profession. Such a ~~class job~~ shall involve work requiring knowledge of an advanced type in a field of science or learning, customarily obtained by a prolonged course of specialized instruction or study such as a bachelor’s degree from an accredited college or university. The Administrator shall maintain a list of ~~classes jobs~~ requiring professional practice licensure and shall make the list available to all state agencies with positions allocated to these ~~classes~~ job families.

530:10-9-115. Duration of direct hire authority

(a) **Professional practice licensure positions.** An Appointing Authority who has been authorized direct hire authority for professional practice licensure positions may retain the authority indefinitely, provided:

- (1) the ~~class or classes~~ job family or job families to which the positions have been allocated remain authorized for the agency's use by the Office of Personnel Management; ~~and~~
- (2) the professional practice licensure requirement for the positions is not removed; and
- (3) the authority is not terminated by the Administrator as provided in 530:10-9-120.

(b) **Hard-to-fill positions.** An Appointing Authority who has been authorized direct hire authority for hard-to-fill positions may retain the authority for **12** months from the date of approval by the Administrator unless the authority is terminated by the Administrator as provided in 530:10-9-120. The Appointing Authority may reapply to continue direct hire authority for additional **12** month periods in the same manner as in the initial request.

530:10-9-117. Concurrent certification by the Office of Personnel Management

The Office of Personnel Management may continue to establish registers and issue certificates for any ~~class~~ job affected by the rules in this Part. An Appointing Authority who has been granted direct hire authority also may request certificates of eligibles from the Office of Personnel Management. Eligibles certified from an Office of Personnel Management certificate shall be considered by the Appointing Authority as required by the Act and Merit Rules governing certification.

SUBCHAPTER 11. EMPLOYEE ACTIONS

PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

530:10-11-7. No previous Merit System status

When a position occupied by an unclassified employee is made subject to the Merit System by Executive Order or legislation, the Administrator shall allocate the position as it exists on the effective date of becoming subject to the Merit System. Unless there is conflicting legislative direction, the unclassified employee who occupies the position on that date shall be given status in the ~~class~~ job family level to which the position is allocated by the Administrator. The effective date of the allocation shall be the same as the effective date of the Executive Order or legislation. *The employee shall not be required to take any examination or qualify for the ~~class~~ job family level, and the salary of the employee shall not be reduced as a result of such initial allocation. The status of the employee shall be determined as follows:*

- (1) *An employee who has been continuously employed by the agency for a minimum of ~~six (6)~~ twelve (12) months immediately preceding the date on which the employee is made subject to the provisions of the Merit System shall be given permanent status in the classified service.*
- (2) *An employee who has been continuously employed by the agency for less than ~~six (6)~~ twelve (12) months on the date the employee is made subject to the provisions of the Merit System shall be given probationary status in the classified service. Such employee may obtain permanent status in the classified service ~~six (6)~~ twelve (12) months after the employee's entry-on-duty date with the agency pursuant to the provisions of the Merit System. [74:840-4.2(A)]*

PART 3. PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEES

530:10-11-30. Probationary employees; general provisions

(a) All original appointments to classified positions shall be made from certificates, except as provided elsewhere in the Merit Rules or by statute, for a probationary period of 1 year, unless the length of the probationary period is reduced according to the provisions of this Section [74:840-4.13]. At the end of the probationary period, the employee shall automatically become permanent [74:840-4.13]. At any time after the probationary employee has served 6 months, the Appointing Authority may waive the remainder of the probationary period by notifying the employee and the Office of Personnel Management in writing as to the waiver and the reasons for it [74:840-4.13]. The Appointing Authority may not extend the probationary period, but may adjust the probationary period due to leave without pay as provided in 530:10-11-36(b). The ~~end of the~~ final working day of the probationary period shall be made known to the employee ~~in accordance with 530:10-15-3~~ at the time of entry on duty and at the time of any adjustment or waiver of the probationary period. Some positions may have statutory probationary periods that differ from the conditions of this Section.

(b) Except as provided in 530:10-9-102, the provisions of this Part apply to probationary periods made in accordance with those Merit Rules.

(c) An employee on an original probationary appointment with the agency or any adjustment of the original probationary appointment, or on a probationary period with the agency after reinstatement, or an adjustment of such a probationary period may be released or dismissed in accordance with 530:10-11-32.

(d) The Appointing Authority may establish a written policy describing any agency standard for waiving the probationary period after 6 months and the reasons for the standard.

530:10-11-38. Promotion or demotion of probationary employees

A probationary employee shall not be eligible for promotion or demotion to another class job.

PART 5. PROMOTIONS

530:10-11-51. Promotional posting

(a) *The appointing authority shall post announcements of a vacancy or vacancies in a particular class of positions in accordance with a promotional plan filed by the agency with the Office of Personnel Management . [A copy of this plan shall be posted throughout the agency.] In order to give qualified employees an opportunity to apply for and be considered for possible promotions, the vacancy notices shall be posted conspicuously in transparent, secured enclosures situated in prominent locations throughout the agency, at least five (5) working days prior to the closing date for the receipt of applications by the appointing authority. Promotional posting shall be required for initial entry into a job family at any level. Promotional posting shall also be required for entry into any vacant supervisory position. Each agency's promotional posting plan shall describe where promotional notices will be posted and require that all vacancy or promotional notices be posted conspicuously in transparent, secured enclosures. Notices must be posted throughout the agency. However, an agency's plan may limit the posting of notices for a vacancy in a work unit, local office or administrative area to within that location, if the vacancy is to be filled by an employee from the same location . [74:840-4.15(A)]*

(b) The posting shall include:

- (1) *A copy of the ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor [74:840-4.15(A)(1)];*
- (2) *Identification of the job family level of the vacancy or vacancies [74:840-4.15]*

- ~~(2)~~(3) *The salary grade pay band and range* [74:840-4.15(A)(2)];
- ~~(3)~~(4) *The anticipated number of vacancies* [74:840-4.15(A)(3)];
- ~~(4)~~(5) *The specific location of work* [74:840-4.15(A)(4)];
- ~~(5)~~(6) *The time limits and procedure for filing an application with the appointing authority* [74:840-4.15(A)(5)];
- ~~(6)~~(7) *Any additional factors which the appointing authority will consider in filling the vacancy* [74:840-4.15(A)(6)]. For example, if the Appointing Authority intends to give preference to an incumbent in a position at the time of the reallocation of the position to a higher class level job, the Appointing Authority shall include that information as an additional factor.

(c) Promotional posting is not required for underfill promotions for career advancement of an employee to the full performance level of a job family or other similar career advancement promotions where employees have an equal opportunity for career advancement. Appointing Authorities shall post all promotional opportunities to all supervisory levels.

530:10-11-53. Promotional posting for continuous multiple vacancies

The appointing authority may elect to post general promotional opportunities . . . in cases where there are usually continuous multiple vacant positions within a given ~~class of positions~~ job family; provided the appointing authority maintains a promotional applicant list for each ~~class of positions~~ job family which is posted on the basis of general promotional opportunities. In such cases, the posting must include the length of time and conditions under which the promotional application of the candidate will remain available for active consideration by the appointing authority [74:840-4.15(B)] as well as the information required by 530:10-11-51.

530:10-11-55. Trial period and probationary period for promoted employees

(a) Trial period after intra-agency promotions.

- (1) When a classified employee is promoted intra-agency, the employee shall serve a 6 month trial period in the class job to which the employee has been promoted unless the Appointing Authority waives the trial period according to the provisions of this Section. The Appointing Authority may waive the trial period at any time by giving the employee written notice of the cancellation. Waiver of the trial period makes the promotion final.
- (2) If an employee does not prove to be satisfactory in the new class job during the trial period, the employee shall be reinstated to the former position or another in the same class job family level, at the salary the employee would have received if the promotion had not taken place. However, the reasons for denying the employee permanent status in the promotional position shall be submitted in writing to the individual before the end of the trial period and a copy filed with the Office of Personnel Management. [T]he employee shall not have the right to appeal [74:840-4.12].
- (3) The promotion shall automatically become permanent at the end of the final working day of the trial period.
- (4) The Appointing Authority may establish a written policy describing any agency standard for waiving the trial period and the reasons for the standard.

(b) Trial period after interagency promotion.

- (1) An employee who is promoted interagency may, at the discretion of the receiving Appointing Authority, be required to serve a 6 month trial period in the new class job only if the receiving agency has the job family from which the employee was promoted in its classification plan.

~~(A) the class from which the employee was promoted or~~

~~(B) another class at the same salary grade as the employee's former class for which the employee is qualified in its classification plan.~~

(2) The trial period may be canceled at any time, making the promotion final. Before the effective date of the promotion, the employee shall be informed in writing by the Appointing Authority whether the employee will be required to serve a trial period before such promotion becomes final. The Office of Personnel Management shall be sent written notice when a trial period is required for a promoted employee. The promotion shall be permanent if the Appointing Authority fails to notify the employee in writing before the effective date of the promotion that a trial period is required under this paragraph. If an employee does not prove to be satisfactory in the new ~~class~~ job during the trial period, the employee shall be reinstated to a position in the former ~~class~~ job family ~~or another class at~~ in the same salary grade pay band for which the employee is qualified with the receiving agency, at the salary the employee would have received if the promotion had not taken place. However, the reasons for denying the employee permanent status in the promotional position shall be submitted in writing to the individual before the end of the trial period and a copy filed with the Office of Personnel Management. The promotion shall automatically become permanent at the end of the final working day of the trial period.

(c) Statutory probationary period after intra-agency promotion. An employee who is promoted to a ~~class~~ job for which a probationary period is either permitted or required by Oklahoma Statutes shall be notified by the Appointing Authority of the probationary period before the effective date of the promotion. An employee shall not be required to serve a trial period after the promotion if a statutory probationary period is required.

PART 7. TRANSFERS AND VOLUNTARY DEMOTIONS

530:10-11-71. Intra-agency transfer

(a) The intra-agency transfer of a permanent employee from one position to another position in the same ~~class or another class at the same grade~~ job family or another job in the same pay band, for which the employee has currently qualified, may be made at any time by the Appointing Authority. Such transfer may be made simultaneously with a promotion or demotion in accordance with the provisions of the Merit Rules.

(b) *A state agency shall have sole and final authority to designate the place or places where its employees shall perform their duties. The Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission shall not have jurisdiction to entertain an appeal of an employee from action of the employing agency transferring the employee from one county or locality to another, changing the assigned duties of the employee, or relieving the employee from performance of duty at a particular place and reassigning to the employee duties to be performed at another place, unless: [74:840-4.19]*

(1) *the action results in a change in job classification or reduction of base salary; or [74:840-4.19(1)]*

(2) *an investigation by the Commission indicates that a violation of the provisions of Section 840-2.5 or 840-2.9 of . . . [the Oklahoma Personnel Act] may have occurred; or [74:840-4.19(2)]*

(3) *it is established that the action was clearly taken for disciplinary reasons and to deny the employee the right of appeal [74:840-4.19(3)].*

530:10-11-72. Interagency transfer

(a) An interagency transfer is *an action in which an employee leaves employment with one agency and enters employment with another agency while continuously employed with the*

~~state~~ [74:840-1.3(9)]. A permanent classified employee retains his or her permanent status in the classified service on interagency transfer.

(b) The interagency transfer of a permanent employee from one position to another in the same ~~class or another class at the same grade~~ job or another job family in the same pay band, for which the employee has currently qualified, may be made at any time with the concurrence of the Appointing Authorities concerned, provided that such transfer has been requested in writing by the employee. Such a transfer may be made simultaneously with a promotion or demotion in accordance with the provisions of the Merit Rules.

530:10-11-74. Interagency transfer of personnel resulting from transfer of facility or function

When a facility or function is transferred from one state agency to another, classified employees may be transferred without change or modification in status. Such transfer of personnel is subject to the following conditions and provisions:

(1) Positions created in the receiving agency as a result of the transfer of a facility or function which are filled by employees being transferred in accordance with this Section need not be posted as vacant.

(2) If the ~~classes held by~~ job family level of transferring employees ~~are~~ is not in the receiving agency's classification plan, ~~such classes~~ the appropriate job families must be added to the plan on a temporary basis, not to exceed 6 months after the effective date of the transfer. Any such employee may be detailed to special duty, if necessary, to ensure that work assigned on a regular and consistent basis conforms to the employee's ~~class~~ classification.

(3) The receiving agency shall give a transferring employee credit for all unused sick and annual leave the employee has accrued.

(4) The receiving agency shall not reduce the base salary of any employee at the time of the interagency transfer. If an employee must be reclassified to a higher ~~class~~ job after transfer, a salary advancement is not required unless the rate of pay before promotion is below the new range. Subsequent salary changes must be in accordance with the Merit Rules.

(5) Except as specifically provided in this Section, all other Merit Rules governing the actions of employees and agencies remain in full force and effect, during and after the interagency transfer.

530:10-11-76. Voluntary demotion

(a) An Appointing Authority may demote an employee, provided the employee voluntarily makes such a request in writing and meets the current minimum qualifications for the ~~class~~ job family level to which demotion is requested as certified by the Administrator. Provided, however, that possession of the current minimum qualifications shall not be required where the demotion is to a ~~class~~ job:

(1) within the same ~~series~~ job family, or

(2) in which the employee has previously had permanent status, or

(3) in the same ~~series~~ job family as, and below, a ~~class~~ job in which the employee has previously had permanent status.

(b) The Appointing Authority may require an employee to serve a trial period in the ~~class~~ job to which the employee requests to be demoted. This trial period may not exceed 6 months and may be for shorter periods as determined by the Appointing Authority. The Appointing Authority shall notify the employee in writing before the effective date of the demotion that a trial period be served before such demotion shall become final. The Appointing Authority shall send the Office of Personnel Management written notice when a trial period is required

for a demoted employee. The Appointing Authority may cancel such trial period at any time. If the employee does not prove to be satisfactory in the new class job during the trial period, the employee shall be reinstated to the former position or another in the same class job family. The Appointing Authority shall give the employee written notice of the reasons for the failure to allow the employee to acquire permanent status in the class job to which demoted and shall file a copy with the Office of Personnel Management.

SUBCHAPTER 13. REDUCTION-IN-FORCE

PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR REDUCTION-IN-FORCE

530:10-13-2. Definitions

In addition to terms defined in 530:10-1-2 and 455:10-1-2, the following words and terms, when used in this Subchapter, shall have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

“Affected classes job family levels” means ~~classes~~ those containing affected positions.

“Affected employees” means classified and unclassified employees in affected positions.

“Affected positions” means positions being abolished or positions which are subject to displacement action.

“Agency” means any office, department, board, commission, or institution of all branches of state government, except institutions within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education.

“Displacement limit” means any area within an agency in which displacement may not occur. These areas may include, but are not limited to, ~~job classes~~ families, units, and geographic areas within an agency.

“Displacement opportunity” means the circumstances under which an occupied or funded vacant position is subject to displacement by an affected employee.

“Displacement privilege” means the privilege an affected employee has to utilize a displacement opportunity.

“Educational institution” means an institution within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, a facility under the management or control of the Oklahoma State Department of Vocational and Technical Education, or a licensed private educational institution in the State of Oklahoma.

“Eligible classified employee” means a permanent classified employee or a classified employee on probationary status after reinstatement from permanent classified status without a break in service in an affected position who is eligible for displacement opportunities or severance benefits.

“Eligible regular unclassified employee” means a regular unclassified service employee with over six months continuous service in an affected position who is eligible for severance benefits.

“Limited-term unclassified employee” means an unclassified affected employee whose employment status is temporary or time-limited and whose employment status does not make the employee eligible for participation in a state retirement system.

“Personnel transaction” means the record of the separation as a result of a reduction-in-force of a classified affected employee from an agency, or the record of the transfer or demotion of a classified affected employee.

“Reduction-in-force” means abolition of positions in an agency or part of an agency and the corresponding nondisciplinary removal of affected employees from such positions through separation from employment or through displacement to other positions.

“Severance benefits” means employee benefits provided by the State Government Reduction-in-Force and Severance Benefits Act to affected employees separated through a reduction-in-force.

“Years of service” means current and prior service which is creditable for the Longevity Pay Plan. An affected employee shall not be required to have been continuously employed for two (2) years to be given credit for either current or prior service pursuant to the State Government Reduction-in-Force and Severance Benefits Act.

530:10-13-6. Equal employment opportunity (EEO)

In planning and conducting a reduction-in-force, the Appointing Authority shall consider the effect of decisions, such as establishment of displacement limits and selection of ~~classes~~ job family levels containing positions to be abolished, on the composition of the work force of the agency. If displacement limits are established in accordance with 530:10-13-5 and Section 840-2.27C of the Oklahoma Personnel Act, adverse impact will be assessed as recognized in state and federal laws, rules and guidelines. The Appointing Authority shall take appropriate action consistent with state and federal laws, rules and guidelines governing adverse impact.

530:10-13-8. Required freeze on personnel actions

(a) At least **14** calendar days before the reduction-in-force implementation schedule is posted in accordance with Section 840-2.27C(B) of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes** and 530:10-13-35, all personnel actions within affected ~~classes~~ job families shall be frozen, except:

- (1) separations unrelated to the reduction-in-force,
- (2) leave,
- (3) disciplinary actions,
- (4) other transactions specifically required by law,
- (5) transactions specifically due to the reduction-in-force, and
- (6) transactions the Appointing Authority certifies will not limit displacement opportunities for affected employees.

(b) This freeze shall remain in effect until the reduction-in-force implementation schedule is posted.

PART 3. REDUCTION-IN-FORCE PLAN REQUIREMENTS

530:10-13-31. Abolishing positions and retaining positions

(a) The Appointing Authority shall *determine the specific position or positions to be abolished within specified units, divisions, facilities, agency-wide or any parts thereof* [74:840-2.27C(B)], ~~including positions occupied by unclassified employees which are part of an affected class.~~ The Appointing Authority shall determine which vacant positions will be retained.

(b) If an agency has both classified and unclassified positions in affected ~~classes~~ job family levels, the Appointing Authority shall not abolish a higher percentage of occupied classified positions than occupied unclassified positions [74:840-2.27C(B)].

(c) For purposes of subsection (b) of this Section and subsection (a) of 530:10-13-32, “class” “job family” and “job family level” means mean positions in the unclassified service

and the classified service sufficiently similar in duties and responsibilities to be assigned to the same Merit System ~~class~~ job family as determined by the Administrator.

530:10-13-32. Order of employee removal

(a) Agency-wide, or within displacement limits, if established, retention of affected employees shall be based on ~~class~~ job family level and type of appointment [74:840-2.27C~~(B)~~]. Subject to eligible classified employees accepting displacement offers, unclassified employees in a ~~class~~ job family level on limited term appointments shall be separated first, followed by employees on project indefinite appointments, followed by employees on probationary appointments with the agency, prior to the separation or voluntary demotion of any permanent classified employee from the same ~~class~~ job family level [74:840-2.27C~~(B)~~].

(b) Retention of permanent classified employees in affected ~~classes~~ job family levels and within displacement limits, if any are established, shall be based on years of service [74:840-2.27C~~(B)~~].

(c) The Appointing Authority shall calculate retention points for all eligible classified employees, including those on an approved leave of absence, and shall rank affected classified and affected unclassified employees separately. Eligible classified employees with more retention points shall be ranked higher; with the order of removal from a ~~class~~ job family level in inverse order of that ranking. If tie scores occur, the ranking of employees who have the same total retention points shall be determined by giving preference for retention according to years of service in the agency. If a tie continues to exist, retention status shall be determined by a method established by the Appointing Authority and described in the reduction-in-force implementation schedule.

(d) For purposes of a reduction-in-force, any permanent classified employee on a detail to special duty shall be ranked on the basis of base ~~class~~ job family level, not on the basis of the ~~class~~ job to which detailed.

530:10-13-34. Displacement opportunities

(a) **Limitations on displacement opportunities.** Displacement opportunities shall be offered to eligible classified employees and may be offered to eligible regular unclassified employees. Displacement opportunities shall not be offered if the result would be to cause the displacement of a permanent classified employee with higher retention points. A classified employee may not be displaced by an unclassified employee. Likewise, an unclassified employee may not be displaced by a classified employee. Employees who have no displacement opportunities or who choose not to exercise a displacement opportunity, employees who do not respond to an offer in accordance with 530:10-13-37, and employees who refuse an offer shall be separated in accordance with 530:10-13-38.

(b) **Offers of displacement opportunities.** Starting with the employee having the highest retention points, displacement opportunities shall be offered to eligible classified employees and to displaced employees. Such offers shall be confined within any displacement limits established by the Appointing Authority. Options available will normally be offered in the order listed below, but an Appointing Authority may provide an alternative order in a reduction-in-force plan that has been approved by the Administrator. If an opportunity at one level, e.g. (1)(A), does not exist, an opportunity at the next lower level, e.g. (1)(B), shall be offered, if available.

(1) Transfer within the same ~~class~~ job family and level into a retained position which is currently:

(A) vacant and available for displacement in accordance with 530:10-13-31(a),

(B) held by a non-permanent employee (in order of appointment type), or

- (C) held by the employee with the lowest retention points, subject to the restriction regarding regular unclassified employees in (a) of this Section.
- (2) Voluntary demotion to a retained position in the next available lower ~~class in the same series~~ level of the same job family which is currently:
- (A) vacant and available for displacement in accordance with 530:10-13-31(a),
 - (B) held by a non-permanent employee (in order of appointment type), or
 - (C) held by the employee with the lowest retention points, subject to the restriction regarding regular unclassified employees in (a) of this Section.
- (3) Voluntary demotion to a retained lower level position in ~~other previously held lower classes~~ another job family previously held in the reverse order in which they were held by the employee on a permanent basis while either in the employment of the agency or, if transferred to the agency by statute or executive order, the former agency, which is currently:
- (A) vacant and available for displacement in accordance with 530:10-13-31(a),
 - (B) held by a non-permanent employee (in order of appointment type), or
 - (C) held by the employee with the lowest retention points, subject to the restriction regarding regular unclassified employees in (a) of this Section.

530:10-13-35. Reduction-in-force implementation schedule

Appointing Authorities of executive branch agencies shall post the reduction-in-force implementation schedule in all offices of the agency within **2** business days after approval of the reduction-in-force plan by the Administrator. Appointing Authorities of executive branch agencies shall submit the reduction-in-force implementation schedule, including the lists described in (4) of this Section, to the Office of Personnel Management and the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission within **2** business days after approval of the reduction-in-force plan by the Administrator. The reduction-in-force implementation schedule is not subject to the approval of the Administrator or the Commission. The reduction-in-force implementation schedule shall include:

- (1) a statement of the conditions necessitating the reduction-in-force;
- (2) the estimated time schedule for the reduction-in-force;
- (3) a description of the displacement process, and limits;
- (4) the location in the office where the following lists are available for review, if such lists are not posted:
 - (A) all occupied and vacant positions in affected ~~classes~~ job families within any displacement limits, indicating those to be abolished and those available for displacement, showing in each case: geographical and administrative location, ~~class and grade~~, job family, level, and pay band for the position; the incumbent name, class job family, level, pay band, appointment type, and rate of pay of the incumbent; and, for permanent employees, retention points and lower ~~classes~~ job families and levels in which the employee previously held permanent status while in the continuous classified service of the agency (and if transferred to the agency by statute or executive order, the former agency), listed in the reverse order in which they were held;
 - (B) all other employees in affected ~~classes~~ job families, showing the same information;
 - (C) all retained vacant positions anywhere in the agency;
 - (D) all affected classes grouped by series;
- (5) the schedule and procedure to be followed if an eligible employee chooses to accept any offer for transfer or voluntary demotion in lieu of separation;

- (6) the agency policy on issues related to partial payment of moving expenses for transferred employees in accordance with Section 500.51 of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes**;
- (7) such other information as the Appointing Authority deems appropriate; and
- (8) the method established by the Appointing Authority to break ties in retention points.

530:10-13-36. Written notice to employees

Appointing Authorities of executive branch agencies shall provide individual written notice to an affected employee ~~at least~~ within 14 calendar days after approval of the reduction-in-force plan by the Administrator. The notice shall:

- (1) provide a description of the employee's retention status, including retention points calculation;
- (2) offer an opportunity to notify a specified agency official in writing of any possible errors in the retention points calculation, and to request in writing a meeting with supervisors or agency officials;
- (3) include the effective date of separation and, if applicable, instructions for electing transfer or voluntary demotion in lieu of separation in response to a specific offer; and
- (4) provide notice of appeal rights for classified employees in accordance with 530:10-13-10.

PART 5. RECALL RIGHTS

530:10-13-50. Eligibility for recall

(a) Eligible classified employees who are removed from a ~~class~~ job family level as a result of a reduction-in-force in an agency shall be eligible for recall by that agency to the class job family level from which removed for **18** months after the effective date of separation or demotion [74:840-2.27C(E)]. Regular unclassified employees who are removed from a ~~class~~ position as a result of a reduction-in-force in an agency shall normally be eligible for recall by that agency to the class position from which removed for **18** months after the effective date of separation or demotion; however, an Appointing Authority may alternatively exclude unclassified employees from recall provisions in a reduction-in-force plan approved by the Administrator.

(b) If there are persons eligible for recall to a class job family level, an Appointing Authority may not appoint or reclassify persons to the ~~class~~ job family level from the employment register, by internal action, such as promotion or reinstatement, or from Priority Reemployment Consideration Rosters [840-2.27C(E)]. However, an Appointing Authority may reclassify an employee by involuntary demotion for cause to a class job family level for which there is a recall list. The salary of a recalled permanent classified employee shall be set in accordance with 530:10-7-8.

(c) Affected employees who accept severance benefits:

- (1) are eligible for recall in accordance with the provisions of Section 840-2.27C(E) of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes**,
- (2) who are employed by any agency less than **1** year after receiving severance benefits are required to repay such benefits in accordance with Section 840-2.27E of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes**.

(d) Employees who accept voluntary out benefits in accordance with Section 840-2.27H of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes** shall not be eligible for recall.

530:10-13-52. Forfeiture and expiration of recall rights

The right of an individual to recall to the class job family level from which removed is subject to the following provisions and conditions:

- (1) **Limitations on recall rights.** Recall pertains only to the class job family level from which an employee is removed in the agency that conducted the reduction-in-force [74:840-2.27C(E)]. An individual has no right to recall to a specific position or to recall by any other agency.
- (2) **Forfeiture of recall rights.** The right of an individual to be recalled is forfeited if the person:
 - (A) submits a written notice to the agency that waives the right to be recalled.
 - (B) declines an offer of recall [74:840-2.27C(E)].
 - (C) fails to respond to a written inquiry from the Appointing Authority relative to an offer of recall within 7 calendar days after the date of its mailing or 4 calendar days after the date of its delivery by personal service. The inquiry must include the date and time by which the person must contact the Appointing Authority.
 - (D) fails to report for duty within the time specified by the Appointing Authority; provided the person is given at least 14 calendar days.
 - (E) accepts an offer of recall.
- (3) **Expiration of recall rights.** The right of an individual to be recalled expires if the agency:
 - (A) makes no appointments to the class job family level within the 18 months after the effective date of the removal of the person from the class job family level [74:840-2.27C(E)];
 - (B) in making offers of recall to a class job family level, does not reach the name of the individual on the recall list within 18 months after the effective date of the removal of the person from the class job family level [74:840-2.27C(E)].

530:10-13-53. Recall after multiple reductions-in-force

If any agency conducts a reduction-in-force which requires the removal of permanent employees from a class job family level for which there is already an unexpired recall list from a previous reduction-in-force, the names of the persons removed from the class job family level will be merged with names already on the list based on retention points.

PART 7. PRIORITY CONSIDERATION FOR REEMPLOYMENT

530:10-13-70. Eligibility for priority reemployment consideration

(a) Probationary and permanent employees and regular unclassified full-time employees with over 6 months continuous service, who have been separated as a result of an officially conducted reduction-in-force or the abolition of all or part of a state agency are eligible for priority reemployment consideration [74:840-2.27C(F)] for jobs in the classified service. In addition, affected employees shall be eligible for Priority Reemployment Consideration beginning with the date the implementation schedule is posted, for a period not to exceed 12 months before the scheduled date of separation, if the agency:

- (1) has posted a reduction-in-force plan and implementation schedule and the employees are in positions covered by the plan and within the displacement limits established by the Appointing Authority; or
- (2) is scheduled to be closed or abolished by law or court order. [74:840-2.27C(G)]

(b) To be placed on the Priority Reemployment Consideration Roster for a class job family level, a person shall apply to the Office of Personnel Management and meet all requirements for the class job, including passing any required examination [74:840-2.27C(F)]. The class job family level need not be announced for recruitment. The names of the persons on

Rosters shall be ranked in order of their individual final earned ratings on the examination [74:840-2.27C(F)].

(c) Employees who accept severance benefits:

- (1) are eligible for Priority Reemployment Consideration in accordance with the provisions of Section 840-2.27C(E) of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes**,
- (2) who are employed by any agency less than 1 year after receiving severance benefits are required to repay such benefits in accordance with Section 840-2.27E of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes**.

(d) Employees who accept voluntary out benefits in accordance with Section 840-2.27H of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall not be eligible for Priority Reemployment Consideration.

530:10-13-71. Agency priority reemployment consideration requirements

(a) Before any vacant position in the classified service is filled by the initial appointment of any person from an employment register, an Appointing Authority shall request a list of the names of persons appearing on the Priority Reemployment Consideration Roster for the appropriate ~~class~~ job family level [74:840-2.27C(F)]. The Appointing Authority shall give such persons priority consideration for reemployment and may appoint any person whose name appears on such list regardless of rank [74:840-2.27C(F)]. Additionally, an Appointing Authority shall consider its Affirmative Action Plan in accordance with Section 840-2.1 of the Oklahoma Personnel Act and 530:10-3-31.

(b) An Appointing Authority may make an initial appointment from a certificate of eligibles as provided in 530:10-9-92, only after certifying in writing to the Administrator that any and all persons whose names appear on the Priority Reemployment Consideration Roster for the ~~class~~ job family level were first given priority consideration for reemployment. This requirement does not mandate the appointment of a person from a Priority Reemployment Consideration Roster and does not apply to internal appointments and actions, such as, promotions and reinstatements.

530:10-13-72. Conditions of employment and entrance salary

Persons who are appointed from a Priority Reemployment Consideration Roster shall be employed in accordance with 530:10-9-102, if they are eligible for reinstatement as provided in that Section. The entrance salary of such persons shall be fixed in accordance with 530:10-7-4. Persons appointed from a Priority Reemployment Consideration Roster, who were in the unclassified or exempt service at the time of separation and ineligible for reinstatement as provided in 530:10-9-102, shall be employed in accordance with 530:10-11, Part 3. The entrance salary of such persons shall be at the ~~minimum salary~~ hiring rate established by the agency for the ~~class~~ job to which appointed, ~~except as provided in 530:10-7-3.~~

530:10-13-73. Expiration and forfeiture of eligibility

(a) The eligibility of an individual to remain on any Priority Reemployment Consideration Roster and to be given priority consideration for reemployment shall expire **18** months after separation as a result of a reduction-in-force or abolition of an agency [74:840-2.27C(F)]. A person's eligibility shall also be forfeited upon:

- (1) declination of an offer of reemployment to position in a ~~class~~ job having the same or higher ~~grade~~ rate of pay than ~~that class~~ the job from which removed [74:840-2.27C(F)], that is located in a county in which the person has indicated a willingness to work;
- (2) acceptance of an offer of reemployment to a ~~class~~ job having the same or higher ~~grade~~ rate of pay than the ~~class~~ job from which removed;

- (3) failure to report for duty within the time specified by the Appointing Authority; provided the person is given at least **14** calendar days;
 - (4) recall to the class job family level from which removed; or
 - (5) failure to meet any of the requirements for the class job.
- (b) It is the responsibility of the person to maintain a current address with the Office of Personnel Management.

SUBCHAPTER 15. TIME AND LEAVE

PART 5. MISCELLANEOUS TYPES OF LEAVE

530:10-15-47. Leave of absence without pay

(a) **Conditions and provisions.** An Appointing Authority may approve a request from a permanent or probationary employee for leave without pay. The request shall be in writing and shall include the reasons for the leave and the estimated length of the leave requested by the employee. The approval of the leave shall also be in writing, and it shall specify the date the employee is to return to work. Leave without pay is subject to the following conditions:

(1) Leave without pay shall not be approved for more than **12** months. However, an employee on leave without pay may submit a written request for an extension before the end of the approved leave period. The Appointing Authority may grant extensions if the total length of the original leave without pay plus any extensions does not exceed **2** years. Any extension granted shall be to a specified expiration date.

(2) An employee may return to work before the specified date of return if the Appointing Authority approves a written request from the employee to return earlier.

(3) Failure of a classified employee to report for work on the specified date of return shall be cause for disciplinary action.

(4) Leave without pay for probationary employees shall be in accordance with 530:10-11-36.

(5) The Appointing Authority may cancel leave without pay at any time and require the employee to return to work before the specified date of return. The employee shall be notified of the reasons for cancellation by certified mail or personal service and given **7** calendar days to return to work. Failure of a classified employee to report for work as directed shall be cause for disciplinary action.

(6) Section 530:10-13-9 provides for a special type of leave without pay so that an employee can continue insurance coverage after a reduction-in-force. A leave without pay period in accordance with 530:10-13-9 is not subject to other Merit Rules about leave of absence without pay.

(7) If an employee is absent from work without proper authorization, the employee shall not receive pay for such absence. An Appointing Authority has the authority and responsibility to take appropriate action if fraudulent leave usage or leave abuse is detected.

(8) Leave without pay in accordance with this Section shall not for any purpose be considered a break in service.

(b) **Rights upon return from leave of absence without pay.** A properly executed leave of absence without pay shall accord the employee the right to be returned by the Appointing Authority to a position in the same class job family and level as the original position and in the same geographical area unless waived by the employee. The layoff provisions of the Oklahoma Personnel Act and the Merit Rules shall apply if there are no positions in that class job family level and geographical area or if the class job family has been abolished.

530:10-15-48. Involuntary leave without pay (furlough)

(a) **Policy.** An Appointing Authority may place classified and unclassified employees on involuntary leave without pay (furlough) for up to a total of **184** hours in any **12** month period in accordance with this Section. An Appointing Authority may only furlough employees when it is necessary to reduce expenditures or when it is required because of a temporary decline or cessation of work activities.

(b) **Required announcement of reasons for furlough.** Before beginning a furlough, an Appointing Authority shall announce in writing the reasons that require it. The Appointing Authority shall post this announcement throughout the agency and send it to the Governor, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Office of State Finance. This announcement is not part of the furlough plan required in (c) of this Section, and it is not subject to the approval of the Administrator.

(c) **Required plan for implementation of furlough.**

(1) Before beginning a furlough, an Appointing Authority shall develop an equitable and systematic plan for the furlough and shall submit the plan to the Office of Personnel Management for review and approval. The Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management shall disapprove any plan that is not in substantial compliance with the Merit Rules.

(2) After approval of the plan by the Administrator, the Appointing Authority shall post the approved plan throughout the agency a minimum of **2** working days before furloughing any employee.

(3) The plan shall apply uniformly to employees regardless of classified or unclassified status [74:840-2.27(H)(1)]. As far as possible, the Appointing Authority shall furlough all full-time employees, including those on paid leave, the same number of hours and shall prorate the number of hours for part-time employees. The Appointing Authority shall address the application of the furlough to employees who are on other types of leave without pay.

(d) **Non-uniform treatment of employees.** The Appointing Authority may find non-uniform treatment of employees necessary during a furlough. The Appointing Authority must certify the reasons for non-uniform treatment as described in paragraph (1) of this subsection. Paragraph (2) of this subsection describes how the Appointing Authority may limit the effect of a furlough on specified employees. Any certifications issued by an Appointing Authority shall be included in the furlough plan.

(1) **Certification of reasons for non-uniform treatment.**

(A) If the Appointing Authority certifies that uniform treatment of all employees would cause undue hardship on lower paid employees and uniform treatment is not required to meet the reduced revenue levels which made the furlough necessary, the Appointing Authority may limit the applicability of a furlough on lower paid employees.

(B) If the Appointing Authority certifies that uniform treatment of all employees would endanger public health, safety, or property, or continued operations of critical agency functions, the Appointing Authority may limit the applicability of the furlough on specified employees, positions, ~~classes~~ jobs, or organizational units as needed to avoid the danger.

(C) If the Appointing Authority certifies that a furlough is due to a decline or loss of funding to the agency that supports specific positions, ~~classes~~ jobs, or organizational units, the Appointing Authority may limit a furlough to specific employees supported by the funding that is lost or reduced.

(2) **Types of non-uniform treatment.** In certifying the reasons for non-uniform treatment of employees, the Appointing Authority may use any of the following types of limits. The Appointing Authority may:

- (A) exclude specified employees from the furlough,
- (B) place specified employees on a lesser number of hours without pay than other employees,
- (C) make the furlough of specified employees subject to early cancellation or periodic call-back.

(e) **Required notice to employee.** The Appointing Authority shall give employees who are to be furloughed individual written notice of the furlough before its starting date. This written notice shall explain the reasons for the furlough and how the furlough will affect the employee. The notice shall also include the dates and times leave is to begin and end. A copy of this Section shall be enclosed with the written notice to the employee. If an Appointing Authority makes leave for employees subject to early cancellation or periodic call-back, the employee's notice of furlough shall describe the reasons for, and conditions of, the cancellation or call-back.

(f) **Continuation of benefits while on furlough.** While on furlough, employees who would otherwise accrue leave shall continue to accrue annual and sick leave as though the furlough had not occurred. The Appointing Authority shall schedule the furlough so the furlough does not interrupt the agency's payment of the employees' insurance premiums.

(g) **Failure to return as directed cause for discipline.** Failure on the part of an employee to return from such leave to his or her previous work status as directed in writing shall be cause for discipline.

(h) **Appeal rights.** *Furlough, as provided for [...] by rules adopted by the Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management, shall not be appealable under the provisions of the Oklahoma Personnel Act [74:840-2.27(H)(2)].*

530:10-15-49. Leave and first preference due to work related illness or injury

(a) **Purpose.** The purpose of this Section is to interpret Section 840-2.21 of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes** (Section 840-2.21). Section 840-2.21 establishes the rights and benefits of state employees who are absent from work because of an illness or injury arising out of and sustained in the course of employment with the State. These employees have a right to return to work if certain conditions are met. **In applying Section 840-2.21 and this Section, employing agencies shall return an employee to work as soon as possible, either to the original position or to an alternate position if an employee, with reasonable accommodation, is unable to return to the original position.**

(b) **Employee eligibility.** This Section applies to all eligible probationary and permanent classified and regular unclassified employees. It does not apply to unclassified employees on temporary and other limited term appointments. An employee shall file a claim for workers compensation benefits to be eligible [74:840-2.21(A)].

(c) **Termination of rights.** All rights and benefits under Section 840-2.21 and this Section shall end 1 year after the start of leave without pay under this Section and shall end immediately if the claim for workers compensation is denied or canceled within the 1 year period [74:840-2.21(H)].

(d) **Employing agency practice, policy, and procedure.** An agency's policy, procedure and practice affecting employees who file claims for workers compensation benefits shall agree with Section 840-2.21.

(e) **Required notice to employees.** Appointing Authorities shall give employees who report a job related illness or injury copies of this Section, Section 840-2.21, and the agency's

policies and procedures for complying with this Section and the law. The procedures shall include instructions about requesting leave without pay under Section 840-2.21.

(f) **Placement of employee on leave without pay.** Appointing Authorities shall refer to this Section when they place an employee on leave without pay under Section 840-2.21. The Appointing Authority shall not require employees to exhaust paid sick and annual leave accumulations before placing them on leave without pay [74:840-2.21(B)]. The Appointing Authority shall continue paying the employee's insurance coverage while the employee is on leave without pay—[74:840-2.21(C)], and the leave shall not be a break in service [74:840-2.21(A)].

(g) **Medical reports.** At least every 3 months, an employee on leave without pay under this Section shall give the Appointing Authority a medical statement as to his or her ability to perform the essential duties of the original position [74:840-2.21(E)]. The medical statement shall be made by a physician as defined in Section 14 (D) of Title 85 of the **Oklahoma Statutes**.

(h) **Inability to perform essential duties of original position.** If an employee on leave without pay under this Section cannot perform the essential duties of the original position, the employing agency shall give the employee first preference for other classified and unclassified positions according to Section 840-2.21(F).

(1) Appointing Authorities shall establish a procedure for giving employees on leave without pay under this Section first preference to fill classified and unclassified positions that do not represent a promotion to the employee, if the employee is medically able to do the essential duties and has the minimum qualifications for positions the Appointing Authority seeks to fill.

(2) The Appointing Authority's procedure shall include either notifying an employee of all vacant classified and unclassified positions the Appointing Authority seeks to fill or allowing the Appointing Authority and the employee to agree on notice for specific positions or ~~classes~~ jobs. The procedure may require employees to submit medical reports stating their ability to perform the essential duties of specific positions or groups of positions. The Appointing Authority shall give a copy of the procedure to each employee on leave without pay under this Section.

(3) Appointing Authorities do not have to notify employees on leave without pay under this Section when the Appointing Authority fills a vacant position temporarily (by temporary unclassified appointment or detail to special duty).

(4) Before an Appointing Authority may give a classified or unclassified employee first preference for a classified position, the employee shall be certified by the Office of Personnel Management as meeting the minimum qualifications. Neither classified nor unclassified employees shall be required to compete through the open competitive process for a classified position. The Appointing Authority shall submit the necessary paperwork to the Office of Personnel Management for review.

(5) Before an Appointing Authority assigns an employee to an alternate position (a position that is not the original position), the Appointing Authority shall give the employee written notice of the requirement to return to the original position under (i) of this Section. While in an alternate position, an employee shall submit medical reports at least every 3 months and whenever the medical condition changes enough to affect his or her ability to return to the original position.

(i) **Return to original position.** An employee on leave without pay or working in an alternate position shall have the right to return to his or her original position according to this Section and Section 840-2.21. When a medical report indicates the employee is able to perform the essential duties of the original position, with or without reasonable accommodation, the Appointing Authority shall return the employee to the original position. The employee and the

Appointing Authority may agree in writing to waive the requirement to return the employee to the original position from an alternate position.

(j) **Failure to return to work.**

(1) The Appointing Authority may discipline a permanent classified employee or a probationary classified employee or an unclassified employee if:

- (A) a medical report states the employee is able to do the essential duties of the original position or an alternate position (for which the employee is qualified); and
- (B) the employee does not return to work within 7 days after the Appointing Authority mails a notice to the employee's last known address or delivers a notice to the employee.

(2) If an employee does not return to the original position or an alternate position within 1 year after the start of leave without pay, the Appointing Authority may terminate the employee under Section 840-2.21 ~~(D)~~. An Appointing Authority that uses Section 840-2.21 ~~(D)~~ as authority to terminate an employee shall give the employee a copy of (k) of this Section. Termination of a permanent classified employee under this Section is subject to the pretermination hearing requirements of Section 840-6.4 of Title 74 of the **Oklahoma Statutes**.

(3) If Section 5 (A)(2) of Title 85 of the **Oklahoma Statutes** prevents the Appointing Authority from terminating the employee, the Appointing Authority shall place the employee on leave without pay according to that law. The rights and benefits of this Section and Section 840-2.21 ~~(D)~~ shall no longer apply.

(k) **Reinstatement upon separation.** A classified employee shall be eligible for reinstatement to either classified or unclassified employment with any state agency for 12 months after the date of separation under (j)(2) of this Section. An unclassified employee shall be eligible for reinstatement to unclassified employment with any state agency for 12 months after the date of separation under (j)(2) of this Section. This does not reduce eligibility under other general reinstatement or reemployment laws or rules, such as 530:10-9-102. [74:840-2.21~~(H)~~]

SUBCHAPTER 17. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND CAREER ENHANCEMENT PROGRAMS

PART 3. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION SYSTEM

530:10-17-31. Performance evaluations

(a) ~~Each agency shall adopt and maintain a system of employee service ratings.—The Office of Personnel Management shall make available one or more standard systems for this purpose, but an appointing authority may develop a separate system, subject to the approval of the Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management performance management system to be used by all agencies for completing employee service ratings. Agencies shall implement this new system on or before January 1, 2000. Until January 1, 2000, agencies may continue to use employee service rating systems which were approved or provided by the Administrator prior to November 1, 1999. The purpose of the system of employee service rating this employee performance management system is to evaluate the performance of each classified, unclassified and exempt employee in the executive branch of state government except those in the unclassified service as specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of subsection A of Section 840-5.5 and those employees employed by the institutions under the administrative authority of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education.—The Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management, on or before January 1 of each year, shall submit a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the~~

~~Governor identifying those state agencies that have complied with the provisions of this section [74:840-4.17(A)].~~

(b) ~~Employee service evaluation systems~~ The employee performance management system shall provide for the following:

(1) ~~An objective evaluation --- of the employee, by the immediate supervisor, of the performance of the employee within the assigned duties of the job;~~

(2) ~~The identification of the strengths and deficiencies of the employee;~~

(3) ~~Corrective actions, if necessary, to correct deficiencies;~~

(4) ~~An interview with the employee by the immediate supervisor who shall provide the employee with a copy of the service ratings; and~~

(5) ~~The opportunity for the employee to submit written comments regarding the service rating [74:840-4.17].~~

(c) ~~Each employee shall be rated thirty (30) days prior to the end of the probationary period. Thereafter, each employee shall be rated no less than once each year [74:840-4.17].~~

(d) ~~The agency shall use the available service ratings of current or former state employees in decisions regarding promotions, appointments, demotions, performance pay increases, and discharges. Reductions-in-force shall not be considered discharges [74:840-4.17].~~

(e) ~~The agency shall retain a copy of the service rating for each employee of the agency. A copy of the service rating shall be furnished to the Administrator of the Office of Personnel Management for review to determine compliance with the provisions of this section and shall be retained in the file on the employee [74:840-4.17].~~

PART 7. CARL ALBERT PUBLIC INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

530:10-17-84. Executive Fellows program; conversion

(a) **Eligibility.** An Executive Fellow shall be eligible for appointment to a position in the classified or unclassified service of the state and shall be deemed as meeting all other statutory requirements if the participant has:

(1) Been certified by the Appointing Authority as having successfully completed a 2-year internship within a 3-year period;

(2) Met all requirements of education and experience; and

(3) Successfully completed any required examination [74:840-3.5(1)].

(b) **Direct conversion.** If there is no break in service after successful completion of a 2-year internship, the conversion to a position in the classified service shall be exempt from the:

(1) application and certification procedures described in 530:10-9,

(2) probationary period described in Part 3 of 530:10-11, and

(3) posting requirements in Part 5 of 530:10-11, if the conversion is to a ~~class~~ job which is consistent with the duties and responsibilities of the Executive Fellow internship.

(c) **Salary upon direct conversion.** If there is no break in service and the conversion is to a ~~class~~ job which is consistent with the duties and responsibilities performed during the internship, the salary shall be fixed at the rate of pay in effect for the employee at the time of the conversion. If the conversion is to a different ~~class~~ job, the salary shall be determined in accordance with 530:10-7-3.

(d) **Conversion following a break in service.** If the Executive Fellow is separated after successful completion of a 2-year internship and before being converted to the classified service, the agency shall meet the internal posting requirements of Part 5 of 530:10-11 before the person is reinstated and converted to the classified service, and may require a probationary period in accordance with 530:10-9-102.

(e) **Roster.** The Administrator shall maintain a roster of Executive Fellows who have submitted a written request for eligibility for appointment to a position in the classified or unclassified service of the state upon successful completion of a 2-year Executive Fellows internship. Appointing authorities or their designees may request this roster from the Office of Personnel Management. Additionally, Executive Fellows may make application for employment directly with state agencies. The following requirements must be met before an agency may hire an Executive Fellow from the roster:

- (1) The Administrator must certify that the person meets the current minimum qualifications for the class job;
- (2) The Administrator may require the person to pass a qualifying examination before approving a reinstatement;
- (3) The date the person enters on duty in probationary status must be within 2 years after the completion of the Executive Fellows internship;
- (4) The person's salary must be set in accordance with 530:10-7-3;
- (5) The probationary period must be in accordance with 530:10-11-30; and
- (6) The agency must meet internal posting requirements.

PART 9. MANDATORY SUPERVISORY TRAINING

530:10-17-91. Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this Part shall have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Supervisory training" means courses or training ~~conducted or approved by the Administrator. Supervisory training programs shall include such subjects as: supervisory skills, affirmative action and equal employment opportunity, selection, performance management, performance appraisal, employee assistance, corrective discipline, and other legal and ethical issues relevant to supervisors~~ related to the effective performance of an agency manager or supervisor [74:840-3.1].

"Twelve hours of training" means the equivalent of 2 training days that include at least 6 classroom hours of instruction a day. Twelve hours of training are also equivalent to 1.2 continuing education units (CEUs).

"Twenty-four hours of training" means the equivalent of 4 training days that include at least 6 classroom hours of instruction a day. Twenty-four hours of training are also equivalent to 2.4 continuing education units (CEUs).

530:10-17-93. Supervisory training requirements

(a) Beginning January 1, ~~1998~~ 2000, all supervisors shall complete ~~24~~ 12 hours of supervisory training according to this Part each calendar year [74:840-3.1].

(b) Persons appointed to supervisory positions after January 1, ~~1998~~ 2000, shall complete ~~24~~ hours of supervisory training according to this Part within ~~6 months~~ 12 months before or after assuming a supervisory position [74:840-3.1]. Training in the State of Oklahoma Performance Management Process and progressive discipline shall be required within the first 12 months of being appointed to a supervisory position.

(c) The appointing authority of each agency shall make sure each supervisory employee is notified and scheduled to attend required supervisory training and shall make time available for each supervisory employee to complete the training [74:840-3.1].

(d) ~~All supervisors who have not already done so shall attend training in performance management or performance appraisal within 12 months after becoming a supervisor.~~ Training courses conducted by employing agencies, public and private schools, and colleges

and universities may count toward supervisory training requirements if the coursework meets the definition for supervisory training in 530:10-19-91.

530:10-17-97. ~~Training program or course approval~~ Reporting of training compliance

~~(a) Training courses conducted by employing agencies, public and private schools, and colleges and universities may count toward supervisory training requirements if the coursework includes subjects such as those listed in the definition for supervisory training in 530:10-19-91.~~

~~(b) To request approval of supervisory training, an agency shall submit the following course information to the Office of Personnel Management for review:~~

~~—(1) Course title and a brief description;~~

~~—(2) Classroom hours or continuing education units (CEUs); and~~

~~—(3) Course outline.~~

~~(c) State institutions of higher education and other state organizations may submit course information described in (b) of this Section for review.~~

~~(d) The Office of Personnel Management shall maintain lists of approved supervisory training courses, and may withdraw its approval of courses by notifying employing agencies. Each spring, the Administrator will notify agencies of the method for reporting their level of compliance with these requirements for the previous calendar year. The Administrator shall provide a summary of the reports to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.~~

PART 13. PERSONNEL PROFESSIONALS TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION

530:10-17-131. Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in this Part shall have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

“**Personnel professional**” means an employee in the classified or unclassified service, who on a regular and consistent basis as an integral part of his or her normal work assignment and ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor, performs professional duties developing or implementing personnel administration policies, practices and procedures. “Personnel professional” includes persons performing such duties in the ~~classifications~~ job families of ~~Personnel Manager I or II, Personnel Specialist I or II, Senior Personnel Specialist, Personnel Program Administrator~~ Human Resources Programs Manager, Human Resources Management Specialist, Personnel Programs Analyst, Personnel Programs Coordinator, Personnel Coordinator, Personnel Officer, Senior Personnel Officer Human Resources Programs Director, or in other classifications designated by the Administrator as professional personnel positions; and those persons in classified or unclassified positions occupying comparable positions or performing comparable duties as determined by the Administrator. The Administrator may waive the training requirements for personnel professionals whose primary assigned duties are in the areas of benefits, payroll, training, affirmative action/equal employment opportunity, retirement, safety, workers compensation, or employee assistance programs, according to 530:10-17-136.

“**Certification**” means the successful completion of the course curricula or service as an instructor for the course curricula, and the successful completion of the examination established by the Administrator for testing competency in professional personnel practices.

“**Certified Personnel Professionals**” means employees who have achieved and maintained certification.

“**Annual training requirements**” means a curricula approved by the Administrator for certified personnel professionals to maintain certification.

530:10-17-136. Application for waiver of training requirements

(a) The Administrator may waive the personnel professional training requirements for employees:

- (1) Whose primary assigned duties are in the areas of benefits, payroll, training, affirmative action/equal employment opportunity, retirement, safety, workers compensation, or employee assistance programs; and,
- (2) Whose primary assigned duties do not include classification, compensation, recruitment, or selection.

(b) Employees who are eligible for a waiver according to Subsection (a) of this Section, may apply by submitting a written request signed by the Appointing Authority, along with a position description, ~~class specification~~ job family descriptor, or a description of the employee's primary assigned duties, to the Office of Personnel Management.

(c) The Administrator shall be responsible for granting or denying waivers under this Section. The decision of the Administrator to grant or deny such a waiver shall be final.

PART 15. STATE MENTOR PROGRAM**530:10-17-155. Program description**

(a) **Eligibility.** A state employee in any branch of state government may be nominated by another state employee for participation in the State Mentor Program.

(b) **Nomination procedure.**

(1) The State Mentor Program nomination form is available from the Office of Personnel Management. The nomination form solicits information about the nominee and the state employee making the nomination, and shall be signed by the state employee making the nomination.

(2) Any state employee may nominate another state employee for participation in the Program during the nomination period announced by the Administrator by forwarding a completed nomination form to the State Mentor Program at the Office of Personnel Management.

(c) **Application form.**

(1) The Office of Personnel Management shall provide a State Mentor Program application form to each state employee nominated for participation in the Program. The application form provides general and specific information about the State Mentor Program, including the application process, application requirements, and Program eligibility requirements. It solicits information about applicants and their qualifications for participation in the Program.

(2) Any state employee nominated for participation in the Program may complete and return an application during the application period announced by the Administrator by forwarding a completed application to the State Mentor Program at the Office of Personnel Management.

(d) **Communication with the Office of Personnel Management.** Interested persons may direct communications to the attention of the State Mentor Program at the Office of Personnel Management in accordance with 530:1-1-12.

(e) **Application procedure.** To apply for participation in the State Mentor Program, an applicant shall complete the application form described in subsection (c) of this section and submit it to the State Mentor Program at the Office of Personnel Management by the prescribed deadline.

(f) **Selection process.** The process for selecting Mentor Executives will normally consist of the application, minimum qualifications, ratings of training and experience, interviews, a

writing exercise, and other assessment methods, as prescribed by the Mentor Selection Advisory Committee, in which applicants must participate in order to advance to the final selection pool.

(g) **Minimum qualifications.** To be eligible for selection as a Mentor Executive, an applicant shall possess the minimum qualifications established for the Mentor Executive ~~class~~ job family.

(h) **Appointing Authority endorsement letter.** The Committee shall contact the agency Appointing Authority of each applicant who demonstrates the minimum qualifications for Mentor Executive to request endorsement of the employee's participation in the State Mentor Program. An applicant who does not receive the endorsement of the agency Appointing Authority will not be considered further.

(i) **Background investigation.** Each applicant shall complete a post-offer, pre-hire, work-related criminal background investigation.

530:10-17-156. Agency rotations

(a) **State Personnel Interchange Program.** Rotation assignments shall be accomplished through the State Personnel Interchange Program, Section 840-3.9, et seq. of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

(b) **Length of rotations.** Each Mentor Executive shall complete a two-year management rotation assignment which consists of six months in any or all of the following entities:

- (1) the sending agency;
- (2) one or both houses of the Legislature;
- (3) the Office of State Finance;
- (4) the Governor's Office;
- (5) the Office of Personnel Management; and
- (6) any other agency accepting the Mentor Executive.

(c) **Work assigned during rotations.** Each agency participating in the State Mentor Program shall assign the Mentor Executive to a policy-level manager during the period he or she is completing a management rotation in that agency.

(d) **Compensation during rotations.**

(1) The Administrator shall establish minimum compensation for Mentor Executives. The sending agency and each agency in which the Mentor Executive is completing his or her management rotation may share the compensation of the Mentor Executive or either agency may pay the total amount.

(2) If a state employee's salary is below the minimum salary for the Mentor Executive ~~class~~ job family, the employee's salary shall be increased to that minimum. A state employee's salary shall not be reduced because of his or participation in the State Mentor Program.

(e) **FTE limitations.** Employees participating in the State Mentor Program shall be exempt from any full-time-equivalent limitations established by law.

(f) **Completion of rotation assignment.** At the end of a two-year management rotation assignment or sooner, if a Mentor Executive is unable to complete the entire two-year management rotation assignment, a Mentor Executive shall be entitled to return to the previous ~~class~~ job family or its successor ~~class~~ job family, if one exists in the sending agency. Otherwise, the reduction-in-force provisions of Section 840-2.27C of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall apply.

PART 17. STATE WORK INCENTIVE PROGRAM

530:10-17-177. Conversion

D R A F T

D R A F T

(a) Persons employed by merit system agencies under the State Work Incentive Program shall be eligible for conversion to permanent classified status at the discretion of the Appointing Authority if the employee has:

- (1) completed 2 years of continuous participation in the State Work Incentive Program, not including periods of leave without pay in accordance with 530:10-17-175;
- (2) performed satisfactorily as evidenced by performance evaluations conducted according to Section 840-4.17 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- (3) met the minimum requirements for the position; and
- (4) passed any entrance examination required for the applicable job ~~specification~~ family level by the Office of Personnel Management.

(b) Conversion shall be to a ~~class~~ job consistent with the duties assigned to the employee under the State Work Incentive Program.

(c) The conversion of employees hired under the State Work Incentive Program who meet the requirements of subsection (a) to permanent classified status shall be exempt from:

- (1) the application, certification, and appointment requirements of Subchapter 9 of these rules;
- (2) the probationary period requirements of Part 3 of Subchapter 11 of these rules; and
- (3) the promotional posting requirements of Part 5 of Subchapter 11 of these rules.